

Anno Regni
GEORGE II.
REGIS

Magnæ Britanniae, Franciæ, & Hiberniæ;
TRICESIMO SECUNDO.

At the Parliament begun and holden at *Westminster*, the Thirty first Day of *May*, Anno Dom. 1754. in the Twenty seventh Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord *GEORGE* the Second, by the Grace of God, of *Great Britain, France, and Ireland*, King, Defender of the Faith, &c.

And from thence continued by several Prorogations to the Twenty third Day of *November*, 1758, being the Sixth Session of this present Parliament.



L O N D O N :

Printed by *Thomas Baskett*, Printer to the King's most Excellent Majesty; and by the Assigns of *Robert Baskett*. 1758.

THE
GEOGRAPHICAL
MAGAZINE
AND
TRAVELLER'S COMPANION
FOR THE YEAR 1834

As the Editor of the *Geographical Magazine* has been informed that the *Traveller's Companion* for the year 1834, is now in the press, he has the pleasure to announce that it will be published in the month of January, 1834, in the form of a separate volume, and that it will be sold at the price of one shilling, by subscription, or by retail, at the price of two shillings. The *Traveller's Companion* for the year 1834, will contain a full and complete account of the most interesting and important events of the year, and will be a valuable and useful work to every traveller, and to every person who is interested in the progress of the human mind.



Printed by J. G. & Co. 10, St. Paul's Church-yard, London.

Anno tricesimo secundo

Georgii II. Regis.

An Act to continue, for a limited Time, an Act made in the last Session of Parliament, intituled, *An Act to permit the Importation of salted Beef, Pork, and Butter, from Ireland, for a limited Time*, and to amend the said Act.



WHEREAS the permitting the Preamble.
Importation of salted Beef,
Pork, and Butter, from Ireland
into this Kingdom, hath been
found useful and beneficial;
and that the Time allowed for
that Purpose is near expiring,
and it is expedient that the same
should be prolonged: May it
therefore please Your most Ex-
cellent Majesty, that it may be

enacted; and be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the

the same, that an Act made in the last Session of Parliament, intituled, An Act to permit the Importation of salted Beef, Pork, and Butter, from *Ireland*, for a limited Time, which was to continue in Force for the Term of Six Months, from and after the Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and fifty eight, shall be, and the same is hereby further continued from the Expiration thereof, until the Twenty fourth Day of December, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine; except only with respect to such Parts thereof relating to the Payment of the Duty, and to the recovering of Penalties, as are amended, or otherwise provided for by this Act.

Act 31 Geo. II.

further continued to
24 Dec. 1759.

All Kinds of
salted Pork,
and Hog Meat,
may be im-
ported.

And whereas Doubts have arisen whether all Kinds of salted Pork and Hog Meat may be imported from Ireland, by virtue of the above recited Act; be it therefore declared and enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Act does and shall extend, and shall be deemed, construed, and taken to extend, to all Kinds of salted Pork and Hog Meat imported, or to be imported, into Great Britain from Ireland, during the Continuance of the said Act.

And whereas the Duty or Imposition of One Shilling and Three Pence charged and directed by the said Act to be laid on every Hundred Weight of salted Beef or Pork so to be imported from Ireland as aforesaid, is not adequate to, but falls short of, the Duty laid upon, and payable for, such Quantity of Salt as is requisite and necessary to be used in curing and salting the same: And whereas the salted Beef and Pork imported into this Kingdom from Ireland, is generally packed up and contained in Casks, with the Pickle or Brine proper for preserving the same; and the opening the said Casks, in order to ascertain the Net Weight of the Beef and Pork liable to the said Duties on Importation, would not only be very expensive to the Revenue, but also a great Detriment and Loss to the said Provisions, and the Owner and Importer of the same; and that it would be more for the Benefit and Advantage of the Revenue, and also of such Owner and Importer, that the Rates and Duties to be paid upon the Importation of such Beef and Pork, should

Should be ascertained by, and laid upon, every Barrel of the said Commodities so to be imported, according to the Rate and Proportion herein after mentioned; therefore be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said Twenty fourth Day of December, One thousand seven hundred and fifty eight, and during the Continuance of this Act, there shall be paid for every Barrel or Cask of salted Beef or Pork so imported as aforesaid, containing Thirty two Gallons, to the proper Officer appointed by the said former Act, the Sum of Three Shillings and Four Pence, as and for Custom or Duty for, on, or in respect thereof; and so in Proportion for any greater or lesser Quantity thereof: And for every Hundred Weight of salted Beef, called Dried Beef, or Dried Meats Tongues, or Dried Hog Meat, so imported, the Sum of One Shilling and Three Pence, and so in Proportion for every greater or lesser Quantity thereof, as and for Custom or Duty for, on, or in respect thereof.

Beef or Pork,
if in Pickle,
to pay 3 s. 4 d.
per Barrel,
Duty;

if dried,
1 s. 3 d. per
Hundred
Weight;

And it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person shall after the said Twenty fourth Day of December, One thousand seven hundred and fifty eight, during the Continuance of this Act, land any such salted Beef, Pork, or Butter, or any salted Beef called Dried Beef, or Dried Meats Tongues, or Dried Hog Meat, imported from Ireland, as aforesaid, before Payment of the Duty laid or directed by this Act, the same, together with the Casks, Vessels, and Package, containing the same, shall be forfeited and lost; and the Importer or Proprietor of the said Commodities shall also forfeit and pay the Sum of Twenty Shillings for every Barrel of such salted Beef, Pork, or Butter, and for every Hundred Weight of such salted Beef, called Dried Beef, or Dried Meats Tongues, or Dried Hogs Meat, so imported and landed as aforesaid, and so in Proportion for every greater or lesser Quantity thereof; and that it shall and may be lawful to and for any Person or Persons (being an Officer of the Customs, or of His Majesty's Duties upon Salt) to take and seize all such Commodities as shall be imported and landed, contrary

if landed
without Duty
paid, to be
forfeited, with
the Package;
and Importer
also to pay
20 s. per Barrel,
or Hundred
Weight.

Officer of
Customs, or
Salt Duties,
may seize the
same.

Forfeitures to
be distributed,
and recovered,
as by the for-
mer Act.

to the true Intent and Meaning of this and the former Act; and that all Penalties and Forfeitures inflicted and directed to be levied by this Act, shall be distributed in manner as by the said former Act, and may be recovered either by the Ways and Means directed and appointed by the said former Act, or may be sued for, recovered, and mitigated, by any of the Laws of and relating to the Excise.

6

F I N I S.

THE HISTORY OF THE

ROYAL SOCIETY OF LONDON
FROM ITS INSTITUTION
TO THE PRESENT TIME
IN TWO VOLUMES
BY JOHN HENRY LALOR
ESQ. F.R.S.

LONDON: PRINTED BY J. JOHNSON, ST. PAUL'S CHURCH-YARD, 1789.

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THE HISTORY OF THE

This image shows a blank, aged, light gray page. The surface has a visible texture and some minor blemishes or dust specks, characteristic of old paper. There is no text or other content on the page.

1870

Anno Regni GEORGE II. REGIS

Magnæ Britanniae, Franciæ, & Hiberniæ,
TRICESIMO SECUNDO.

At the Parliament begun and holden at *Westminster*, the Thirty first Day of *May*, *Anno Dom.* 1754. in the Twenty seventh Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord *GEORGE* the Second, by the Grace of God, of *Great Britain, France,* and *Ireland*, King, Defender of the Faith, &c.

And from thence continued by several Prorogations to the Twenty third Day of *November*, 1758, being the Sixth Session of this present Parliament.



L O N D O N :

Printed by *Thomas Baskett*, Printer to the King's most Excellent Majesty; and by the Assigns of *Robert Baskett*. 1758.

ANNO REGNI
GEORGI
1752

IN PARLIAMENT ASSEMBLED
THAT WHEREAS
An Act for the better
Regulation of the
Trade of the Colonies
in the said Kingdom
of Great Britain
and Town of London
and to give more
Effect to the said
Act in relation to the
said Colonies
and to give more
Effect to the said
Act in relation to the
said Colonies



allow the same to be
and to the
in the said Colonies
and to the said Colonies
and to the said Colonies
and to the said Colonies

Anno tricesimo secundo

Georgii II. Regis.

An Act to continue, for a farther Time, the Prohibition of the Exportation of Corn, Malt, Meal, Flour, Bread, Biscuit, and Starch; and also to continue, for a farther Time, the Prohibition of the making of Low Wines and Spirits from Wheat, Barley, Malt, or any other Sort of Grain, or from Meal or Flour; and to prohibit, for a limited Time, the making of Low Wines and Spirits from Bran.



allow the Transportation of Wheat, Barley, Oats, Meal, and Flour, to the *Isle of Man*, for the Use of the Inhabitants there; and for reviving and continuing an Act made in the same Session, for discontinuing the Duties upon Corn

WHEREAS an Act made in the last Session of Parliament, intituled, An Act for continuing certain Laws made in the last Session of Parliament, for prohibiting the Exportation of Corn, Malt, Meal, Flour, Bread, Biscuit, and Starch; and for prohibiting the making of Low Wines and Spirits from Wheat, Barley, Malt, or any other Sort of Grain, or from Meal or Flour; and to

Preamble, reciting several Clauses in Act 31 Geo. II.

and 30 Geo. II.

The recited
Clauses in the
Act of the last
Session,

and Flour imported, and upon Corn, Grain, Meal, Bread, Biscuit, and Flour, taken from the Enemy; and to permit the Importation of Corn and Flour into *Great Britain* and *Ireland*, in Neutral Ships; and to authorize His Majesty, with the Advice of His Privy Council, to order and permit the Exportation of such Quantities of the Commodities aforesaid, as may be necessary for the Sustentation of any Forces in the Pay of *Great Britain*, or of those of His Majesty's Allies acting in Support of the Common Cause; and to prohibit the Payment of any Bounty upon the Exportation of any of the said Commodities to be made during the Continuance of this Act, **is near expiring: And whereas it is expedient that so much of the said Act as relates to the Exportation of Corn, Malt, Meal, Flour, Bread, Biscuit, and Starch; and also that the Act made in the Thirtieth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act to prohibit, for a limited Time, the making of Low Wines and Spirits from Wheat, Barley, Malt, or any other Sort of Grain, or from any Meal or Flour, which was continued by the said first-mentioned Act, should be further continued; be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That so much of the said Act made in the last Session of Parliament, intituled, An Act for continuing certain Laws made in the last Session of Parliament, for prohibiting the Exportation of Corn, Malt, Meal, Flour, Bread, Biscuit, and Starch; and for prohibiting the making of Low Wines and Spirits, from Wheat, Barley, Malt, or any other Sort of Grain, or from Meal or Flour; and to allow the Transportation of Wheat, Barley, Oats, Meal, and Flour, to the *Isle of Man*, for the Use of the Inhabitants there; and for reviving and continuing an Act made in the same Session, for discontinuing the Duties upon Corn and Flour imported, and upon Corn, Grain, Meal, Bread, Biscuit, and Flour, taken from the Enemy; and to permit the Importation of Corn and Flour into *Great Britain* and *Ireland*, in Neutral Ships; and to authorize His Majesty, with the Advice of His Privy Council, to order and permit the Exportation of such Quantities of the Commodities aforesaid, as may be necessary for the Sustentation of any Forces in the Pay of *Great Britain*, or of those of His Majesty's Allies acting in Support of the Common Cause; and to prohibit the Payment of any Bounty upon the Exportation of any of the said Commodities, to be made during the Continuance of this Act, as relates to the Continuation of the Act**
made

made in the preceding Session of Parliament, for prohibiting the Exportation of Corn, Malt, Meal, Flour, Bread, Biscuit, and Starch; and also the several Clauses in the said first mentioned Act contained, for allowing the Transportation of Wheat, Barley, Oats, Meal, and Flour, to the Isle of Man, for the Use of the Inhabitants there; to authorize His Majesty, by the Advice of His Privy Council, to order and permit the Exportation of such Quantities of the Commodities aforesaid, as may be necessary for the Sustentation of any Forces in the Pay of Great Britain, or of those of His Majesty's Allies, acting in Support of the Common Cause; and to prohibit the Payment of any Bounty upon the Exportation of any of the said Commodities; shall be, and the same are hereby further continued, from the Expiration thereof, until the Twenty fourth Day of December, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine; unless such Continuation shall be abridged or shortened by any other Act to be made in this present Session of Parliament, or unless such Continuation shall, during the Recess of Parliament, be abridged or shortened by His Majesty's Royal Proclamation or Proclamations, to be issued with the Advice of His Privy Council, or His Majesty's Order or Orders in Council, to be published in the London Gazette; which Proclamation or Proclamations, Order or Orders, His Majesty, during the Recess of Parliament, and not otherwise, is hereby impowered, with the Advice of His Privy Council, to issue and make.

and in Act 30
Geo. II.

further continued to 24
Dec. 1759;
unless the Term shall be abridged by Parliament, or by Proclamation, or Order of Council.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Act made in the Thirtieth Year of His Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act to prohibit, for a limited Time, the making of Low Wines and Spirits from Wheat, Barley, Malt, or any other Sort of Grain, or from any Meal or Flour, shall be, and the same is hereby further continued, from the Expiration thereof, until the said Twenty fourth Day of December, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine.

Act 30 Geo. II.
continued to
24 Dec. 1759;

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Twenty fourth Day of December, One thousand seven hundred and fifty eight, until the Twenty fourth Day of December, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, the several Provisions made by the said Act for prohibiting the making of Low Wines and Spirits from Wheat, Barley, Malt, or any other Sort of Grain, or from any Meal or Flour, shall, in like Manner, extend to the prohibiting of the making of Low Wines and Spirits from Bran.

and the several Provisions thereof extended to prohibiting the making of Low Wines and Spirits from Bran.

D

And

Certain Quantities of Meal, Flour, Bread, or Biscuit, may be transported from Southampton, for the Use of the Inhabitants of Jersey and Guernsey,

under certain Regulations.

70 lb. Avoirdupois deemed equal to 1 Bushel of Wheat, &c.

Return to be made to the Parliament of the Quantity of the said Exports.

And whereas it would be of great Relief and Advantage to the Inhabitants of the Islands of Jersey and Guernsey, if a sufficient Quantity of Meal, Flour, Bread, and Biscuit, was allowed to be transported to the said Islands, for the only Use of the Inhabitants there, instead of the like Quantity of Wheat, Malt, or Barley, allowed by the said Act made in the last Session of Parliament to be transported to those Islands; be it therefore further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall be lawful, at any Time or Times before the Expiration of this Act, to transport, from the Port of Southampton only, unto the said Islands of Jersey and Guernsey, for the only Use of the Inhabitants there, any Quantity or Quantities of Meal, Flour, Bread, or Biscuit, in lieu of the like Quantity or Quantities of Wheat, Malt, or Barley, allowed by the said Act to be transported to the said Islands, so that the whole Quantity of Wheat, Malt, Barley, Meal, Flour, Bread, and Biscuit, transported to the said Islands, before the Expiration of this Act, doth not exceed the Quantity of Wheat, Malt, or Barley, limited by the said Act to be transported to the said Islands; and such Transportation hereby authorized and allowed, shall be made under such and the like Regulations, Penalties, and Forfeitures, as the Transportation of Wheat, Malt, and Barley, to the said Islands is by the said Act made subject; any thing in any former Act or Acts contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That, in order to ascertain the Amount of the said Transportation, every Seventy Pounds Avoirdupois Weight of Bread or Biscuit, shall be deemed respectively, for the Purposes of this Act, equal to One Bushel of Wheat, Malt, or Barley.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Commissioners of the Customs for the time being shall, and they are hereby required, to give a full and true Account in Writing to both Houses of Parliament, at the Beginning of the next Session thereof, of all Flour, Meal, Bread, and Biscuit, that shall have been exported to each of the said Islands of Jersey and Guernsey, by virtue or in pursuance of this Act.

Anno Regni

GEORGE III.

R. E.

Magna Britannia

1754

At the Court of the

1754

by the Court

and

And

of the



Printed by J. Smith, at the King's Arms, 1754.

Anno Regni
GEORGGII II.
REGIS

Magnæ Britannia, Francia, & Hibernia,
TRICESIMO SECUNDO.

At the Parliament begun and holden at *Westminster*, the Thirty first Day of *May*, Anno Dom. 1754, in the Twenty seventh Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord *GEORGE* the Second, by the Grace of God, of *Great Britain, France, and Ireland*, King, Defender of the Faith, &c.

And from thence continued by several Prorogations to the Twenty third Day of *November*, 1758, being the Sixth Session of this present Parliament.



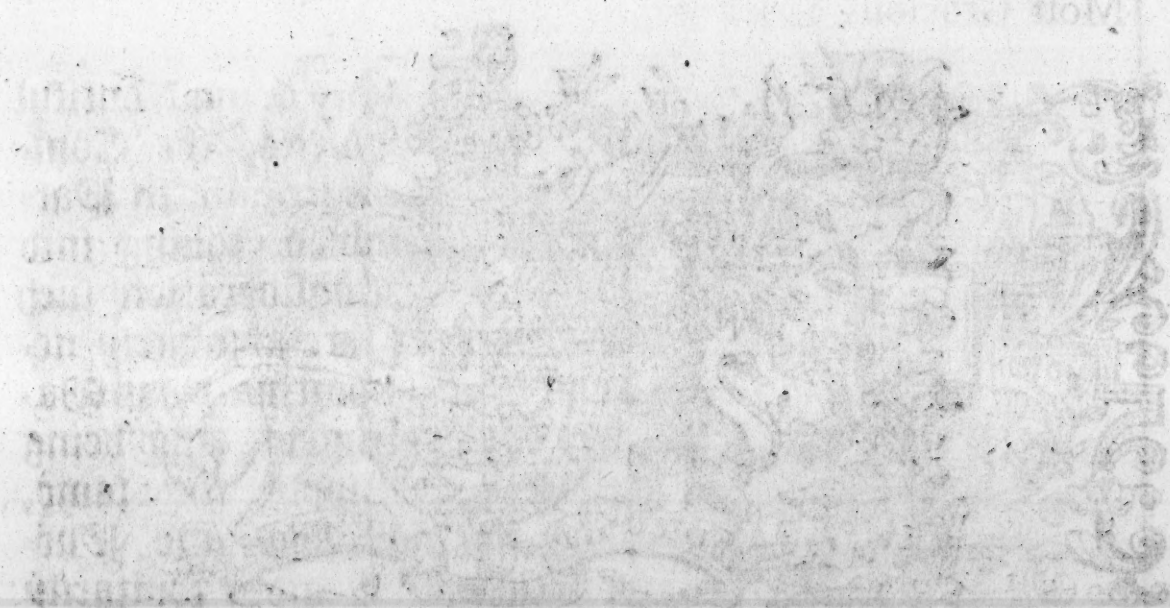
L O N D O N :

Printed by *Thomas Baskett*, Printer to the King's most Excellent Majesty; and by the Assigns of *Robert Baskett*. 1758.

ANNO REGNI
GEORGI II

IN PARLIAMENTO
CONVENTO

At the Parliament begun and holden at Westminster the first day of January in the first year of the said Majesty King George the Second by the Grace of God of Great Britain King, Defender of the Faith, &c. in the first year of the said Majesty King George the Second.



And whereas the said Majesty King George the Second by His Letters under the Great Seal of Great Britain bearing date the first day of January in the first year of the said Majesty King George the Second did give and bear rule that the said Majesty King George the Second should have and enjoy the sole privilege and sole right of printing and publishing the said Majesty King George the Second's works and writings in the said Majesty King George the Second's name.

Anno tricesimo secundo

Georgii II. Regis.

An Act for granting an Aid to His Majesty by a Land Tax to be raised in *Great Britain*, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine.

Most Gracious Sovereign,



WE, Your Majesty's most dutiful Preamble.
and loyal Subjects, the Com-
mons of Great Britain, in Par-
liament assembled, taking into
our serious Consideration such
Expences as are absolutely ne-
cessary for supporting Your Ma-
jesty's Government, and being
resolved to supply the same,
have for that End and Pur-
pose cheerfully and voluntarily
given and granted, and do by
this Act give and grant unto Your Majesty the several
and respective Rates and Assessments hereafter mentioned ;
and we do most humbly beseech Your Majesty that it may
be enacted ; and be it enacted by the King's most Excel-
lent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of
the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in
this

2,037,854 l.
19 s. and 11 d.
to be raised in
Great Britain.

1,989,900 l.
18 s. and 9 d.
to be raised in
England, in
one Year,
from 25 Mar.
1759.

this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the Sum of Two millions thirty seven thousand eight hundred fifty four pounds, nineteen shillings, and eleven pence, shall be raised, levied, and paid unto His Majesty, within the Kingdom of Great Britain, by such Proportions, and in such Manner and Form, as hereafter in this Act are expressed.

And it is hereby declared and enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Sum of One million nine hundred eighty nine thousand nine hundred pounds, eighteen shillings, and nine pence, Part of the said Sum of Two millions thirty seven thousand eight hundred fifty four pounds, nineteen shillings, and eleven Pence, shall be raised, levied, and paid, unto His Majesty, within the Space of One Year, from the Twenty fifth Day of March, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, and shall be assessed and taxed in the several Counties, Cities, Boroughs, Towns, and Places of England, Wales, and Berwick upon Tweed, according to the Proportions in Manner following; that is to say,

FOR the Town of Bedford, the Sum of Six hundred and ninety two pounds, eleven shillings, and one penny.

FOR the rest of the County of Bedford, the Sum of Twenty seven thousand eight hundred and sixty two pounds, three shillings, and ten pence halfpenny.

FOR the Borough of New Windsor, and the Castle there, the Sum of Nine hundred seventy eight pounds, and ten shillings.

FOR the rest of the County of Berks, the Sum of Thirty nine thousand eight hundred sixty five pounds, nine shillings, and five pence.

FOR the Borough of Bucks, with Borton, Borton-hold, Prebend-end, Gawcott, and Lendborough, the Sum of Six hundred thirteen pounds, and five pence halfpenny.

FOR the Borough of Wicomb, the Sum of Three hundred fifty eight pounds, seventeen shillings, and six pence.

FOR the rest of the County of Bucks, the Sum of Forty six thousand one hundred seventy pounds, thirteen shillings, and eight pence halfpenny.

FOR the University of Cambridge, the Sum of One hundred pounds.

FOR the Town of Cambridge, the Sum of Two thousand seven hundred forty six pounds, three shillings, and one penny.

For the Isle of Ely, the Sum of Eight thousand and eight pounds, five shillings, and seven pence halfpenny.

For the rest of the County of Cambridge, the Sum of Twenty one thousand eight hundred seventy eight pounds, six shillings, and ten pence halfpenny.

For the City and County of the City of Chester, the Sum of One thousand five hundred eighty four pounds, and seven shillings.

For the County of Chester, the Sum of Twenty seven thousand and fourteen pounds, eighteen shillings, and ten pence halfpenny.

For the County of Cornwall, the Sum of Thirty one thousand nine hundred forty three pounds, and one shilling.

For the County of Cumberland, the Sum of Three thousand seven hundred thirteen pounds, eighteen shillings, and two pence halfpenny.

For the County of Derby, the Sum of Twenty four thousand ninety three pounds, nineteen shillings, and nine pence halfpenny.

For the City and County of the City of Exon, the Sum of Four thousand seven hundred and eight pounds, and five pence halfpenny.

For the County of Devon, the Sum of Seventy seven thousand eight hundred seventy five pounds, two shillings, and ten pence halfpenny.

For the Town and County of the Town of Poole, the Sum of Three hundred twenty eight pounds, and two shillings.

For the County of Dorset, the Sum of Thirty two thousand seven hundred fifty one pounds, fifteen shillings, and ten pence halfpenny.

For the County of Durham, the Sum of Ten thousand five hundred ninety seven pounds, fourteen shillings, and five pence halfpenny.

For the West Riding of the County of York, the Sum of Thirty nine thousand three hundred sixty two pounds, one shilling, and one penny.

For the North Riding of the County of York, the Sum of Twenty six thousand three hundred forty seven pounds, nineteen shillings, and eight pence.

For the East Riding of the County of York, the Sum of Nineteen thousand one hundred eleven pounds, two shillings, and eleven pence.

For the City of York, and County of the same City, the Sum of Four thousand six hundred nineteen pounds, eighteen shillings, and eight pence.

¶

For

For the Town and County of the Town of Kingston upon Hall, the Sum of Two thousand fifty three pounds, two shillings, and four pence.

For the Town of Malden in the County of Essex, the Sum of Five hundred eighty four pounds, and eighteen shillings.

For the Town of Colchester, the Sum of Two thousand eight hundred forty five pounds, six shillings, and three pence.

For the Town of Harwich and Dover Court, the Sum of Four hundred and three pounds, thirteen shillings.

For the rest of the County of Essex, the Sum of Eighty five thousand five hundred sixty three pounds, nine shillings, and five pence.

For the City and County of the City of Gloucester, the Sum of One thousand three hundred ninety six pounds, four shillings, and eight pence.

For the whole County of Gloucester, the Sum of Forty five thousand nine hundred forty two pounds, sixteen shillings, and four pence.

For the City of Hereford, the Sum of Seven hundred sixty three pounds, seventeen shillings, and four pence.

For the Borough of Leominster, the Sum of Three hundred thirty three pounds, fifteen shillings, and eight pence.

For the rest of the whole County of Hereford, the Sum of Nineteen thousand three hundred eleven pounds, thirteen shillings, and eight pence.

For the Borough of Saint Albans, in the County of Hertford, the Sum of Seven hundred seventy four pounds, and two shillings.

For the rest of the whole County of Hertford, the Sum of Forty one thousand five hundred ninety seven pounds, and six pence.

For the Town of Huntingdon, the Sum of Four hundred thirty two pounds, twelve shillings, and eight pence.

For the rest of the County of Huntingdon, the Sum of Fifteen thousand and sixty four pounds, twelve shillings, and four pence.

For the City and County of the City of Canterbury, the Sum of One thousand six hundred fifty two pounds, one penny, and one third part of a penny.

For the Town and Liberty of Dover, the Sum of One thousand nine hundred twenty three pounds, thirteen shillings, and nine pence.

For the Town of Folkestone, the Sum of One hundred forty four pounds, and nineteen shillings.

For the Town of Fordwich, the Sum of Seventy seven pounds, and eight shillings.

For the Town of Feversham, the Sum of Five hundred nineteen pounds, ten shillings, and three pence.

For the Town of Tenterden, the Sum of Eight hundred sixty three pounds, and two shillings.

For the Town and Liberty of Sandwich, the Sum of Nine hundred ninety one pounds, sixteen shillings, and six pence.

For the Town and Port of New Romney, the Sum of Two hundred forty nine pounds, and seventeen shillings.

For the Town of Lydd, the Sum of Seven hundred sixty nine pounds, nineteen shillings, and six pence.

For the Town and Port of Hythe, and West Hythe, within the Liberty of the said Town and Port, the Sum of Two hundred thirty six pounds, and fourteen shillings.

For the rest of the whole County of Kent, the Sum of Seventy five thousand one hundred twenty four pounds, four shillings, and four pence.

For the County of Lancaster, the Sum of Twenty thousand nine hundred eighty nine pounds, fourteen shillings, and six pence halfpenny.

For the Borough of Leicester, the Sum of Six hundred thirty nine pounds, and twelve shillings.

For the rest of the County of Leicester, the Sum of Thirty four thousand and forty five pounds, ten shillings, and one penny halfpenny.

For the County of Lincoln, with the City and County of the City of Lincoln, the Sum of Seventy one thousand nine hundred seven pounds, and eight pence.

For the City of London, the Sum of One hundred twenty three thousand three hundred ninety nine pounds, six shillings, and seven pence.

For Serjeant's Inn in Chancery Lane, the Sum of Thirty one pounds, and four shillings.

For the Inner Temple, and Inns of Chancery thereunto belonging, the Sum of Four hundred pounds.

For the Middle Temple, and Inns of Chancery thereunto belonging, the Sum of Two hundred seventy two pounds, and sixteen shillings.

For the Society of Lincoln's Inn, and Inns of Chancery thereunto belonging, the Sum of Three hundred forty one pounds, seven shillings, and six pence.

For Gray's Inn, and the Inns of Chancery thereunto belonging, the Sum of Two hundred fifty two pounds, thirteen shillings, and four pence.

For the Palaces of Whitehall and Saint James, the Sum of Thirty thousand seven hundred fifty four pounds, six shillings, and three pence.

For

For the City of Westminster, and Liberties thereof, and Offices executed in Westminster Hall, the Sum of Sixty three thousand and ninety two pounds, one Shilling, and five pence.

For the rest of the County of Middlesex, the Sum of One hundred and seven thousand six hundred and two pounds, eleven Shillings, and seven pence.

For the County of Monmouth, the Sum of Nine thousand eight hundred and twelve pounds, six Shillings, and five pence halfpenny.

For the City and County of the City of Norwich, the Sum of Eight thousand five hundred eighteen pounds, eleven Shillings, and eleven pence.

For the Borough of Great Yarmouth, the Sum of Two thousand eight hundred twenty pounds, three Shillings, and one penny.

For the Borough of King's Lynn, the Sum of One thousand eight hundred fourteen pounds, and fourteen Shillings,

For so much of the Borough of Thetford as lies in the County of Norfolk, the Sum of Two hundred and thirty nine pounds.

For the rest of the County of Norfolk, the Sum of Seventy thousand nine hundred fourteen pounds, six Shillings, and six pence halfpenny.

For the Town of Northampton, the Sum of Eight hundred thirty pounds, seven Shillings, and ten pence.

For the rest of the County of Northampton, the Sum of Forty six thousand eight hundred thirty nine pounds, three Shillings, and seven pence.

For the Town and County of the Town of Newcastle upon Tyne, the Sum of Two thousand five hundred eighty pounds, sixteen Shillings, and four pence.

For the Town of Berwick upon Tweed, the Sum of One hundred forty five pounds, and three Shillings.

For the County of Northumberland, the Sum of Eleven thousand eight hundred twenty two pounds, and eighteen Shillings.

For the Town and County of the Town of Nottingham, the Sum of One thousand six hundred fourteen pounds, ten Shillings, and seven pence halfpenny.

For the County of Nottingham, the Sum of Twenty five thousand six hundred sixty two pounds, and two pence.

For the University of Oxon, the Sum of One hundred eleven pounds, seventeen Shillings, and two pence.

For

For the City of Oxon, the Sum of Three thousand four hundred forty four pounds, six shillings, and three pence.

For the rest of the County of Oxon, the Sum of Thirty five thousand one hundred ninety five pounds, sixteen shillings, four pence, and ten twelfth parts of a penny.

For the County of Rutland, the Sum of Five thousand five hundred twenty five pounds, three shillings, and ten pence halfpenny.

For the Town of Ludlow, the Sum of Two hundred twenty six pounds, and two shillings.

For the County of Salop, the Sum of Twenty eight thousand eight hundred thirty pounds, seventeen shillings, and one penny halfpenny.

For the City and County of the City of Bristol, the Sum of Seven thousand three hundred ninety one pounds, ten shillings, and eight pence.

For the City of Bath, the Sum of Four hundred forty three pounds, and six shillings.

For the City of Wells, the Sum of Four hundred eighty one pounds, seventeen shillings, and six pence.

For the Borough of Bridgwater, and Haygrove-Tything, the Sum of Three hundred sixty six pounds, and five shillings.

For the rest of the County of Somerset, the Sum of Sixty three thousand seven hundred ninety pounds, four shillings, and four pence.

For the Town and County of the Town of Southampton, the Sum of Seven hundred ninety four pounds, ten shillings, and one penny.

For the Isle of Wight, the Sum of Six thousand two hundred seventy three pounds, and sixteen shillings.

For the rest of the County of Southampton, the Sum of Forty seven thousand eight hundred seventy two pounds, five shillings, and five six parts of a penny.

For the City and County of the City of Litchfield, the Sum of Four hundred twenty pounds, nineteen shillings, and four pence.

For the County of Stafford, the Sum of Twenty six thousand seven hundred pounds, three shillings, and ten pence.

For the Town of Ipswich, the Sum of Two thousand sixty one pounds, three shillings, and six pence.

For the Borough of Bury Saint Edmonds, the Sum of Two thousand one hundred and six pounds, and three shillings.

For the Borough of Dunwich, the Sum of Forty pounds, three Shillings, and six pence.

For the Borough of Eye, the Sum of Five hundred and two pounds.

For the Borough of Sudbury, the Sum of Five hundred and six pounds, eight Shillings, and eight pence.

For so much of the Borough of Thetford as lies in Suffolk, the Sum of Seventy nine pounds, and four Shillings.

For the rest of the County of Suffolk, the Sum of Sixty eight thousand two hundred eleven pounds, and four pence, and two third Parts of a penny.

For the County of Surrey, the Sum of Sixty six thousand one hundred thirty two pounds, nineteen Shillings, and six pence halfpenny.

For the Town and Port of Hastings, and Liberties thereof, the Sum of Three hundred seventy eight pounds, and six Shillings.

For the Liberty of Seaford, the Sum of One hundred forty one pounds, and eighteen Shillings.

For the Liberty of Pevensey, the Sum of One thousand eighty eight pounds, and ten Shillings.

For the Town and Parish of Rye, the Sum of Four hundred seventy three pounds, and eighteen Shillings.

For the Town of Winchelsea, the Sum of Four hundred and five pounds.

For the rest of the County of Sussex, the Sum of Fifty seven thousand six hundred and three pounds, eighteen Shillings, and seven pence.

For the City and County of the City of Coventry, the Sum of Two thousand four hundred sixty three pounds, fourteen Shillings, and nine pence.

For the County of Warwick, the Sum of Thirty seven thousand three hundred twenty five pounds, nineteen Shillings, and seven pence.

For the City and County of the City of Worcester, the Sum of Two thousand two hundred twenty eight pounds, seventeen Shillings, and eight pence.

For the County of Worcester, the Sum of Thirty one thousand three hundred fifty three pounds, nine Shillings, and three pence.

For the City of New Sarum, the Close of the same, and Clarendon Park, the Sum of One thousand nine hundred thirty five pounds, sixteen Shillings, and six pence.

For the rest of the County of Wilts, the Sum of Forty nine thousand seven hundred twenty one pounds, eleven Shillings, and five pence.

For

For the County of Westmorland, the Sum of Three thousand and forty five pounds, three shillings, and nine pence halfpenny.

For the Isle of Anglesea, the Sum of One thousand six hundred thirty three pounds, seven shillings, and eleven pence.

For the Borough of Brecon, the Sum of One hundred seventy seven pounds, nineteen shillings, and eight pence.

For the rest of the County of Brecon, the Sum of Two thousand eight hundred seventy three pounds, eighteen shillings, and four pence.

For the County of Cardigan, the Sum of One thousand three hundred seventy two pounds, sixteen shillings, and two pence.

For the County Borough of Carmarthen, the Sum of Two hundred twenty nine pounds, eighteen shillings, and eight pence.

For the County of Carmarthen, the Sum of Four thousand one hundred forty pounds, three shillings, and eleven pence halfpenny.

For the County of Carnarvon, the Sum of Two thousand three hundred thirty seven pounds, six shillings, and seven pence.

For the County of Denbigh, the Sum of Six thousand eight hundred pounds.

For the County of Flint, the Sum of Two thousand three hundred fourteen pounds, and seventeen shillings.

For the County of Glamorgan, the Sum of Seven thousand nine hundred and six pounds, nine shillings, and ten pence.

For the County of Merioneth, the Sum of Two thousand four hundred thirty two pounds, fifteen shillings, and ten pence.

For the County of Montgomery, the Sum of Five thousand eight hundred fifty two pounds, eighteen shillings, and four pence.

For the County of Pembroke, the Sum of Two thousand nine hundred ninety seven pounds, seventeen shillings, and eight pence halfpenny.

For the County of Radnor, the Sum of Two thousand six hundred ninety two pounds, and six shillings.

For the Town and County of the Town of Haverfordwest, the Sum of One hundred seventy four pounds, seventeen shillings, and four pence.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That towards raising the said several and respective Sums

Personal E-
states (except
Moderate
Debt, Stock
on Land, Houf-
hold Goods,
and Loans to
His Majesty)
to pay 4s. in
the Pound.

Employments
of Profit (ex-
cept Military
Officers of the
Army or Na-
vy) to pay 4s.
per Pound.

Sums of Money, hereby charged on the respective Coun-
ties, Cities, Boroughs, Towns, and other Places, in
that Part of Great Britain called England, Wales, and
Berwick, as aforesaid, all and every Person and Per-
sons, Bodies Politick and Corporate, Guilds, and Fra-
ternities, within the same respectively, having any Estate
in ready Money, or in any Debts whatsoever, owing to
them within Great Britain, or without, or having any
Estate in Goods, Wares, Merchandizes, or other Chat-
tles, or Personal Estate whatsoever, within Great Bri-
tain, or without, belonging to, or in Trust for, them
(except and out of the Premises deducted such Sums
as he, she, or they, do bona fide owe, and such Debts
owing to them, as shall be adjudged desperate by the
respective Commissioners appointed by this Act; and
also except the Stock upon Lands, and such Goods as
are used for Household-stuff; and also except such Loans
and Debts as are or shall be owing from His Majesty
to any Person or Persons) shall yield and pay unto
His Majesty, the Sum of Four Shillings in the Pound,
according to the true yearly Value thereof, for One Year,
(that is to say) For every One hundred Pounds of such
ready Money and Debts, and for every One hundred
Pounds Worth of such Goods, Wares, and Merchan-
dizes, or other Chattles or Personal Estate, the Sum of
Twenty Shillings, and so after that Rate for every
greater or less Sum, or Quantity, to be assessed, levied,
and collected, in Manner herein after mentioned; and
that all and every Person and Persons, and all and
every Commissioner and Commissioners, having, using, or
exercising, any publick Office or Employment of Profit,
in England, Wales, or Berwick, as aforesaid, and all and
every their Clerks, Agents, Secondaries, Substitutes,
and other inferior Ministers whatsoever (such Military
Officers who are or shall be in Muster by the Muster-
master General of His Majesty's Army, or in Pay in
His Majesty's Army or Navy, in respect of such Offices
only, excepted) shall, towards raising the said respec-
tive Sums before in this Act charged upon the respective
Counties, Cities, Boroughs, Towns, and other Places
of England, Wales, and Berwick, as aforesaid, yield and
pay unto His Majesty the Sum of Four Shillings for
every Twenty Shillings, which he, she, or they do re-
ceive in One Year, by virtue of any Salaries, Gratui-
ties, Bounty-money, Rewards, Fees, Profits, Perqui-
sites, or Advantages whatsoever, to him, her, or them
accruing, for or by Reason or Occasion of such their seve-
ral Offices or Employments, without any Allowance, De-
duction,

duction, or Abatement whatsoever; and that all and every Person and Persons, Guilds, Fraternities, Bodies Politick and Corporate, having an Annuity, Pension, Stipend, or other yearly Payment, either out of the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer in England, or out of any Branch of His Majesty's Revenue in England, Wales, or Berwick, or payable, or secured to be paid, by any Person or Persons whatsoever, in England, Wales, or Berwick (not being or issuing out of any Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, or charged upon the same, touching which other Directions are given by this Act, and not being Annuities or yearly Payments, which, by any Act or Acts of Parliament made, or to be made, are or shall be especially exempted from the Payment of Taxes or Aids) shall, towards raising the said respective Sums before by this Act charged upon the respective Counties, Cities, Boroughs, Towns, and other Places of England, Wales, or Berwick, as aforesaid, yield and pay unto His Majesty the Sum of Four Shillings for every Twenty Shillings by the Year, for every such Annuity, Pension, Stipend, or yearly Payment respectively, and after that Rate for One whole Year: The said several Rates and Sums of Money hereby granted, to be assessed, imposed, levied, and collected, in such Manner as herein after is mentioned.

Pensions and Annuities out of the Exchequer, &c. to pay, &c.

And to the end the full and entire Sum by this Act charged upon the several Counties, Cities, Boroughs, Towns, and Places respectively, of England, Wales, and Berwick, as aforesaid, may be fully and completely raised and paid to His Majesty's Use; be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all and every Manors, Messuages, Lands, and Tenements; and also all Quarries, Mines of Coal, Tin, and Lead, Copper, Gundick, Iron, and other Mines; Iron-mills, Furnaces, and other Iron-works; Salt-springs, and Salt-works, all Allom-mines and Works; all Parks, Chaces, Warrens, Woods, Underwoods, Coppices; and all Fishings, Tithes, Tolls, Annuities, and all other yearly Profits; and all Hereditaments, of what Nature or Kind soever they be, situate, lying and being, happening or arising, within the several and respective Counties, Cities, Boroughs, Towns, or Places aforesaid respectively, or within any Parts of the same, as well within ancient Demesne, and other Liberties and privileged Places, as without, within that Part of Great Britain called England, Wales, or Berwick, as aforesaid; and all and every Person and Persons, Bodies Politick and Corporate, Guilds, Mysteries, Fraternities, and Brotherhoods, whether Corporate or not Corporate, having or holding any such Manors, Messuages, Lands,

Lands, Tenements, Mines, &c.

to be charged
with Equality
and Indiffe-
rence, &c.

Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, or other the Premises, in respect thereof, shall be charged with as much Equality and Indifference as is possible, by a Pound-rate, for or towards the said several and respective Sums by this Act set or imposed, or intended to be set and imposed, for and upon all and every such Counties, Cities, Boroughs, Towns, or other Places hereby charged therewith as aforesaid, so that by the said Rates so to be taxed or assessed, for or upon the said ready Money, Debts, Goods, Wares, Merchandizes, Chatties, or Personal Estates, and for and upon the said Offices and Employments of Profit, and for and upon the Pensions, Annuities, Stipends, or yearly Payments aforesaid, and for and upon the said Manors, Messuages, Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments, and other the Premises, according to the Purport and true Meaning of this present Act, the full and entire Sums hereby appointed to be raised in England, Wales, and Berwick as aforesaid, shall be completely and effectually taxed, assessed, levied, and collected, and shall be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer, by four quarterly Payments; the first Payment thereof to be made on or before the Twenty fourth Day of June, which shall be in the Year of our Lord One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine.

Lands, &c.
subject to
Rent-charges,
Annuities,
&c.

And whereas many of the Manors, Messuages, Lands, Tenements, Tithes, Hereditaments, and Premises, in England, Wales, and Berwick upon Tweed, intended by this Act to be charged with the Pound-rate as aforesaid, stand incumbered with, or are subject or liable to, the Payment of several Rent-charges or Annuities, or other annual Payments issuing out of the same, or to the Payment of Divers Fee-farm Rents, Rent-service, or other Rents thereupon reserved or charged, by reason whereof the true Owners and Proprietors of such Manors, Messuages, Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, do not in Truth receive to their own Use the true yearly Value of the same, for which nevertheless they are by this Act chargeable with a certain Pound-rate; it is therefore declared and enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Landlords, Owners, and Proprietors of such Manors, Messuages, Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments, and Premises, in England, Wales, and Berwick upon Tweed, being charged with a Pound-rate as aforesaid, to abate and deduct, and to detain and keep in his, her, or their Hands, out of every such Fee-farm Rent, or other annual Rent or Payment, so much of the said Pound-rate, which shall be taxed or assessed
b upon

upon the said Manors, Messuages, Lands, and Premises, as a like Rate for every such Fee-farm Rent, or other annual Rent or Payment respectively, shall by a just Proportion, amount unto, so as such Fee-farm Rent, or other annual Rent or Payment respectively, do amount unto Twenty Shillings per Annum, or more; and all and every Person or Persons, who are or shall be any ways intitled to such Rents or annual Payments, their respective Auditors, Reeves, Receivers, and their Deputy or Deputies, are hereby required to allow such Deductions and Payments, according to such Rates, upon Receipt of the Residue of such Monies as shall be due and payable to them for such Rents or annual Payments reserved or charged as aforesaid, without any Fee or Charge for such Allowance.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That for the better assessing, ordering, levying, and collecting of the several Sums of Money so as aforesaid, limited and appointed to be raised and paid, in the aforesaid Part of Great Britain, called England, Wales, and Berwick upon Tweed, and for the more effectual putting of this Act in Execution in Reference to the same, all and every the Person and Persons who in and by an Act of Parliament made and passed in the Thirtieth first Year of His Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act for appointing Commissioners for putting in Execution an Act of this Session of Parliament, intituled, *An Act for granting an Aid to His Majesty, by a Land Tax to be raised in Great Britain, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and fifty eight; and for enforcing the Payment of the Rates to be assessed upon Somerset House in the Strand; and for rectifying a Mistake in the said Act; and for allowing further Time to the Receivers of certain Aids, for setting insuper for Monies in Arrear; were named and appointed Commissioners for putting in Execution the same Act, within the several Counties, Cities, Boroughs, Cinque-ports, Towns, and Places of England, Wales, and Town of Berwick upon Tweed, being still living and duly qualifying themselves according to this Act in that Behalf, shall be Commissioners for putting this Act in Execution, and the Powers therein contained, within and for the same Counties, Ridings, Cities, Boroughs, Cinque Ports, Towns, and Places respectively; which said Commissioners shall put in Execution this present Act, and the Powers therein contained, within and for the same Counties, Ridings, Cities, Boroughs, Cinque-ports, Towns, and Places respectively.*

Commissioners of the Land Tax for the Year 1758, to put this Act in Execution.

And

Commissioners
to meet on or
before the 30th
of April, 1759.

as by the Act
4 W. & M.

and may sub-
divide them-
selves, &c.

A List of the
Commissioners
to act in each
Division, to be
given to the
Receiver-ge-
neral.

And be it further enacted and declared, That the several Commissioners aforesaid, shall meet together at the most usual and common Places of Meeting within each of the said Counties, Ridings, Cities, Boroughs, Cinque-ports, Towns, and Places respectively, within England, Wales, and Berwick upon Tweed, for which they are appointed Commissioners as aforesaid, on or before the Thirtieth Day of April, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, and shall meet afterwards in like Manner, as often as it shall be necessary, for putting so much of this Act in Execution, as is hereby committed to their Care and Charge; and the said Commissioners, or so many of them as shall be present at such General Meeting or Meetings, or the major Part of them, are hereby authorized and required to put so much as aforesaid of this present Act in Execution, and shall ascertain and set down in Writing the several Proportions which ought to be charged upon every Hundred, Lathe, Mapentake, Rape, Ward, or other Division respectively, within England, Wales, and Berwick upon Tweed, for and towards the raising and making up the whole Sum before by this Act charged upon the whole County, City, or other Places for which they are hereby appointed Commissioners, by charging in Proportion to the Sum which were assessed on the same Hundreds or Divisions respectively, by an Act of Parliament made and passed in the Fourth Year of the Reign of Their late Majesties King William and Queen Mary, of blessed Memory, intituled, An Act for granting to Their Majesties an Aid of Four Shillings in the Pound for One Year, for carrying on a vigorous War against France; and shall also, if they see Cause, subdivide and distribute themselves, and the other Commissioners not then present, into less Numbers, so as Three or more of the said Commissioners may be appointed for the Service of each Hundred, Lathe, Mapentake, Rape, Ward, or other Division, as may best conduce to the carrying on His Majesty's Services hereby required; nevertheless, not thereby to restrain the said Commissioners, or any of them, from acting as Commissioners in any other Part of the County or Place for which they are appointed.

And, for the more effectual Performance thereof, be it enacted and declared, That the Commissioners at such General Meeting, or the major Part of them then present, shall also agree and set down in Writing, who, and what Number of the said Commissioners shall act in each of the said Divisions or Hundreds, and shall deliver true Copies of such Writings to the Receiver-general, to be

be appointed by His Majesty, or in pursuance of His Directions, to the end there may be no Failure in any Part of the due Execution of the Service by this Act required: And the said Commissioners within the several Hundreds, Lathes,wapentakes, Rapes, Wards, or other Divisions, in England, Wales, and Berwick upon Tweed, or any Two or more of them, are hereby authorized and required to cause the several Proportions charged on the respective Hundreds, Lathes, wapentakes, Rapes, Wards, or other Divisions, as aforesaid, for or towards the Aid hereby granted, to be equally taxed and assessed within every such Hundred, Lathe, wapentake, Rape, Ward, or other Division, and within every Parish and Place therein, according to the best of their Judgements and Discretions; and for that End and Purpose to direct their several or joint Precept or Precepts to such Inhabitants, High-constables, Petty-constables, Bailiffs, and other Officers and Ministers, and such Number of them, as they in their Discretions shall think most convenient, to be Presentors and Assessors, requiring them to appear before the said Commissioners at such Place and Time, not exceeding Eight Days after the Date of such Precept, as they shall appoint; and at such their Appearances, the said Commissioners, or such of them as shall be then present, shall openly read, or cause to be read unto them, the several Rates, Duties, and Charges in this Act mentioned, and openly declare the Effect of their Charge to them, and how, and in what Manner they should and ought to make their said Assessments, and how they ought to proceed in the Execution of this Act, according to the true Meaning of the same. And if any such Constable, Petty-constable, Bailiff, Officer, or Minister, or other Inhabitants, to whom any Precept shall be directed, shall absent themselves without lawful Excuse, to be made out by the Oath of Two or more credible Witnesses (which Oaths the said Commissioners, or any Two or more of them, are hereby impowered to administer) or if any Officer or Person appearing shall refuse to serve; then every such Officer or Person so making Default, or refusing to serve, shall, for every such Default or Refusal, forfeit or lose to His Majesty such Sum or Sums of Money, as the said Commissioners, or so many of them as shall be present, or the major Part of them being present, shall think fit, not exceeding the Sum of Five Pounds, nor less than Forty Shillings; and at and after such Charge given as aforesaid, the said Commissioners shall take care that Warrants be issued forth,

Commissioners to summon fit Persons to be Assessors, who are to appear before them in 8 Days;

and then to give them a Charge.

Persons abs-
enting, or re-
fusing to serve,
forfeit, not ex-
ceeding 5*l.* nor
less than 30*s.*

Assessors to be
Two at least,
and sufficient
Inhabitants.

Assessments
to be brought
in at a Day and
Place prefixt.

The full Sum
charged to be
assessed.

A Certificate of
the Assessment
to be brought
in, with the
Collectors
Names.

Assessors, &c.
neglecting
their Duty,
to be fined
not above 40 l.

and directed to Two at least of the most able and sufficient Inhabitants of each Parish, Township, or Place, within the respective Divisions thereby appointed, and requiring them to be Assessors of all and every the Rates and Sums of Money by this Act imposed; and shall also therein appoint and prefix a certain Day and Place for the said Assessors to appear before them, and to bring in their Assessments in Writing; which said Assessors are hereby strictly enjoined and required, with all Care and Diligence, to assess the full Sum given them in Charge respectively upon all ready Money, Debts, Personal Estates, Offices, Employments, Annuities, and Pensions, chargeable as aforesaid, according to this Act, and by an equal Pound-rate upon all Manors, Lands, Tenements, Rents, Hereditaments, and other the Premises, within the Limits, Circuits, and Bounds of the respective Parishes or Places, for which they shall be appointed Assessors as aforesaid; and shall bring with them at the Time and Place so as aforesaid prefixt for their Appearance, a Certificate in Writing of the said Assessment, and shall then also return the Names of Two or more able and sufficient Persons, living within the Limits and Bounds of those Parishes, Townships, Constablewicks, and Places, where they shall be chargeable respectively, to be Collectors of the Monies which shall be assessed as aforesaid, and to be paid to His Majesty by this Act; for whose paying in to the Receiver-general, or his Deputy, in Manner herein after mentioned, such Monies as they shall be chargeable withal, the Parish or Place wherein they are so employed shall be answerable; and if any Assessor so appointed, or to be appointed, shall neglect or refuse to serve, or shall make Default at the Time appointed for his Appearance, not having lawful Excuse, to be witnessed by the Oaths of Two credible Witnesses (which Oaths the said Commissioners, or any Two or more of them, have hereby Power to administer) or shall not perform his Duty; every such Assessor shall, for every such Neglect, Refusal, or Default, forfeit and lose to His Majesty such Sum as the Commissioners, or so many of them as shall be present, or the major Part of them, shall think fit, not exceeding the Sum of Forty Pounds, and to be levied by Distress and Sale of the Offender's Goods and Chattles, in like Manner as by this Act is appointed for levying the several Rates and Assessments herein mentioned, in case of Neglect or Refusal of Payment, and to be charged upon the respective Receivers-general, together with the said Rates and Assessments. And for complete-

ing the whole Sum charged to be raised in England, Wales, and Berwick upon Tweed, as aforesaid; and to the end the aforesaid Sums, charged upon the several and respective Counties, Ridings, Cities, Boroughs, Towns, and Places, for or towards the same, may be duly collected, and true Accounts thereof made, the said Assessors are hereby required to deliver One Copy of their respective Assessments fairly written, and subscribed by them, unto the said Commissioners, within the Time to be prefixed as aforesaid: And the said Commissioners, or any Three or more of them, are hereby required and ordered to sign and seal Two Duplicates of the same Assessments; and One of them to deliver, or cause to be delivered, to Two or more honest and responsible Persons to be Collectors, which the said Commissioners are hereby authorized to nominate and appoint for each Parish or Place, with Warrant to the said Collectors to collect the same Assessments, payable as aforesaid, so as the said several Sums may be paid to the Receiver-general at the respective Times hereby limited: And the said Commissioners are hereby also required, at the same Time to give the said Collectors Notice at what Time or Times, Place or Places, the Appeals of any Person or Persons, who shall think themselves aggrieved by being over-rated by the said Assessors, may be heard and determined; which Day or Days of Appeal, so to be appointed by the said Commissioners, shall be at least Thirty Days from the Time of signing, sealing, and delivering the said Duplicates to the said Collectors; and every such Collector is hereby also required, within Ten Days after the Receipt of such Duplicates from the said Commissioners, to cause publick Notice to be given in every Parish Church, or Chapel of Ease, belonging to any such Parish, within his District or Division, immediately after Divine Service on the Lord's Day (if any such Divine Service shall be performed therein within that Time) of the Time and Place so appointed by the said Commissioners for hearing and determining Appeals as aforesaid; and shall also cause the like Notices to be fixed in Writing upon the Door of each of the said respective Parish Churches, or Chapels of Ease, belonging to any such Parishes, on the same Day, that all Persons who shall think themselves over-rated may know when and where to make their Appeal to the said Commissioners; and the said Collectors are hereby also required, upon the Application of any Person or Persons who shall think himself or themselves over-rated to the said Rates and Assessments, to permit such Person or Persons,

Assessors to deliver One Copy of the Assessments to the Commissioners.

Duplicates thereof to be signed, &c. and One delivered to the Collectors, &c. with Warrant for collecting.

Commissioners required to give Collectors Notice at what Time and Place the Appeal of any Person who shall think himself aggrieved, by being over-rated, may be heard and determined.

Persons, or their Stewards or Bailiffs, or other proper Representatives, to inspect the Duplicates of such Rates or Assessments upon the Division or District of which he is Collector, at all seasonable Times in the Day, without any Fee or Reward for the same; and every Person so intending to appeal to the said Commissioners, shall and he is hereby required to give Notice thereof in Writing to One or more of the Assessors of the Parish wherein he is rated, of such his Intention to appeal, that such Assessor or Assessors, if they shall think proper, may then and there attend to justify the said Assessment; and it is hereby declared, that all Appeals once heard and determined by the said Commissioners, or any Three or more of them, or the major Part of them then present, on the Day or Days by them appointed for hearing Appeals as aforesaid, shall be final, without any further Appeal upon any Pretence whatsoever: And the said Commissioners are hereby required to deliberate, or cause to be delibered, a Schedule or Duplicate in Parchment, under their Hands and Seals, fairly written, containing the whole Sum assessed upon each Parish or Place, and also the Christian Names and Surnames of the respective Assessors and Collectors unto the Receiver-general of each County, Riding, City, Borough, Town, and Place respectively, in England, Wales, and Berwick upon Tweed, or his Deputy; and shall transmit, or cause to be transmitted, a like Schedule or Duplicate into the King's Remembrancer's Office of the Exchequer; and this the said Commissioners shall cause to be done upon or before the Eighth Day of August, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, or within Twenty Days after (all Appeals to them being first determined) for which Duplicates the Remembrancer, or his Deputy, shall give to the Person who brings the same, a Receipt in Writing, gratis, under the Penalty of Ten Pounds, to be recovered to the King's Use, as other Penalties are by this Act recoverable.

A Duplicate in Parchment to be delivered, together with the Names of the Assessors and Collectors, to the Receiver-general;

and one to the Remembrancer's Office, by 8 Aug. 1759, or 20 Days after (all Appeals first determined.)

Remembrancer to give Receipts gratis, on Penalty of 10 l.

The Rates to be levied on the Parties, or Premises,

and to be paid to the Receiver-general, &c.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Persons so appointed to be Collectors as aforesaid, in England, Wales, and Berwick upon Tweed, shall levy and collect all and every the Rates and Taxes, so assessed and charged, according to the Intent and Direction of this Act; which said Collectors are hereby required to demand all and every the Sum and Sums of Money, which shall be so taxed and assessed, of the Parties themselves, as the same shall become due, if they can be found, or else at the Place of their last Abode, or upon the Premises charged with the Assessment: And the said several Collectors shall collect and levy the said Monies so charged for His Majesty's Use, and are hereby required and enjoined to pay unto the Receivers-general, or their Deputies,

ties, all and every the said Rates and Assessments by them respectively collected and received, at such Time or Times, Place or Places, as the said Commissioners, or any Two or more of them, shall appoint; so as the whole Sums due for each quarterly Payment shall be paid or answered by the said Collectors to the Receivers-general, or their Deputies respectively, upon the Days, and at the Times, by this Act appointed for Payment thereof.

And be it further enacted and declared by the Authority aforesaid, That the Money received by the said Collectors within their respective Divisions or Hundreds, as aforesaid, shall, from time to time, be duly paid to the Receiver-general, or his Deputy or Deputies, to be appointed under his Hand and Seal, whereof Notice under the Hand and Seal of the respective Receivers-general shall be given to the Commissioners, or any Two or more of them, within the respective Divisions or Hundreds, as aforesaid, within Ten Days after the next General Meeting, and so, from time to time, within Ten Days after every Death or Removal of any Deputy, if any such should happen; and the Receipt of such Receiver-general, his Deputy or Deputies, or any of them (which Receipt or Acquittance shall be given gratis to the Collectors for all Money by them paid) shall be a sufficient Discharge to every such Collector; and the particular Collectors aforesaid are hereby required to pay in all and every the Sums so received by them, to the said Receivers-general, or their Deputy or Deputies; for the Payment whereof the said Collectors shall not be obliged to travel above Ten Miles from the Place or Places of their Inhabitations.

The Money collected to be paid to the Receiver-general, or Deputies; and they to give Commissioners Notice.

Collectors not obliged to travel above 10 Miles.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Receiver-general of any such County or Place shall die, or be removed, or if any such Receiver-general for the last Aid shall not be appointed for the present, Notice thereof shall be given by the Commissioners for the Affairs of Taxes, to Two or more Commissioners acting for each Division in such County or Place before the Time appointed by this Act for the first quarterly Payment of the Aid hereby granted, and so, from time to time, upon the Death or Removal of any such Receiver-general; any thing herein contained to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

Removal or Death of Receiver-general to be notify'd to Commissioners.

And be it further enacted, That the Sum of Four hundred ninety seven thousand four hundred seventy five Pounds, Four Shillings, and Eight Pence Farthing, for the first quarterly Payment of the said Assessments for England, Wales, and Berwick upon Tweed, shall be levied, collected, and paid unto the Receivers-general of the said

497,475 l. 4s. and 8d. 1q. for the First quarterly Payment, to be paid to the Receivers by 24 June, 1759.

The Second
Payment by
29 S. pt. 1759.

The Third
Payment by
25 D. c. 1759.

The last Pay-
ment by 25
March, 1760.

Receiver-ge-
neral within a
Month after
receiving the
full Sum
charged, to
give the Com-
missioners a
Receipt:

Which shall be
a full Dis-
charge for
Payment.

Receivers ge-
neral within
20 Days to pay
the Monies
into the Ex-
chequer.

Receiver-ge-
neral allowed
2 d. in the
Pound.

Collectors to
have 3 d. in the
Pound.

several Counties, Cities, and other Places, who shall be appointed as aforesaid, on or before the Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine; and the Sum of Four hundred ninety seven thousand four hundred seventy five Pounds, Four Shillings, and Eight Pence Farthing, for the Second Payment of the said quarterly Payments, on or before the Twenty ninth Day of September, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine; and the Sum of Four hundred ninety seven thousand four hundred seventy five Pounds, Four Shillings, and Eight Pence Farthing, for the Third of the said quarterly Payments, on or before the Twenty fifth Day of December, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine; and the Sum of Four hundred ninety seven thousand four hundred seventy five Pounds, Four Shillings, and Eight Pence Farthing, for the last of the said quarterly Payments, on or before the Twenty fifth Day of March, One thousand seven hundred and sixty, in full of the said Sum of One million nine hundred eighty nine thousand nine hundred Pounds, Eighteen Shillings, and Nine Pence.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every Receiver-general in England, Wales, and Berwick upon Tweed, from time to time, within the Space of One Month next after he shall have received the full Sum that shall be charged on any Hundred or Division, for such particular Payment that is to be made to such Receiver-general by virtue of this Act, shall give to such Commissioners as shall act in such Division or Hundred, a Receipt under his Hand and Seal, acknowledging the Receipt of the full Sum charged upon such Hundred or Division for such particular Payments; which Receipt shall be a full Discharge to each Hundred or Division for such particular Payment, against His Majesty, His Heirs, and Successors; which said Receivers-general are hereby required forthwith, or at furthest within Twenty Days after the Receipt of any Money of the Taxes or Duties by this Act granted, to transmit, or cause to be paid, the Money by them received, into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer; and the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or the Lord High Treasurer for the time being, are hereby authorized to allow to the said Receiver-general of each County, Riding, City, and Town respectively, in England, Wales, and Berwick upon Tweed, a Salary for his Pains, not exceeding Two Pence in the Pound, for so much as he shall pay into the Exchequer, upon the clearing of his Accounts.

And be it further enacted and declared by the Authority aforesaid, That the Collectors of the aforesaid Rates and

and Assessments in England, Wales, and Berwick upon Tweed, hereby granted, for gathering the particular Sums charged upon the Parish or Place for which they shall be appointed Collectors by virtue of this Act, and for giving Receipts to the Person or Persons of whom they receive the same, shall, upon Collection of the whole Sum appointed to be collected by them, and Payment thereof as is hereby before appointed, have and receive for their Pains in collecting and paying the Money, Three Pence in the Pound, which the said Collectors are impowered to detain out of the last Payment of the Agonies of their several and respective quarterly Payments; and the said Receiver-general, upon the Receipt of the whole Assessments of the County, Riding, City, or Town, for which he is appointed Receiver-general (in case he shall have received the several Duplicates of each Parish and Place therein, and that Duplicates shall be returned to the Office of His Majesty's Remembrancer of the Exchequer, as aforesaid, and not otherwise) shall allow and pay according to such Warrant as shall be given in that Behalf, by the said Commissioners, or any Two or more of them, Three Halfpence in the Pound, and no more, for the Commissioners Clerks, for their Pains in fair writing the Assessments, Duplicates, and Copies, herein before directed, and all Warrants, Orders, and Instructions relating thereunto.

Commissioners Clerks to have Three Halfpence in the Pound.

And be it further enacted and declared, That if any Person shall refuse or neglect to pay any Sum or Sums of Money, whereat he, she, or they, shall be rated or assessed in England, Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed, by this Act, upon Demand, by the said Collector or Collectors of that Place, according to the Precepts or Executions to him or them delivered by the said Commissioners, that then, and in all and every such Case and Cases, it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Collectors, or any of them, and they are hereby authorized and required to levy the Sum assessed by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of such Person so neglecting or refusing to pay, or distrain upon the Messuages, Lands, Tenements, and Premises, so charged with any such Sum or Sums of Money; and the Goods and Chattels then and there found, and the Distress so taken, to keep by the Space of Four Days, at the Costs and Charges of the Owners; and if the said Owners do not pay the Sum or Sums of Money so rated or assessed within the said Space of Four Days, then the said Distress to be appraised by Two or more of the Inhabitants where the same shall be taken, or other sufficient Persons, and to be sold by the said Collectors for Payment

Collectors may levy by Distress in case of Refusal of Payment;

Distress to be kept Four Days at the Owner's Charge;

then appraised and sold, and Overplus returned, &c.

Commissioners to determine Differences about Distress.

For want of Distress, Offender may be committed.

(Except a Peer or Peerefs of Great Britain)

Tenants to pay the Tax,

and deduct so much out of the Rents.

Tenants discharged for what they so pay.

ment of the said Money; and the Overplus coming by such Sale (if any be) over and above the Tax and Charge of taking and keeping the said Distress, to be immediately returned to the Owners thereof; and moreover, that it shall be lawful to break open in the Daytime any House, and, upon Warrant under the Hands and Seals of any Two or more of the said Commissioners, any Chest, Trunk, Box, or other Thing, where any such Goods are, calling to their Assistance the Constables, Tythingmen, or Headboroughs, within the Counties, Ridings, Cities, Towns, or Places, where any Refusal or Neglect shall be made; which said Officers are hereby required to be aiding and assisting in the Premises, as they will answer the contrary at their Perils; and if any Question or Difference shall happen upon taking such Distress, the same shall be determined and ended by the said Commissioners, or any Two or more of them; and if any Person or Persons assessed by this Act in England, Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed, as aforesaid, shall neglect or refuse to pay his, her, or their Assessment, by the Space of Ten Days after Demand, as aforesaid, or convey any of his, her, or their Goods, or other Personal Estate, whereby the Sums of Money so assessed cannot be levied according to this Act; in every such Case, any Two or more of the Commissioners aforesaid, for any City, County, or Place, are hereby authorized, by Warrant under their Hands and Seals, to commit such Person or Persons (except a Peer or Peerefs of Great Britain) to the Common Gaol, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize, until Payment be made of the Money assessed, and the Charges for bringing in the same be paid, and no longer: And the several and respective Tenant and Tenants of all Houses, Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments, in England, Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed, which shall be rated by virtue of this Act, are hereby required and authorized to pay such Sum or Sums of Money, as shall be rated upon such Houses, Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, and to deduct out of the Rent so much of the said Rate, as, in respect of the said Rents of any such Houses, Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments, the Landlord should and ought to pay and bear: And the said Landlords, both mediate and immediate, according to their respective Interests, are hereby required to allow such Deductions and Payments, upon Receipt of the Residue of the Rents.

And be it enacted and declared, That every Tenant, paying the said Assessment or Assessments last-mentioned, shall be acquitted and discharged of so much Money as the said Assessment or Assessments shall amount unto, as

if the same had actually been paid unto such Person or Persons, to whom his Rent shall have been due and payable: And if any Difference shall arise between Landlord and Tenant, or any other, concerning the said Rates in England, Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed, the said several Commissioners, or any Two or more of them, in their several Divisions, shall have, and they have hereby Power to settle the same, as they shall think fit; and in case the Proportions set by this or any former Act upon all and every the respective Counties, Ridings, Cities, Towns, and Places in England, Wales, and Berwick upon Tweed, shall not be fully assessed, levied, and paid, according to the true Meaning thereof; or if any of the said Assessments shall be rated or imposed upon any Person not being of Ability to pay the same, or upon any empty or void House or Land, where the same cannot be collected or levied, or that through any Willfulness, Neglect, Mistake, or Accident, the said Assessment charged on each County, Riding, City, Town, or Place, as aforesaid, by virtue of this or any former Act, happens not to be paid to the Receiver-general, his Deputy or Deputies, as in this or any former Act is directed; that then, and in all and every such Case and Cases, the several and respective Commissioners, Assessors, and Collectors aforesaid, and every of them respectively, are hereby authorized and required to assess and re-assess, or cause to be assessed or re-assessed, levied, and paid, all and every such Sum and Sums of Money, upon the respective Divisions or Hundreds wherein such Deficiency shall happen, or Parishes therein, as to the said Commissioners, or such Number of them, as by this Act are authorized to cause the said first Assessment hereby required to be made, shall seem most agreeable to Equity and Justice; the said new Assessment to be made, collected, and paid in such Manner, and by such Means, as in this Act for other Assessments is declared and directed.

Commissioners to settle Differences between Landlord and Tenant.

Commissioners to cause all Deficiencies to be re-assessed, and made good.

And be it further enacted and declared by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Assessor or Collector, or other Person or Persons, shall wilfully neglect or refuse to perform his or their Duty in the due and speedy Execution of this present Act, or shall be guilty of any Fraud or Abuse in executing the same, the said respective Commissioners, or any Three or more of them, have hereby Power to impose on such Person or Persons, so neglecting or refusing his or their Duties, or being guilty of such Fraud or Abuse, such Fine or Fines, as by them shall be thought fit, so the same exceed not the Sum of Forty Pounds; which said Fines shall not be taken off or discharged, but by the Con-

Assessor refusing to serve, to forfeit, not exceeding 40 l.

Fine not to be discharged but by Commissioners who imposed it; and levied by Distress or Imprisonment,

and paid into the Exchequer,

and inserted in the Duplicates.

Collectors detaining the Money, to be imprisoned, their Estates seized and sold, &c.

sent of the Majority of the Commissioners who imposed the same, but shall be levied by Warrant under the Hands and Seals of the said Commissioners, or any Two or more of them, by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattles of the Offenders, and in Default of Goods and Chattles of the Offender (not being a Peer or Peeres, as aforesaid) to be committed by Warrant under the Hands and Seals of the said Commissioners, or any Two or more of them, to Prison, there to remain till Payment of the said Fine; and all Fines to be imposed by virtue of this Act, in England, Wales, and Berwick upon Tweed, shall be paid to the Receivers-general, and by them into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer; and shall be inserted in the Duplicates in Parchment fairly written, to be transmitted to the Office of the King's Remembrancer as aforesaid, that the same may be thereby known, and charged in his Accounts.

And be it further enacted and declared, That if any Collector or Collectors, which shall be, by virtue of this Act, appointed for the Receipt of any Sum or Sums of Money thereby to be assessed in England, Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed, shall refuse or neglect to pay any Sum or Sums of Money, which shall be by him or them received, as aforesaid, and to pay the same as in this Act is directed, or shall detain in his or their Hands any Money received by him or them, or any of them, and not pay the same, as by this Act is directed; the said Commissioners of each County, City, Riding, or Town respectively, or any Two or more of them, in their respective Divisions, are hereby authorized and impowered to imprison the Person, and seize and secure the Estate, as well Freehold as Copyhold, and all other Estate, both Real and Personal, of such Collector, to him belonging, or which shall descend or come into the Hands or Possession of his Heirs, Executors, or Administrators, wheresoever the same can be discovered or found; and the said Commissioners, who shall so seize or secure the Estate of any Collector or Collectors, shall be, and are hereby impowered to appoint a Time for a General Meeting of the said Commissioners for such County, Riding, City, Town, or Place, and there to cause publick Notice to be given of the Place where such Meeting shall be appointed, Six Days at least before such General Meeting; and the Commissioners present at such General Meeting, or the major Part of them, in case the Monies detained by any such Collector or Collectors be not paid and satisfied as it ought to be, according to the Directions of this Act, shall be, and are hereby impowered and required to sell and dispose

dispose of all such Estates, which shall be, for the Cause aforesaid, seized and secured, or any Part of them, to satisfy and pay into the Hands of the Receiver-general, or his Deputy, for such County, Riding, or Place, the Sum which shall be detained in the Hands of such Collector or Collectors, their Heirs, Executors, or Administrators respectively.

And it is hereby further enacted and declared, That at the Expiration of the respective Times in this Act prescribed for the full Payment of the said quarterly Assessments in England, Wales, and Berwick upon Tweed, the several and respective Commissioners, or any Two or more of them, within their Division or Hundred, shall, and are hereby required to call before them the Collectors within each respective Division or Hundred, Parish or Place, and to examine and assure themselves, of the full and whole Payment of the particular Sum and Sums of Money charged upon the same Division, or Hundred, and every Parish and Place therein, and of the due Return of the same, into the Hands of the respective Receivers-general, their Deputy or Deputies, of the said Counties, Ridings, Cities, Towns, and Places respectively, and by such Receivers-general into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer; to the end there may be no Failure in the Payment of any Part of the Assessment, by virtue of this Act to be assessed and paid, nor any Arrears remaining chargeable upon any of the said Counties, Ridings, Cities, Towns, and Places respectively; and in case of any Failure in the Premises, the said Commissioners, or any Two or more of them, are hereby authorized and required to cause the same to be forthwith levied and paid, according to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act.

Commissioners to examine whether the Sums assessed be duly collected, &c.

And it is hereby enacted and declared, That in case any Controversy shall arise concerning the said Assessments, or the dividing, apportioning, or Payment thereof, which concerns any of the Commissioners before by this Act appointed, that the Commissioners so concerned in the said Controversy, in their own Right, or in the Right of any other Person for whom they shall act as Steward, Agent, Attorney, or Solicitor, shall have no Voice, but shall withdraw at the Time of the Debate of such Controversy, until it be determined by the rest of the Commissioners; and in Default thereof, the Commissioners then present shall have Power, and are hereby required to impose such Fine or Fines, as to them shall be thought fit, upon such Commissioner so refusing to withdraw, not exceeding Twenty Pounds, and to cause the same to be levied and paid, as other Fines to be imposed by virtue

In case of Controversies in assessing Commissioners, the Commissioners concerned to withdraw.

In Default to be fined, not above 20 l.

of this Act are to be levied and paid; and all Questions and Differences which shall arise touching any of the said Rates, Duties, or Assessments, in England, Wales, and Berwick upon Tweed, or the collecting thereof, shall be heard and finally determined by the said Commissioners, in such Manner as by this Act is directed, upon Complaint thereof made to them by any Person or Persons thereby grieved, without further Trouble or Suit, in Law, in His Majesty's Court of King's Bench, or any other Court whatsoever.

No Privileged
Place or Person
exempt from
this Tax.

Fee-farm
Rents, &c. to
be taxed.

Tenants to
pay the Rates.

Colleges, &c.
in the Univer-
sities, &c. not
chargeable:

And be it further enacted and declared, That no Privileged Place or Person, Body Politick or Corporate, within the Counties, Ridings, Cities, and Towns aforesaid, in England, Wales, and Berwick upon Tweed, shall be exempted from the said Assessment, and Taxes; but that they, and every of them, and also all Fee-farm Rents, and all other Rents, Payments, Sum and Sums of Money, and Annuities, issuing out of, or payable for any Lands, shall be liable towards the Payment of every Sum by this Act to be taxed and levied; and all such Tenants are hereby directed and authorized to pay them proportionably, according to the Rates and Assessments by this Act directed and appointed; and all such Tenants shall be hereby saved and kept harmless, by the Authority of this Act, from any further Payment of any such Proportion of such Rent, Rents, Sums of Money, or Annuities, to any Person or Persons to whom any such Rent, Rents, Sums of Money, or Annuities as aforesaid, should or ought to be paid, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, as fully and amply as if they had paid the same to any Person or Persons, to whom the same is or are reserved, or become due.

Provided, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend to charge any College or Hall in either of the Two Universities of Oxford or Cambridge, or the Colleges of Windsor, Eaton, Winton, or Westminster, or the Corporation of the Governors of the Charity for the Relief of the poor Widows and Children of Clergymen, or the College of Bromley, or any Hospital in England, Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed, for or in respect of the Sites of the said Colleges, Halls, or Hospitals, or any of the Buildings within the Walls or Limits of the said Colleges, Halls, or Hospitals; or any Master, Fellow, or Scholar or Exhibitioner of any such College or Hall, or any Reader, Officer, or Master of the said Universities, Colleges, or Halls, or any Masters or Ushers of any Schools in England, Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed, for or in respect of any Stipend, Wages, Rents, Profits, or Exhibitions whatsoever, arising or growing due to them, in respect of

the said several Places or Employments in the said Universities, Colleges, or Schools; or to charge any of the Houses or Lands, which on or before the five and twentieth Day of March, One thousand six hundred and ninety three, did belong to the Sites of any College or Hall in England, Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed, or to Christ's Hospital, Saint Bartholomew, Bridewell, Saint Thomas, and Bethlehem Hospitals, in the City of London, and Borough of Southwark, or any of them; or to the said Corporation of the Governors of the Charity for the Relief of the poor Widows and Children of Clergymen, or the College of Bromley; or shall extend to charge any other Hospitals or Alms-houses in England, Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed, for or in respect only of any Rents or Revenues, which on or before the said five and twentieth Day of March, One thousand six hundred and ninety three, were payable to the said Hospitals or Alms-houses, being to be received and disbursed for the immediate Use and Relief of the Poor of the said Hospitals and Alms-houses only.

Nor the Houses or Lands which before the 25th of March, 1693, did belong to Christ's Hospital, &c.

Nor Corporation of Clergymen's Sons, Bromley College, or any other Hospital.

Provided, That no Tenants, that hold and enjoy any Lands or Houses by Lease or other Grant from the said Corporation, or any of the said Hospitals or Alms-houses, do claim or enjoy any Freedom, Exemption, or Advantage by this Act; but that all the Houses and Lands, which they so hold, shall be rated and assessed for so much as they are yearly worth, over and above the Rents reserved and payable to the said Corporation, or to the said Hospitals or Alms-houses, to be received and disbursed for the immediate Support and Relief of the Poor of the said Hospitals and Alms-houses.

No Tenants of Hospitals, &c. to claim any Exemption.

Provided always, That nothing in this Act contained shall be construed or taken to discharge any Tenant of any the Houses or Lands belonging to the said Colleges, Halls, or Hospitals, Alms-houses, or Schools, or any of them, who by their Leases, or other Contracts, are and do stand obliged to pay and discharge all Rates, Taxes, and Impositions whatsoever; but that they, and every of them, shall be rated, and pay all such Rates, Taxes, and Impositions; any thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Such Tenants not discharged, who by Leases are obliged to pay Taxes.

And in case any Question hath been, or shall be made, how far any Lands or Tenements belonging to any Hospital or Alms-house in England, Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed, not exempted by Name out of this Act, ought to be assessed and charged by the Land Tax; be it enacted and declared, That the same shall be determined by the said Commissioners, or any Three or more of them, or the

Commissioners to determine how far Lands, &c. belonging to Hospitals, &c. not exempted by Name, ought to be charged.

major Part of them then present, upon Appeal before them at the Day or Days by them appointed for the hearing and determining of Appeals; whose Determination in such Case shall be final.

All Hospitals
Lands, &c.
assessed by
4 W. & M.
liable to this
Aid, and no
other.

Provided always, and it is hereby enacted, That all such Lands, Revenues, or Rents, belonging to any Hospital or Alms-house, or settled to any charitable or pious Use, as were assessed in the Fourth Year of the Reign of Their late Majesties King William and Queen Mary, shall be, and are hereby adjudged to be liable to be charged towards the Payment of this present Aid; and that no other Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, Revenues, or Rents whatsoever, then belonging to any Hospital or Alms-house, or settled to any charitable or pious Uses, as aforesaid, shall be charged, taxed, or assessed by virtue of this present Act, towards the said Sum to be raised in England, Wales, and Berwick upon Tweed, as aforesaid; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Receivers of
Fee-farm
Rents, &c. to
allow 4s. per
Pound to the
Parties, with-
out Fee, on
Penalty of 20l.

And it is hereby further enacted, That all and every Auditors, Reeves, Receivers, and their Deputies, who audit or receive any Fee-farm Rents, or other chief Rents (arising in England, Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed) due to His Majesty, or to any Person or Persons claiming by any Grant or Purchase from or under the Crown, shall allow Four Shillings for every Pound of the said Rents, and a proportional Rate for any greater Sum than Ten Shillings, to the Party or Parties paying the same, without any Fee for such Allowance, upon the Penalty of Twenty Pounds to the Party grieved, to be recovered by Action of Debt, or upon the Case, together with Full Costs of Suit; any thing in this Act contained to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding. And if any such Auditor of the Revenues, or any of them, belonging to His Majesty, or any Deputy, or any other Person acting for or on the Behalf of any such Auditor shall, in the Account of any Reeve, Receiver, or otherwise, set insuper any Tenant or other Person, or make any such Tenant or other Person, or his or their Estate, liable to any Distress, Forfeiture, or Exaction whatsoever, for any Sum or Sums of Money, which, by the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, ought to be allowed after the Rate of Four Shillings in the Pound, or shall refuse, neglect, or delay to allow, and finally discharge the same in the proper Accounts wherein the same ought to be allowed and discharged; that then, and for every or any such Offence, every such Auditor, or Deputy, or Person acting for such Auditor, shall forfeit the

Auditors, &c.
setting Te-
nants insuper
for what ought
to be allowed,
or refusing Al-
lowance,

to forfeit 100l.

Sum

Sum of One hundred Pounds to the Party grieved, to be recovered as aforesaid, and shall be incapable to enjoy his Office or Place, or any Office or Place of Trust under His Majesty.

And be it further enacted and declared by the Authority aforesaid, That the Fee-farm Rents, for which a Deduction or Allowance, after the Rate of Four Shillings in the Pound, is intended to be made by this present Act, are such Fee-farm Rents only, as are answerable to His Majesty, or have been purchased from the Crown by virtue of Two Acts of Parliament made in the Two and twentieth and Three and twentieth Years of the Reign of the late King Charles the Second, for and concerning the Sale of Fee-farm Rents, or One of them, and which were not, on or before the Five and twentieth Day of March, One thousand six hundred and ninety three, payable to any College, Hospital, Reader in either University, or any other Person or Persons before exempted by this Act; provided such Deduction or Allowance do not exceed the Sum assessed by virtue of this Act, upon the whole Estate or Estates, out of which such purchased Fee-farm Rent or Rents doth or do issue; and the Owners and Receivers of such Fee-farm Rents shall and are hereby required, on Payment of such Rents, to allow Four Shillings for every Twenty Shillings of the said Rents, and so in Proportion for any Sum not less than Ten Shillings, to the Party or Parties paying the same; any thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Such Fee-farm Rents only to have an Allowance of 4s. per Pound, as are answerable to the Crown, or were purchased according to 22 & 23 Car. II.

The Owners to allow the same to the Party paying.

And be it enacted, That the Officers in the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer, and in other the publick Offices, upon Request to them made by the respective Assessors, shall deliver gratis true Lists or Accounts of all Pensions, Annuities, Stipends, or other annual Payments, and of all Fees, Salaries, and other Allowances, payable at the said Receipt, or in the said publick Offices, to any Commissioner or Commissioners, Officer or Officers, for the Execution of this Act, for the better Guidance of the said Assessors in the charging of the same. And that in all Cases where any Pensions, Annuities, Stipends, or other yearly Payments, or the Fees, Salaries, Wages, or other Allowances or Profits charged by this Act, shall be payable at the Receipt of the Exchequer, or by the Treasurer of His Majesty's Household, or out of any other publick Office, or by any of His Majesty's Receivers or Paymasters in England, Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed, the Tax or Payment, which in pursuance of this Act shall be charged for or in respect of such

Lists of Pensions, &c. to be delivered gratis to the Assessors.

Taxes on Pensions, &c. not paid, to be stoppt in the Exchequer.

Annuities,

A true Account to be kept of the Money kept.

Persons to be taxed in the Parish where they dwell.

No Proviso to lessen the full Sum by this Act to be levied.

Contracts between Landlord and Tenant, touching Taxes, not to be avoided.

All Places to pay where usually assessed.

Annuities, Pensions, Stipends, Fees, Salaries, Wages, Allowances, or Profits, shall and may (in case of Non-payment thereof) be detained and kept out of the same, or out of any Money which shall be paid upon such Pensions, Annuities, Stipends, Fees, Salaries, Wages, Allowances, or Profits, or for Arrears thereof, and be applied to the Satisfaction of the Rates and Duties not otherwise paid as aforesaid; and the proper Officers in the said Exchequer, and other the publick Offices aforesaid, shall keep true Accounts of all Monies kept, and (upon Request) shall give Copies of such Accounts to the proper Collectors of such Monies, for the respective Parishes or Places where the said Monies are assessed by this Act.

Provided, That where any Person inhabiting within the City of London, or any other City or Town-corporate of England, Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed, hath his Dwelling-house in One of the Parishes or Wards therein, and hath any Goods, Wares, or Merchandizes, in any One or more of the other Parishes or Wards within the same, that then such Person shall be taxed, charged, and assessed for such his Goods and Merchandizes, in the Parish or Ward where he dwelleth, and not elsewhere, within the said City or Town-corporate.

Provided nevertheless, That no Clause or Proviso in this Act shall extend to the Lessening or Abatement of the full Sum appointed by this Act to be taxed, collected, levied, and paid, but that the same be fully assessed, levied, collected, and paid, in the several and respective Counties, Cities, and Towns aforesaid, in England, Wales, and Berwick upon Tweed, in such Manner and Form, and to such Uses, as herein is before-mentioned and declared.

Provided, That nothing in this Act contained shall be construed to alter, change, or determine, or make void any Contracts, Covenants, or Agreements whatsoever between Landlord and Tenant, or any other Persons, touching the Payment of Taxes, and Assessments, in England, Wales, and Berwick upon Tweed; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Provided always, and be it further enacted and declared by the Authority aforesaid, That for the avoiding all Obstructions and Delays in assessing and collecting the Sums by this Act to be rated and assessed upon any Manors, Lands, Tenements, Rents, Tithes, or other Hereditaments, all Places, Constablewicks, Divisions, and Allotments, which have been used to be taxed and assessed shall pay and be assessed in such County, Hundred, Rape, wapentake, Constablewick, Division, or Place of Allotment

lotment within England, Wales, and Berwick upon Tweed, as the same have heretofore been usually assessed in, and not elsewhere.

Provided nevertheless, That the Hundred of West Barnfield, formerly taxed or assessed in the Lathe of Alesford in the County of Kent, may for the future (if the Commissioners think fit) be rated and assessed in the Lathe of Skray in the County aforesaid; as likewise may the Tithing of Northmore in the County of Oxford be assessed in the Hundred of Bampton in the said County; and the Tithings of Charlbury, Fallar, and Finstock, in the Hundred of Chadlington in the said County; as also the whole Town and Parish of Leeds in the County of York, in the Hundred of Skyrack in the said County; and the Parish of Ombersley in the County of Worcester, in the lower Division of Oswaldslow Hundred in the said County; and the Parish of Aldemaston, in the Eastern Division of Oswaldslow Hundred in the said County; and the Parish of Yardley in Bromsgrove Division of Halfshire Hundred in the said County; and the Forest of Chute shall be assessed and pay where the same was assessed to the First Aid of Four Shillings in the Pound, granted to Their late Majesties King William and Queen Mary; and that the Parish of Upton upon Severn, in the County of Worcester, formerly taxed and assessed in the lower Division of Oswaldslow Hundred in the said County, may for the future, if the Commissioners think fit, be taxed and assessed in the lower Division of Pershore Hundred in the said County; and also the Profits of the Navigation of the Rivers Calder and Ayre, in the West Riding of the County of York, shall be assessed and paid, One moiety thereof at the Town of Wakefield, and the other moiety at the Town of Leeds, and not elsewhere.

West Barnfield to be assessed in the Lathe of Skray, Com' Kent.

Northmore, Com' Oxon. in Bampton.

Charlbury, &c. in Chadlington.

Leeds, Com' Ebor. in Skyrack.

Ombersley, Com' Worcester, in Oswaldslow Hundred.

Aldemaston, in Oswaldslow Hundred.

Parish of Yardley, in Halfshire Hundred.

Forest of Chute, where the First 4s. Aid was assessed.

Upton in Pershore Hundred.

Calder and Ayre, at Wakefield and Leeds.

And whereas the Palace of Somerset House has been usually rated and assessed within the Liberty of the Duchy of Lancaster, in the Strand, but the Inhabitants and Occupiers of Apartments and Buildings, within and belonging to the said Palace, have evaded or refused the Payment of the said Rates, to the Prejudice of the Proprietors and Owners of Lands and Buildings within the said Liberty; now it is hereby enacted and declared, That all and every the Inhabitants and Occupiers of Apartments and Buildings, within and belonging to the said Palace, shall be liable to, and chargeable with, the Payment of such Rates and Assessments as shall be set upon them respectively, in Proportion to the Rates and Assessments that shall be made and assessed upon other the Lands and Buildings within the said Liberty, and that

Inhabitants of Apartments, &c. in Somerset House, to be assessed in the same Proportion with those in Lancaster Liberty.

the same Powers and Remedies shall be made use of for the assessing, levying, and collecting such Rates and Assessments, as are by this Act given for the assessing, levying, and collecting the Rates and Duties thereby directed to be raised.

General Issue.

Treble Costs.

Where Lands &c. are unoccupied, and no Distress found, Collectors may distrain at any Time after.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Action, Plaint, Suit, or Information, shall be commenced or prosecuted against any Person or Persons, for what he or they do in pursuance or Execution of this Act, in England, Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed, such Person or Persons, so sued in any Court whatsoever, shall and may plead the General Issue, Not Guilty; and upon Issue joined, may give this Act, and the Special Matter, in Evidence; and if the Plaintiff or Prosecutor shall become Nonsuit, or forbear further Prosecution, or suffer a Discontinuance, or if a Verdict pass against him, the Defendants shall recover Treble Costs, for which they shall have the like Remedy, as in Cases where Costs by Law are given to Defendants.

Provided always, and be it enacted, That in case any Lands or Houses in any Parish, Place, or Constablewick, in England, Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed, shall be unoccupied, and no Distress can be found on the same, by reason whereof the said Parish, Place, or Constablewick, is forced to pay and make good the Tax assessed upon such Lands lying unoccupied; that then it shall and may be lawful at any Time after, for the Collectors, Constables, or Tythingmen of the said Parish, Place, or Constablewick, for the time being, to enter and distrain upon the Lands or Houses, when there shall be any Distresses thereupon to be found; and the Distress and Distresses (if not redeemed within Four Days, by Payment of the Tax and Charge of the Distress) to sell, rendering the Overplus to the Owner or Owners of such Distress; and the said Collector, Constable, or Tythingman, is hereby enjoined to distribute the Money raised by the said Distress and Sale, proportionably, to the Parties who contributed to the Tax of the unoccupied Lands or Houses.

Wood may be cut down, and sold for Distress.

(Timber Trees excepted)

Provided always, and be it enacted, That where any Wood Lands in England, Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed, shall be assessed, and no Distress can be had, that in such Case it shall and may be lawful to and for any Collector, Constable, Headborough, or Tythingman, by Warrant under the Hands and Seals of Two or more of the Commissioners of that Hundred or Division, at seasonable Times of the Year, to cut and sell to any Person or Persons so much of the Wood growing on the said Wood Lands so assessed (Timber Trees excepted) as shall pay the Assessment or Assessments so behind and unpaid, and the Charge

Charge incident thereunto; and that it shall and may be lawful for the Person or Persons, and his or their Assigns, to whom such Wood shall be sold, to fell, cut down, dispose, and carry away the same to his own Use, rendering the Overplus (if any be) to the Owner; any Law to the contrary notwithstanding.

Provided always, and be it further enacted, That where any Tax or Assessment shall be charged or laid on any Tithes, such Tolls as are chargeable by this Act, Profits of Markets, Fairs, or Fisheries, or any other annual Profits, in England, Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed, not distrainable, in case the same shall not be paid within Six Days after such Assessment so charged or laid, or demanded, that it shall and may be lawful to and for the Collector, Constable, or other Officer thereunto appointed, by Warrant under the Hands and Seals of any Two or more of the Commissioners authorized by this Act, to seize, take, and sell so much of the said Tithes, wheresoever they can be found, Tolls, or other Profits, so charged, as shall be sufficient for the levying the said Tax, or Assessment, and all the Charges occasioned by such Nonpayment thereof, rendering the Overplus to the Owner, if any be.

Tithes, Tolls, &c. not paid within 6 Days after Demand, &c. may be seized and sold.

And, for the better preventing such unjust Alterations as might be occasioned by such Persons as shall be appointed Receivers-general of any of the Sums of Money granted by this Act, to be raised in England, Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed; and to the Intent the said Receivers-general may return a true Account into His Majesty's Court of Exchequer, of any Sum or Sums of Money as shall be received by them, and every of them, their and every of their Deputy or Deputies; be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any such Receiver-general shall return, or certify into the said Court, any Sum or Sums of Money to be in Arrear, and unpaid, after the same have been received, either by such Receiver-general, or his Deputy or Deputy, or any of them, or shall cause any Person or Persons, or Places, to be set insuper, in the said Court, for any Sum or Sums of Money that have been so received, that then every such Receiver-general shall be liable to pay to every Person or Persons that shall be molested, vexed, or damaged, by reason of any such unjust Certificate, Return, or setting insuper, Treble the Damage that shall be thereby occasioned, to be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information; in which no Escoin, Protection, or Wager of Law, shall be allowed, or any more than One Imparlance; and shall also forfeit to His Majesty, His Heirs, and Successors, double the Sum that shall be so unjustly certified, or returned, or caused to be set insuper.

Receiver-general returning Persons, who have paid the Tax, to be in Arrear,

forfeit Treble Damages to the Party grieved,

and to His Majesty double the Sum so returned.

Commissioners to assess the Assessors.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Commissioners that shall be within any County, City or Place, within the respective Limits of England, Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed, or the major Part of them, shall tax and assess every Assessor within their Divisions, for all and singular the Matters and Things for which by this Act he ought to be taxed and assessed; and all Sums assessed upon every the said Assessors, and the Assessments made and set by the Assessors aforesaid, shall be written, estreated, levied, and gathered, according to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act.

None compelled to be Assessors out of the Limits of the City, &c.

Provided also, That no Person inhabiting in any City, Borough, or Town-corporate, in England, Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed, shall be compelled to be an Assessor or Collector of or for any Part of the Rates and Assessments hereby granted, in any Place or Places out of the Limits of the said City, Borough, or Town-corporate.

Assessments on foreign Ministers Houses to be paid by the Landlords.

Provided always, and be it enacted, That every Rate, Tax, and Assessment, which shall be made or imposed by virtue of this Act, in respect of any House or Tenement which an Ambassador, Resident, Agent, or other publick Minister of any foreign Prince or State, now doth, or hereafter shall inhabit or occupy, shall be paid by the Landlord or Owner of the said Houses or Tenements respectively.

In Places Extraparochial Commissioners to nominate Assessors and Collectors, &c.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in all privileged and other Places, being Extraparochial, or not within the Constablewicks or Precincts of the respective Assessors, to be appointed by virtue of this Act, in England, Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed (although in any monthly or other Tax they have not been rated heretofore) and in all Parishes where Two able and sufficient Inhabitants cannot be found, the said Commissioners, or any Two or more of them, shall, and they are hereby required to nominate and appoint Two or more fit Persons, living in or near the said privileged or other Places as aforesaid, to be Assessors for the said Places, and to make and return the said Assessments, in like Manner as by this Act is appointed in any Parish, Tything, or Place, and also to appoint Two or more Collectors, who are hereby required to collect and pay the same in Manner appointed by this Act for the collecting and paying all the aforesaid Sums of Money chargeable by this Act.

No Commissioner, &c. liable to any other Penalties than such as are inflicted by this Act.

Provided always, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Commissioner, Assessor, or Collector, who shall be employed in the Execution of this Act, in England, Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed, shall be liable, for or by reason of such Execution, to any Penalty or Penalties,

Penalties, other than such as by this Act are or may be inflicted for or by reason of such Execution.

Provided always, and be it enacted, That no Person shall be capable, in England, Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed, of acting as a Commissioner in the Execution of this Act, or executing any the Powers therein contained (unless it be the Power hereby given of administering Oaths) until such Time as he shall have taken the Oaths appointed by the Act of Parliament made in the first Year of His late Majesty's Reign (intituled, An Act for the further Security of His Majesty's Person and Government, and the Succession of the Crown in the Heirs of the late Princess *Sophia*, being Protestants; and for extinguishing the Hopes of the pretended Prince of *Wales*, and his open and secret Abettors;) which Oaths it shall and may be lawful for any Two or more of the Commissioners to administer, and they are hereby required to administer the same to any other of the said Commissioners.

Commissioners not to act without taking the Oaths by 1 Geo. I. &c.

Provided always, and be it enacted, That if any Person hereby appointed a Commissioner for any County, City, Town, or Place, in England, Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed, shall presume to act as a Commissioner in the Execution of this Act, before he shall have taken the Oaths which by this Act he is required to take, and in Manner hereby prescribed, he shall forfeit to His Majesty the Sum of Two hundred Pounds.

Acting before Oaths taken, forfeit 200 l.

Provided also, That every Person in England, Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed, rated or assessed for his Office or Employment, shall be rated and pay for his said Office or Employment in the County, City, or Place, where the same shall be exercised, although the Revenue or Profits arising by such Office or Employment are payable elsewhere.

Officers to pay where employed, &c.

Provided always, That the Right Honourable the Master of the Rolls, the Masters in Chancery, Six Clerks, Clerks of the Petty-bag, Examiners, Registers, Clerks of the Inrolments, Clerks of the Affidavit and Subpoena Offices, and all other the Officers of the Court of Chancery, that execute their Offices within the Liberty of the Rolls, shall there be assessed for their respective Offices, Salaries, and other Profits, and not elsewhere; and that all Annuities, Stipends, and Pensions, payable to any Officers in respect of their Offices, shall be rated and assessed where such Officers are rated and assessed for their Offices, and not elsewhere; and that all other Pensions, Stipends, and Annuities, in England, Wales, and Berwick upon Tweed, not charged upon Lands, shall be charged and assessed in the Parishes or Places where they are payable; and

Officers in Chancery to be assessed in the Rolls Liberty.

Annuities, where rated.

Pensions, where payable.

Personal Estates, where Persons resident, &c.

Persons not Household-ers, where resident.

Absent Persons to be rated where they were last resident.

Goods, &c. to be assessed where they shall be.

Persons doubly rated, discharged on Certificate.

Not to extend to Scotland, Ireland, Jersey or Guernsey.

every Person who is or shall be rated in England, Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed, for or in respect of any Personal Estate to him or her any ways belonging, shall be rated at such Place where he or she shall be resident at the Time of the Execution of this Act; and all Persons not being Household-ers, nor having a certain Place of Residence, shall be taxed at the Place where they shall be resident at the Time of the Execution of this Act; and if any Person, who ought to be taxed in England, Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed, by virtue of this Act, for or in respect of his Personal Estate, shall, at the Time of his Assessment, be out of the Realm, such Person shall be rated therefore in such County, City, or Place, where he was last abiding within this Realm.

Provided, That where any Person shall have any Goods, Wares, or Merchandizes, in any County or Counties, other than the County where he shall be resident, or had his last Residence, it shall be lawful at any Time before the Twenty fourth Day of August, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, to rate and assess such Person for such Goods, Wares, and Merchandizes, in any County or Counties where the same shall be; and every Person who shall be rated and assessed for or in respect of any Mannors, Messuages, Lands, or Tenements, or other the Premises, according to the former Clauses of this Act, shall be rated and assessed in the Places where such Mannors, Messuages, Lands, and Tenements, and other the Premises respectively do lie, and not elsewhere.

Provided always, That if any Person or Persons, by reason of his, her, or their having several Mansion-houses, or Places of Residence, or otherwise, shall be doubly charged for any Personal Estate, Offices, or otherwise, by Decree of this Act; then upon Certificate made by any Two or more of the Commissioners for the County, Riding, City, or Place, of his, her, or their last personal Residence, under their Hands and Seals, of the Sum or Sums charged upon him, her, or them (which Certificate the said Commissioners are hereby required to give without Delay, Fee or Reward) and upon Oath made of such Certificate before any Justice of the Peace of the County or Place where the said Certificates shall be made (which Oath the said Justice of the Peace is hereby authorized and required to administer) then the Person or Persons so doubly charged shall, for so much as shall be so certified, be discharged in every other County, City, or Place in England, Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed.

Provided also, That this Act shall not extend to the Inhabitants of Scotland, Ireland, Jersey, or Guernsey, for assessing

assessing any such Personal Estate, which they, or any to their Use, have, within those Places, for or towards the said Sum hereby charged upon England, Wales, and Berwick upon Tweed, as aforesaid; and if any Person that ought to be taxed by virtue of this Act, in England, Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed, for or in respect of his Personal Estate, shall by changing his Place of Residence, or by any other Fraud or Covin, escape from the Taxation, and not be taxed, and the same be proved before the Commissioners, or any Two or more of them, or before One or more Justice or Justices of the Peace of the County where such Person dwelleth or resideth, at any Time within One Year next after such Tax made, every Person that shall so escape from the Taxation and Payment, shall be charged (upon Proof thereof) at Treble the Value of so much as he should or ought to have been charged at by this Act; the said Treble Value upon Certificate thereof made into the Exchequer by the Commissioners, Justice or Justices (before whom such Proof shall be made) to be levied on the Goods, Lands, and Hereditaments of such Persons.

Persons avoid-
ing the Tax,
charged
Treble.

And, for the better Discovery of Personal Estates intended to be charged by this Act, be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every Householder in England, Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed, shall, upon Demand of the Assessors of the respective Parishes or Places, give an Account of the Names and Qualities of such Persons as shall sojourn or lodge in their respective Houses, under the Penalty of forfeiting to His Majesty the Sum of Five Pounds, to be levied and recovered in such Manner as any other Penalty in this Act mentioned shall and may be levied and recovered.

Householder to
give an Ac-
count of their
Lodgers,

And be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all and every Person and Persons having any Share or Shares, or Interest in any fresh Stream or running Water brought to the North Parts of London, commonly called the New River, or in the Thames Water-works, or in Mary-bone, or in Hampstead Water-works, or in any Rents or Profits arising thereby; and all and every Person or Persons having any Share or Interest in any Office or Stock for insuring of Houses in Cases of Fire, or in any Lights, or in the Stock or Stocks for printing of Books in or belonging to the House commonly called The King's Printing House, shall pay for the same the Sum of Four Shillings for every Twenty Shillings of the full yearly Value thereof, towards the said Sum hereby charged upon England, Wales, and Berwick upon Tweed, and they, and all Companies of Merchants in London,

on Forfeiture
of 5 l.

Shares in the
New River,
&c. to pay 4 s.
per Pound.

Shares in the
Fire Offices,
and in the
Lights,

and the King's
Printing House,
to pay 4 s. per
Pound.

Merchants,

and

Bank of Eng-
land, Post-
office, &c.

to be paid by
the Gover-
nors.

Governors,
&c. of the
River Waters,
and Water-
works, refus-
ing to pay,
the Collectors
impowered to
levy the Sum
by Distress and
Sale.

Papists
18 Years of
Age not tak-
ing the Oaths
1 W. & M. to
pay double :

and the Bank of England, and all Salaries and Pensions (taxable in London) arising and payable at the General Post-office and Excise-office, charged by this Act, shall be assessed by the Commissioners nominated and appointed for the said City, or any Two or more of them, for their respective Shares and Interests aforesaid, and the aforesaid joint Stock or Stocks, and for such Salaries and Pensions ; and the same shall be paid by the Governors or the respective Treasurers or Receivers of the said River-waters and Water-works, and of the said Offices and Stocks respectively, to such Person or Persons as the said Commissioners, or any Two or more of them, shall appoint to collect the same, and be deducted at and out of their next Dividend ; and every Person having any Salary in respect of any Office or Employment exercised in the Ward of London where the said Post-office is situated, shall be assessed and pay for the same in the same Ward the said Rate of Four Shillings in the Pound towards the said Sum by this Act charged upon England, Wales, and Berwick upon Tweed.

Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That when and so often as any of the said Governors, Treasurers, or Receivers of the said River-waters, Water-works, Offices, or Stocks respectively, shall, upon Demand to any of them respectively made by the proper Collector or Collectors, refuse or neglect to pay the respective Sum or Sums of Money whereat all and every the said Person and Persons having any Share or Shares, or Interest in any of the said River-waters, Water-works, Offices, or Stocks respectively, shall be respectively rated and assessed, then, and in all and every such Case and Cases, it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Collector or Collectors, or any of them, and he, they, and every of them, is and are hereby authorized and required to levy the Sum so assessed, by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattles jointly belonging to, or held in Trust for, the Persons who shall have such Shares or Interests in respect whereof such Assessment shall be demanded, and refused as aforesaid, rendering the Overplus, if any shall be (the Charges of such Distress and Sale being first deducted) to the Governor, Treasurer, or Receiver of the said River-waters, Water-works, Offices, or Stocks respectively.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every Papist, or reputed Papist, in England, Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed, being at the Age of Eighteen

Years

Years and upwards, who shall not have taken the Oaths mentioned and required to be taken by an Act made in England, in the first Year of the Reign of King William and Queen Mary, intituled, An Act for abrogating the Oaths of Supremacy and Allegiance, and appointing other Oaths, shall yield and pay to His Majesty double the Sums and Rates, which, by Force and Virtue of any Clause in this Act before-mentioned and contained, he or they should or ought to pay and be charged with, to be assessed, levied, collected, answered, and paid, in such Manner, by such Ways and Means, and according to such Rules and Directions, and under such Penalties and Forfeitures, as are before in this Act expressed or appointed, for and concerning the above-mentioned Rates and Sums.

Provided nevertheless, That if any such Papist, or reputed Papist, within Ten Days after the first Meeting of the said Commissioners, in the respective Counties or Places where he or she ought to be taxed or assessed, according to the Intent of this present Act, shall take the said Oaths before any Two or more of the said Commissioners (which Oaths the said Two or more of the said Commissioners are hereby impowered to administer) in that Case he or they shall not be liable to be doubly assessed as aforesaid.

Unless taken within 10 Days after the Commissioners First Meeting.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every Person, being of the Age of Eighteen Years, and upwards, and being in England, Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed, at the Time of the Execution of this Act, who shall not before that Time have taken the Oaths mentioned and required to be taken by the said last-mentioned Act, and upon Summons by Warrant under the Hands and Seals of any Two or more of the said Commissioners, shall refuse to take the said Oaths at the Time appointed in the said Warrant, or shall neglect to appear at such Time before the said Commissioners, in order to take the said Oaths (which the said Commissioners, or any Two or more of them, are hereby impowered and required to administer) shall yield and pay unto His Majesty double the Sums and Rates, which, by Force and Virtue of any Clause of this Act before-mentioned and contained, he or she should or ought to pay or be charged with, in Manner as is before in this present Act appointed, touching Papists, or reputed Papists.

Persons 18 Years of Age refusing the Oaths, to pay double.

And be it further enacted, That any Two or more of the said Commissioners appointed by this Act in the respective Counties, Cities, Towns, and other Places in England, Wales, and Berwick upon Tweed, upon Infor-

Commissioners to summon suspected Persons, &c.

mation, or upon any Cause of Suspicion in that Behalf, shall and are hereby required and impowered to cause every such Person suspected (or against whom such Information shall be given) to be summoned to appear to take the said Oaths, as aforesaid.

*Quakers to
subscribe the
Declaration
W. & M.*

Provided nevertheless, That whereas certain Persons, Dissenters from the Church of England, commonly called Quakers, and now known to be such, in England, Wales, and Berwick upon Tweed, do scruple the taking of any Oaths, it shall be sufficient for any such Persons to make and subscribe the like Declaration of Fidelity to His Majesty, as was contained in an Act made in the Parliament held in the first Year of the Reign of Their late Majesties King William and Queen Mary, intituled, An Act for exempting Their Majesties Protestant Subjects, Dissenters from the Church of England, from the Penalties of certain Laws : Which Declaration any Two or more of the Commissioners appointed for the executing of this Act are hereby required and impowered to administer ; and every such Person, so doing, shall not be liable to, or charged with, any of the double Rates aforesaid.

*Commission-
ers to double
assess Papists,
where Assess-
ors omit.*

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in all Cases where any Assessor or Assessors, who by this Act are required to make double Assessments upon Papists, or reputed Papists, or other Persons, for not taking the Oaths aforesaid, shall neglect to do his or their Duty therein ; the respective Commissioners of the County, Riding, Hundred, Division, or Place, where such double Assessments ought to have been made, or any Two or more of them, shall take Care, and are hereby authorized and required to cause such Papists, or other Persons, to be doubly charged, according to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act.

*Tenants dis-
charged from
double Rate.*

Provided always, and be it enacted, That where the Owners of any Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments, are liable to be doubly charged as Papists, or reputed Papists, by reason of their not having taken the Oaths according to the true Intent of this Act ; in every such Case such Owners only shall be charged with, and pay the said double Rates ; and the respective Tenants of such Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, are hereby discharged of and from the same ; any Covenant for Payment of Tares, or other Agreement to the contrary notwithstanding.

*King's Bench,
Marshalsea
Prison, &c. to
be assessed in
Saint George's
Parish, &c.*

Provided always, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Prison of the King's Bench, Prison-house, Lands, Gardens, and Common Side, and all the Rents, Offices, Profits, and Perquisites of the Marshal,

Marshal, and all other Officers, of the King's Bench Prison; and also the Prison-house, Lands, and Gardens of the Prison of the Marshal, and of the Marshalsea Prison, and all Offices, Perquisites, and Profits of the Marshalsea Court and Prison, lying and being in the Parish of Saint George the Martyr in the Borough of Southwark, in the County of Surry, and the Judges of the said Court, and all Counsellors and Attornies practising, or having a Right to practise in the said Marshalsea Court, and all Profits and Fees accruing to them, or any of them respectively, shall be charged and assessed to the Assessment in the Parish of Saint George aforesaid, and not elsewhere, at and after the Rate of Four Shillings in the Pound; any thing to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That where any Officer or Officers, belonging to the said Prisons, shall neglect or refuse to pay the Sum or Sums of Money, which shall be rated and assessed upon them, or any of them, by virtue of this Act, any Two or more of the Commissioners appointed by this Act, for the said County of Surry, shall and may certify, by Writing, under their Hands and Seals, such Neglect or Refusal, and the Sum payable by virtue of this Act, to the Commissioners for executing this Act, in the County or Place where such Officer or Officers reside; and any Two or more of such Commissioners are hereby authorized and required, upon Receipt of such Certificate, by Warrant under their Hands and Seals, to authorize and empower the respective Collectors of the Parish or Place where such Officer or Officers reside, to distrain the Goods and Chattles of such Officer or Officers; and the Distress or Distresses so made, to detain and keep for the Space of Four Days; and if such Officer or Officers do not pay the said Sum or Sums of Money, for which such Distress shall be made as aforesaid, within the Space of Four Days, that then the said Goods and Chattles so distrained as aforesaid, shall and may be appraised and sold by Two such honest and sufficient Persons, as the said Commissioners, who shall sign the said Warrant, shall nominate and appoint; and the Monies arising thereby shall be paid to the Collectors of the said Parish of Saint George, for and towards Satisfaction of the said Sum and Sums of Money; and the Surplus (if any be) shall be returned to the Owner of the said Goods, after the Charge of the said Distress and Sale shall be deducted: But in case no Goods or Chattles of any such Officer or Officers can be found, sufficient to make good

Officers of the Marshalsea Court refusing to pay, &c.

Collectors by Warrant from Commissioners may distrain.

If no Goods sufficient, Officer to be imprisoned.

the Sum or Sums of Money so assessed, or to be assessed upon him or them as aforesaid, that then it shall and may be lawful for any Two or more of the said Commissioners, by Warrant under their Hands and Seals to the respective Collectors, or such Person or Persons as they shall think fit, to cause the Person or Persons of such respective Officer or Officers of the said Prisons, neglecting or refusing to pay as aforesaid, to be apprehended and taken, wherever he or they can or may be found, and to be committed to the Common Gaol, where he or they shall happen to be taken, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize, until Payment shall be made as aforesaid of the Sum or Sums of Money so charged or assessed upon them as aforesaid, with the Charges of such Prosecution as aforesaid, to be allowed by the said Commissioners, or any Two or more of them; any thing in this Act contained to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

Fleet Prison to be assessed in St. Bride's.

Provided also, That the Prison of the Fleet, Prison-house, Lands, Gardens, and the Common Side, and all the Rents, Profits, and Perquisites of the Office of Warden of the Fleet, lying and being in the Parish of Saint Bridget, *alias* Bride's, London, shall be charged and assessed to the Assessment in the said Parish of Saint Bridget, *alias* Bride's, London, and not elsewhere; any thing in this Act contained to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

Officers at Stoke Damrel near Plymouth, to be assessed within the Town of Plymouth, &c.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Officers of His Majesty's Dock Yard now at Stoke Damrel, near Plymouth, shall be assessed upon this Act, for the Salaries and other Profits, within the Town and Parish of Plymouth, where the Salaries of the old Dock Yard at Plymouth, in the Year One thousand six hundred and ninety three, were assessed, and not elsewhere; so as the full Proportion which was assessed upon the said Town and Parish of Plymouth, in the said Year One thousand six hundred and ninety three, be again assessed thereon by virtue of this Act, and so as the said Parish of Stoke Damrel be not charged with a greater Proportion, in respect of the said Salaries and Profits, than they were in the said Year One thousand six hundred and ninety three; any thing herein before contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Water-works in Southwark to be assessed in Surry.

Provided always, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all the Water-works in the Borough of Southwark shall be rated and assessed in the said Borough of Southwark, and not elsewhere, by the Commissioners and Assessors of the County of Surry, and not

by
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by the Commissioners and Assessors of the City of London, and that the said Water-works be assessed according to the clear yearly Profits thereof; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Provided always, and be it enacted, That the Water-works in the City and Liberty of Westminster, shall be rated and assessed by the Commissioners and Assessors of the City and Liberty of Westminster, and not by the Commissioners and Assessors of the City of London; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Water-works in Westminster to be assessed there.

Provided always, That all Offices and Places, which were rated and assessed within the Palaces of Whitehall and Saint James, in and for the Years One thousand seven hundred and three, and One thousand seven hundred and four, or either of them (except such as are exempted by this Act) shall be rated and assessed within the said Palaces, and in no other Place whatsoever.

Offices, &c in Whitehall and St. James's, to be there assessed.

And be it enacted and declared by the Authority aforesaid, That the respective Persons who have received or collected, or shall receive or collect, the yearly Profits of the Water-works within the Town of Colchester, in the County of Essex, for the time being, shall be, and are hereby charged and chargeable with the Payment of the Tax that shall be assessed on the said Profits respectively by this Act, to be levied in such Manner as other Aids and Assessments in and by this Act are directed; and the respective Persons so charged, as aforesaid, and paying the same, shall be allowed the same on their respective Accounts by their respective Employers or Proprietors for the time being; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Collectors of the Water-works in Colchester chargeable.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That such Person or Persons as collect and receive the yearly Profits of the Water-works within the Borough of New Windsor, in the County of Berks, shall be, and are hereby charged and chargeable with the Payment of the Tax that shall be assessed on the said Profits, to be levied in such Manner as other Aids and Assessments in and by this Act are directed and appointed.

Collectors for the Water-works in New Windsor, chargeable.

And it is hereby declared, That in all Places where any the Patent Officers of the several Bishops, or any of them, in England and Wales, were assessed, and did pay for their respective Offices or Employments of Profit relating to the said Bishopricks, unto or for the said Aid of Four Shillings in the Pound, in the Year One thousand six hundred and ninety three, the same respective Offices and Employments of Profit, under the present Bishops, or relating to the said Bishopricks, or any of them, and

Patent Officers to Bishopricks to pay where assessed in 1693.

the Patent Officers therein, shall be assessed and chargeable in the same Parishes and Places respectively, and none other, towards the Sum to be raised by this Act, to His Majesty's Use.

Commissioners appointed to act, without subdividing the Parish of St. Andrew Holbourn, in Middlesex.

Provided always, and it is hereby enacted, That the Proportion, which, at the First General Meeting of the Commissioners for the County of Middlesex, shall (pursuant to this Act) be laid upon that Part of the Parish of Saint Andrew Holbourn, which is in the said County, shall be equally raised therein, without being subdivided into Two Proportions, or making any Distinction between that Part above the Bars, and that Part below the Bars: And that in the Subdivision of Commissioners to act for the several Hundreds and Divisions in the said County, a Number of Commissioners shall be appointed to act accordingly for all that Part of the said Parish of Saint Andrew, which lieth in the said County.

The Parish of St. George Hanover Square to be charged with a distinct Quota from the Parish of St. Martin in the Fields. Debates arising concerning the joint Quota; the Commissioners who are Inhabitants of either Parish to withdraw, or to be fined a Sum not exceeding 20 l.

Provided always, and it is hereby enacted, That the Parish of Saint George Hanover Square, within the City and Liberty of Westminster, shall, in the Execution of this Act, be chargeable with a distinct Sum or Quota, separate from that of the Parish of Saint Martin in the Fields; and if any Controversy shall arise among the Commissioners concerning the said Quota, and the apportioning thereof out of the joint Quota of the said Two Parishes; the Commissioners who are Inhabitants of, or have any Concern or Interest in, either of the said Two Parishes, shall have no Voice, but shall withdraw at the Time of the Debate of such Controversy, until it be determined by the rest of the Commissioners; and in Default thereof, the Commissioners then present, who do not inhabit, nor have any Interest or Concern in either of the said Two Parishes, shall have Power, and are hereby required, to impose such Fine or Fines as by them shall be thought fit, upon every such Commissioner so refusing to withdraw, not exceeding Twenty Pounds; and to cause the same to be levied and paid as other Fines to be imposed by virtue of this Act are to be levied and paid.

The Parishes of St. John, St. Peter, and Berchington, to be charged in Dover Liberty, according to the Assessment 4 W. & M.

Provided always, and it is hereby enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Parishes of Saint John, Saint Peter, and Berchington in the Isle of Thanet, within the Liberty of Dover, shall be deemed and taken to be a distinct Division within the said Liberty; and in Execution of this Act, shall be charged towards making up the whole Sum charged on the Town of Dover, and the Liberty thereof, according to the Proportion which was assessed

assessed on the said Parishes, by virtue of an Act of Parliament passed in the Fourth Year of the Reign of Their late Majesties King William and Queen Mary, intituled, An Act for granting to Their Majesties an Aid of Four Shillings in the Pound, for carrying on a vigorous War against *France*, and not otherwise. And all Commissioners, Collectors, Head-collectors, and Receivers, are hereby required and enjoined to apply themselves with all Diligence to the most speedy and effectual Execution of their several and respective Duties, and to use their utmost Endeavours, that all Estates, and other Things herein charged, may fully and duly pay the Rates and Assessments, according to the Directions of this Act, and so as His Majesty's Service herein may not be delayed or hindered through any of their wilful Neglect or Default.

Provided, That no poor Person shall be charged with or liable to the Pound-rate imposed by this Act upon Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, in England, Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed, whose Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, are not of the full yearly Value of Twenty Shillings in the whole.

Lands not worth 20 s. per Annum, not chargeable.

And be it further enacted, That if any Collector of any Parish or Place in England, Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed, shall keep in his Hands any Part of the Money by him collected for any longer Time than is by this Act directed (other than the Allowance made unto him by this Act) or shall pay any Part thereof to any Person or Persons, other than the Receiver-general of such County or Place, or to his respective Deputy; that every such Collector shall forfeit for every such Offence, the Sum of Forty Pounds. And in case any Receiver-general of any Part of England, Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed, or his Deputy, shall pay any Part of the Monies paid to him or them by any Collector, by virtue of this Act, to any Person or Persons whatsoever, other than into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer, and at or within the respective Times limited by this Act; or in case any such Receiver-general of any Part of England, Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed, or his Deputy, shall pay any Part of the said Monies by any Warrant of the High-Treasurer, Commissioners of the Treasury, or Under-treasurer for the time being, or upon any Tally of Pro, or Tally of Anticipation, or other Way or Device whatsoever, whereby to divert or hinder the actual Payment thereof into the Receipt of the Exchequer as aforesaid; then every such Receiver-general shall, for every such Offence of himself, or his Deputy, forfeit the Sum of

Collectors keeping Monies in their Hands, to forfeit 40 l.

Receiver-general misapplying the Monies to forfeit 500 l.

Five hundred Pounds to him or them that shall sue for the same, in any Court of Record, by Bill, Plaint, or Information; wherein no Essoin, Protection, or Wager of Law is to be allowed.

Commissioners of the Treasury, &c. not to divert the Payments into the Exchequer.

And it is hereby further enacted, That the High Treasurer, or Commissioners of the Treasury, or Under-treasurer for the time being, or any of them, do not direct any Warrant to any of the Collectors or Receivers-general in England, Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed, or their Deputies, for the Payment of any Part of the Monies hereby given to any Person or Persons, other than into the Receipt of the Exchequer, as aforesaid; nor shall they, or any of them, direct any Warrant to the Officers of the Exchequer for striking any Tally of Pro, or Tally of Anticipation, nor do any Matter or Thing whereby to divert the actual Payment of the said Monies into the Receipt of the Exchequer; nor shall the Officers of the Exchequer strike, or direct, or record the striking of any Tally of Pro, or Tally of Anticipation, upon any of the said Monies, upon any Account or Warrant whatsoever; nor shall any Celler throw down any Bill, whereby to charge himself with any of the said Monies, until he shall have actually received the same.

No *Noli prosequi*, &c. in any Suit against this Act.

Provided also, and be it enacted, That no Stay of Prosecution, upon any Command, Warrant, Motion, Order, or Direction, by *Non vult ulterius prosequi*, shall be had, made, admitted, received, or allowed by any Court whatsoever, in any Suit or Proceeding, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, or otherwise, for the Recovery of all or any the Pains, Penalties, or Forfeitures upon any Person by this Act inflicted, or therein mentioned, or for or in order to the Conviction or Disability of any Person offending against this Act, in England, Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed.

Commissioners to abate where Lands are overcharged,

Provided always, That if any Person or Persons, who shall be charged or assessed by this Act to or with a Pound-rate upon his, her, or their Manors, Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments, or other the Premises, shall, upon Complaint made to the Commissioners, in such Manner, and at such Times, as are herein directed in Cases of Appeals, make it appear to the said Commissioners, or any Three or more of them then present, for hearing and determining such Appeals, by Proof upon Oath, that such Assessment doth exceed the equal Pound-rate that ought to be charged on him, her, or them; in such Case, upon every such Proof, and due Examination thereof, the said Commissioners, or the major Part of

them then present, as aforesaid, are hereby impowered to abate and lessen the said Assessments, so much as the same shall exceed the equal Pound-rate that ought to be charged on him, her, or them, and shall cause the Money so abated to be re-assessed, surcharged, and levied, in such Manner as they, or the major Part of them, in their Judgements and Discretions, shall think most equal, just, and reasonable, within the whole Hundred, Lathe, Wapentake, or other Division, where such Overcharge or Overcharges do happen, although the Pound-rate of Four Shillings in the Pound be thereby exceeded; or if any particular Part or Parts of the same, or any Person therein, shall appear to them to be undercharged, then the Money so abated shall and may be raised upon such particular Part or Persons so undercharged; so that the whole Sum payable to His Majesty for such Hundred, Lathe, Wapentake, or other Division, shall be fully and duly answered and paid, without being diminished by reason of such particular Abatement; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

and to re-assess, &c.

or raise it on Persons undercharged.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Receiver-general of each County or District in England, Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed, shall nominate, constitute, and appoint fit and proper Persons (for whom he shall be answerable) to be his Deputy or Deputies, to receive from the said Sub-collectors all and every the Rates, Duties, and Assessments by them respectively collected and received; and the same Receivers-general are hereby required to nominate and appoint so many of such Deputies in their respective Counties, that no Sub-collector may be obliged to travel above the Space of Ten Miles from his usual Place of Abode, for the Payment of the said Monies that shall be by him collected or received; and if any such Receiver-general shall neglect or refuse to nominate and appoint such Deputies, in Manner as aforesaid, or shall wilfully neglect to attend, by himself or Deputy, at the Time and Place by him appointed for his respective Receipts, such Receiver-general shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds, the One Moiety to His Majesty, His Heirs, and Successors, and the other Moiety to him or them that shall sue for the same, by Action of Debt, Bill, Complaint, or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster; in which Action or Suit no Essoin, Protection, Privilege, or Wager of Law, shall be allowed.

Receiver-general answerable for Deputies.

Sub-collector not to travel above Ten Miles, &c.

Receivers not nominating Deputies, &c. to forfeit 100*l*.

Provided nevertheless, That in case there shall not be a sufficient Number of Commissioners for any City, Borough, Cinque-port, Town, or Place, in England,

Commissioners for the County at large may act for any City, &c.

Wales,

Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed (for which by this Act Commissioners are particularly appointed) capable of acting according to the Qualifications required by this Act, to put this Act in Execution; that in every such Case, any of the said Commissioners, appointed for the County at large, within which such City, Borough, Town, Cinque-port, or Place doth stand, or which is next adjoining thereto, may act as Commissioners in the Execution of this Act, within such City, Borough, Town, Cinque-port, or Place.

Mayors, Bailiffs, &c. to act as Commissioners specially appointed.

And whereas some Doubts may arise, whether Mayors, Bailiffs, or other Chief Magistrates of Cities, Boroughs, Towns-corporate, or Cinque-ports, for which Commissioners are specially appointed by virtue of this Act, can act as Commissioners for executing this Act in the said Cities, Boroughs, Towns-corporate, and Cinque-ports; be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all Mayors, Bailiffs, and other Chief Magistrates, who are appointed Commissioners for executing this Act, shall be, and have Power to act as Commissioners for executing this Act, within and for any City, Borough, Town-corporate, or Cinque-port, wherein they inhabit at the Time of executing this Act, as well where Commissioners are especially appointed by this Act, as where they are not.

Members of Parliament to be taxed at their Mansion-houses.

And whereas several Members of Parliament, by reason of their Attendance in Parliament, have by the Assessors of London, Westminster, and Middlesex, and the Suburbs of the same, been taxed for their Personal Estates, and have been put to unreasonable Charge and Vexation; be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the several Members of Parliament, who, at the Execution of this Act, during this Session of Parliament, shall abide within the said Cities of London and Westminster, and the Suburbs of the same, or within the County of Middlesex, shall, for or in respect of their ready Money, or Debts, or any other Tax which may be laid on their Persons, or Personal Estate, during this Session of Parliament, be assessed only in the Place where such Members have their Mansion-houses, or other Places where they most usually reside during the Interval of Parliament; and in case any Assessor or Commissioner shall assess, or cause to be assessed, any Member of Parliament, contrary to the Provision hereby made, he or they shall forfeit to the Party grieved the Sum of Forty Pounds, to be recovered by Action of Debt, or upon the Case, together with Full Costs of Suit; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Provided

Provided also, and be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the First General Meeting of the Commissioners for the West Riding of the County of York shall be held at the Town of Pontefract; and the First General Meeting of the Commissioners for the North Riding of the County of York, shall be held at the Town of Thurst; and the First General Meeting of the Commissioners for the East Riding of the County of York, shall be held at the Town of Beverley; any thing in this Act before-mentioned, or any former Custom, to the contrary notwithstanding.

First Meeting
for the West
Riding of York
at Pontefract;

North Riding
at Thurst;

East Riding at
Beverley.

Provided also, and be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Person shall be capable of acting as a Commissioner in the Execution of this Act, or any of the Powers therein contained, in or for any County at large, within England, the Dominion of Wales, (the Counties of Merioneth, Cardigan, Carmarthen, Glamorgan, Montgomery, Pembroke, and Monmouth excepted) or in or for any of the Ridings in the County of York; unless such Person be seized and possessed of Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, being Freehold, Copyhold, or Leasehold, over and above all Ground Rents, Incumbrances, and other Reservations, payable out of or in respect of such Leasehold Estates, which were taxed, or did pay in the same County or Riding, for the Value of One hundred Pounds per Annum, or more, of his own Estate, by virtue of an Act made and passed in the Thirty first Year of His Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act for granting an Aid to His Majesty by a Land Tax to be raised in Great Britain, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and fifty eight; and for enforcing the Payment of the Rates to be assessed upon *Somerset House* in the Strand.

No Commis-
sioner capable
to act in any
County at
large, unless
rated at 100 l.
per Ann. (Me-
rioneth, Car-
digan, &c. ex-
cepted.)

Provided nevertheless, That any Person herein named a Commissioner in and for the County of Anglesea or Carnarvon, shall be capable of acting as a Commissioner in the Execution of this Act, in or for the same Counties, or either of them, being himself, or his Tenants, or Trustees, taxed for the Value of Sixty Pounds per Annum, or more, of his own Estate, by virtue of the said Act of the Thirty first Year of His Majesty's Reign.

Commissioners
for Anglesea,
&c. to act, if
taxed at 60 l.
per Ann.

Provided nevertheless, and it is also hereby enacted, That no Person who is hereby appointed to be a Commissioner for executing this Act in any Part of England, Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed, shall be disabled from acting as a Commissioner within or for any City, Borough, Cinque-port, or Town-corporate only, for which he is particularly nominated and appointed a Commissioner, and whereof he shall be an Inhabitant, at the Time of the Execution of this Act; nor from acting as a Commissioner

Commissioners
may act for any
City, being
Inhabitants,
or Inns of
Court, &c.

Attornies, &c.
not to be Com-
missioners,
without pos-
sessing 100 l.
per Ann.

within any of the Inns of Court, or Inns of Chancery; and that no Attorney or Solicitor, or Person practising as such, who shall not be seized and possessed of Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, being Freehold, Copyhold, or Leasehold, over and above all Ground Rents, Incumbrances, and other Reservations, payable out of or in respect of such Leasehold Estates, which were taxed or did pay in the same County or Riding, City, Borough, Town-corporate, Cinque-port, or Place, for which he shall be named a Commissioner, or within the County at large within which such City, Borough, Town-corporate, Cinque-port, or Place, for which he shall be named a Commissioner, doth stand, or which is next adjoining thereto, for the Value of One hundred Pounds per Annum, or more, of his own Estate, by virtue of an Act made and passed in the Thirtieth first Year of His Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act for granting an Aid to His Majesty by a Land Tax, to be raised in *Great Britain*, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and fifty eight; and for enforcing the Payment of the Rates to be assessed upon *Somerset House* in the *Strand*, or any Receiver-general, or any Collector of any Aid granted to His Majesty, shall be capable of acting as a Commissioner in the Execution of this present Act, in England, Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

No Commis-
sioner of the
City of Lon-
don, or Liber-
ty of St. Mar-
tin le Grand,
to act, unless
rated at 20 l.
per Ann. of his
own Estate,
&c.

Provided also, and be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Person shall be capable of acting as a Commissioner in the Execution of this Act, or any of the Powers herein contained, within the City of London, and Liberty of Saint Martin le Grand, unless such Person be seized and possessed of Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, being Freehold, Copyhold, or Leasehold, over and above all Ground Rents, Incumbrances, and other Reservations, payable out of, or in respect of such Leasehold Estates, which were taxed, or did pay in the said City or Liberty for the Value of Twenty Pounds per Annum, or more, of his own Estate, or unless such Person was taxed, or did pay in the said City or Liberty for the Value of One hundred and fifty Pounds Personal Estate, or more, by virtue of an Act made and passed in the Thirtieth first Year of His Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act for granting an Aid to His Majesty by a Land Tax, to be raised in *Great Britain*, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and fifty eight; and for enforcing the Payment of the Rates to be assessed upon *Somerset House* in the *Strand*.

Provided also, and be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Person shall be capable of acting as a Commissioner in the Execution of this Act, or any of the Powers herein contained, within the City and Liberty of Westminster, unless such Person be seized and possessed of Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, being Freehold, Copyhold, or Leasehold, over and above all Ground Rents, Incumbrances, and other Reservations, payable out of, or in respect of such Leasehold Estates, which were taxed, or did pay in the said City or Liberty for the Value of Twenty Pounds per Annum, or more, of his own Estate, by virtue of an Act made and passed in the Thirtieth Year of His Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act for granting an Aid to His Majesty by a Land Tax, to be raised in Great Britain, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and fifty seven; and for discharging certain Arrears of Land Taxes incurred before the Time therein mentioned; and for the more effectual collecting of Arrears for the future.

No Commissioner of the City, &c. of Westminster to act, unless rated at 20*l.* per Ann. of his own Estate.

And it is hereby further enacted, That if any Person intended by this Act to be disabled for any the Causes aforesaid, shall nevertheless presume to act as a Commissioner in the Execution of this Act, or any the Powers therein contained, every such Person, for every such Offence, shall forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds to any Person or Persons who will inform or sue for the same; to be recovered in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record, by Action of Debt, or on the Case, Bill, Suit, or Information, wherein no Essoin, Protection, Wager of Law, or more than One Imparllance shall be allowed.

Persons disabled, presuming to act, to forfeit 50*l.*

And be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the respective Persons who have received or collected, or shall receive or collect the yearly Profits of the New Waterworks within the City and County of Exon, for the time being, shall be, and are hereby charged and chargeable with, the Payment of the Tax, that shall be assessed on the said Profits respectively by this Act, to be levied in such Manner as other Aids and Assessments in and by this Act are directed; and the respective Persons so charged as aforesaid, and paying the same, shall be allowed the same on their respective Accounts, by their respective Employers or Proprietors for the time being; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Collectors of the New Waterworks in Exon, chargeable.

Provided always, and it is hereby declared, That this Act, or any thing herein contained, shall not charge, or be construed to charge, Her Royal Highness the Princess Dowager of Wales, or His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, with the above-mentioned Duty or Payment of

Their Royal Highnesses the Princess Dowager of Wales, and Prince of Wales, not chargeable,

Four Shillings out of every Twenty Shillings, by the Year, for or in respect of any Sums of Money or Annuities given or granted by His Majesty to Their said Royal Highnesses; but that such Sums of Money and Annuities, and Their Royal Highnesses, and Their Treasurers or Receivers-general for the time being, shall be free and clear of all Taxes, Impositions, and other publick Charges whatsoever; any thing in this or any former Act to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

nor His Royal Highness the Duke of Cumberland, nor the Princess Royal, nor the Princess Amelia.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That this Act, or any Thing herein contained, shall not charge, or be construed, deemed, or taken to charge, His Royal Highness the Duke of Cumberland, or Her Royal Highness the Princess Royal, or Her Royal Highness the Princess Amelia, or the Officers or Servants attending their Persons, with the above-mentioned Duty or Payment of Four Shillings out of every Twenty Shillings by the Year, for or in respect of any Annuities, or yearly Payments, granted or to be granted by His Majesty, to Their said Royal Highnesses; but that such Annuities, or yearly Payments, and Their Royal Highnesses, and Their Servants for the time being, in respect of the same, shall be free and clear from all Taxes, Impositions, and other Charges whatsoever.

Superannuated Sea-officers not to pay, &c. nor poor Knights of Windsor.

Provided always, That this Act, or any of the several Clauses therein contained, shall not extend to charge the Pensions of any superannuated Commission or Warrant Sea-officers, or the Pensions of Widows of Sea-officers, slain in the Service of the Crown; or the Revenue of the Most Noble Order of the Garter; or the Pensions of the poor Knights of Windsor, payable out of the Exchequer only; but that the same shall not extend to lessen the Sum provided by this Act.

Residentaries in what Cases not chargeable.

And whereas the Rents and Revenues belonging to the Residentaries of the Cathedral Churches in England and Wales are chargeable to the Land Tax granted by this present Act, and in some Cases the Overplus of the said Rents and Revenues, above such Tax, Repairs, and other Charges, is to go in Shares for the Maintenance of the said Residentaries, which Shares are diminished by the said Land Tax; it is provided and enacted, That in such Cases the said Residentaries shall not, by this Act, or any the Clauses therein contained, be further chargeable, as enjoying Offices of Profit out of the said Rents and Revenues; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Provided,

Provided, That this Act, or any of the several Clauses therein contained, shall not extend to charge a certain Pension of One hundred Pounds per Annum, granted by the late King Charles the Second to the poor Clergy of the Isle of Man.

Nor 100 l. per Ann. to the poor Clergy of the Isle of Man.

Provided always, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to lay any Charge or Duty upon the Pensions or Salaries of His Majesty's Pages of Honour.

Nor Pages of Honour.

Provided always, and it is hereby enacted, That in case there hath been, or shall be, any Failure of raising or paying the several Sums of Money charged upon any County, City, Riding, or Place, by this or any former Acts for granting an Aid to His late Majesty King William the Third, or Her late Majesty Queen Anne, or His late Majesty King George, or His present Majesty, by a Land Tax; the Receiver-general of such County, City, Riding, Division, or Place respectively, of such Tax or Assessment, or the Receiver-general to be appointed in pursuance of this Act, of the same County, Riding, Division, City, or Place, shall certify, under his Hand, to the Barons of the Court of Exchequer, the particular City, Town, Parish, or Place, where such Failure of Payment hath happened, together with the Names of the Assessors and Collectors, and the several other Persons belonging to the said City, Town, Parish, or Place, charged with the said Tax; which said City, Town, Parish, or Place, or any Person or Persons charged with the said Tax, within such City, Town, Parish, or Place, shall be liable to Process for such Neglect in raising and paying the same, according to the Directions of the said Act.

Receivers-general to give Notice of Failures in Payment of the Taxes.

Provided always, That the Commissioners appointed for the County of the City of Lincoln, may act as Commissioners in the Execution of this Act, or any the Powers therein contained, within the Bail and Close of Lincoln; any thing in this Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

Commissioners for Lincoln to act in Lincoln Close.

Provided always, That the Commissioners for the County of Lincoln may act as Commissioners in the Execution of this Act, or any the Powers therein contained, within the Parish of Saint Martin Stamford Baron, in the County of Northampton, as usually; any thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

And for the County, in St. Martin Stamford Baron.

Provided always, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That there shall be provided and kept in His Majesty's Exchequer (that is to say) in the Office of the Auditor of the Receipt, One Book of Register, in which all the Money, that shall be paid into the Exchequer for the Pound-rates and Duties hereby granted, shall be entered

Auditor to keep a Register, &c.

entered and registered apart and distinct from all other Monies paid and payable to His Majesty.

Deputies to
pay for Principals,
and on Nonpayment
liable to Distress.

And whereas divers Offices and Employments of Profit, chargeable by this Act, are executed by Deputy, and the principal Officers living in Places remote from the Division, Parish, or Place, where such Offices or Employments are taxable, the Rates and Assessments for such particular Offices and Employments cannot be recovered without great Charge and Difficulty; be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That where any Office or Employment of Profit, chargeable by this Act, is or shall be executed by Deputy, such Deputy shall pay such Assessment as shall be charged thereon, and deduct the same out of the Profits of such Office or Employment; and in case of Refusal, or Nonpayment thereof, such Deputy shall be liable to such Distress as by this Act is prescribed against any Person having and enjoying any Office or Employment of Profit, and to all other Remedies, and Penalties therein respectively contained; and that there shall be the like Remedies and Penalties, for the recovering the Monies assessed upon any such Office or Employment of Profit to the Land Tax for the Year One thousand seven hundred and six, and for any subsequent Year not yet satisfied, in all Cases where the Accounts of those Years, or any of them, are not otherwise cleared in the Exchequer.

Receiver-general to give a
List of Money received by
him, at the Time and
Place appointed.

And it is hereby enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That at every Time and Place appointed by the Commissioners for the Collectors to pay in the Monies by virtue of this Act to be paid to the Receiver-general, or his Deputy, for any County, City, Riding, Town, or Place in England, Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed, the said Receiver-general, or his Deputy, under his Hand, shall deliver a List or Certificate, fairly written to such Person as the said Commissioners, or any Three or more of them, shall, under their Hands, authorize and appoint to attend then and there for that Purpose, containing the several and respective Sums of Money, then and there, or before that Time, paid by the respective Collectors for each Town or Place in that Hundred or Division: And in case there shall be any Refusal or Neglect in delivering such List or Certificate as aforesaid, such Receiver-general, or his Deputy, so refusing or neglecting, shall forfeit any Sum of Money, not exceeding Twenty Pounds, to be imposed by any Three or more of the said Commissioners, and to be ordered, levied, and answered into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer, in such Manner as by this Act is directed, touching

On Refusal, to
forfeit any
Sum not exceeding 20 l.

ing the Fines imposed on Assessors and Collectors, as aforesaid.

And be it enacted and declared by the Authority aforesaid, That where any Person or Persons, who, in pursuance of any former Act or Acts for granting an Aid to Her late Majesty Queen Anne, or His late Majesty King George, or His present Majesty, by a Land Tax, have seized or distrained, or in pursuance of this Act shall seize or distrain the Goods or Chattles of any Collector, his Heirs, Executors, or Administrators, on Nonpayment of any Sum or Sums of Money, which such Collector, his Heirs, Executors, or Administrators, was or shall be obliged to pay by virtue of this or any former Act; it shall and may be lawful to and for such Person or Persons making such Distress, out of the Money arising by the Sale of such Goods and Chattles (such Sum and Sums of Money, for which Distress shall or may be made being first thereout satisfied and paid) to keep in his or their Hands, to and for his and their own Use, so much Money, as the Commissioners, or any Two or more of them (who ordered, or shall order, such Distress) shall in their Discretion judge reasonable for making such Distress, as also for the Charges in keeping thereof, or otherwise relating thereto, rendering the Overplus (if any be) to the Owner.

Collectors may keep so much Money as any 2 Commissioners judge reasonable.

And whereas some Receivers of former Land Taxes have neglected or delayed the passing their Accounts in the Exchequer in due Time, and have, after several Years elapsed, set insuper some Counties, Divisions, or Places, for Monies which were there raised, and for the answering whereof due Proof might have been made, in case such Receivers had accounted sooner, whereby several Counties, Divisions, and Places, have been put to unreasonable Charge and Vexation; it is therefore hereby provided, declared, and enacted, by the Authority aforesaid, That no Receiver whatsoever of any Monies granted by this Act, to be raised in England, Wales, or the Town of Berwick upon Tweed, or any Heirs, Executors, or Administrators, of such Receiver, shall, in any Accounts of the Monies wherewith such Receiver shall be chargeable (unless such Account be declared and passed in the Exchequer within Three Years at the farthest after the Twenty fourth Day of March, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine) be allowed or admitted to set insuper, or Charge any County, Division, or Place, in England, Wales, or the Town of Berwick upon Tweed, for any Monies granted by this Act, which shall be in Arrear, and unpaid; but that the same shall remain a Debt upon

No Receiver to return an Insuper upon any County, &c. after 3 Years, for Monies in Arrear;

but the same to
be a Debt on
him and his
Securities.

upon every such Receiver, to be answered by him and his Securities, his and their Heirs, Executors, or Administrators, Lands, Tenements, Goods, and Chattles respectively; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

And whereas in the Accounts of Receivers-general, and others, accounting for former Aids by a Land Tax, many Insupers have been set upon divers Counties, Cities, Boroughs, Towns, Parishes, and other Places, and the Inhabitants, or Collectors thereof, for Money in arrear, and unpaid, of the said former Aids: And whereas the usual and proper Method of compelling the Payment of such Sums so set insuper, is by Process of Distringas: And whereas divers Sheriffs, or their Under Sheriffs, or other Officers, who have the Execution of such Process, favouring such Inhabitants, or Collectors, have returned Issues upon the said Writs so to them directed, so small and inconsiderable, that in many Instances such Method of Proceeding hath been found insufficient to compel the Payment of such Arrears, whereby great Loss hath happened to His Majesty, and the Publick, and further Losses may hereafter happen, unless some Remedy be provided for the Prevention thereof: And whereas, in many Instances, it may be hurtful to Purchasers of the old Arrears of such Aids, incurred before they became Purchasers, and of which they had no Notice or Suspicion at the Time of their Purchases, should be now raised, in which Case such Purchasers would be contributory thereto, in Proportion to the Value of their Estates; and where Estates have been sold in Parcels to different Purchasers, great Controversies and Disputes may arise concerning the Proportions which the several Purchasers ought to pay towards the Discharge of such Arrears: And whereas many Receivers, their Executors, or Administrators, have formerly set Insupers upon Places, and Inhabitants, in Cases where the Money had been paid; and yet, by Length of Time, the Proofs of such Payments have become exceeding difficult; be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all Insupers set in the Accounts of any Receiver-general, or others accounting for any Aid granted to His Majesty, His late Majesty King George the First, Queen Anne, King William the Third, and King William and Queen Mary, or any of them, before the Twenty fourth Day of June, which was in the Twentieth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, shall be, and are hereby absolutely discharged; and that all Issues returned upon all Writs of Distringas issued
b
upon

Insupers set in the Accounts of any Receiver-general before 24 June, 1746, discharged; and Process and Issues thereupon to cease, &c.

upon the Insupers hereby discharged, and no other, be, and the same are hereby also absolutely discharged; and that no further or other Process shall issue upon such Insupers, or Issues, or any of them; and the King's Remembrancer, the Treasurer's Remembrancer, and the Clerk of the Pipe in the Exchequer, and their respective sworn Clerks to whom it doth appertain, are hereby authorized and required to discharge the same in their respective Offices.

and the same to be discharged in the proper Offices.

And, for the better preventing the like Mischiefs and Loss for the future, be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That upon every such Writ of Distringas hereafter to be issued upon any such Insuper, the Sheriff or other Officer, to whom the same shall be directed, shall return Issues after the Rate of Five Pounds, at least, for every Hundred Pounds of the Sum set insuper; which Issues so returned shall be forthwith drawn down into the great Roll of the Pipe; and Process, according to the Course of the Exchequer, shall issue for levying the same at the first General Issuing of Process for His Majesty, His Heirs, or Successors, out of and under the Seal of the said Exchequer, unless the Lord Treasurer, or Commissioners of the Treasury, or Chancellor of the Exchequer, or the Barons of the Exchequer, or One of them, shall, upon just Cause, think fit to order the drawing down such Issues into the Pipe, or the issuing such Process, to be respited till a further Day.

Sheriff, on Writs of *Distringas*, to return Issues after the Rate of 5 *l. per Cent.* of the Sum set insuper;

and Process to issue thereupon, &c.

And be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the respective Persons who have received or collected, or shall receive or collect, the yearly Profits of the Water-works within the Town of Shrewsbury, shall be, and are hereby, charged and chargeable with the Payment of the Tax that shall be assessed on the said Profits by this Act, to be levied in such Manner as other Aids and Assessments in and by this Act are directed; and the respective Persons so charged as aforesaid, and paying the same, shall be allowed the same on their Accounts, by the Proprietors thereof for the time being; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Water-works in *Shrewsbury* chargeable.

And whereas by and in pursuance of certain Clauses, which are contained in the several Acts of Parliament for the Land Tax, which passed in the Reign of Their late Majesties Queen Anne, and King George the first, and in the first, second, third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh, eighth, ninth, tenth, eleventh, twelfth, thirteenth, fourteenth, fifteenth, sixteenth, seventeenth, eighteenth, nineteenth, twentieth, twenty first, twenty second,

Who shall
have the Bene-
fit only of O-
verplus Sums
uncharged.

Clause for the
Ease of Prote-
stants, to
whom Lands,
&c. have
come, which
have been
doubly taxed.

cond, Twenty third, Twenty fourth, Twenty fifth, Twenty sixth, Twenty seventh, Twenty eighth, Twenty ninth, Thirtieth, and Thirty first Years of His present Majesty's Reign, several Parishes and Places have been discharged by the Barons of the Exchequer, of certain Overplus Sums, wherewith they were respectively overburthened, by reason of double Taxes formerly charged upon them; and the like Overplus Sums are not comprehended in the Proportions by this Act charged upon the Counties, Cities, or other Places, wherein the said Parishes or Places formerly overburthened as aforesaid, were situate: It is hereby declared and enacted, That the Ease so given shall accrue only to the respective Parishes or Places formerly overburthened as aforesaid, and shall not be construed or taken to lessen, abate, or discharge any of the Sums or Proportions to be raised in any other City, Borough, Parish, Town, or Place whatsoever.

And whereas the Sums that were assessed by virtue of the Act for the former Aid of Four Shillings in the Pound, which was made and passed in the Fourth Year of the Reign of Their late Majesties King William and Queen Mary, do not only govern the Proportions set upon every County, City, Riding, Town, or other Place, hereby charged with a certain Sum in this Act set down and expressed; but are also to regulate the Proportions thereof in every Hundred or Division respectively, towards the said Sum of One million nine hundred eighty nine thousand nine hundred Pounds, Eighteen Shillings, and Nine Pence: And whereas towards the Assessments which were made by virtue of the said Act of the Fourth Year of Their said late Majesties Reign, several Lands, Tenements, Rents, or other Hereditaments of Papists, and other Persons, for refusing or neglecting to take the Oaths therein contained, were assessed to pay double the Rates therein expressed; and since the making those Assessments, several of the said Papists, and other Persons, which were so doubly taxed, have taken the said Oaths, or their Lands are come to Protestants, whereby their Estates will be charged on this Act only to such an equal Pound-rate, as is to be borne by their Protestant Neighbours; and several of the said Papists, and other Persons, formerly doubly taxed as aforesaid, are since dead, or have bona fide sold their Estates, and the Estates which belonged to such Persons do now belong to Persons not liable to the said double Assessments; and by Occasion of the said former double Rates, which were on the said Papists, or Persons who have since taken the said Oaths, or

whose

whose Estates are since come to Protestants, as aforesaid, some Parishes, Townships, or other Places, may be overburthened, or charged with more than Four Shillings in the Pound (reckoning by the Rack-rent, and utmost improved Value of their Estates) towards the said Sum of One million nine hundred eighty nine thousand nine hundred Pounds, Eighteen Shillings, and Nine Pence, if a suitable Remedy be not provided; be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That where the Lands, Tenements, Rents, or Hereditaments of a whole Parish, Town, or Place, which shall have a Proportion to raise, in pursuance of this Act, shall be charged with more than Four Shillings in the Pound, upon the yearly Value (reckoning by the Rack-rents, and the highest Improvements made of such Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments) towards the said Sum of One million nine hundred eighty nine thousand nine hundred Pounds, Eighteen Shillings, and nine Pence, by this Act granted, because the Estates of Papists, and other Persons formerly doubly taxed, as aforesaid, by their taking the said Oaths, or the Estates being come to Protestants by Purchase bona fide, or the Death of such Papists, or any other Persons formerly doubly taxed, as aforesaid, are or may be liable only to a single Assessment; in all and every such Case and Cases, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Commissioners of the Hundred, Lathe, Wapentake, Rape, Ward, or other Division, in which such Parish, Town, or Place, doth lie, or any Two or more of them, and in like Manner to and for the Commissioners of any City, Borough, Port, or Town, for which Commissioners are by this Act appointed, or any Two or more of them, upon Complaint thereof to them made, for or on Behalf of the Owners or Occupiers of the Lands, Tenements, Rents, and Hereditaments in any such City, Borough, Port, Parish, Town, or Place respectively, to examine into the Matter of such Complaint; and if they are satisfied of the Truth thereof, the said Commissioners, or any Two or more of them, are hereby required and impowered, at any Time before the Twenty ninth Day of September, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, and not afterwards, to certify to the Barons of His Majesty's Court of Exchequer for the time being, the Names of such Persons formerly doubly taxed, as aforesaid, and how much their double Tax did amount to, and how much the Sum charged by virtue of this Act, upon the Lands, Tenements, Rents, or Hereditaments, in such City, Borough, Port, Parish, Town, or Place, by Occasion

Where Lands formerly doubly taxed are liable only to a single Assessment;

Commissioners, on Complaint, to examine into the Truth thereof,

and to certify the same to the Barons of the Exchequer, before 29 Sept. 1759;

who are to discharge the Overplus before the last Day of Nov. 1759.

of their Lands being now liable to a single Assessment, as aforesaid, doth exceed Four Shillings in the Pound of the full and true yearly Value thereof: And the said Barons of the Exchequer, or any Two or more of them, are hereby authorized and required to enquire and inform themselves, by the Oaths of Two credible Witnesses at least, concerning the Truth of the said Certificates; and in all Cases where they shall be satisfied therein, the said Barons, or any Two or more of them, have hereby Power by their Discretions, at any Time before the last Day of November, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, to discharge, or cause to be discharged, the Overplus, or so much of the Sum by this Act charged or chargeable upon such City, Borough, Town, Parish, or Place, towards the said Sum of One million nine hundred eighty nine thousand nine hundred Pounds, eighteen Shillings, and nine Pence, as shall, by the Decisions aforesaid, exceed the Rate of Four Shillings in the Pound; and the said Overplus shall or may be discharged upon the Duplicates to be returned for such City, Borough, Town, Port, Parish, or Place respectively, and shall be allowed upon the Account of the respective Receivers-general; and the Inhabitants of every such City, Borough, Port, Parish, Town, or Place, shall be acquitted against His Majesty, His Heirs, and Successors, for and touching the Payment of such Overplus Monies so discharged, or ordered to be discharged, by the Barons of the Exchequer, or any Two or more of them, as aforesaid; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding; and that such Parish, Town, Port, or Place, so discharged by the Barons, and no others, shall have the Benefit of the Sums so discharged by this Act; and no other Officer, or Deputy or Clerk whatsoever, shall take any Fee, Reward, or Gratuity, for or upon account of such Discharge.

The Sums discharged, to be abated out of the Sums laid on such respective City, &c. only.

Certificates of the Sums discharged to be produced to the Commissioners at their next Meeting.

And it is hereby declared, That the Overplus Sums so discharged, shall be abated out of the Sums laid on such respective City, Town, Parish, or Place only; and shall not be construed or taken to lessen, abate, or discharge, any of the Sums or Proportions to be raised in any other City, Borough, Town, Parish, or Place whatsoever. Which said respective Certificate or Certificates, or a true Copy or Copies thereof, whereby the said Parish or Parishes, Place or Places, have been discharged by the said Barons of the Exchequer of such Overplus Sums, shall be produced by the Persons claiming the Benefit thereof, to the Commissioners of the Land Tax at their next General Meeting, to ascertain the Proportion

tion on each Division, after such Certificate or Certificates have been obtained.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Commissioners who shall have Power to execute this present Act, within any Hundred, Division, Parish, or Place respectively (other than such Commissioners as have been Collectors of any Land Tax there) or the major Part of them, who shall be present at any publick Meeting or Meetings for this Purpose, at their usual Place of Meeting for such Hundred, Division, Parish, or Place respectively, to issue their Precept or Precepts to all and every such Collector or Collectors, who are or shall be suspected by such Commissioners, or the major Part of them then present, to have received or levied any Sum or Sums of Money within any Parish or Township, by or under Colour or Pretext of any Act or Acts of Parliament, which at any Time or Times within Seven Years next before the Beginning of this Session of Parliament have been made or passed for granting to His Majesty a Land Tax or Land Taxes, jointly with any other Tax or Taxes in such Act or Acts comprehended, and to have converted the same fraudulently to his and their own Use and Uses; and if such Collector or Collectors be dead, then to issue such Precept to their Heirs, Executors, or Administrators respectively, thereby requiring all and every such Collector or Collectors, their Heirs, Executors, or Administrators, to appear before the said Commissioners, at the Time and Place in such Precept or Precepts to be prefixed: And upon their, or any of their Appearances, or making Default (after Summons delivered to them, or left at the usual Places of their Abode respectively) the said Commissioners, in their respective Divisions or Districts, or the major Part of them, which shall be present at any Meeting or Meetings in this Behalf, as aforesaid, shall and have hereby Power to enquire by Examination of Witnesses upon Oath, or any other lawful Ways or Means, by which the Truth may be best known, and to determine what Sum or Sums of Money the said Collectors, or any of them, did receive or levy, or fraudulently convert to their own Use or Uses as aforesaid; and thereupon to issue their Warrants and Orders, requiring all and every such Collector or Collectors, their Heirs, Executors, and Administrators respectively, in whose Hands the said Commissioners, or the major Part of them, shall find any such Money to be remaining, or shall be chargeable therewith respectively, to pay the same to His Majesty's Use, in Manner

Commissioners may summon Collectors, who have converted Land Tax Monies to their own Use,

or their Heirs, &c.

and on Examination may issue their Warrants for paying such Monies to His Majesty's Use.

Manner following (that is to say) in case there be any Deficiency remaining upon any such Parish or Township, of the Quota or Proportion charged thereupon to the Tax imposed by the Act or Acts, whereby or by Colour whereof the Money found, as aforesaid, was collected or levied; then every such Deficiency shall be satisfied, in the first Place out of the Monies so to be recovered, or the same Monies, so far as they will extend, shall be applied for or towards the making good of every such Deficiency respectively; and in all Cases where there is no Deficiency upon any such Parish or Township, or there shall be an Overplus more than sufficient to discharge any such Deficiency, the said Commissioners, or the major Part of them, shall by their said Order require the said Monies so found, or the Overplus thereof, to be paid by the said respective Collectors, their Heirs, Executors, or Administrators, to the Receiver-general, towards discharging so much of the Proportions to be charged on such Parish, or Township, by virtue of this present Act.

The Payments made according to the Commissioners Warrants, &c. shall be Discharges to the Collectors, or their Heirs, &c.

And it is hereby declared and enacted, That such Payments so to be made in pursuance of the said Orders or Warrants of the said Commissioners, or the major Part of them, as aforesaid, shall be good and sufficient Discharges to the said Collectors, their Heirs, Executors, and Administrators respectively, against His Majesty, His Heirs, and Successors, and all other Persons whatsoever.

Collectors not paying, may be imprisoned and their Estates seized and sold.

And it is hereby declared and enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any such Collector as aforesaid, shall neglect or refuse to pay any Sum or Sums of Money according to such Order of the said Commissioners as aforesaid, within the Time or Times by such Order or Orders to be limited; the said Commissioners for each Hundred, Parish, or Place, or any Two or more of them, in their respective Divisions or Districts, are hereby authorized and impowered to imprison the Person of every such Collector, till he makes Payment of the said Money; and to seize and secure the Estate as well Freehold as Copyhold, and all other Estate, both Real and Personal, of such Collector, to him belonging, or which shall descend or come into the Hands or Possession of his Heirs, Executors, or Administrators, wheresoever the same can be discovered or found; and the said Commissioners, who shall so seize and secure the Estate of any such Collector or Collectors, shall be, and are hereby impowered to appoint a Time for a General Meeting of the said Commissioners for such Hundred, Division, Parish,

or Place, and to cause publick Notice to be given of the Place where such Meeting shall be appointed, Six Days at least before such Meeting; and the Commissioners present at such Meeting, or the major Part of them (in case the Monies detained be not paid and satisfied as it ought to be, according to the Directions of this Act) shall and are hereby impowered and required to sell and dispose of all such Estates, which shall be for the Cause aforesaid seized and secured, or any Part thereof; and, out of the Monies arising by such Sale, to satisfy and pay (in Manner prescribed by this Act) the Sum which shall be detained in the Hands of such Collector or Collectors, their Heirs, Executors, and Administrators respectively, with the Charges of recovering, raising, and paying the same; and the Overplus (if any be) to be restored to such Person as owned the said Estate before the Sale thereof; any former Act or Acts of Parliament, or other Matter or Thing, to the contrary notwithstanding.

And whereas several Arrears of Land Taxes, granted by former Acts of Parliament, do still remain unsatisfied, which ought to have been levied, assessed, or re-assessed, by the respective Commissioners in such Acts named or appointed, some of which being since dead, or removed to distant Places; it is hereby declared and enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Commissioners by this Act named or appointed, or so many of them as are hereby impowered to cause the Monies by this Act granted to be assessed or raised, shall, and they are hereby impowered to cause the Monies so in Arrear upon the said Land Taxes, to be assessed, re-assessed, levied, and answered, as fully and effectually as any Commissioners appointed by former Acts might have done in that Behalf; and the said Assessors, Collectors, and Receivers, shall respectively assess, re-assess, levy, receive, and answer the several Arrears, in such Manner, and under such Penalties, and by such Means, and as fully and effectually, as in this Act they are impowered and required, with respect to the several Sums by this Act charged.

Arrears of former Land Taxes to be levied by the present Commissioners.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Receiver-general of any of the Taxes by this Act granted, or any of his Agent or Agents, Servant or Servants, by him employed for the carrying any of the Monies to be received for or on Account of the said Taxes, shall maintain any Action or Actions against any Hundred or Hundreds in that Part of Great Britain called England, for or upon Account of his or their being robbed on the King's Highway of any of the said Monies,

No Receiver-general, or his Agents, may sue the County for a Robbery, unless the Persons carrying the Money be in Company.

nies, unless the Person or Persons carrying such Monies shall, at the Time of such Robbery, be together in Company, and be in Number Three at the least, to attest the Truth of his or their being so robbed; any Law, Statute, or Provision, to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

Tolls or Duties on Turnpikes not chargeable by this or any former Act.

And whereas by virtue of several Acts of Parliament specially made, or to be made, for the better repairing of certain publick Roads, Turnpikes have been or may be set up, and Tolls or Duties taken for repairing the said Roads; it is hereby provided and declared by the Authority aforesaid, That such Tolls and Duties are not, and shall not be liable to be rated or taxed towards the Aid granted by this Act, or towards any Aid granted by any former Act for a Land Tax; and that the several Officers and Persons employed, or to be employed, in collecting such Tolls, and repairing such Roads, shall not be liable to be taxed or rated in any Manner whatsoever, by reason of their said Offices or Employments, or any Salary arising thereby; this Act, or any other Law or Statute to the contrary notwithstanding.

Commissioners may, before 29 Sept. 1759. summon Assessors, who have not charged their Estates since 6 May, 1717,

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That where the Commissioners appointed to execute this present Act in any County, Division, Hundred, Riding, City, Town, or Place, or any five or more of them, shall have good Reason to suspect that the Assessors appointed for any Parish or Place, pursuant to any Act or Acts of Parliament for granting an Aid or Aids to the Crown by a Land Tax or Land Taxes, have, in Fraud of any Parish or Place for which they are Assessors, since the Sixth Day of May, One thousand seven hundred and seventeen, been omitted to be charged or assessed for any of their own Estates, which ought to have been charged or assessed to such Land Tax or Land Taxes, it shall be lawful for such Commissioners for such County, Division, Hundred, City, Riding, Town, or Place respectively, or any five or more of them, and they are hereby authorized and required, at such convenient Time or Times before the Twenty ninth Day of September, which shall be in the Year of our Lord One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, to summon and call before them the Assessors for the time being, since the said Sixth Day of May, One thousand seven hundred and seventeen, for such Parishes and Places respectively, and to examine such Assessors, or any of them, or any other Person or Persons, upon Oath (which Oath or Oaths the said Commissioners are hereby impowered and required to administer) for

and examine them upon Oath,

Discovery

Discovery or Proof of any such Fraud or Omission, since the said Sixth Day of May, One thousand seven hundred and seventeen; and as the said Commissioners, or the major Part of them present, shall find the Case to be, they shall compute the Wrong which any such Parish or Place hath sustained by Reason or Occasion of any such Fraud or Omission, and shall award Satisfaction to be made accordingly to such Parishes or Places respectively, by the respective Assessors, whose Estates have been so omitted to be charged or assessed as aforesaid; and the said Commissioners shall, by Warrant or Warrants under their Hands and Seals, cause the Sum or Sums so awarded to be levied upon the Persons, or the Executors or Administrators of the Persons respectively, who have been so omitted to be charged or assessed as aforesaid, and upon their Goods and Chattles respectively; all which Sums so to be levied shall be paid into the Hands of the Collectors of the Land Tax, to be appointed pursuant to this Act for such respective Parishes and Places; to the end the said Parishes and Places respectively may have the Benefit thereof, and may be eased accordingly in their Proportion to this present Aid, or to the next Aid or Aids which shall be granted to His Majesty, His Heirs, or Successors, by a Land Tax: Provided nevertheless, That the Quota of the Aid granted to His Majesty shall not be lessened for any such Parish or Place.

and award Satisfaction,

to be levied and paid to the Collectors.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That such Commissioners as are by this Act required to transmit, or cause to be transmitted, the above-mentioned Schedules or Duplicates in the King's Remembrancer's Office of the Exchequer, or any Three or more of them, shall, and they are hereby required, in every such Schedule, or Duplicate, to distinguish and set down, or cause to be distinguished and set down, the gross Sum which shall be assessed, charged, or payable in every Hundred or Division respectively, by virtue of this Act, for double Taxes, that so it may be known how much the double Taxes arising by this Act do or will amount to in every Hundred and Division, where any such shall be.

Commissioners, &c. to distinguish and set down the gross Sums assessed for double Taxes, to be transmitted in the Exchequer.

Provided always, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Sum appointed by this Act to be raised by the Town of Cambridge, shall be raised and levied by rating all Manors, Messuages, Lands, and Tenements, Woods, Underwoods, Coppices, Fishings, Locks, Weirs, and Sluices, upon the River Cam, *alias* Grant, Tithes, Tolls, Markets, Fairs, Booths, Stalls, and Standings in such Fairs and Markets, and the Rents

Assessments on the Town of Cambridge to be raised on Manors, &c.

and on Fishings, &c. on the River Cam.

and

and Profits of the same, and all other Hereditaments, of what Nature or Kind soever they be, situate, lying, and being, happening, or arising in the said Town, or within the Bounds, Limits, and Precincts thereof; and also all Estates in Goods, Wares, Merchandizes, and other Chattles and Personal Estates whatsoever belonging to the said Town, or any the Members of the same, except only such Personal Estate as in this Act before is excepted.

On whom, and when, yearly Assessments on Fairs, &c. to be collected.

Distress on Default of Payment, how to be levied.

Tenants of Booths, &c. to pay the Rates, and deduct them out of their Rents, &c.

47,954 l. 1 s. 2 d. to be raised in Scotland, by an 8 Months Cess of 5,994 l. 5 s. 1 d. 3 q. per Menssem;

And whereas Fairs are usually held for some short Time in the Year only, by Means whereof it may be impossible to levy the Proportions to be assessed by virtue of this Act, on the Fairs to be held within the said Town, or Limits thereof, by such quarterly Payments as by this Act is directed to be done in other Cases; be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Collectors to be appointed by virtue of this Act for levying and collecting the said Rates and Taxes shall demand the intire Sum which shall be assessed for the whole Year on such Fairs, and the Booths, Stalls, and Standings in the same, from the Parties themselves, who shall set to Sale any Goods or Merchandizes in the said Fairs, Booths, Stalls, or Standings, or otherwise occupy the same, if they can be found, or else upon the Premises charged with such Assessments, at any Time within Seven Days after the first Proclaiming of such Fair or Fairs; and in Default of Payment thereof, shall levy the Sum assessed, by Distress and Sale of all the Goods and Chattles that shall be found in the said Booths, Stalls, or Standings, in such Manner as is herein directed to be done in other Cases.

And it is hereby enacted and declared, That the said Collectors shall have all such Powers of making such Distress as is hereby given to Collectors in other Cases; and the several and respective Tenants of all such Booths, Stalls, and Standings, which shall be rated by virtue of this Act, are hereby required and authorized to pay such Sum or Sums of Money as shall be rated thereon, and to deduct the same out of the Rent payable for such Booths to their respective Landlords.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Sum of Forty seven thousand nine hundred fifty four pounds, one Shilling, and two pence, by this Act granted, shall be raised and levied in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, by an Eight Months Cess of five thousand nine hundred ninety four pounds, five Shillings, and one penny three farthings, of lawful Money of Great Britain, for every Month; the said Cess to be raised out of the Land Rent of Scotland, according to the

monthly

monthly Proportions within the respective Shires, Stewartries, Cities, and Boroughs herein after expressed; that is to say,

Within the Sheriffdom of Edinburgh, the monthly Sum of Two hundred sixty four pounds, thirteen shillings, and three pence, of lawful Money of Great Britain.

Within the Sheriffdom of Haddington, the monthly Sum of Two hundred thirty one pounds, six shillings, and three pence three farthings, of like Money.

Within the Sheriffdom of Berwick, the monthly Sum of Two hundred thirty three pounds, seventeen shillings, and five pence halfpenny, of like Money.

Within the Sheriffdom of Roxburgh, the monthly Sum of Three hundred and six pounds, ten shillings, and five pence farthing, of like Money.

Within the Sheriffdom of Selkirk, the monthly Sum of Seventy five pounds, three shillings, and ten pence farthing, of like Money.

Within the Sheriffdom of Peebles, the monthly Sum of Eighty six pounds, thirteen shillings, and two pence three farthings, of like Money.

Within the Sheriffdom of Lanerk, the monthly Sum of Two hundred fifty seven pounds, and seven pence halfpenny, of like Money.

Within the Sheriffdom of Dumfries, the monthly Sum of Two hundred twenty five pounds, ten shillings, and nine pence farthing, of like Money.

Within the Sheriffdom of Wigtown, the monthly Sum of Eighty three pounds, ten shillings, and seven pence three farthings, of like Money.

Within the Stewartry of Kirkcudbright, the monthly Sum of One hundred thirty nine pounds, four shillings, and three pence halfpenny, of like Money.

Within the Sheriffdom of Air, the monthly Sum of Three hundred twenty one pounds, fifteen shillings, and four pence three farthings, of like Money.

Within the Sheriffdom of Dumbarton, the monthly Sum of Sixty three pounds, eleven shillings, and one penny three farthings, of like Money.

Within the Sheriffdom of Bute, the monthly Sum of Twenty five pounds, ten shillings, and ten pence farthing, of like Money.

Within the Sheriffdom of Renfrew, the monthly Sum of One hundred twelve pounds, ten shillings, and two pence halfpenny, of like Money.

Within the Sheriffdom of Striveling, the monthly Sum of One hundred forty five pounds, sixteen shillings, and eleven pence halfpenny, of like Money.

Within the Sheriffdom of Linlithgow, the monthly Sum of Ninety seven pounds, five shillings, and two pence three farthings, of like Money.

Within the Sheriffdom of Perth, the monthly Sum of Four hundred eighteen pounds, eighteen shillings, and two pence halfpenny, of like Money.

Within the Sheriffdom of Kincardine, the monthly Sum of Eighty one pounds, sixteen shillings, and one penny three farthings, of like Money.

Within the Sheriffdom of Aberdeen, the monthly Sum of Three hundred thirty nine pounds, and eight shillings, of like Money.

Within the Sheriffdom of Inverness, the monthly Sum of One hundred pounds, sixteen shillings, and eleven pence halfpenny, of like Money.

Within the Sheriffdom of Ross, the monthly Sum of One hundred fourteen pounds, eleven shillings, and one penny three farthings, of like Money.

Within the Sheriffdom of Nairn, the monthly Sum of Twenty three pounds, one shilling, and ten pence halfpenny, of like Money.

Within the Sheriffdom of Cromarty, the monthly Sum of Five pounds, thirteen shillings, and five pence three farthings, of like Money.

Within the Sheriffdom of Argyll, the monthly Sum of One hundred sixty one pounds, eighteen shillings, and five pence, of like Money.

Within the Sheriffdom of Fife and Kinross, the monthly Sum of Four hundred thirty pounds, and one penny halfpenny, of like Money.

Within the Sheriffdom of Forfar, the monthly Sum of Two hundred seventy two pounds, three shillings, and seven pence three farthings, of like Money.

Within the Sheriffdom of Bamff, the monthly Sum of Ninety five pounds, twelve shillings, and seven pence, of like Money.

Within the Sheriffdom of Sutherland, the monthly Sum of Twenty seven pounds, eighteen shillings, and eight pence halfpenny, of like Money.

Within the Sheriffdom of Caithness, the monthly Sum of Forty nine pounds, sixteen shillings, and five pence farthing, of like Money.

Within the Sheriffdom of Elgin, the monthly Sum of Eighty eight pounds, one shilling, and three pence, of like Money.

Within the Sheriffdom of Orkney and Zetland, the monthly Sum of Ninety pounds, nine shillings, and eleven pence three farthings, of like Money.

Within the Sheriffdom of Clackmannan, the monthly Sum of Twenty nine pounds, five shillings, and eleven pence farthing, of like Money.

Within the City of Edinburgh, the monthly Sum of Three hundred thirty two pounds, eleven shillings, and three pence, of like Money.

Within the Burgh of Perth, the monthly Sum of Thirty eight pounds, eight shillings, and three pence, of like Money.

Within the Burgh of Dundee, the monthly Sum of Sixty pounds, seventeen shillings, and two pence, of like Money.

Within the Burgh of Aberdeen, the monthly Sum of Sixty six pounds, sixteen shillings, and eleven pence, of like Money.

Within the Burgh of Striveling, the monthly Sum of Seventeen pounds, nineteen shillings, and one penny three farthings, of like Money.

Within the Burgh of Linlithgow, the monthly Sum of Sixteen pounds, nineteen shillings, and two pence half-penny, of like Money.

Within the City of Saint Andrew, the monthly Sum of Fourteen pounds, and sixteen shillings, of like Money.

Within the City of Glasgow, the monthly Sum of One hundred nineteen pounds, and fifteen shillings, of like Money.

Within the Burgh of Air, the monthly Sum of Seventeen pounds, five shillings, and nine pence three farthings, of like Money.

Within the Burgh of Haddington, the monthly Sum of Seventeen pounds, nineteen shillings, and one penny three farthings, of like Money.

Within the Burgh of Dysart, the monthly Sum of Seven pounds, nineteen shillings, and seven pence half-penny, of like Money.

Within the Burgh of Kircaldie, the monthly Sum of Twenty two pounds, eighteen shillings, and eleven pence farthing, of like Money.

Within the Burgh of Montrose, the monthly Sum of Eighteen pounds, nineteen shillings, and one penny farthing, of like Money.

Within the Burgh of Cowper, the monthly Sum of Nine pounds, nineteen shillings, and six pence halfpenny, of like Money.

Within

Within the Burgh of Anstruther Easter, the monthly Sum of One pound, nineteen shillings, and ten pence three farthings, of like Money.

Within the Burgh of Dumfries, the monthly Sum of Sixteen pounds, twelve shillings, and six pence three farthings, of like Money.

Within the Burgh of Inverness, the monthly Sum of Seventeen pounds, nineteen shillings, and one penny three farthings, of like Money.

Within the Burgh of Brunt Island, the monthly Sum of Nineteen pounds, fifteen shillings, and eight pence three farthings, of like Money.

Within the Burgh of Innerkeithing, the monthly Sum of Three pounds, nineteen shillings, and nine pence half-penny, of like Money.

Within the Burgh of Kinghorn, the monthly Sum of Four pounds, nine shillings, and nine pence halfpenny, of like Money.

Within the Burgh of Brechin, the monthly Sum of Five pounds, seven shillings, and nine pence, of like Money.

Within the Burgh of Irwin, the monthly Sum of Eight pounds, nineteen shillings, and seven pence, of like Money.

Within the Burgh of Jedburgh, the monthly Sum of Eight pounds, nineteen shillings, and seven pence, of like Money.

Within the Burgh of Kirkcudbright, the monthly Sum of Seven pounds, nineteen shillings, and seven pence half-penny, of like Money.

Within the Burgh of Wigtown, the monthly Sum of Six pounds, nineteen shillings, and eight pence, of like Money.

Within the Burgh of Pattenweem, the monthly Sum of Six pounds, thirteen shillings, and one farthing, of like Money.

Within the Burgh of Dumfermling, the monthly Sum of Seven pounds, nineteen shillings, and seven pence half-penny, of like Money.

Within the Burgh of Anstruther Wester, the monthly Sum of Two pounds, nine shillings, and ten pence, of like Money.

Within the Burgh of Selkirk, the monthly Sum of Six pounds, thirteen shillings, and one farthing, of like Money.

Within the Burgh of Dumbarton, the monthly Sum of Four pounds, nineteen shillings, and six pence halfpenny, of like Money.

Within the Burgh of Renfrew, the monthly Sum of Three pounds, nineteen shillings, and nine pence halfpenny, of like Money.

Within the Burgh of Dumbar, the monthly Sum of Five pounds, nineteen shillings, and eight pence farthing, of like Money.

Within the Burgh of Lanerk, the monthly Sum of Five pounds, nineteen shillings, and eight pence farthing, of like Money.

Within the Burgh of Aberbrothock, the monthly Sum of Four pounds, nine shillings, and nine pence halfpenny, of like Money.

Within the Burgh of Elgin, the monthly Sum of Nine pounds, nineteen shillings, and six pence halfpenny, of like Money.

Within the Burgh of Peebles, the monthly Sum of Five pounds, nineteen shillings, and eight pence halfpenny, of like Money.

Within the Burgh of Craile, the monthly Sum of Eight pounds, nineteen shillings, and seven pence, of like Money.

Within the Burgh of Tayne, the monthly Sum of Three pounds, nine shillings, and nine pence three farthings, of like Money.

Within the Burgh of Culrofs, the monthly Sum of Three pounds, nineteen shillings, and nine pence halfpenny, of like Money.

Within the Burgh of Bamff, the monthly Sum of Three pounds, nineteen shillings, and nine pence halfpenny, of like Money.

Within the Burgh of Whithorn, the monthly Sum of Nineteen shillings, and eleven pence farthing, of like Money.

Within the Burgh of Forfar, the monthly Sum of One pound, nineteen shillings, and ten pence three farthings, of like Money.

Within the Burgh of Rothesay, the monthly Sum of Two pounds, nineteen shillings, and ten pence, of like Money.

Within the Burgh of Nairn, the monthly Sum of One pound, nine shillings, and eleven pence, of like Money.

Within the Burgh of Forres, the monthly Sum of Two pounds, nine shillings, and ten pence, of like Money.

Within the Burgh of Rutherglen, the monthly Sum of One pound, nine shillings, and eleven pence, of like Money.

Within the Burgh of North Berwick, the monthly Sum of Nine shillings, and eleven pence three farthings, of like Money.

Within the Burgh of Cullen, the monthly Sum of Nineteen shillings, and eleven pence farthing, of like Money.

Within the Burgh of Lawder, the monthly Sum of Two pounds, nineteen shillings, and ten pence, of like Money.

Within the Burgh of Kintore, the monthly Sum of Nineteen shillings, and eleven pence farthing, of like Money.

Within the Burgh of Kilreny, the monthly Sum of Nineteen shillings, and eleven pence farthing, of like Money.

Within the Burgh of Annand, the monthly Sum of Nineteen shillings, and eleven pence farthing, of like Money.

Within the Burgh of Lockmaben, the monthly Sum of Nineteen shillings, and eleven pence farthing, of like Money.

Within the Burgh of Sanquhar, the monthly Sum of Nineteen shillings, and eleven pence farthing, of like Money.

Within the Burgh of New Galloway, the monthly Sum of Nine shillings, and eleven pence three farthings, of like Money.

Within the Burgh of Dingwall, the monthly Sum of Nineteen shillings, and eleven pence farthing, of like Money.

Within the Burgh of Dornock, the monthly Sum of One Pound, nine shillings, and eleven pence three farthings, of like Money.

Within the Burgh of Queensferry, the monthly Sum of Four pounds, nineteen shillings, and nine pence, of like Money.

Within the Burgh of Fortrose, the monthly Sum of Two pounds, nine shillings, and ten pence halfpenny, of like Money.

Within the Burgh of Inverury, the monthly Sum of One Pound, nine shillings, and eleven pence three farthings of like Money.

Within the Burgh of Weike, the monthly Sum of One pound, thirteen shillings, and three pence, of like Money.

Within the Burgh of Innerbervey, the monthly Sum of Nine shillings, and eleven pence three farthings, of like Money.

Within the Burgh of Kirkwall, the monthly Sum of Four pounds, nineteen shillings, and nine pence, of like Money.

Within the Burghs of Straenraver and Cambleton, the monthly Sum of Two pounds, nine shillings, and ten pence halfpenny, of like Money.

Provided always, That the Proportion of the said Burroughs in Scotland, be rated and paid as their Tax Roll now is or shall be settled by themselves; any thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

to be rated as the Tax Roll now is or shall be settled by themselves.

And it is hereby enacted, That the said new Supply in Scotland is to be paid at the Terms following; that is to say, The Sum of Eleven thousand nine hundred eighty eight pounds, ten shillings, and three pence halfpenny, of lawful Money of Great Britain, for the First Two Months Cels, shall be payable on or before the Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine; and the like Sum of Eleven thousand nine hundred eighty eight pounds, ten shillings, and three pence halfpenny, of like Money, as the Second Two Months Cels, on or before the Twenty ninth Day of September, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine; and the like Sum of Eleven thousand nine hundred eighty eight pounds, ten shillings, and three pence halfpenny, of like Money, as the Third Two Months Cels, on or before the Twenty fifth Day of December, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine; and the like Sum of Eleven thousand nine hundred eighty eight pounds, ten shillings, and three pence halfpenny, of like Money, as the remaining Two Months Cels, on or before the Twenty fifth Day of March, One thousand seven hundred and sixty.

The First Two Months Cels to be paid by 24 June, 1759.

Second 29 Sept. 1759.

Third 25 Dec. 1759.

Fourth 25 March, 1760.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all and every the Person and Persons who in and by the said Act of Parliament made and passed in the Thirty first Year of His Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act for appointing Commissioners for putting in Execution an Act of this Session of Parliament, intituled, An Act for granting an Aid to His Majesty, by a Land Tax to be raised in Great Britain, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and fifty eight; and for enforcing the Payment of the Rates to be assessed upon Somerset House in the Strand; and for rectifying a Mistake in the said Act; and for allowing further Time to the Receivers of certain Aids, for setting *insuper* for Monies in Arrear; were named, appointed, or authorized to be Commissioners for putting in Execution the same Act, within the

Commissioners for putting this Act in Execution in Scotland.

the

the several Shires or Stewartries of Scotland, or such of them who have qualified, or shall qualify themselves according to the Laws of Scotland in that Behalf, shall be Commissioners for ordering, raising, and levying the Supplies in Scotland by this Act granted, in and for the same Shires and Stewartries respectively; which said Commissioners shall put in Execution this present Act, and the Powers therein contained, within and for the same Shires and Stewartries respectively; and the said Commissioners have hereby Power to choose their own Clerk, and to do every Thing concerning the said Supply, as is prescribed and appointed by the Cess Act of the Sixth of November, One thousand seven hundred and six, and other Acts made in any former Parliament of Scotland, to which the said Act of the Sixth of November, One thousand seven hundred and six doth relate, holding the same as if therein repeated.

And Execution to be done as by the said Acts.

First Meeting to be at the Head Burghs on 30 April, 1759.

And it is hereby further enacted, That Execution shall be done in Scotland for bringing in the said Supply, to be raised there, as is provided by the same Acts in all Points not altered by this Act; and that the first Meeting of the said Commissioners of Shires in Scotland shall be at the respective Head Burghs thereof the Thirtieth Day of April, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine; and that the Sheriffs and Stewarts, or their Deputies, do intimate the same to the said Commissioners of their Shires and Stewartries; with Power to the said Commissioners to appoint the subsequent Diets of their Meetings, and their Conveners, from time to time; as also to appoint Collectors, with such Caution as they shall think fit.

All Clauses in former Acts relating to the bringing in the Cess, &c. to be in full Force.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all Clauses contained in former Acts of Parliament of Scotland, and Convention of Estates there, in relation to the bringing in of the Cess, and Quartering, and touching Riding-money, shall stand in full Force, as to the Supply now imposed upon Scotland, as if they were herein expressed, and as they were observed before the making this Act.

No Persons in Scotland holden to produce their Receipts after 3 Years.

And it is hereby declared, That no Person, whether Heretofore or Collector, liable in Payment of the said Supply to be raised in Scotland, shall be holden to produce the Receipts and Discharges of the same, after Three Years from the respective Terms of Payment, unless Diligence be done therefore by Denunciation within the said Three Years; in which Case of Diligence by Denunciation, One Year farther is only added to the said Three Years; and none shall be holden to produce the Receipts or Discharges thereafter.

And because by the Supply hereby granted to be raised in Scotland, the Lands, Rents, and Burghs there are only burthened, and it being reasonable that the Personal Estates in Money shall bear some Proportional Burthen; be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every Debtor owing Money in Scotland, at Six Pounds per Centum Interest, shall, in the Payment of his annual Rents, have Retention in his own Hands of a Sixth Part of Six per Centum, and this Retention to be from the Eleventh Day of November, One thousand seven hundred and fifty eight, to the Eleventh Day of November, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine; and it is hereby declared, That it shall be Usury for any Creditor to refuse to grant the said Retention there.

Debtor owing Money in Scotland at 6 per Cent. to retain a 6th Part of 6 per Cent. from 11 Nov. 1758, to 11 Nov. 1759.

And it is hereby declared and enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Sum of Forty seven thousand nine hundred fifty four Pounds, One Shilling, and Two Pence, shall be raised in Scotland, in the respective Shires, Stewartries, Cities, and Boroughs, free of all Charges to His Majesty, and shall, in like Manner, be paid at the City of Edinburgh, to such Person or Persons as the Commissioners of the Treasury, or the High Treasurer of Great Britain for the time being, shall constitute and appoint to be Receiver-general or Receivers thereof for His Majesty's Use; which said General Receiver or Receivers shall be answerable and accountable for the same to His Majesty in the Exchequer.

47,954 l. 1 s. 2 d. to be raised free of all Charges,

and to be paid at Edinburgh.

Provided nevertheless, That no Person appointed by this Act to be a Commissioner for executing the several Powers and Things herein enacted, within any County or Stewartry in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, shall be enabled or capable to be a Commissioner of the Land Tax, or for executing the several Powers and Things herein enacted, who is not enfeoffed in Superiority or Property, or possessed as Proprietor or Life-renter of Lands valued in the Tax-roll of the County or Stewartry where he acts, to the Extent of One hundred Pounds Scots per Annum, excepting the eldest Sons and Heirs Apparent of Persons who are so enfeoffed of Lands to the Extent and of the Valuation aforesaid; and that every Person, who shall take upon him to act as a Commissioner for executing any of the Powers or Things in this Act contained, within any County or Stewartry in Scotland, without being enfeoffed in Superiority or Property, or in the Possession of Lands in such County or Stewartry, of the aforesaid Value or Extent, or without being eldest Son and Heir Apparent of a Person so enfeoffed, or in Possession, shall forfeit the Sum of Twenty

No Person to be a Commissioner of the Land Tax in Scotland, who is not enfeoffed of 100 l. Scots per Ann. real Rent, in the County where he acts.

Exception.

Pounds Sterling for every such acting; to be recovered by Action, Complaint, or Petition, in a summary Way, at the Suit of any Heretor within the said County or Stewartry, before the County or Stewart Court, or before the Lords of Session in Scotland; and that in case of any such Suit or Complaint entered before any of the Courts aforesaid, the Person complained of shall be obliged to prove that he is enfeoff, or in Possession, or is Son and Heir Apparent of a Person so enfeoff, or in Possession of an Estate in Superiority or Property, within the County where he hath taken upon him to act, of the aforesaid Value or Extent, or otherwise shall forfeit the said Penalty of Twenty Pounds Sterling, without any Proof or Evidence to be brought on the Plaintiff's Part, other than that the Person complained of hath taken upon him to act as a Commissioner for executing the several Powers and Things in this Act contained.

Commissioners in Scotland to take the Oaths, and subscribe the Assurance.

Provided always, That all and every Person appointed by this Act to be a Commissioner for executing the several Powers and Things herein enacted, in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, shall, before his acting as a Commissioner in the Execution of this Act, or any the Powers therein contained, take and subscribe the Oaths of Allegiance and Abjuration, and subscribe the Assurance appointed by Law to be taken and subscribed by Persons in Offices of publick Trust in Scotland, upon Pain of forfeiting the Sum of Twenty Pounds Sterling; which Oaths it shall and may be lawful for any Two or more of the said Commissioners to administer, and they are hereby required to administer the same accordingly.

Provost, &c. of any Royal Borough may act as a Commissioner.

Provided nevertheless, That any Provost, Ballie, Dean of Guild, Treasurer, Master of the Merchants Company, or Deacon Convener of the Trades for the time being of any Royal Borough, and any Ballie for the time being of any Borough of Regality, or Barony, herein named or appointed a Commissioner for putting this Act in Execution in any County or Stewartry, shall be capable of acting as a Commissioner for such County or Stewartry; and that it shall not be lawful to or for the Court of Session, or any other Courts or Magistrates in Scotland, to grant, by Suspension, or otherwise, any Stay or Stop to the bringing in of the said Supply, by Quartering, according to the Proportions settled and ascertained by the aforesaid Commissioners for the several Shires, and by the Royal Burghs, according to their Usage

Usage and Practice; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any Person or Persons, Natives and Foreigners, Bodies Politick or Corporate, to advance or lend to His Majesty, at the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer, any Sum or Sums of Money, not exceeding in the whole the Sum of Two Millions, upon the Credit of the said several Rates, Assessments, and Sums of Money, by this Act granted, to be raised in the several Parts of Great Britain as aforesaid; and such other Monies as are by this Act appointed for repaying the same, with the Interest thereof; and to have and receive for the Forbearance of the Money lent, Interest after a Rate not exceeding Three Pounds Ten Shillings per Centum per Annum, so as such Loans be allowed to be made by the Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them now being, or the High Treasurer, or any Three or more of the Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, who are hereby authorized to issue their Warrants for that Purpose, as fast as such Loans shall be wanted for the Publick Service: And moreover, that no Money so to be lent upon the Security of this Act, shall be rated or assessed by virtue of this Act, or any other Act of Parliament whatsoever.

Clause of Loan
at 3 l. 10 s.
per Cent.

And be it further enacted, That all and every Person and Persons, who shall lend any Money upon the Credit of this Act, as aforesaid, and pay the same into the Receipt of the Exchequer, shall immediately have a Tally of Loan struck for the same, and an Order for his, her, or their Repayment, bearing the same Date with his, her, or their Tally; in or upon which Order shall be also contained a Warrant for the Payment of Interest for the Forbearance thereof, at a Rate not exceeding the said Rate of Three Pounds Ten Shillings per Centum per Annum, and to be paid every Three Months, until the Repayment of the Principal; and all such Orders for Repayment of Money, so to be lent, shall be registered in Course according to the Dates respectively; and that all and every Person and Persons shall be paid in Course, according as their Orders shall stand registered in the said Register Books, so as the Person or Persons, Natives or Foreigners, his, her, or their Executors, Administrators, or Assigns, who shall have his, her, or their Order or Orders first entered in the said Books of Register, shall be taken and accounted to be the first Person or Persons to be paid out of the Monies to come in by virtue

Tallies of
Loan to be
struck, &c.

Orders regi-
stered and paid
in Course.

Penenalty for
undue Pre-
ference.

virtue of this Act; and he, she, or they, who shall have his, her, or their Order or Orders next entered, shall be taken and accounted to be the Second Person to be paid, and so successively and in Course; and that the Monies to come in by virtue of this Act, of or for the said several Rates and Assessments to be raised in Great Britain, as aforesaid, shall be in the same Order liable to the Satisfaction of the said respective Persons, and Body or Bodies Politick or Corporate, their Executors, Administrators, Successors, or Assigns respectively, without any undue Preference of one before another, and not otherwise; and shall not be diverted or divertible to any other Use, Intent, or Purpose whatsoever; and that no Fee, Reward, or Gratuity, directly or indirectly, shall be demanded or taken of any of His Majesty's Subjects, for providing or making any such Books or Registers, or any Entries, Views, or Searches, in or for Payment of Money lent, or the Interest thereof, as aforesaid, by any of His Majesty's Officer or Officers, their Clerks or Deputies, on Pain of Payment of Treble Damages to the Party grieved, by the Party offending, with Full Costs of Suit; or if the Officer himself take or demand any such Fee or Reward, then to lose his Place also; and if any undue Preference of one before another shall be made either in Point of Registry or Payment, contrary to the true Meaning of this Act, by any such Officer or Officers, then the Party offending shall be liable by Action of Debt, or on the Case, to pay the Value of the Debt, with Full Costs of Suit, to the Party grieved, and shall be forejudged of his Place or Office; and if such Preference shall be unduly made by any his Deputy or Clerk, without Direction or Privy of his Master, then such Deputy or Clerk only shall be liable to such Action, Debt, Damages, and Costs, and shall for ever be incapable of his Place or Office; and in case the Auditor of the Receipt shall not direct the said Orders of Loan, or the Clerk of the Pells record, or the Tellers make Payment upon such Order, according to each Person's due Place and Order, as before directed; then he or they shall be adjudged to forfeit, and the respective Deputies and Clerks, therein offending, to be liable to such Action, Debt, Damages, and Costs, in such Manner as aforesaid: All which said Penalties, Forfeitures, Damages, and Costs, to be incurred by any the Officers of the Exchequer, or any their Deputies or Clerks, shall and may be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster; wherein

no Essoin, Protection, Privilege, Wager of Law, Injunction, or Order of Restraint, shall be in any wise granted or allowed.

Provided always, and it is hereby declared, That if it shall happen that several Tallies of Loan, or Orders for Payment, as aforesaid, bear Date, or be brought the same Day to the Auditor of the Receipt to be registered, then it shall be interpreted no undue Preference, which of those be entered first, so as he enters them all the same Day.

No undue Preference, where Tallies are dated or brought the same Day :

Provided also, That it shall not be interpreted any undue Preference, to incur any Penalty in point of Payment, if the Auditor direct, and the Clerk of the Pells record, and the Tellers do pay subsequent Orders to Persons that come and demand their Monies, and bring their Orders, before other Persons who did not come to take their Monies, and bring their Orders in Course ; so as there be so much Money reserved as will satisfy precedent Orders ; which shall not be otherwise disposed of, but kept for them ; Interest upon Loan being to cease from the Time the Money is so reserved and kept in Bank for them.

Nor if subsequent Orders be paid before such as were not demanded in Course.

And be it further enacted, That all and every Person and Persons to whom any Money shall be due for Loans to be registered by virtue of this Act, after Order entered in the Book of Register aforesaid, his, her, or their Executors, Administrators, or Assigns, by proper Words of Assignment to be indorsed and written on his, her, or their Order, may assign and transfer his, her, or their Right, Title, Interest, and Benefit of such Order, to any other ; which being notified in the Office of the Auditor of the Receipt aforesaid, and an Entry or Memorial thereof also made in the Book of Register aforesaid for Orders (which the Officers shall upon Request, without Fee or Charge, accordingly make) shall intitle such Assignee, his Executors, Administrators, Successors, and Assigns, to the Benefit thereof, and Payment thereon ; and such Assignee may in like Manner assign again, and so toties quoties ; and afterwards it shall not be in the Power of such Person or Persons who have or hath made such Assignment, to make void, release, or discharge the same, or any the Monies thereby due, or any Part thereof.

Orders assignable.

And to the end there may be no Want or Failure of a certain Sum, not to exceed in the whole Two Millions, to be raised, either by such Loans as aforesaid, or by issuing Exchequer Bills, as is herein after-mentioned, or by both or either of those Ways or Means, for the

Commissioners
impowered to
prepare any
Number of
new Exche-
quer Bills,
containing
One common
Sum, or diffe-
rent Sums, in
the Principal
Monies.

Publick Service; be it further provided and enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in case the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them now being, or the High Treasurer, or any Three or more of the Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, shall judge it more adviseable to raise the said Sum of Two Millions, or any Part thereof, by Exchequer Bills, instead of such Loans as aforesaid, that then they respectively are hereby authorized and impowered at any Time or Times, at once, or by such Proportions at a Time, as they respectively shall find to be most for the Advantage of the Publick, to prepare and make, or cause to be prepared and made, at the Exchequer, in such Method and Form as they or he shall think most safe and convenient, any Number of new Exchequer Bills, containing One common Sum, or different Sums, in the Principal Monies, so that in case there shall be no Loans made, then all the Principal Sums to be contained in the said Bills to be made forth by this Act, shall not exceed Two Million; and in case any such Loans shall be made as aforesaid, then all the Principal Sums to be contained in the said Bills to be made forth by this Act, together with such Loans so made, shall not exceed the said Sum of Two Millions.

Bills to bear
Interest at 3 l.
10 s. per Cent.
per Ann.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Bills to be prepared and made in pursuance of this Act, shall and may bear an Interest not exceeding the Rate of Three Pounds Ten Shillings per Centum per Annum, and proportionably for any greater or less Sum to be contained therein, and to be payable to the Bearer thereof respectively; nevertheless the said Interest shall be abated and saved upon such of the said Bills to be made forth by this Act, as shall at any Time or Times be in the Receipt of the Exchequer, or in the Hands or Power of any Receivers or Collectors of any Taxes, Aids, or Revenues whatsoever, payable to His Majesty, His Heirs, or Successors, during such Time and Times respectively, as such Bills shall be or remain in the said Receipt, or in such Hands or Power as aforesaid.

These Bills to
be numbered
arithmetical-
ly.

And it is hereby enacted, That all the said Bills, so to be prepared and made, shall be numbered arithmetically, beginning with N^o I. and so proceeding in an arithmetical Progression ascending, wherein the common Excess or Difference shall always be One, and shall be registered accordingly, so that the Principal Sum to be contained in every such Bill (after Repayment of the Loans which

shall

shall have been made as aforesaid, if any such be, with the Interest thereof, or reserving Money sufficient for that Purpose) may regularly be paid off, and discharged in Course, according to the Number of every such Bill, as it shall stand in the said Register; and that the Interest upon all and every the said Bills shall be payable every Three Months, according to the Purport and true Meaning of this Act; and that upon every such Bill there shall be indorsed, printed, or written, in Words at Length, or in Figures, the Sum, after which the Principal to be contained therein shall be payable in such Course, as aforesaid, according to the Purport and true Meaning of this Act.

Provided always, and be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in case the said Sum, not exceeding Two Millions, shall be raised partly by Loans, and partly by Exchequer Bills, according to the Powers before given by this Act; that then, and in such Case, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them now being, or the High Treasurer, or any Three or more of the Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, when and as often as they shall, by virtue of the said Powers, direct any such Loans to be taken, or any such Exchequer Bills to be made out, at the same Time also to direct and appoint the Course and Order in which such Loans or Exchequer Bills shall stand upon the said Register, and after what Time they shall respectively begin to be payable in Course, out of the Monies arising by this Act, so as no such subsequent Loans or Exchequer Bills be made to alter the Course at first appointed for prior Loans or Exchequer Bills, at the Time of taking in, or making out, such prior Loans or Exchequer Bills; any thing herein before contained to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

Treasury to direct the Course of Payment for Loans or Exchequer Bills,

And it is hereby further enacted, That all the said Bills shall be prepared and made with such Cheques, Indents, or Counterfoils, as shall be directed by the Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them now being, or by the High Treasurer, or any Three or more of the Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being; and that the Person or Persons, who is, are, or shall be appointed to pay off the said Bills in Course, shall, from time to time, have the Use and Custody of One Part of all the Cheques, Indents, or Counterfoils of the said Exchequer Bills, to be prepared and made by virtue of this Act, from which the said Bills shall have been cut, to prevent his or their being imposed upon by counterfeit or forged Bills; and that the Undertakers or Contractors

and to appoint Cheques, &c.

for

for exchanging or circulating the said Bills, or such of them as shall be current, shall, from time to time, have the Use and Custody of One other Part of all the said Cheques, Indents, or Counterfoils of the said Exchequer Bills, from which the same shall have been cut off, as aforesaid, in order to prevent their being imposed upon by any counterfeit or forged Bills; and that all the said Parts of the said Cheques, Indents, or Counterfoils, shall be delivered back into the Exchequer when the said Bills to be made forth by virtue of this Act shall be paid off, cancelled, and discharged.

The Bills to be placed as Cash in the Exchequer,

And it is hereby enacted, That the said Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them now being, and the said High Treasurer, or any Three or more of the Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, shall, and they are hereby respectively authorized and empowered to cause such Bills as shall be prepared by virtue of this Act, to be placed as so much Cash in the respective Offices of the Tellers of the said Receipt of Exchequer, each and every of which Tellers shall be severally charged with the Proportion of the said Bills, which shall be so placed in his Office respectively; any Law or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

and to be current in the Revenue.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all and every the said Exchequer Bills to be made forth by virtue of this Act, or so many of them as shall, from time to time, remain undischarged and uncanceled, until the discharging and cancelling the same, pursuant to this Act, shall and may be received and taken, and shall pass and be current to all and every the Receivers and Collectors in Great Britain of the Customs, Excise, or any Revenue, Supply, Aid, or Tax whatsoever, already granted, due, or payable, or which shall or may hereafter be granted, due, or payable, to His Majesty, His Heirs, and Successors, and also at the Receipt of the Exchequer, from the said Receivers or Collectors, or from any other Person or Persons, Bodies Politick or Corporate whatsoever, making any Payments or Loans there to His Majesty, His Heirs, or Successors, for or upon any Account, Cause, or Occasion whatsoever, according to the Purport and true Meaning of this Act; and that such of the same Bills as shall be received at the Exchequer, shall and may be locked up and secured as Cash, according to the Course of the Exchequer, settled and established by Law, for locking up and securing Monies received in Specie there; and that all and every the Receivers and Collectors in Great Britain of the Customs, Excise, or any Revenue, Aid, Tax, or Supply whatsoever,

Receivers to exchange Bills for ready money.

ever, already granted, due, or payable, or which shall or may hereafter be granted, due, or payable, to His Majesty, His Heirs, or Successors, shall, and they are hereby directed and required, out of any current coined Money, as shall then be in his or their Hands, of such Revenue, Aid, Tax, or Supply, to pay such of the same Bills as shall be brought to them respectively, by any Person or Persons desiring to have Money for the same: And in case any such Receiver or Collector shall refuse or neglect to exchange such Bill or Bills for ready Money, for the Space of Twenty four Hours, then the Person or Persons demanding the same, shall and may bring an Action of Debt, or on the Case, for the Principal and Interest Monies due upon such Bill or Bills, against such Receiver or Collector, having Money in his Hands, as aforesaid; in which Action the Plaintiff shall or may declare, that such Receiver or Collector is indebted to the Plaintiff in the Money demanded upon every such Bill, according to the Form of the Statute, and hath not paid the same, which shall be sufficient; and the Plaintiff in every such Action shall recover against the Receiver or Collector, not only the Monies so neglected or refused to be paid, but also his Full Costs of Suit; and such Receiver and Collector shall be subject or liable thereunto; and in such Action no Essoin, Protection, Privilege, or Wager of Law, shall be allowed, or more than One Imparlance; and upon Payment of the Monies so to be recovered, the Plaintiff, his Executors, or Assigns, shall deliver up such Bills to the Defendant, his Executors, or Assigns.

And be it further enacted, That as any of the said Bills shall at any Time or Times hereafter within the respective Times, during which they shall be current pursuant to this Act, be paid or lent into the Exchequer, by any of His Majesty's Receivers, or other Person or Persons, Bodies Politick or Corporate, making any Payments or Loans at that Receipt, the Officers there shall cause Tallies to be levied, and delivered to the Payers or Lenders, as amply and effectually, to all Intents or Purposes, as if they had made such Payments or Loans in Specie,

Tallies to be
levied for Bills
lent into the
Exchequer.

And be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Interest which shall, from time to time, be due upon any of the Bills to be current as aforesaid, shall be allowed to all Persons, Bodies Politick and Corporate, paying the same to any Receiver or Collector, Receivers or Collectors, of any of His Majesty's Revenues, Aids, Taxes, or Supplies, or by way of Exchange, as aforesaid, to the
C c
respective

Interest to
continue till
Payment.

respective Days whereupon such Bill or Bills shall be paid, exchanged, or lent.

Interest to
cease whilst
the Bills are in
the Hands of
Receivers, &c.

Provided always, That no Interest shall run, or be paid upon or for any such Bill or Bills, during the Time any such Bill or Bills so paid, exchanged, or lent, shall remain in the Hands of any of the said Receivers or Collectors, or in the Hands of any Teller or Tellers of the Exchequer; but for such Time the Interest on every such Bill shall cease.

Bills paid to
Receivers, &c.
to be signed
and dated.

And, to the end it may be known for what Time such Bills bearing Interest shall, from time to time, remain in the Hands of such Receivers or Collectors, or in the Exchequer as aforesaid; be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Person or Persons, who shall pay any such Bill or Bills so bearing Interest, to any Receivers or Collectors of any of His Majesty's Revenues, Aids, Tares, and Supplies, by way of Exchange, or otherwise; or shall pay or lend such Bill or Bills, so bearing Interest, into the Exchequer, as aforesaid, shall, at the Time of making such Payment, Exchange, or Loan, on each Bill bearing Interest, and so paid, exchanged, or lent, put his or their Name or Names, and write thereupon, in Words at Length, the Day of the Month and Year, in which he, she, or they so paid, exchanged, or lent such Bill or Bills bearing Interest; all which the said Receivers and Collectors respectively, and also the respective Tellers in the Exchequer, shall take Care to see done and performed accordingly; to which respective Days the said Receivers and Collectors shall be allowed again the Interest, which he, she, or they shall have allowed or paid upon such respective Bill or Bills, upon his or their paying the same into the Receipt of Exchequer, as aforesaid.

The Bills may
be reissued,

Provided also, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Bills, or any of them, may be reissued and paid again out of His Majesty's Exchequer; and when the same shall be reissued and paid again out of His Majesty's Exchequer, the respective Teller there, from whose Office such Bill or Bills bearing Interest shall be so reissued, or again paid out, shall indorse on the same Bill or Bills so reissued, in Words at Length, the Day of the Month and Year, in which the same were so reissued or repaid out of the Exchequer, and also on what Account the same were last received into the Exchequer, and sign the same; from which Time the Interest of such Bill or Bills so reissued

or

or paid again shall revive ; and such Bill or Bills shall revive, run, and pass at Interest, as the same did before they were paid unto, or received by the said Receivers or Collectors, or before the same were paid or lent into the Exchequer, as aforesaid.

And it is hereby enacted, That the same Bills to be reissued, from time to time, or at any Time, at the Exchequer, as aforesaid, shall be so reissued for the Principal Money to be contained therein, and for so much Interest as was due thereon, and allowed by the Teller at the respective Time and Times, when such Bill and Bills were last paid into the Exchequer.

And be it enacted, That every Receiver General of any the Revenues, Aids, Tares, or Supplies, belonging or to belong to His Majesty, His Heirs, and Successors, shall keep a fair Book or Books of Account in Writing of all the Monies by him received ; in which he, or his Deputy or Deputies, shall truly enter all the Sums which shall have been received by him or them, for every such Revenue, Aid, Tar, or Supply, together with the Names of the several Collectors from whom the same, or any Part thereof, was received, the Days when, and the Sums paid, how much thereof in Money, and how much thereof in such Exchequer Bills, and what Exchequer Bills shall have been exchanged by every such Receiver General, pursuant to this Act ; to which Account every Person concerned shall have free Access at all reasonable Times, without Fee or Charge ; and the said Accounts shall lie constantly open at One certain Place within the Limits of his Receipt for that Purpose ; and if such Receiver shall neglect to keep such Book or Books, or enter therein any Sum or Sums of Money by him received and paid as aforesaid, by the Space of Three Days after his Receipt or Payment of the same, or shall refuse any Person or Persons concerned to inspect such Book or Books without Fee or Reward as aforesaid ; every such Receiver, for every such Offence, shall forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds to any Person or Persons who will sue for the same, to be recovered by Action of Debt, or upon the Case, Bill, Suit, or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster ; wherein no Essoin, Protection, Privilege, or Wager of Law shall be allowed, or more than One Imparlance.

Provided always, and it is hereby enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in case any of the Exchequer Bills which shall be current as aforesaid, shall be filled up by Writing

both for Principal and Interest.

Receivers to keep a Book.

Bills filled up by Indorsements, or defaced, to be exchanged.

Writing or Indorsement made thereon as aforesaid, or shall by any Accident be defaced, it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them, or the High Treasurer for the time being, and he and they are hereby authorized and impowered by his or their Discretion, from time to time, to cause new Bills to be made forth at the Receipt of Exchequer, in lieu of such Bills which shall be so filled up or defaced; which Bills so filled up or defaced shall be cancelled at the Receipt of Exchequer, and kept there on a File or Files for that Purpose; and such Bills so to be made forth in lieu thereof, shall have a like Currency, and shall in all Respects be subject to the same Rules, Methods, and Continuance, as the Bills so filled up were intended to have been by this Act, and shall bear the same Numbers, Dates, and Principal Sums, and carry the like Interest, as was borne and carried by the Bills so cancelled respectively.

Bills not exceeding 5000*l.* each, to be made forth at the Exchequer.

And it is hereby enacted, That for the greater Ease and Dispatch of publick Business at the Exchequer, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them, or the High Treasurer for the time being, and he and they are hereby authorized and enabled, in case he or they shall so think fit, to cause Exchequer Bills for any large Sums not exceeding Five thousand Pounds each, to be made forth at the Receipt of the Exchequer, and to be placed as Cash in the said Receipt, in lieu of the like Value of the Principal contained in the said Exchequer Bills made forth for lesser Sums, which at the Time of making such large Bills shall happen to be in the same Receipt, which shall be at the same Time cancelled and discharged, and be kept there on a File for that Purpose; and such new Bills for such large Sums shall and may be issued at the said Receipt, and have the same Currency, and be in all Respects subject to the same Rules, Methods, and Continuance, and carry the like Interest, and have the same Security, Benefits, and Advantages; and the same Pains of Death, and other Pains, Penalties, and Forfeitures, for any Crime or Offence relating thereunto, shall be inflicted, incurred, and put in Execution, as if they had been originally issued by virtue of this Act for the said lesser Bills; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Forging Exchequer Bills Felony.

And it is hereby enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person or Persons shall forge or counterfeit any Exchequer Bill which shall have been made forth

forth by virtue of this Act, before the same shall be paid off and cancelled, or any Exchequer Bills to be renewed or made forth in pursuance of this Act, or any Indorsement or Writing thereupon or therein, or tender in Payment any such forged or counterfeit Bill, or any Exchequer Bill with such counterfeit Indorsement or Writing thereon, or shall demand to have such counterfeit Bill, or any such Exchequer Bill, with such counterfeit Indorsement or Writing thereupon or therein, exchanged for ready Money, by any Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politick or Corporate, who shall be obliged or required to exchange the same, or by any other Person or Persons whatsoever, knowing the Bill so tendered in Payment, or demanded to be exchanged, or the Indorsement or Writing thereupon or therein, to be forged or counterfeit, and with Intent to defraud His Majesty, His Heirs, or Successors, or the Persons to be appointed to pay off the same, or any of them, or to pay any Interest thereupon, or the Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politick or Corporate, who will contract to circulate or exchange the same, or any of them, or any other Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politick or Corporate; then every such Person or Persons so offending, being thereof lawfully convicted, shall be adjudged a felon, and shall suffer as in Cases of Felony without Benefit of Clergy.

And to the End, Intent, and Purpose, that all the Monies to be lent at the Exchequer, on the Credit of this Act, within the Time before limited in that Behalf, not exceeding as aforesaid, may be duly repaid, and the Interest thereof justly satisfied at the said Receipt, and that all the Exchequer Bills to be made forth by virtue of this Act, not exceeding as aforesaid, may likewise be paid off and discharged in their due Course and Order at such Publick Office, as is hereafter in and by this Act appointed in that Behalf; and to the End the same Bills, or so many of them as shall from time to time remain undischarged, may the better obtain a Currency for such Time as they or any of them are hereby intended to be current; be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Money which shall from time to time arise at the Receipt of the Exchequer, of or for the Aids, Tares, or Assessments, by this Act granted, shall, from time to time, as the same shall arise at the said Receipt, be issued and applied at the same Receipt for or towards paying off and discharging the Orders of Loan, for the Money which shall have been lent at the said Receipt, within the Time herein before

How the Monies arising by this Act shall be applied.

Writing or Indorsement made thereon as aforesaid, or shall by any Accident be defaced, it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them, or the High Treasurer for the time being, and he and they are hereby authorized and impowered by his or their Discretion, from time to time, to cause new Bills to be made forth at the Receipt of Exchequer, in lieu of such Bills which shall be so filled up or defaced; which Bills so filled up or defaced shall be cancelled at the Receipt of Exchequer, and kept there on a File or Files for that Purpose; and such Bills so to be made forth in lieu thereof, shall have a like Currency, and shall in all Respects be subject to the same Rules, Methods, and Continuance, as the Bills so filled up were intended to have been by this Act, and shall bear the same Numbers, Dates, and Principal Sums, and carry the like Interest, as was borne and carried by the Bills so cancelled respectively.

Bills not exceeding 5000*l.* each, to be made forth at the Exchequer.

And it is hereby enacted, That for the greater Ease and Dispatch of publick Business at the Exchequer, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them, or the High Treasurer for the time being, and he and they are hereby authorized and enabled, in case he or they shall so think fit, to cause Exchequer Bills for any large Sums not exceeding Five thousand Pounds each, to be made forth at the Receipt of the Exchequer, and to be placed as Cash in the said Receipt, in lieu of the like Value of the Principal contained in the said Exchequer Bills made forth for lesser Sums, which at the Time of making such large Bills shall happen to be in the same Receipt, which shall be at the same Time cancelled and discharged, and be kept there on a File for that Purpose; and such new Bills for such large Sums shall and may be issued at the said Receipt, and have the same Currency, and be in all Respects subject to the same Rules, Methods, and Continuance, and carry the like Interest, and have the same Security, Benefits, and Advantages; and the same Pains of Death, and other Pains, Penalties, and Forfeitures, for any Crime or Offence relating thereunto, shall be inflicted, incurred, and put in Execution, as if they had been originally issued by virtue of this Act for the said lesser Bills; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Forging Exchequer Bills Felony.

And it is hereby enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person or Persons shall forge or counterfeit any Exchequer Bill which shall have been made forth

forth by virtue of this Act, before the same shall be paid off and cancelled, or any Exchequer Bills to be renewed or made forth in pursuance of this Act, or any Indorsement or Writing thereupon or therein, or tender in Payment any such forged or counterfeit Bill, or any Exchequer Bill with such counterfeit Indorsement or Writing thereon, or shall demand to have such counterfeit Bill, or any such Exchequer Bill, with such counterfeit Indorsement or Writing thereupon or therein, exchanged for ready Money, by any Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politick or Corporate, who shall be obliged or required to exchange the same, or by any other Person or Persons whatsoever, knowing the Bill so tendered in Payment, or demanded to be exchanged, or the Indorsement or Writing thereupon or therein, to be forged or counterfeit, and with Intent to defraud His Majesty, His Heirs, or Successors, or the Persons to be appointed to pay off the same, or any of them, or to pay any Interest thereupon, or the Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politick or Corporate, who will contract to circulate or exchange the same, or any of them, or any other Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politick or Corporate; then every such Person or Persons so offending, being thereof lawfully convicted, shall be adjudged a Felon, and shall suffer as in Cases of Felony without Benefit of Clergy.

And to the End, Intent, and Purpose, that all the Monies to be lent at the Exchequer, on the Credit of this Act, within the Time before limited in that Behalf, not exceeding as aforesaid, may be duly repaid, and the Interest thereof justly satisfied at the said Receipt, and that all the Exchequer Bills to be made forth by virtue of this Act, not exceeding as aforesaid, may likewise be paid off and discharged in their due Course and Order at such Publick Office, as is hereafter in and by this Act appointed in that Behalf; and to the End the same Bills, or so many of them as shall from time to time remain undischarged, may the better obtain a Currency for such Time as they or any of them are hereby intended to be current; be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Money which shall from time to time arise at the Receipt of the Exchequer, of or for the Aids, Tares, or Assessments, by this Act granted, shall, from time to time, as the same shall arise at the said Receipt, be issued and applied at the same Receipt for or towards paying off and discharging the Orders of Loan, for the Money which shall have been lent at the said Receipt, within the Time herein before

How the Monies arising by this Act shall be applied.

limited in that Behalf, and for satisfying the Interest thereof, in such Course, Manner, and Form, as are before in this Act prescribed and appointed for that Purpose (with Preference to all other Payments to be made out of the same Monies) until all the Principal and Interest payable upon such Orders of Loan shall be fully satisfied, or sufficient Money shall be reserved in the Exchequer for the full Payment and Satisfaction of the same, or the Monies which shall, from time to time, arise at the said Receipt of Exchequer, of or for the said Aids, Taxes, or Assessments, by this Act granted, shall, from time to time, as the same shall arise at the said Receipt, be issued to such Paymaster as is herein after mentioned, by way of Imprest and upon Account, for or towards paying off and discharging the Exchequer Bills which shall have been made forth by virtue of this Act, in such Course as aforesaid, and for or towards the Charge of exchanging and circulating the same Bills, or any of them, and for or towards such other Payments as are in and by this Act directed or allowed to be made or discharged out of the same, and for no other Use, Intent, or Purpose whatsoever.

Treasury on
29 Sept. 1760,
to take an Ac-
count of all
Monies raised
and discharg-
ed.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That on the Twenty ninth Day of September, One thousand seven hundred and sixty, or within Ten Days after, the Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them now being, or the High Treasurer, or any Three or more of the Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, shall cause a true and perfect Account in Writing to be taken and attested by the proper Officers, of all the Monies which shall have been raised by Loans, or by Exchequer Bills, or by any or either of those Ways or Means, for or towards the said Sum, not exceeding Two Millions, by this Act intended to be raised, as aforesaid, and how much thereof shall before that Time have been paid off or discharged, and how much thereof shall then remain undischarged, upon the said Orders of Loan and Exchequer Bills respectively, or upon any or either of them; which Account shall be publicly affixed in the Office of the Auditor of the Receipt in the said Exchequer.

Unsatisfied
Monies to be
paid out of the
next Aid,

And it is hereby enacted and declared by the Authority aforesaid, That the Monies so remaining unsatisfied, or not discharged, with the Interest due or to grow due for the same, shall be paid and satisfied out of the next Aid or Aids to be granted in Parliament, after the said Twenty ninth Day of September, One thousand seven hundred and sixty, and shall be transferred thereunto,

as

as soon as such Aid or Aids shall be granted ; and if no such Aid or Aids shall be granted, whereunto such unsatisfied Monies shall be transferred, before the Twenty fourth Day of March, One thousand seven hundred and sixty, then the Monies so remaining unsatisfied and undischarged upon the said Exchequer Bills, or any of them, with the Interest due or to grow due for the same, shall be and are hereby charged and chargeable upon such Monies, as at any Time or Times shall be and remain in the same Receipt of the Surplusses, Excesses, Overplus Monies, and other Revenues composing the Sinking Fund (except such Monies of the said Sinking Fund as are appropriated to any particular Use or Uses, by any former Act or Acts of Parliament, in that Behalf) and such Monies of the said Sinking Fund shall and may be issued for supplying Money to the said Paymaster, for discharging the said unsatisfied Exchequer Bills in Course, as the said Commissioners of the Treasury, or the High Treasurer for the time being, shall direct, until all the Principal and Interest, which shall be or remain due upon the said Exchequer Bills, or any of them, shall be fully cleared and paid off, or Money sufficient shall be reserved for that Purpose ; and if at any Time or Times before or after any of the said Aids, Taxes, or Assessments hereby granted shall be brought into the Exchequer, as aforesaid, there shall happen to be a Want of Money for paying Interest, which shall be actually incurred and grown due upon the said Exchequer Bills, or any of them, or for Payment of any Premium or Rate, which shall be incurred and grown due by any Contract or Contracts to be made by virtue of this Act, for circulating and exchanging the same Bills ; that then, and in every such Case, the Money so wanted shall and may be supplied out of the Monies of the said Fund, commonly called The Sinking Fund (except before excepted) and be issued accordingly.

And whereas by reason of the Multiplicity of Payments, which are to be made in paying off such Exchequer Bills as shall be made forth by virtue of this Act, and otherwise in relation to the same, it will be difficult, if not impossible, that every particular Payment should be directed, recorded, paid, and accounted for, by the several Officers of the Receipt of the Exchequer, in the ordinary Course of Payments there used ; therefore, and to the end the Exchequer may regularly be discharged of all the Monies required by this Act to be applied for paying off the said Exchequer Bills, and other Charges attending the same, be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid,

Commission-
ers to appoint
Persons to pay
off Principal
Sums, which
shall from time
to time be in
Course of Pay-
ment upon Ex-
chequer Bills.

said, That the Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them now being, and the High Treasurer, or any Three or more of the Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, shall and may, from time to time, by Writing under his or their Hand or Hands, constitute and appoint such Person and Persons as he or they shall think fit, to be the Paymaster to pay off and discharge the Principal Sums which shall, from time to time, be in Course of Payment upon the said Exchequer Bills, or any of them, until they shall be paid off and discharged; and to pay the Premium or Premiums, Rate or Rates, which, according to any Contract or Contracts to be made, as is herein after mentioned, for exchanging and circulating the said Bills, or any of them, shall be due or payable to such Contractors; and to take in and put upon a File, from time to time, all such of the said Bills, as shall be paid off, to be cancelled, as the Commissioners of the Treasury, or the High Treasurer, or Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, shall direct; and to do and perform, or cause and procure to be done and performed, such other Matters and Things in relation to the said Bills, or the Principal and Interest therein to be contained, as to the said Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them now being, or to the High Treasurer, or any Three or more of the Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, shall seem meet, and be directed to be done and performed by such Paymaster for the time being; all which Payments shall be made by such Paymaster, from time to time, at an Office to be kept in or near the Receipt of the Exchequer at Westminster for that Purpose; and that the Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them now being, and the High Treasurer, or any Three or more of the Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, shall take, or cause to be taken, Security, according to the best of his or their Judgements, from all and every such Person and Persons so constituted, or to be constituted, for his or their due paying, answering, and accounting for all the said Monies which he or they shall receive, and for his and their true and faithful Performance of his or their Office or Offices, Trust or Trusts, before-mentioned.

Money, as
brought in, to
be paid to the
Paymasters.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them now being, and the High Treasurer, or any Three or more of the Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, once in every Week,

or oftener, as any of the Money by this Act appointed or intended to be applied for or towards paying off the said Exchequer Bills, or discharging any other the Payments relating thereunto, according to the Purport and true Meaning of this Act, shall be, or be brought into the Exchequer, or be or remain there, shall without any further or other Warrant to be sued for, had or obtained from His Majesty, His Heirs, or Successors, in that Behalf, issue, or cause to be issued, the same to such Paymaster for the time being, to be constituted as aforesaid, or to such Person or Persons as is or are already constituted as aforesaid, by way of Imprest and upon Account for or towards the paying off and discharging the said Exchequer Bills in such Course as aforesaid, and such other Payments relating to the said Exchequer Bills as are to be made by such Paymaster as aforesaid; and that such Paymaster shall, from time to time, apply all the Monies by him so to be received as he shall receive the same, from time to time, towards discharging the said Bills in Course, and other Payments hereby directed and allowed, according to the Purport and true Meaning of this present Act, and not otherwise.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all the said Bills to be made forth by virtue of this Act, shall be registered in Course, according to their Numbers, as aforesaid; and that the said Registers shall lie open in the publick Office of the said Paymaster for the time being; and a Table, to shew how far the said Bills shall be in Course of Payment, from time to time, shall be publickly affixed in the said Office; and that such Register and Table, or either of them, shall or may be viewed or inspected, at any seasonable Time or Times, by any Person or Persons desiring to view or inspect the same, without Fee or Charge; and that the said Bills shall be paid off and discharged in Course, according as their Numbers shall stand in the said Register; and the Monies by this Act appointed for Payment of the same, shall, in the same Order, be liable thereunto, without giving any undue Preference, in paying any Bill or Bills of any subsequent Number or Numbers, before any Bill or Bills of any antecedent Number or Numbers, and shall not be diverted or divertable to any Use, Intent, or Purpose whatsoever, other than the Uses and Purposes by this Act appointed for Application of the same: Nevertheless, in case it shall happen that several Bills in Course of Payment shall on the same Day be brought, and demanded to be paid off, it shall not be interpreted an undue Preference which of them the Paymaster or Paymasters do pay first, so as he or they do pay them all

The Bills to
be registered
in Course.

the same Day; and it shall not be interpreted an undue Preference to incur any Penalty in point of Payment, if the Paymaster or Paymasters do pay off the Bills to the Persons that bring their Bills, and demand their Money in Course, before others that do not bring their Bills, and demand their Money in Course, so as such Money be reserved as will satisfy precedent Bills, which shall not be otherwise disposed of, but kept for them.

When Interest
to cease.

And it is hereby enacted, That the Interest upon the said Bills shall cease from the respective Times that Money shall be reserved and kept in Bank for discharging the same.

Paymasters
liable to the
Controul of
the Treasury.

And be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Paymaster or Paymasters shall be subject and liable to such Inspection, Examination, Controul, and Audit, and to such Rules in respect to paying, accounting, and other Matters relating to the Execution of the said Office or Trust of Paymaster, as the Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them now being, or the High Treasurer, or any Three or more of the Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, shall think fit or reasonable to establish or appoint, from time to time, for the better Execution of the Intent and End of this Act, and the Satisfaction of the Proprietors of the said Bills.

Treasury to
settle Salaries
of Clerks, &c.

And be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That as well the Person or Persons constituted, or to be constituted to the said Office of Paymaster, as also the Person or Persons appointed or to be appointed to examine and controul the Receipts, Payments, and Doings of such Paymaster or Paymasters, shall respectively have and receive for the Services of themselves respectively, and of the Clerks and Substitutes to be employed under them respectively, and for such Charges as shall be necessarily incident to the Execution of their respective Offices, such Salaries, Rewards, and Allowances, as the Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them now being, or the High Treasurer, or any Three or more of the Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, shall judge to be reasonable, and direct in that Behalf, and to be allowed upon the proper Account or Accounts of the said Paymaster or Paymasters.

and to con-
tract with Per-
sons to circu-
late Bills, &c.

And, for the better supporting the Currency of the said Bills to be made forth by this Act, and to the end a sufficient Provision may be made for circulating and exchanging for ready Money, from time to time, the said Bills, or such of them as shall, from time to time, remain un-
discharged,

discharged, during such Time as they, or any of them, are to be current, be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them now being, or the High Treasurer, or any Three or more of the Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, on His Majesty's Behalf, shall and may, from time to time, enter into any Contract or Contracts, for obliging any Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politick or Corporate, who will voluntarily undertake this Service, at his or their own Costs or Charges, to circulate and exchange, at some publick Office in London or Westminster, for ready Money, from time to time, all such of the said Bills, which shall have been made forth by virtue of this Act, as shall be demanded at such publick Office, during the Time or respective Times of such Contract or Contracts, by paying in ready Money, at their own Costs and Charges, upon every such Demand, or within Twenty four Hours after, all the Principal Monies contained in every such Bill to be demanded, and the Interest which shall then be due thereupon, and so toties quoties, as often as any such Bill shall be demanded, the said Contractors or Undertakers, from time to time, upon exchanging every such Bill, taking in the Bill so exchanged for their own Use, and being allowed a Rate, or several Rates, not exceeding Three Pounds Ten Shillings per Centum per Annum, as well for paying the said Interest, at their own Costs, as also in reward for their Service, upon all the said Bills so undertaken to be circulated; which said respective Rate or Rates shall be paid as is herein after-mentioned; and the said Contract or Contracts shall be made in Writing, and registered in the Office of the Auditor of the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer, and shall be made to endure for such Time and Times respectively, as shall be agreed by the Contractors.

And it is hereby enacted, That such Contractors, or any of them, shall not, for that Cause only, be disabled from being a Member or Members of Parliament, or be adjudged liable to be a Bankrupt or Bankrupts, within the Intent and Meaning of all or any the Statutes made against or concerning Bankrupts; any Law, Statute, or Provision to the contrary notwithstanding.

Provided always, and be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That such Contractors, (with the Consent and Approbation of the Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them now being, or the High Treasurer, or any Three or more of the Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, and not otherwise) may,

Contractors
not disabled
from being
Members of
Parliament.

May lower or
raise the Inter-
est with Con-
sent of Treas-
ury.

may, at any Time or Times after the Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, by Writing to be affixed upon the Exchange of London, and by Publication in the London Gazette, declare and direct, if they shall so see Cause and think fit, the said Bills to be made forth by virtue of this Act, or any Number or Part of them, to carry a lower or higher Rate of Interest, than the said Rate of Three Pounds Ten Shillings per Centum per Annum, for such Time or Times as shall be mentioned in such Writing and Publication, as aforesaid: And for the greater Accommodation and Ease of paying the said Bills to be made forth by virtue of this Act, or any of them, to the Receivers and Collectors of the publick Revenues, and into the Receipt of the Exchequer, the said Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them, or the High Treasurer for the time being, have hereby Power, at the Request of such Contractors, to make forth, or cause to be made forth, any of the said Exchequer Bills without bearing any Interest; yet nevertheless those Bills so to be made forth without bearing any Interest, may, from time to time, be made to carry such Interest as the said Contractors shall, by Writing to be affixed on the Exchange of London, and published in the London Gazette, signify and declare in that Behalf.

Contractors
how to be paid.

And it is hereby enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them now being, or the High Treasurer, or any Three or more of the Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, shall cause the Monies which shall, from time to time, be incurred and grown due to such Contractors, upon such respective Rates or Premiums, not exceeding as aforesaid, to be paid out of the Monies which shall, from time to time, be issued to the said Paymaster or Paymasters, as aforesaid; any former Law or Statute to the contrary notwithstanding.

No Fee to be
taken.

And it is hereby enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Fee, Reward, or Gratuity, shall be demanded or taken, directly or indirectly, by any of His Majesty's Officers in the Exchequer, or by any of their Clerks or Substitutes, or by any such Paymaster or Comptroller, or by their or either of their Clerks or Substitutes, from any of His Majesty's Subjects, for any Matter or Thing to be done by the said Officers in the Exchequer, or by the said Paymaster or Comptroller, or any of them, their, or any of their Clerks or Substitutes respectively, in pursuance of this Act; and that no such Officer in the Exchequer, Paymaster or Comptroller, or any such Clerk

or Substitute, shall divert or misapply, or cause or procure to be diverted or misapplied, any of the Monies by this Act intended for the exchanging, circulating, and paying off the said Bills, or any of them, under such Penalties and Forfeitures to be incurred by, and inflicted on them respectively, as by this Act are prescribed and enacted for diverting and misapplying any the Monies of the said Aids, Taxes, or Assessments, hereby granted, or for taking or demanding any Fee, Reward, or Gratuity, concerning the same.

Provided always, and it is hereby enacted, That as often as any Interest upon any Exchequer Bill or Bills to be made forth by this Act, shall be demanded to be paid, the said Contractors or Paymasters shall not be obliged to pay for such Interest, to any lesser Sum than One Penny upon such Bill, in case a single Bill be produced, or for the Total of the Interest of such Bills, where Two or more shall be offered at One Time by the same Person; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

No Interest for less than One Penny.

Provided also, and it is hereby enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them now being, or the High Treasurer, or any Three or more of the Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, shall have Power, and he or they are hereby enabled to pay and allow, or cause to be paid and allowed, out of the Monies to arise of or for the said Aids, Taxes, or Assessments, hereby granted, or of or for the said Surpluses, Excesses, or Overplus Monies, and other Revenues composing the Sinking Fund, from time to time, the necessary Charges of making forth the new Exchequer Bills hereby authorized to be made forth, and such other Charges as shall be necessarily incident in or for the Execution of this Act, or any Part thereof, in relation to the said Bills; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Charges to be paid out of the Sinking Fund.

Provided always, and be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That whatever Monies shall be issued out of the said Surpluses, Excesses, or Overplus Monies, and other Revenues composing the Sinking Fund, shall, from time to time, be replaced by and out of the first Supplies to be then after granted in Parliament; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

To be replaced out of the first Supplies.

Provided also, and it is hereby enacted, That in case Proof shall be made on Oath of One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses, before the Lord Chief Baron and other the Barons of the Court of His Majesty's Court of Exchequer, or any of them, that any of the Bills, which

Clause for Relief for Bills lost or destroyed.

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THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO

Anno Regni GEORGI II. REGIS

Magnæ Britannicæ, Franciæ, & Hiberniæ,
TRICESIMO SECUNDO.

At the Parliament begun and holden at *Westminster*, the Thirty first Day of *May*, *Anno Dom.* 1754. in the Twenty seventh Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord *GEORGE* the Second, by the Grace of God, of *Great Britain, France,* and *Ireland*, King, Defender of the Faith, &c.

And from thence continued by several Prorogations to the Twenty third Day of *November*, 1758, being the Sixth Session of this present Parliament.



L O N D O N :

Printed by *Thomas Baskett*, Printer to the King's most Excellent Majesty; and by the Assigns of *Robert Baskett*. 1758.

ANNO DOMINI
1776
GEORGE III
REGIS

IN SENATU
PRAESIDIUM
HABITANT
SACRAE
MAGISTRATUS
CIVITATIS
LONDINENSIS
PRAESIDIUM
HABITANT
SACRAE
MAGISTRATUS
CIVITATIS
LONDINENSIS

IN SENATU
PRAESIDIUM
HABITANT
SACRAE
MAGISTRATUS
CIVITATIS
LONDINENSIS
PRAESIDIUM
HABITANT
SACRAE
MAGISTRATUS
CIVITATIS
LONDINENSIS



Anno tricesimo secundo

Georgii II. Regis.

An Act for continuing and granting to His Majesty certain Duties upon Malt, Mum, Cyder, and Perry, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine.

Most Gracious Sovereign,



E, Your Majesty's most dutiful Preamble.
and loyal Subjects, the Com-
mons of Great Britain in Par-
liament assembled, towards rais-
ing the necessary Supplies to de-
fray Your Majesty's publick Ex-
pences, have freely and volunta-
rily resolved to give and grant
unto Your Majesty, the Rates,
Duties, and Impositions herein
after-mentioned; and do most
humbly beseech Your Majesty,
that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's
most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Con-
sent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons,
in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority
of the same, That within and throughout that Part of
Great Britain called England, Wales, and Town of Berwick
upon Tweed, the severall and respective Rates, Duties, and
Impositions, for and upon all Malt, Mum, Cyder, and
Perry, which in and by one Act of Parliament passed in
the

Malt Act of
27 George II.
further conti-
nued to 24
June, 1763.

the Twenty seventh Year of His Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act for continuing and granting to His Majesty certain Duties upon Malt, Mum, Cyder, and Perry, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and fifty four; were granted or continued to His Majesty, until the Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and fifty five; and which by one other Act made and passed in the Twenty eighth Year of His Majesty's Reign, were granted or continued to His Majesty, until the Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and fifty six; and which by one other Act made and passed in the Twenty ninth Year of His Majesty's Reign, were granted or continued to His Majesty, until the Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and fifty seven; and which by one other Act made and passed in the Thirtieth Year of His Majesty's Reign, were granted or continued to His Majesty, until the Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and fifty eight; and which by one other Act made and passed in the Thirty first Year of His Majesty's Reign, were granted or continued to His Majesty, until the Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, shall be further continued in like Manner, and shall be and are by this Act charged for and upon all Malt which shall be made, and all Mum which shall be made and imported, and all Cyder and Perry which shall be made for Sale, within that Part of Great Britain called England, Wales, and the Town of Berwick upon Tweed, from and after the Twenty third Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, and before the Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and sixty.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That within and throughout that Part of the Kingdom of Great Britain called Scotland, there shall be raised, levied, collected, paid, and satisfied, unto and for the Use of His Majesty, His Heirs, and Successors, for and upon all Malt, Mum, Cyder, and Perry, the several and respective Rates, Duties, and Impositions, herein after mentioned; that is to say,

Malt in Scot-
land to pay
3d. per Bushel.

For and upon every Bushel of Malt, which at any Time or Times, from and after the Twenty third Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, and before the Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and sixty, shall be made of Barley, or any other Corn or Grain, in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, by any Person or Persons whatsoever (whether the same shall be or not be for Sale) the Sum of Three Pence; and so proportionably

proportionably for a greater or less Quantity, to be paid by the Maker or Makers thereof respectively.

For every Barrel of Hum, which at any Time or Times, from and after the said Twenty third Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, and before the said Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and sixty, shall be made or imported within that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, the Sum of Ten Shillings, over and above all Duties payable for the same.

Mum 10 s.
per Barrel.

For all Cyder and Perry which at any Time or Times, from and after the said Twenty third Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, and before the said Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and sixty, shall be made for Sale within that Part of Great Britain called Scotland (over and above all other Duties payable for Cyder and Perry made and sold by Retail) the Sum of Four Shillings for every Hoghead, and so in Proportion for a greater or less Quantity, to be paid by the respective first Buyers or Retailers thereof.

Cyder and
Perry made for
Sale, 4 s. per
Hoghead.

Which said several and respective Duties by this Act granted and continued respectively, shall be raised, levied, collected, and paid unto His Majesty, His Heirs, and Successors, during the Time and Term aforesaid, by the same Ways, Means, and Methods, and by such Rules and Directions, and with such and the like Allowances and Repayments proportionably, and under such Penalties and Forfeitures, and with such Power of Mitigation, and other Powers, in all Respects, not otherwise directed by this Act, as are prescribed, mentioned, or expressed in the said former Act, or in any other Act or Acts of Parliament thereby referred unto, or any of them, for and concerning the Duties by them, or any of them, granted or continued; and that the same Act formerly made and passed, and the said other Acts hereby referred unto, as for and concerning the said Duties upon Salt, Hum, Cyder, and Perry, and every Article, Rule, Clause, Matter, and Thing, in them, and every or any of them contained, or thereby referred unto, and now being in Force, and not otherwise altered by this Act, shall be and continue in full Force and Effect, to all Intents and Purposes, for raising, levying, collecting, securing, and accounting for the Rates, Duties, and Impositions hereby granted and continued respectively, and for levying and recovering the Penalties and Forfeitures, and making any Mitigations and

How these
Duties are to
be raised, &c.

proportional Allowances, and all other Matters and Things, during the Continuance of this Act, as fully as if the same were particularly and at large repeated in the Body of this present Act.

And whereas it is the true Intent and Meaning of this present Act, That the full and entire Sum of Twenty thousand Pounds, of lawful Money of Great Britain, clear of all Charges and Expences of Management and Collection, shall be raised out of that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, by the said Duties upon Hum, Cyder, and Perry, to be charged there, as aforesaid, and by a Salt Tax to be raised and levied as in England, by a Duty of Three Pence per Bushel on all Salt made and consumed in Scotland; and in case the said Duties upon Hum, Cyder, and Perry, and the said Duty of Three Pence per Bushel upon Salt, to be charged in Scotland, by virtue of this Act, being duly surveyed and collected, shall not be sufficient effectually to raise and answer the said Sum of Twenty thousand Pounds in neat Money, after all Charges and Deductions whatsoever, that such Deficiency shall be made good by a Surcharge to be made upon all Makers of Salt in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, in Proportion to the Salt they shall respectively make between the Twenty third Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, and the Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and sixty; be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That after the Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and sixty, in case it shall appear to the Commissioners of Excise for the time being, in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, that the said Duties upon Hum, Cyder, and Perry, and upon Salt made in Scotland, by this Act granted as aforesaid, shall not be sufficient to answer the clear Sum of Twenty thousand Pounds as aforesaid; then, and in such Case, it shall and may be lawful for the said last-mentioned Commissioners of Excise, and the Officers under them, to make a proportionable Surcharge upon all and every the Person and Persons who shall have made any Salt in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, within the Year ending the Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and sixty, or so much Money, by way of additional Duty upon all the Salt made by such Person or Persons respectively, as shall make good such Person or Persons proportional Part of such Deficiency; which said Surcharges shall be paid to the respective Collectors of the

20,000 l. to be
raised in Scot-
land.

the said Duties on Malt, by the respective Persons on whom the same shall be so made, within One Month after the same shall be so surcharged; or in Default thereof, the respective Person or Persons who shall neglect or refuse to make such Payment, shall forfeit Treble the Sum upon him, her, or them, respectively surcharged as aforesaid; to be recovered in such Manner as the Duty of Three Pence per Bushel may be recovered by virtue of this Act, or any other Act or Acts of Parliament herein before recited or referred unto; which said Surcharge by way of additional Duty, for making good the Deficiency of the said Sum of Twenty thousand Pounds (if any such Deficiency there shall be) shall be computed and settled as followeth; that is to say, As the particular Quantity of Malt made by each such Malster or Maker of Malt in Scotland within the said Year, ending the Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and sixty, shall bear Proportion to the whole Quantity of Malt made in Scotland within the same Year, so the particular Surcharge to be made upon such particular Malster or Maker of Malt, for or towards making good the said Deficiency, shall bear Proportion to the whole Sum which shall be found to be so deficient as aforesaid.

Provided nevertheless, and be it declared by the Authority aforesaid, That if the said Rate of Three Pence per Bushel shall produce a greater Sum than the said Sum of Twenty thousand Pounds, clear of all Charges of Management, the Surplusage so produced, over and above the said clear Sum of Twenty thousand Pounds, shall be wholly applied towards the encouraging and promoting the Fisheries, and such other Manufactures and Improvements in Scotland, as may most conduce to the general Good of the United Kingdom, and to no other Use, Intent, or Purpose whatsoever; in such Manner as directed by an Act passed in the Thirteenth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the First, intituled, An Act for encouraging and promoting Fisheries, and other Manufactures and Improvements in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland.

And it is hereby declared and enacted, That in all Cases where the herein before recited Act of the Twenty seventh Year of His present Majesty's Reign, did relate to any Day or Time within the Year, which commenced from the Twenty third Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and fifty four, this present Act doth and shall relate to the like Day and Time within the Year, commenced

Overplus to
be applied to
the Fisheries,
&c.

This Act to
relate to the
same Day and
Time as the
Act 27 Geo. II.
did.

menced from the said Twenty third Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine.

Malt brought
from Scotland
by Sea, to be
entered at the
Port of land-
ing.

And it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all Malt made in Scotland, not to be consumed there, which at any Time or Times between the Twenty third Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, and the Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and sixty, shall be brought into England, Wales, or the Town of Berwick upon Tweed, shall, in case the same be brought by Sea, be entered with the Officer for the said Duties of the Port where the same shall be so brought into England, Wales, or the Town of Berwick upon Tweed aforesaid; and the Sum of Six Pence per Bushel for the Duties thereof, shall be paid to such Officer before landing thereof, unless a Certificate from the proper Officer be produced, that it hath paid the said Duty of Three Pence per Bushel in Scotland; and if such Certificate be produced, there shall be only paid Three Pence per Bushel for such Malt so brought into England; and in case the same shall be brought by Land, such Malt shall pass and be carried by and through the Towns of Berwick or Carlisle, and there entered with the Officer for the said Duties in such of the said Towns, by or through which such Malt shall be so carried; and the like Duty of Six Pence per Bushel for the same shall be paid down in ready Money, unless such Certificate be produced as aforesaid; but upon producing thereof, then only Three Pence per Bushel shall be paid to such Officer, on Pain of forfeiting all such Malt, or the Value thereof, as shall be landed or put on Shore, or brought into England without such Entry or Payment of Duties, as aforesaid: And in case any Malt made in Scotland shall, during the said Term, be found coming out of Scotland, or be brought from thence by Land, by or beyond the Towns before-mentioned, without Entry or Payment of the Duties thereof, then all such Malt, or the Value thereof, shall be forfeited, and may be seized by any Officer of Excise, for His Majesty's Use; One Moiety of the aforesaid Forfeiture to be and go to the King's Majesty, and the other Moiety thereof to such Person or Persons as shall inform, seize, or sue for the same, or the Value thereof; and to be recovered and levied by such Ways, Means, and Methods, as any Penalties and Forfeitures are by this or any the former Acts, relating to the Malt Duties, to be recovered and levied; or by Action of Debt, or upon the Case, Bill, Plaint,

Brought by
Land, to be
entered at
Berwick or
Carlisle.

or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, wherein no Essoin, Protection, Privilege, Wager of Law, or more than One Imparance shall be allowed.

Provided always, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend to charge with the said Four Shillings per Hoghead by this Act laid on Cyder and Perry, any Cyder or Perry sold to any Distiller or Maker of Strong Waters, for such Cyder or Perry as shall be used for Distilling only; any thing in this Act, or any former Act, to the contrary notwithstanding.

Cyder for distilling not chargeable.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, all and every Distiller or Distillers that shall receive any Quantity of Cyder or Perry into his, her, or their Custody, shall give Notice in Writing to the proper Officer, under whose Survey any such Distiller shall reside, Forty eight Hours before he, she, or they, shall begin to put any Quantity whatsoever of the same into any Still or Stills to be drawn into Low Wines or Spirits; and if any such Distiller or Distillers shall neglect or omit to give such Notice, or if it shall appear that any Quantity whatsoever of such Cyder or Perry hath been disposed of, or made use of, by any such Distiller or Distillers, in any other Way, but in Distillation only, he, she, or they, shall respectively forfeit and lose the Sum of Five Pounds; which said Sum of Five Pounds shall be sued for, levied, recovered, and mitigated, by such Ways and Means, as any Penalty or Fine for any Offence committed by any Person or Persons against any of the Laws of Excise can or may be sued for, levied, recovered, and mitigated, or by Action of Debt, Bill, Complaint, or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster; and that One Moiety thereof shall be to His Majesty, His Heirs, and Successors, and the other Moiety thereof to such Person or Persons as will prosecute, inform, or sue for the same.

Distiller to give Notice to Officer when he distills Cyder.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, there shall be allowed to Hauliers and Makers of Malt for Exportation, for every Twenty Quarters of Barley, or other Corn or Grain that shall be entered and made into Malt for Exportation, in Cases where by Law any Bounty is allowable on the Exportation of Malt, an Allowance of Thirty Quarters, after the same shall be dried and made into Malt, and no more,

Allowances for Exportation of Malt.

i. W. & M.

upon the Exportation thereof, though by their steeping, wetting, or watering the same, the said Twenty Quarters shall be run out to any greater Quantity exceeding the said Thirty Quarters, according to an Act of Parliament made in the First Year of the Reign of Their late Majesties King William and Queen Mary, intituled, An Act for encouraging the Exportation of Corn; and in such Cases where, by the aforesaid Act of Parliament, they are intituled to the same; and so in Proportion for a greater or less Quantity.

On Certificate
of Malt being
exported, and
Security, Al-
lowance to be
paid.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, if any Person or Persons who shall export any Malt into foreign Parts, shall produce a Certificate or Certificates from the Officer or Officers, with whom the Entry of the Corn or Grain intended to have been made into Malt shall have been made, of the particular Sum or Sums of Money that such Person or Persons is or are intituled to receive, according to the aforesaid Allowance of Thirty Quarters of Malt for every Twenty Quarters of Corn or Grain, and so in Proportion for a greater or less Quantity, that shall have been entered to be made into Malt for Exportation (which Certificates the said Officers are hereby upon Demand required to give gratis) and upon such Person or Persons giving sufficient Security before the Shipping thereof for Exportation, that the particular Quantity of Malt which shall be intended to be exported as aforesaid, or any Part thereof, shall not be relanded, or brought again into any Part or Parts of Great Britain (which Security the Customer or Collector of the Port where the same is intended to be exported, is hereby directed and authorized to take in His Majesty's Name, and to His Majesty's Use) then the Collector or Chief Officer of the Port where such Malt shall be exported, shall give to the Exporter thereof, a Certificate or Debenture directed to the proper Person or Persons by whom the said Allowance by the aforesaid Act of Parliament is directed to be paid; which Certificate or Debenture being produced to such Person or Persons, he is hereby required to pay such Allowance to the Persons or their Agents so exporting the same.

Penalty on re-
landing.

Provided always, That if after the Shipping of any such Malt to be exported, and the giving such Security as aforesaid, in order to obtain the aforesaid Allowance, the Malt so shipped to be exported, or any Part thereof, shall be relanded in any Part of Great Britain; that then, and in every such Case, over and above the Penalty of the

the Bond, which shall be levied and recovered to His Majesty's Use, all the Malt which shall be reloaded, and Treble the Value thereof, shall be forfeited; that is to say, One moiety thereof to the King, and the other moiety thereof to the Person or Persons who shall seize, inform, or sue for the same.

And whereas Malsters, and Makers of Malt for Exportation, do frequently mix the Produce of Two or more Steepings of Corn or Grain, that have been entered to be made into Malt for Exportation, on or as soon as it comes off from the Kiln, by reason whereof the Officers for the Duties on Malt cannot ascertain the real Produce thereof; by which Means great Quantities of each Steeping of such Malt are or may be privately conveyed away, and made use of for Home Consumption, though the same has not been charged with the Duty, as all Malt made for Home Consumption ought to be; be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, all and every Malster or Malsters, Maker or Makers of Malt for Exportation, shall keep the whole and intire Quantity of his, her, or their Corn or Grain making into Malt for Exportation, of One Steeping or Wetting, when the same shall be on the Kiln, or after the same shall be taken off the Kiln, separate and apart from all and every Part of any other former Steeping or Wetting of Corn or Grain, until the same shall have been measured by such Malsters or Makers of Malt, in the Presence of some Officer or Officers for the Duty upon Malt, on Pain of forfeiting and losing the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

Malt steeping for Exportation to be kept separate till measured.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, all such Malsters, or Makers of Malt for Exportation, shall give Notice in Writing to some Officer or Officers of the Duties upon Malt, or shall leave Notice in Writing at the next Office of Excise where the Journal is kept, of the Hour when he, she, or they shall intend to take any Malt off the Kiln or Kilns, that such Officer or Officers may attend the measuring of such Malt; and after such Malt has been measured, the same shall be immediately carried on Shipboard, if intended to be then exported; or else shall be immediately locked up and secured in some Storehouse, or other Place, belonging to such Malsters, or Makers of Malt, in the Presence of the said Officer or Officers, on Pain of forfeiting the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

Malsters to give Notice to Officers, &c.

Penalty on
opening the
Locks, &c.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, if any such Malster or Malsters, or Maker or Makers of Malt, or any other Person or Persons whatsoever, by his Order, Privy, or Directions, after any Steeping or Making of Malt shall have been locked up and secured in any Storehouse, or other Place or Places, in Manner as aforesaid, shall open any of the Locks or Doors, or shall make any Way or Kind of Entrance into such Storehouse, or other Place or Places, or shall remove any Part whatsoever of the Partition between any such Storehouse or Place, or any other Place or Places whatsoever, next thereunto adjoining, or shall remove out of the said Storehouse, or other Place, any Quantity whatsoever of the Malt that has been so locked up and secured, without the Knowledge and Consent of, or without first having given Notice to, some Officer or Officers for the said Duties; he, she, or they, shall respectively forfeit and lose the Sum of One hundred Pounds.

Malsters, on
24 June, 1759,
to clear out of
their Ware-
houses all Malt
within Fifteen
Months.

And the better to enable the Officers for the Duties upon Malt to discover whether all such Malt made for Exportation, and that has been locked up and secured in any Storehouse, or other Place or Places, to be exported, has been really exported; be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all and every such Malster or Malsters, Maker or Makers of Malt, that on the said Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, shall have any Quantity of Malt locked up and secured in any Storehouse, or any other Place or Places, as is before directed to be exported, shall, within Fifteen Months next after the said Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, remove and clear out of his Storehouse, or other Place or Places, all and every Part and Parcel thereof, that at any Time after the said Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, shall be locked up and secured in such Storehouse, or other Place, in order to be exported; and shall always, from time to time, in every Fifteen Months, remove and clear out of such Storehouse, or other Place or Places, in order to be exported, all and every Part and Parcel of Malt, that at any Time within every Fifteen Months after the last Clearing, shall be locked up and secured in any Storehouse, or in any other Place or Places that shall be made use of by him, her, or them, for the keeping of Malt for Exportation, on Pain of forfeiting and losing the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

And

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, all and every Person or Persons whatsoever, that shall become Malsters, or Makers of Malt for Exportation, and shall make use of any Storehouse or Storehouses, Place or Places, for the keeping of Malt for Exportation, shall, within Fifteen Months after the Beginning to make use of any such Storehouse or Storehouses, or such other Place or Places, remove and clear out of such Places, to be exported, all and every Part and Parcel of such Malt, that at any Time or Times shall have been put into such Place or Places, within Fifteen Months after he, she, or they shall have begun to make use of such Place or Places; and shall always, from time to time, remove and clear out of such Storehouse, or other Place, to be exported, all and every Quantity of Malt whatever, that within every Fifteen Months after the last Clearing shall at any Time be locked up and secured in such Storehouse or Storehouses, or in any other Place or Places that shall be made use of by him, her, or them, for the keeping of Malt made for Exportation, on Pain of forfeiting and losing the Sum of Fifty Pounds.

And so all future Malsters.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all Fines, Penalties, and Forfeitures, for any Offences against this Act, shall be sued for, levied, and recovered, or mitigated by the same Ways, Means, and Methods, as any Penalty or Forfeiture given by any of the Laws of Excise upon Beer, Ale, and other Liquors, can or may be sued for, levied, recovered, or mitigated, or by any Law or Laws of Excise, or by Action of Debt, Bill, Complaint, or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster; and that One Society of such Fines, Penalties, and Forfeitures, shall be to the Use of His Majesty, His Heirs, and Successors, and the other Society to him or them that shall discover, inform, or sue for the same.

Penalties how to be recovered.

Provided always, and it is hereby enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to charge any Person or Persons with the Duty upon Cyder or Perry, such Person or Persons buying the same for his or their private Use only, and not being a Dealer or Dealers in Cyder or Perry, or a Retailer or Retailers thereof.

Buyers of Cyder or Perry for their private Use, not to be charged.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every Person or Persons whatsoever, who shall, after the Twenty fifth Day of March, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, sell any Quantity of Cyder

Persons selling less than 20 Gallons, to be deemed Retailers.

or Perry, or either of them, in less Quantity than Twenty Gallons at a Time, whether the same be made from Fruit of his, her, or their own Growth, or from bought Fruit, shall be deemed and taken to be a Dealer in Cyder and Perry, and a Retailer thereof, and shall be subject and liable to the Duty of Four Shillings per Hoghead for such Quantity of Cyder and Perry so sold, over and above all other Duties payable for Cyder and Perry sold by Retail; and that every Dealer in, and Retailer of, Cyder and Perry, and other Person and Persons receiving into his, her, or their Custody or Custodies, any Quantity of Cyder and Perry, or either of them, for Sale, and every Person and Persons who shall buy any Fruit to make into Cyder or Perry or either of them, for Sale, shall make a true and particular Entry in Writing of the several and respective Storehouses, Rooms, Cellars, Vaults, and other Place and Places by him, her, or them, respectively made use of for the making and keeping of Cyder and Perry, or either of them, at the Office of Excise, within the Compass or Limits whereof such respective Storehouses, Rooms, Cellars, Vaults, and other Place or Places shall be situated, on Pain of forfeiting the Sum of Fifty Pounds for every such Storehouse, Room, Cellar, Vault, or other Place, which, from and after the said Twenty fifth Day of March, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, shall be made use of by any such Dealer or Retailer, Receiver or Maker respectively, without making such Entry thereof as aforesaid; and that all Duties, Fines, Penalties, and Forfeitures, by this Act imposed, shall be sued for, levied, recovered, or mitigated, by such Ways, Means, and Methods, as any Duty, Fine, Penalty, or Forfeiture, is or may be recovered or mitigated by any Law or Laws of Excise, or by Action of Debt, Bill, Complaint, or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster; and that One Moiety of every such Fine, Penalty, or Forfeiture, shall be to His Majesty, His Heirs, and Successors, and the other Moiety to him, her, or them, that shall discover, inform, or sue for the same; and if any Person or Persons shall at any Time be sued for any Thing done by him, her, or them, in pursuance of this Act, he and they shall and may plead the General Issue, and give this Act for his or their Defence; and if upon the Trial a Verdict shall pass for the Defendant, or the Plaintiff shall be nonsuited, then such Defendant or Defendants shall have Treble Costs to him, her, or them awarded, against such Plaintiff or Plaintiffs.

And

And it is hereby also enacted, That there shall be provided and kept in the Office of the Auditor of the Receipt of the Exchequer One Book or Register, in which all the Orders for Money payable by this Act shall be entered and registered; and that it shall and may be lawful to and for any Person or Persons, Natives or Foreigners, Bodies Politick or Corporate, to advance or lend to His Majesty at the said Receipt, upon Credit of the said Duties upon Salt, Gum, Cyder, and Perry, by this Act granted, any Sum or Sums of Money, not exceeding in the whole the Sum of Seven hundred and fifty thousand Pounds; which Lenders shall have Interest for their Forbearance of their respective Loans not exceeding the Rate of Three Pounds Ten Shillings per Centum per Annum, so as such Loans be allowed to be made by the Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them now being, or by the High Treasurer, or any Three or more of the Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, who are hereby authorized to issue their Warrants for that Purpose, as fast as such Loans shall be wanted for the Publick Service; the said Interest to be paid every Three Months from the making of such Loans, until Satisfaction of the Principal Sums respectively; and that no Money so to be lent, shall be rated or assessed to any Tax or Assessment whatsoever; and that every such Lender shall immediately have a Talley of Loan struck for the Money by him, her, or them lent, and an Order of the same Date for Repayment thereof, with such Interest as aforesaid; and that all such Orders shall be registered in Course according to their Dates; and all Persons thereupon shall be paid in Course as their Orders shall stand registered, so as the Person or Persons, Natives or Foreigners, his, her, or their Executors, Administrators, or Assigns, whose Order shall be first registered, shall be accounted the Person or Persons to be first paid, and so successively in Course; and that the Monies to come in by this Act of the said Duties, shall be in the same Order liable to the Satisfaction of the said respective Persons, their Executors, Administrators, or Assigns successively, without undue Preference of one before another, and not otherwise; and shall not be diverted or divertible to any other Use, Intent, or Purpose whatsoever; and that no Fee, Reward, or Gratuity, directly or indirectly, be demanded or taken for providing or making any such Books or Registers, or any Entries, Views, or Searches, in or for Payment of Money lent, or the Interest thereof, as aforesaid, by any of His Majesty's

Clause of Loan
at 3*l.* 10*s.* per
Cent.

Tallies of
Loan to be
struck, &c.

Orders regi-
stered and paid
in Course.

No Fee for re-
gistering, &c.

Penalty for
undue Pre-
ference.

jesty's Officer or Officers, their Clerks or Deputies, on Pain of Payment of Treble Damages to the Party grieved, by the Party offending, with Full Costs of Suit; or if the Officer himself take or demand any such Fee or Reward, then to forfeit his Place also; and if any undue Preference of one before another shall be made in Point of Registry or Payment, contrary to the true Meaning of this Act, by any such Officer or Officers, then the Party offending shall be liable by Action of Debt, or on the Case, to pay the Value of the Debt, with Full Costs of Suit, to the Party aggrieved, and be forejudged of his Place or Office; and if such Preference be unduly made by any his Deputy or Clerk, without Direction or Privy of his Master, then such Deputy or Clerk only shall be liable to such Action, Debt, Damages, and Costs, and shall be for ever incapable of his Place or Office; and in case the Auditor of the Receipt shall not direct, or the Clerk of the Pells record, or the Tellers make Payment, according to each Person's due Place and Order, as before directed; then he or they shall be adjudged to forfeit, and the respective Deputies or Clerks, therein offending, to be liable to such Action, Debt, Damages, and Costs, in such Manner as aforesaid: All which said Penalties, Forfeitures, Damages, and Costs, to be incurred by any the Officers of the Exchequer, or any their Deputies or Clerks, shall and may be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Complaint, or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster; wherein no Essoin, Protection, Privilege, Wager of Law, Injunction, or Order of Restraint, shall be in any wise granted or allowed.

No undue
Preference,
where Tallies
are dated or
brought the
same Day:

Provided always, That if it shall happen that several Tallies of Loan, or Orders for Payment, as aforesaid, bear Date, or be brought the same Day to the Auditor of the Receipt to be registered, then it shall be interpreted no undue Preference, which of those be entered first, so as he enters them all the same Day.

Nor if subse-
quent Orders
be paid before
such as were
not demanded
in Course.

Provided also, That it shall not be interpreted any undue Preference, to incur any Penalty in point of Payment, if the Auditor direct, and the Clerk of the Pells record, and the Tellers do pay subsequent Orders to Persons that come and demand their Monies, and bring their Orders, before other Persons who did not come to take their Monies, and bring their Orders in Course; so as there be so much Money reserved as will satisfy precedent Orders; which shall not be otherwise disposed of, but kept for them; Interest upon Loan being to cease from the Time the Money is so reserved and kept in Bank for them.

And
d

And be it further enacted, That all and every Per-
son and Persons to whom any Money shall be due for
Loans by virtue of this Act, after Order entered in the
Book of Register aforesaid, his, her, or their Executors,
Administrators, or Assigns, by proper Words of Assign-
ment to be indorsed on his, her, or their Order, may
assign and transfer his, her, or their Right, Title, Interest,
and Benefit of such Order, or any Part thereof, to any
other; which being notified in the Office of the Auditor
of the Receipt aforesaid, and an Entry or Memorial
thereof also made in the Book of Registry as aforesaid for
Orders (which the Officers shall upon Request, without
Fee or Charge, accordingly make) shall intitle such As-
signee, his, her, or their Executors, Administrators, Suc-
cessors, or Assigns, to the Benefit thereof, and Payment
thereon; and such Assignee may in like Manner assign
again, and so toties quoties; and afterwards it shall not be
in the Power of such Person or Persons who have
or hath made such Assignment, to make void, release, or
discharge the same, or any the Monies thereby due, or any
Part thereof.

Orders assign-
able.

And to the end there may be no Want or Failure of a
certain Sum, not to exceed in the whole Seven hundred
and fifty thousand Pounds, to be raised, either by such
Loans as aforesaid, or by issuing Exchequer Bills, as is
herein after-mentioned, or by both or either of those Ways
or Means, for the Publick Service; be it further provided
and enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in case the
Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three
or more of them now being, or the High Treasurer, or any
Three or more of the Commissioners of the Treasury for
the time being, shall judge it more adviseable to raise the
said Sum of Seven hundred and fifty thousand Pounds,
or any Part thereof, by Exchequer Bills, instead of such
Loans as aforesaid, that then they respectively are hereby
authorized and impowered at any Time or Times, at
once, or by such Proportions at a Time, as they re-
spectively shall find to be most for the Advantage of
the Publick, to prepare and make, or cause to be
prepared and made, at the Exchequer, in such Method
and Form as they or he shall think most safe and conve-
nient, any Number of new Exchequer Bills, containing
One common Sum, or different Sums, in the Principal
Monies, so that in case there shall be no Loans made,
then all the Principal Sums to be contained in the said
Bills to be made forth by this Act, shall not exceed Seven
hundred and fifty thousand Pounds; and in case any such
Loans shall be made as aforesaid, then all the Principal

Commissioners
impowered to
prepare any
Number of
new Exche-
quer Bills,
containing
One common
Sum, or diffe-
rent Sums, in
the Principal
Monies.

Sums to be contained in the said Bills to be made forth by this Act, together with such Loans so made, shall not exceed the said Sum of Seven hundred and fifty thousand Pounds.

Bills to bear
Interest at 3 l.
10 s. per Cent.
per Ann.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Bills to be prepared and made in pursuance of this Act, shall and may bear an Interest not exceeding the Rate of Three Pounds Ten Shillings per Centum per Annum, and proportionably for any greater or less Sum to be contained therein, and to be payable to the Bearers thereof respectively; nevertheless the said Interest shall be abated and saved upon such of the said Bills to be made forth by this Act, as shall at any Time or Times be in the Receipt of the Exchequer, or in the Hands or Power of any Receivers or Collectors of any Taxes, Aids, or Revenues whatsoever, payable to His Majesty, His Heirs, or Successors, during such Time and Times respectively, as such Bills shall be or remain in the said Receipt, or in such Hands or Power as aforesaid.

These Bills to
be numbered
arithmetical-
ly.

And it is hereby enacted, That all the said Bills, so to be prepared and made, shall be numbered arithmetically, beginning with N^o I. and so proceeding in an arithmetical Progression ascending, wherein the common Excess or Difference shall always be One, and shall be registered accordingly, so that the Principal Sum to be contained in every such Bill (after Repayment of the Loans which shall have been made as aforesaid, if any such be, with the Interest thereof, or reserving Money sufficient for that Purpose) may regularly be paid off, and discharged in Course, according to the Number of every such Bill, as it shall stand in the said Register; and that the Interest upon all and every the said Bills shall be payable every Three Months, according to the Purport and true Meaning of this Act; and that upon every such Bill there shall be indorsed, printed, or written, in Words at Length, or in Figures, the Sum, after which the Principal to be contained therein shall be payable in such Course, as aforesaid, according to the Purport and true Meaning of this Act.

Treasury to
direct the
Course of Pay-
ment for Loans
or Exchequer
Bills,

Provided always, and be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in case the said Sum, not exceeding Seven hundred and fifty thousand Pounds, shall be raised partly by Loans, and partly by Exchequer Bills, according to the Powers before given by this Act; that then, and in such Case, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them now being, or the High Treasurer, or any Three or more of the Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, when and as often

as they shall, by virtue of the said Powers, direct any such Loans to be taken, or any such Exchequer Bills to be made out, at the same Time also to direct and appoint the Course and Order in which such Loans or Exchequer Bills shall stand upon the said Register, and after what Sum they shall respectively begin to be payable in Course, out of the Monies arising by this Act, so as no subsequent Loans or Exchequer Bills be made to alter the Course at first appointed for prior Loans or Exchequer Bills, at the Time of taking in, or making out, such prior Loans or Exchequer Bills; any thing herein before contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

And it is hereby further enacted, That all the said Bills shall be prepared and made with such Cheques, Indents, or Counterfoils, as shall be directed by the Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them now being, or by the High Treasurer, or any Three or more of the Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being; and that the Person or Persons appointed, or who shall be appointed to pay off the said Bills in Course, shall, from time to time, have the Use and Custody of One Part of all the Cheques, Indents, or Counterfoils of the said Exchequer Bills, to be prepared and made by virtue of this Act, from which the said Bills shall have been cut, to prevent his or their being imposed upon by counterfeit or forged Bills; and that the Undertakers or Contractors for exchanging or circulating the said Bills, or such of them as shall be current, shall, from time to time, have the Use and Custody of One other Part of all the said Cheques, Indents, or Counterfoils of the said Exchequer Bills, from which the same shall have been cut off, as aforesaid, in order to prevent their being imposed upon by any counterfeit or forged Bills; and that all the said Parts of the said Cheques, Indents, or Counterfoils, shall be delivered back into the Exchequer when the said Bills to be made forth by virtue of this Act shall be paid off, cancelled, and discharged.

and to appoint
Cheques, &c.

And it is hereby enacted, That the said Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them now being, and the said High Treasurer, or any Three or more of the Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, shall, and they are hereby respectively authorized and empowered to cause such Bills as shall be prepared by virtue of this Act, to be placed as so much Cash in the respective Offices of the Tellers of the said Receipt of Exchequer, each and every of which Tellers shall be severally charged with the Proportion of the said Bills, which shall be so placed in his Office respectively; any Law or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

The Bills to
be placed as
Cash in the
Exchequer.

And

Clauses in the
Land Tax Act
relating to Ex-
chequer Bills,
extended to
this.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all the said Bills to be issued as aforesaid, shall be current in like Manner, and with such Privileges and Advantages, and subject to such Rules and Directions, as are prescribed and enacted by an Act of this present Session of Parliament, intituled, An Act for granting an Aid to His Majesty by a Land Tax, to be raised in *Great Britain*, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, for or concerning the Exchequer Bills thereby authorized to be made forth; and that all and every the Clauses and Provisoos in the said last-mentioned Act relating to the currency, exchanging, or receiving the same last-mentioned Exchequer Bills, by any publick Receivers of Aids, Taxes, or Supplies, or in His Majesty's Receipt of the Exchequer, or for preventing the forging, counterfeiting, or altering the same Bills, or for making out new Bills in the room of such as shall be filled up with Indorsements, lost, burnt, defaced, or otherwise destroyed, or for making out Exchequer Bills of Five thousand Pounds each, or for making out Exchequer Bills without bearing Interest, or for making them afterwards to bear an Interest, or a higher or lower Rate of Interest, from time to time, as the Contractors shall agree to, or for preventing any Misapplication of the Fund on which the same are charged, or any other Misbehaviour of any Officers concerned in the receiving, issuing, exchanging, paying off, or cancelling the same last-mentioned Exchequer Bills, or for enabling the Commissioners of the Treasury, or the High Treasurer for the time being, to contract, from time to time, with any Person or Persons, Body or Bodies Politick or Corporate, for Payment of the Interest of, or exchanging for ready Money, on Demand, the Exchequer Bills thereby authorized to be issued, at a Rate or Premium not exceeding Three Pounds Ten Shillings per Centum per Annum, or for preventing any Disabilities in such Contractors, or for making them not liable to be Bankrupts on Account of such Contracts, or for appointing a Paymaster or Paymasters for paying off or cancelling the same Exchequer Bills in due Course and Order, shall be extended, and construed to extend, as well to the Exchequer Bills by this Act authorized to be made forth, as to the Exchequer Bills to be made forth in pursuance of the said Act for granting an Aid to His Majesty by a Land Tax, as amply, fully, and effectually, to all Intents and Purposes, as if the same Clauses or Provisoos had been particularly repeated and re-enacted verbatim in this Act.

And

And to the End the same Bills, or so many of them, as shall, from time to time remain undischarged, may the better obtain a Currency for such Time as they, or any of them, are hereby intended to be current; be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Money which shall, from time to time, arise at the said Receipt of the Exchequer, of or for the Rates and Duties by this Act granted, shall, from time to time, as the same shall arise at the said Receipt, be issued and applied at the said Receipt for or towards paying off and discharging the Orders of Loan for the Monies which shall have been lent at the said Receipt, and for satisfying the Interest thereof, in such Course, Manner, and Form, as are before in this Act prescribed and appointed for that Purpose, until all the Principal and Interest payable upon such Orders of Loan shall be fully satisfied, or sufficient Money shall be reserved in the Exchequer for the full Payment and Satisfaction of the same, or the Monies which shall, from time to time, arise at the said Receipt of Exchequer, of or for the said Rates and Duties by this Act granted, shall, from time to time, as the same shall arise at the said Receipt, be issued to such Paymaster by way of Imprest and upon Account, for or towards paying off or discharging the said Exchequer Bills which shall have been made forth by virtue of this Act, in such Course as aforesaid, and for or towards the Charge of circulating and exchanging the same Bills, or any of them, and for or towards such other Payments as are in and by this Act directed or allowed to be made or discharged out of the same, and for no other Use, Intent, or Purpose whatsoever.

How the Monies arising by this Act shall be applied.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That on the Twenty ninth Day of September, One thousand seven hundred and sixty, or within Ten Days after, the Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them now being, or the High Treasurer, or any Three or more of the Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, shall cause a true and perfect Account in Writing to be taken and attested by the proper Officers, of all the Monies which shall have been raised by Loans, or by Exchequer Bills, or by any or either of those Ways or Means, for or towards the said Sum not exceeding Seven hundred and fifty thousand Pounds, by this Act intended to be raised as aforesaid, and how much thereof shall before that Time have been paid off or discharged, and how much thereof shall then remain undischarged upon the said Orders of Loan and Exchequer Bills respectively, or upon any or either of them; which Account shall be publicly

Treasury on 29 Sept. 1760; to take an Account of all Monies raised and discharged.

Q m

affixed

affixed in the Office of the Auditor of the Receipt in the said Exchequer.

Unsatisfied
Monies to be
paid out of the
next Aid,

or out of the
Sinking Fund.

And it is hereby enacted and declared by the Authority aforesaid, That the Monies so remaining unsatisfied, or not discharged, with the Interest due or to grow due for the same, shall be paid and satisfied out of the next Aid or Aids to be granted in Parliament after the said Twenty ninth Day of September, One thousand seven hundred and sixty, and shall be transferred thereunto as soon as such Aid or Aids shall be granted; and if no such Aid or Aids shall be granted, whereunto such unsatisfied Monies shall be transferred, before the Twenty fourth Day of March, One thousand seven hundred and sixty, then the Monies so remaining unsatisfied and undischarged upon the said Orders of Loan or Exchequer Bills, or any of them, with the Interest due, or to grow due for the same, shall be, and are hereby charged and chargeable upon such Monies, as at any Time or Times shall be or remain in the same Receipt of the Surplusses, Excesses, Overplus Monies, and other Revenues composing the Sinking Fund (except such Monies of the said Sinking Fund as are appropriated to any particular Use or Uses, by any former Act or Acts of Parliament in that Behalf) and such Monies of the said Sinking Fund, shall and may be issued for supplying Money to the said Paymaster, for discharging the said unsatisfied Orders of Loan or Exchequer Bills in course, as the said Commissioners of the Treasury, or the High Treasurer for the time being, shall direct, until all the Principal and Interest which shall be, or remain due, upon the said Orders of Loan or Exchequer Bills, or any of them, shall be fully cleared and paid off, or Money sufficient shall be reserved for that Purpose; and if at any Time or Times before or after any Money of the said Rates and Duties hereby granted, shall be brought into the Exchequer as aforesaid, there shall happen to be a want of Money for paying Interest, which shall be actually incurred and grown due upon the said Orders of Loan or Exchequer Bills, or any of them, or for Payment of any Premium or Rate, which shall be incurred or grown due by any Contract or Contracts to be made by virtue of this Act, for circulating and exchanging the same Bills, that then, and in every such Case, the Money so wanted, shall and may be supplied out of the Monies of the said Fund, commonly called The Sinking Fund (except before excepted) and be issued accordingly.

To be replaced
out of the first
Supplies.

Provided always, and be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That whatever Monies shall be issued out of the said Surplusses, Excesses, or Overplus Monies, and other Revenues composing the Sinking Fund, shall, from
time

time to time, be replaced by and out of the first Supplies to be then after granted in Parliament; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

And whereas several Orders of Loan or Exchequer Bills, made upon and in pursuance of an Act of Parliament of the Thirtieth Year of His Majesty's Reign, for continuing the Duties upon Salt, Gum, Cyder, and Perry, still remain undischarged, for want of sufficient Money arising by the said Duties being come into the Exchequer, to satisfy and discharge the same, and it is uncertain how much thereof the Monies arising by the said Act will be able to answer and discharge; be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if the Money arisen or to arise into the Exchequer, for or on Account of the said Duties, on or before the Twenty fifth Day of March, which will be in the Year of our Lord One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, shall not be sufficient to discharge the whole Principal and Interest due or to grow due, upon the several Orders of Loan or Exchequer Bills, made upon and in pursuance of the said Act, that then so much Money as shall then appear to be wanting and deficient for answering the Purposes aforesaid, shall and may be supplied and made good, out of any the Monies arising into the Exchequer, by or from the Loans or Exchequer Bills on this Act, or any other Monies or Loans that are or shall be appropriated for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine; and the Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them, or the High Treasurer for the time being, shall direct and apply the same accordingly; any thing herein before contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Deficiency of
Malt Tax 30
Geo. II. how
to be supplied.

Provided nevertheless, and be it further enacted, That all the Monies which, from and after the said Twenty fifth Day of March, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, shall and may happen to come and be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer, for Arrears upon the said Duties upon Salt, Gum, Cyder, and Perry, granted for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and fifty seven (after satisfying all Interest, Premiums, or Rates, then due on the said Orders of Loan or Exchequer Bills as aforesaid) shall be issued and applied in Aid of the Supplies that shall be granted to His Majesty, for the said Year One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine; any thing in the Act by which the said Duties were granted to the contrary notwithstanding.

Arrears of
former Duties
to be applied
in Aid of the
Supplies
granted for
the Year
1759.

CHAPTER I. THE DISCOVERY OF AMERICA.

THE DISCOVERY OF AMERICA, by Christopher Columbus, in 1492, is one of the most important events in the history of the world. It opened up a new world of discovery and exploration, and led to the establishment of a new world of nations.

At the time of the discovery, the world was divided into two main parts, the Old World and the New World. The Old World was known to the Europeans, and the New World was unknown to them.

Christopher Columbus, an Italian explorer, was the first European to reach the Americas. He sailed across the Atlantic Ocean in 1492, and landed in the Caribbean Sea.

His discovery led to the establishment of a new world of nations, and the beginning of a new era of exploration and discovery. The Americas were discovered by Columbus, and the world was opened up to a new world of discovery.

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Anno Regni
GEORGGII II.
REGIS

Magnæ Britanniae, Franciæ, & Hiberniæ,
TRICESIMO SECUNDO.

At the Parliament begun and holden at *Westminster*, the Thirty first Day of *May*, Anno Dom. 1754, in the Twenty seventh Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord *GEORGE* the Second, by the Grace of God, of *Great Britain, France,* and *Ireland*, King, Defender of the Faith, &c.

And from thence continued by several Prorogations to the Twenty third Day of *November*, 1758, being the Sixth Session of this present Parliament.



L O N D O N :

Printed by *Thomas Baskett*, Printer to the King's most Excellent Majesty ; and by the Assigns of *Robert Baskett*. 1759.

Geography

Geography is the study of the Earth and its features. It includes the study of the physical features of the Earth, such as mountains, rivers, and oceans, and the human features, such as cities, roads, and political boundaries.

Geography is a branch of science that deals with the study of the Earth and its features. It is a multidisciplinary field that combines elements of natural science, social science, and human geography.

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Anno tricesimo secundo

Georgii II. Regis.

An Act for punishing Mutiny and Desertion ;
and for the better Payment of the Army and
their Quarters.



H E R E A S the raising or keep- Preamble.

ing a Standing Army within
this Kingdom in Time of Peace,
unless it be with Consent of
Parliament, is against Law :
And whereas His Majesty has
judged it necessary to declare
War against France: And where-
as it is judged necessary by His
Majesty and this present Par-
liament, that a Body of Forces
should be continued for the

Safety of this Kingdom, the Defence of the Posses-
sions of the Crown of Great Britain, and the Preser-
vation of the Balance of Power in Europe; and that
the whole Number of such Forces should consist of Fifty
two thousand five hundred and forty three effective
Men, including Four thousand and ten Invalids : And
whereas no Man can be forejudged of Life or Limb,
or subjected in Time of Peace to any Kind of Punish-
ment within this Realm, by martial Law, or in any other
Manner than by the Judgement of his Peers, and ac-
cording to the known and established Laws of this Realm ;
yet nevertheless it being requisite for the retaining such
Forces in their Duty, that an exact Discipline be observed,
and that Soldiers who shall mutiny, or stir up Sedition,

52,543 effec-
tive Men, in-
cluding 4,010
Invalids.

R n 2

or

After 24 March
1759, during
the Continu-
ance of this
Act, every
Officer and
private Man,

who shall mu-
tiny or desert,
&c.

or list in any
other Regi-
ment, &c.

or shall be
found sleeping
on, or shall
desert, his Post,

or hold illegal
Correspond-
ence with the
Enemies of
His Majesty,

or shall strike,

or shall desert His Majesty's Service within this Realm, or the Kingdom of Ireland, Jersey, Guernsey, Alderney, and Sark, or the Islands thereto belonging, be brought to a more exemplary and speedy Punishment than the usual Forms of the Law will allow; be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Twenty fourth Day of March, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, if any Person being mustered, or in Pay as an Officer, or who is, or shall be listed, or in Pay as a Soldier, and on the Twenty fourth Day of March, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, shall remain in such Service, or shall, during the Continuance of this Act, herein after mentioned, voluntarily enter himself in His Majesty's Service as a Soldier, shall, at any Time, during such Continuance of this Act, within the Realm of Great Britain, or in the Kingdom of Ireland, or in Jersey, Guernsey, Alderney, or Sark, or the Islands thereto belonging, or in the Island of Minorca, or in His Majesty's Garrison of Gibraltar, or in any of His Majesty's Dominions beyond the Seas respectively, begin, excite, cause, or join in any Mutiny or Sedition, in the Company, Troop, or Regiment, whereto he doth belong, or in any other Company, Troop, or Regiment, in His Majesty's Service, or shall not use his utmost Endeavours to suppress the same, or coming to the Knowledge of any Mutiny, or intended Mutiny, shall not without Delay give Information thereof to his Commanding Officer, or shall desert His Majesty's Service; or being a Soldier actually listed in any Regiment, Troop, or Company, shall list himself in any other Regiment, Troop, or Company, without a Discharge produced in Writing from the Colonel, or, in his Absence, the Field Officer commanding in Chief the Regiment, Troop, or Company, in which he last served as a listed Soldier; or shall be found sleeping upon his Post, or shall leave it before relieved; or if any Officer or Soldier in His Majesty's Army shall, either upon Land, within or out of Great Britain, or upon the Sea, hold Correspondence with any Rebel, or Enemy of His Majesty, or give them Advice or Intelligence, either by Letters, Messages, Signs, or Tokens, in any Manner or Way whatsoever; or shall treat with such Rebels or Enemies, or enter into any Condition with them, without His Majesty's Licence, or Licence of the General, Lieutenant General, or Chief Commander; or shall strike

or

or use any Violence against his superior Officer, being in the Execution of his Office; or shall disobey any lawful Command of his superior Officer; all and every Person and Persons so offending in any of the Matters before-mentioned, shall suffer Death, or such other Punishment as by a Court-martial shall be inflicted.

or disobey his superior Officer; shall suffer Death, or such Punishment as a Court-martial shall inflict.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That His Majesty may, from time to time, grant a Commission under His Royal Sign Manual, to any Officer, not under the Degree of a Field Officer, for the holding a General Court-martial within this Realm; and also grant His Warrant to the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, or other Chief Governor or Governors there for the time being, or the Governor or Governors of Minorca, Gibraltar, and any of His Majesty's Dominions beyond the Seas respectively, or the Person or Persons there commanding in Chief, from time to time, to appoint Courts-martial in the Kingdom of Ireland, and other Places and Dominions respectively; in which Courts-martial, all the Offences above-mentioned, and all other Offences herein after specified, shall be tried and proceeded against in such Manner, as by this Act shall be hereafter directed.

The King may grant a Commission to hold a Court-martial, &c.

And be it also further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for such Courts-martial, by their Sentence or Judgement, to inflict Corporal Punishment, not extending to Life or Limb, on any Soldier for Immoralities, Misbehaviour, or Neglect of Duty.

Court-martial may inflict Corporal Punishment for Immoralities, &c.

And it is hereby further enacted and declared, That no General Court-martial which shall have Power to sit by virtue of this Act, shall consist of a less Number than Thirteen, whereof none to be under the Degree of a Commission Officer; and the President of such General Court-martial, shall neither be the Commander in Chief, or Governor of the Garrison where the Offender shall be tried, nor under the Degree of a Field Officer, unless where a Field Officer cannot be had; in which Case, the Officer next in Seniority to the Commander, not being under the Degree of a Captain, shall preside at such Court-martial; and that such Court-martial shall have Power and Authority, and are hereby required to administer an Oath to every Witness, in order to the Examination or Trial of any of the Offences that shall come before them.

General Court-martial not to consist of less than 13, and the President to be a Field Officer, or Officer next in Seniority, not under the Degree of a Captain.

May administer an Oath to Witnesses.

Provided always, That in all Trials of Offenders by General Courts-martial, to be held by virtue of this Act, every Officer present at such Trial, before any Proceedings be had thereupon, shall take the following Oaths upon the

Officers to be sworn.

holy Evangelists, before the Court, and Judge Advocate, or his Deputy (who are hereby authorized to administer the same) in these Words; that is to say,

The Oath.

YOU shall well and truly try and determine according to your Evidence in the Matter now before you, between our Sovereign Lord the King's Majesty, and the Prisoner to be tried:

So help you God.

The Oath.

I A. B. do swear, That I will duly administer Justice, according to the Rules and Articles for the better Government of His Majesty's Forces, and according to an Act of Parliament now in Force for the Punishment of Mutiny and Desertion, and other Crimes therein mentioned, without Partiality, Favour, or Affection; and if any Doubt shall arise, which is not explained by the said Articles or Act of Parliament, according to my Conscience, the best of my Understanding, and the Custom of War in the like Cases. And I further swear, That I will not divulge the Sentence of the Court until it shall be approved by His Majesty, the General, or Commander in Chief; neither will I, upon any Account, at any Time whatsoever, disclose or discover the Vote or Opinion of any particular Member of the Court-martial, unless required to give Evidence thereof, as a Witness, by a Court of Justice in a due Course of Law:

So help me God.

The Judge Advocate to be sworn.

And so soon as the said Oaths shall have been administered to the respective Members, the President of the Court is hereby authorized and required to administer to the Judge Advocate, or the Person officiating as such, an Oath in the following Words:

The Oath.

I A. B. do swear, That I will not, upon any Account, at any Time whatsoever, disclose or discover the Vote or Opinion of any particular Member of the Court-martial, unless required to give Evidence thereof, as a Witness, by a Court of Justice in a due Course of Law:

So help me God.

In Sentences of Death, Nine Officers to concur, &c.

And no Sentence of Death shall be given against any Offender in such Case by any General Court-martial, unless Nine Officers present shall concur therein; and if there be more Officers present than Thirteen, then the Judgement shall

shall pass by the Concurrence of Two Thirds of the Officers present; and no Proceeding or Trial shall be had upon any Offence, but between the Hours of Eight of the Clock in the Morning, and Three in the Afternoon, except in Cases which require an immediate Example.

Hours of Trial.

Provided always, That the Party tried by any General Court-martial in the Kingdom of Great Britain or Ireland, or in Jersey, Guernsey, Alderney, or Sark, or the Islands thereto belonging, shall be intitled to a Copy of the Sentence and Proceedings of such Court-martial, upon Demand thereof made by himself, or by any other Person or Persons on his Behalf (he or they paying reasonably for the same) at any Time not sooner than Three Months after such Sentence: And in the Case of Trials by any General Court-martial at Gibraltar or Minorca, at any Time not sooner than Six Months after the Sentence given by such Court-martial; and in the Case of Trials by any General Court-martial in His Majesty's other Dominions beyond the Seas, at any Time not sooner than Twelve Months after the Sentence given by such Court-martial, whether such Sentences be approved or not; any thing in this Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

The Party tried, intitled to a Copy of the Sentence and Proceedings of the Court-martial.

Provided also, and be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every Judge Advocate, or Person officiating as such at any General Court-martial, do, and he is hereby required to transmit, with as much Expedition as the Opportunity of Time and Distance of Place can admit, the Original Proceedings and Sentence of such Court-martial to the Judge Advocate General in London; which said Original Proceedings and Sentence shall be carefully kept and preserved in the Office of such Judge Advocate General, to the end that the Persons intitled thereto may be enabled, upon Application to the said Office, to obtain Copies thereof, according to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act.

Original Proceedings, &c. of Courts-martial to be transmitted to the Judge Advocate General in London, &c.

Provided always, and be it hereby declared and enacted, That no Officer or Soldier being acquitted or convicted of any Offence, be liable to be tried a Second Time by the same or any other Court-martial for the same Offence, unless in the Case of an Appeal from a Regimental to a General Court-martial; and that no Sentence given by any Court-martial, and signed by the President thereof, be liable to be revised more than Once.

None to be tried a Second Time for the same Offence, except in Cases of Appeal.

Provided always, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be construed to exempt any Officer or Soldier whatsoever, from being proceeded against by the ordinary Course of Law; or be any ways construed to extend

This Act not to exempt Soldiers from ordinary Process; or extend to the Militia.

to

Exception.

to concern any of the Militia Forces of this Kingdom, or of the Kingdom of Ireland, or in Jersey, Guernsey, Alderney, or Sark, or the Islands thereto belonging; excepting only in such Case, wherein by an Act passed in the Thirtieth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty (intituled, An Act for the better Ordering of the Militia Forces in that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*;) the Officers of the Militia, and private Militia Men, are subjected and made liable to the same Articles, Rules, and Regulations, as His Majesty's other Forces.

Penalty on
false Certifi-
cates to ex-
cuse Soldiers
from Musters.

And for preventing of Fraud and Deceit in the mustering of Soldiers, be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person shall make or give, or procure to be made or given, any false or untrue Certificates, whereby to excuse any Soldier for his Absence from any Muster, or any other Service which he ought to attend or perform, upon Pretence of being employed on some other Duty of the Regiment, or of Sickness, being in Prison, or on Furlough; that then every such Person, so making, giving, or procuring such Certificate, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds, and shall be forthwith cashiered and displaced from his Office, and shall be thereby utterly disabled to have or hold any Military Office or Employment within this Realm, or in His Majesty's Service; and no Certificate shall excuse the Absence of any Soldier, but for the Reasons above-mentioned, or One of them; and the Commissary of the Musters is hereby directed to set down on the Roll, at the Time of the taking of the Muster, the Reason of the Absence of such Soldier respectively, and by whom certified; and not to set down any such Excuse, without View of such Certificate.

Penalty on
Officers mak-
ing false Mu-
sters, &c.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every Officer that shall make any false or untrue Muster of Man or Horse, and every Commissary, Muster-master, or other Officer, who shall wittingly or willingly allow or sign the Muster-roll, wherein such false Muster is contained, or any Duplicate thereof; and also every Commissary, Muster-master, or other Officer, who shall directly or indirectly take, or cause to be taken, any Sum or Sums of Money, or any other Gratuity on or for the mustering any Regiment, Troop, or Company, or on or for the signing of any Muster-rolls, or any Duplicate thereof, upon Proof thereof upon Oath made by Two Witnesses before a General Court-martial, to be thereupon called (which is hereby authorized and required to administer such Oath) shall, for such Offence, be forth-
with

with cashiered and displaced from such his Office, and shall be thereby utterly disabled to have or hold any Civil or Military Office or Employment within this Kingdom, or in his Majesty's Service.

And whereas his Majesty hath been graciously pleased, in Compassion to the distressed Condition of several Widows of Officers of the Army, who have lost their Lives in the Service of the late War, or during the late Rebellion, by Orders made under his Royal Sign Manual, to direct his Commissary General of the Musters, to allow upon the Muster-rolls of all the Regiments, Troops, and Companies, a Number of fictitious Names therein mentioned, instead of private Men, in order to raise and settle a Fund for the Maintenance of such Widows of Officers as are or shall be intitled to his Royal Bounty: And whereas his Majesty has been graciously pleased, under his Royal Sign Manual, to give the like Directions to his Commissary General of the Marines, and has appointed a Receiver for the Purposes aforesaid, and directed the Paymaster General and the Paymaster of the Marines, by like Orders under his Sign Manual, to pay over the full Pay of such fictitious private Men to such Receiver, to be distributed to such Widows, according to his Instructions in that Behalf; be it further enacted and declared by the Authority aforesaid, That no Allowance of any such fictitious Name upon any Muster-roll shall be construed to be a false Muster; any thing in this or any former Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Fictitious Names allowed by His Majesty's Order upon the Muster-rolls, for the Maintenance of Officers Widows, not to be construed a false Muster.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every Commissary or Muster-master, upon any Muster to be made, had, or taken by him or them, shall, by a convenient Time before such Muster made, give Notice to the Mayor, or other Chief Magistrate, or Officer of the Place where the said Soldiers so to be mustered shall be quartered; who is hereby required to be present at every such Muster, and give his utmost Assistance for the discovering any false or untrue Muster there made, or offered to be made; and that every such Commissary or Muster-master, making or taking such Muster, that shall neglect to give such Notice as aforesaid, or shall refuse to take the Aid and Assistance of such Mayor, Chief Magistrate, or Officer, where the Soldiers to be mustered shall be quartered, shall forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds, and shall be discharged from his Office; and no Muster-roll shall be allowed, unless the same be signed by the said Mayor, or other Chief

Muster-master to give Notice of Muster to Mayor, &c.

Penalty on Muster-master neglecting so to do.

Muster-rolls to be signed by the Mayor, &c.

Magistrate, or Officer respectively: But in case such Mayor, Chief Magistrate, or Officer shall not, upon due Notice given, attend such Muster, or shall refuse to sign such Muster-roll, without giving good and sufficient Reasons for such his Refusal; that then the Commissary may proceed to muster such Regiment, Troop, or Company, without incurring the said Penalty; and such Muster-roll shall be allowed, though not signed as aforesaid; provided that Oath be made before any of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace within Forty eight Hours after such Muster; and the said Muster-roll shall then be produced, and examined by the said Justice of the Peace, who is hereby required to sign the same, if there shall appear to be no good or sufficient Objection to the same.

Penalty on
Persons offer-
ing themselves
to be falsely
mustered.

Horses falsely
mustered, to be
forfeited, &c.

Forfeiture
how to be le-
vied.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person shall be falsely mustered, or offer himself falsely or deceitfully to be mustered, upon Proof thereof made upon Oath by Two Witnesses before the next Justice of the Peace for the County where such Muster shall be made, and upon Certificate thereof in Writing under the Hand of the Commissary of the Musters, or Chief Magistrate, as aforesaid, made to such Justice of the Peace, the said Justice is hereby authorized and required to commit such Offender to the House of Correction, there to remain for the Space of Ten Days; and if any Person shall wittingly or willingly lend or furnish any Horse to be mustered, which shall not truly belong to the Trooper or Troop so mustered; the said Horse so falsely mustered shall be forfeited to the Informer, if the same doth belong to the Person lending or furnishing the said Horse; or otherwise, the Person lending or furnishing the said Horse shall forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds, upon Oath made by Two Witnesses before the next Justice of the Peace; which Twenty Pounds shall be levied by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of the said Justice, by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattles of the Person so offending, rendering the Overplus, if any be, to the Owner; and in case such Offender shall not have sufficient Goods and Chattles, whereon Distress may be made, to the Value of the Penalty to be recovered against him, or shall not pay such Penalty within Four Days after such Conviction, then, and in such Case, such Justice of the Peace shall and may, by Warrant under his Hand and Seal, either commit such Offender to the Common Gaol, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize for the Space of Three Months, or cause such Offender to be publicly whipt, at the Discretion of such Justice; and the said Forfeiture shall be to such

such Person or Persons that shall give Information thereof; and the said Informer or Informers, if belonging to the Service, shall have a Right to be discharged forthwith, if he or they shall demand the same.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, Officers embezilling, &c. Military Stores, That every Commission Officer, Storekeeper, or Commissary, that shall embezel or misapply, or cause to be embezilled or misapplied, or shall wilfully, or through Neglect, suffer any Provisions, Forage, Arms, Clothing, Ammunition, or other Military Stores to be spoiled or damaged, upon Proof thereof upon Oath made by Two Witnesses, before a General Court-martial (which is hereby authorized and required to administer such Oath) shall be forthwith dismissed His Majesty's Service, and forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds, and is hereby required to make good, at his own Expence, the Loss and Damage thereby sustained, to be ascertained by such Court-martial, which shall have Power to seize the Goods and Chattles of the Person so offending, and sell them for the Payment of the said One hundred Pounds, and such Damage; and if sufficient Goods and Chattles cannot be found and seized, then the Person so offending shall be committed to Prison, or the Common Gaol, to remain there for Six Months without Bail or Mainprize, and until he shall pay such Deficiency; and after the said Sum shall be recovered and levied, the same shall be applied and disposed of, as His Majesty shall direct and appoint. to be cashiered, and forfeit 100 l. and the Damage to be made good, by Sale of his Goods and Chattles;

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, for want of Distress, the Person to be committed. That every Commissary of the Musters, or Muster-master, either of the Land Forces or Marines, making or taking a Muster, do make Oath before the Mayor or Chief Magistrate attending the making or taking such Muster as aforesaid, if such Mayor or Chief Magistrate so attending be a Justice of the Peace, or otherwise before some other Justice of the Peace for the County where such Muster shall be taken (who is hereby authorized and required to administer the same without Fee or Reward) in Manner and Form following: Application of the Forfeiture.

I A. B. do swear, That I saw, at the Time of making the The Oath. within Muster, such Men or Horses as are borne, and not respited, on the Muster-roll, for which Men or Horses a signed Certificate or Certificates are not indorsed on the Back of the Roll, certifying their being absent from the Muster by Reason of being employed on some other Duty of the Regiment, or by being sick, in Prison, on Furlough, or at Grass, or by a signed Leave from the Colonel or Field Officer,

Officer, or Officer commanding the Regiment, Troop, or Company.

Which Oath the said Commissary or Muster-master is hereby directed to insert and subscribe on the Back of the Muster-roll by him transmitted into the Office of the Commissary General of the Musters.

And whereas a Doubt has arisen, whether the Oath directed to be inserted and indorsed on the Back of the Muster-roll (by the Act passed in the Twentieth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, For punishing Mutiny and Desertion; and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters) should not only be indorsed and subscribed on the Back of those Muster-rolls which are to remain with the respective Muster-masters General of His Majesty's Land Forces and Marines, but also on the Back of those Muster-rolls which are transmitted to the respective Paymasters of the said Land Forces and Marines, and by them returned into the Office of the Auditors of the Imprest; to obviate which Doubt, be it enacted and declared by the Authority aforesaid, That all such Muster-rolls as have been, or shall be, from time to time, transmitted to the said Paymasters General, and by them returned into the Office of the Auditors of the Imprest since the passing the said Act, shall be deemed good and sufficient Vouchers to the said Auditors of the Imprest, although the before-mentioned Oath be not inserted and indorsed on the Back of such Muster-rolls; any thing in the said Act contained to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

Muster-rolls, though transmitted without the Oath indorsed to the Paymasters General, to be good Vouchers to the Auditor.

Penalty on Agent, &c. detaining Officer's or Soldier's Pay.

Weekly Rates.

And be it further enacted, That if any Paymaster, Agent, or Clerk of any Garrison, Regiment, Troop, or Company, shall wilfully detain or withhold, by the Space of One Month, the Pay of any Officer or Soldier (Clothes and all other just Allowances being deducted) after such Pay shall be by him or them received; or if any Officers, having received their Soldiers Pay, shall refuse to pay each respective Non-commission Officer and Soldier their respective Pay, when it shall become due, at the Rate of Seventeen Shillings and Six Pence per Week for each Corporal of Light Horse; Fourteen Shillings per Week for each Trumpeter and private Trooper; Nine Shillings and Eleven Pence per Week for each Dragoon; Nine Shillings and Four Pence per Week for each Serjeant; Six Shillings and Two Pence per Week for each Corporal; Five Shillings per Week for each Drummer; Four Shillings per Week for each private Soldier of His Majesty's Three Regiments of Foot Guards; and Six Shillings

lings per Week to each Serjeant; Four Shillings and Six Pence per Week to each Corporal and Drummer; and Three Shillings per Week to each Foot Soldier of any other Regiment or Independent Company; and at the End of every Two Months to account for One Shilling per Week to each Serjeant, and Two Pence per Week to each Corporal and Drummer, and Six Pence per Week to each Foot Soldier; the said One Shilling per Week, Two Pence per Week, and Six Pence per Week, being the Remainder of the Subsistence of each Serjeant, Corporal, Drummer, and Foot Soldier; then, upon Proof thereof before a Court-martial as aforesaid, to be for that Purpose held and summoned by His Majesty's Order, every such Paymaster, Agent, Clerk, or Officer so offending, shall be discharged from his Employment, and shall forfeit to the Informer, upon Conviction before the said Court, One hundred Pounds, to be levied as aforesaid; and the Informer, if a Soldier (if he demands it) shall be, and he is hereby discharged from any further Service; any thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding; and the Commanding Officers of the Three Regiments of Foot Guards are hereby impowered, if they judge it necessary for the Good of the Service, to make the same Stoppages of One Shilling per Week from each Serjeant, Two Pence per Week from each Corporal and Drummer, and Six Pence per Week from each Foot Soldier; and at the End of every Two Months to account for the said One Shilling per Week to each Serjeant, and Two Pence per Week to each Corporal and Drummer, and Six Pence per Week to each Foot Soldier, in the same Manner as is hereby directed for the Marching Regiments.

And, for the better Execution hereof, and that a true and regular Account may be kept and rendered by the Agents of the several Regiments, and Independent Troops and Companies, the said Agents are hereby required and directed to observe such Orders and Directions as shall, from time to time, be given by His Majesty, under His Sign Manual, or by the Lord Treasurer, or Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being; and if any Agent shall refuse or neglect to observe and comply with such Orders and Directions, he shall be discharged from his Office, and be utterly disabled to have or hold any such Office in His Majesty's Service.

And it is hereby enacted, That the Surgeon, or his Mate, shall, within the Cities of London and Westminster, and Ten Miles of the same, certify upon Oath to the

Penalty on Agents disobeying of Orders.

Surgeon, &c. within Ten Miles of London, &c. to certify who are sick;

and Com-
manding Of-
ficer, who are
employed in
raising Re-
cruits.

Muster-master, that he hath actually seen such Person as he certifies to be sick ; and such Commanding Officer shall also certify the Names of such others, as shall be employed in raising Recruits ; and if such Certificate shall prove false, upon Conviction thereof, before a Court-martial, the Officer signing such Certificate shall suffer such Penalties, and in such Manner, as is declared and inflicted by this Act upon those who shall make false Musters ; and the Commissary of the Musters is hereby directed to insert in the Docket annexed to the Muster-roll, the Place where, and the precise Day when, every Muster-roll is taken.

Penalty on Of-
ficer muster-
ing Persons by
wrong Names.

And it is enacted, That if any Officer or Commissary shall muster any Person by a wrong Name knowingly, upon Conviction thereof before a General Court-martial, the said Officer or Commissary shall suffer such Penalties, and in such Manner, as is directed and inflicted by this Act upon those who shall make false Musters.

And whereas by the Petition of Right, in the Third Year of King Charles the First, it is enacted and declared, That the People of this Land are not by the Laws to be burthened with the Sojourning of Soldiers against their Wills ; and by a Clause in an Act of Parliament made in the One and thirtieth Year of the Reign of King Charles the Second, for granting a Supply to His Majesty of Two hundred and six thousand four hundred sixty two Pounds, Seventeen Shillings, and Three Pence, for paying and disbanding the Forces, it is declared and enacted, That no Officer, Civil or Military, nor other Person whatsoever, should, from thenceforth, presume to place, quarter, or billet, any Soldier or Soldiers upon any Subject or Inhabitant of this Realm, of any Degree, Quality, or Profession whatsoever, without his Consent ; and that it shall and may be lawful for any Subject, Sojourner, or Inhabitant, to refuse to quarter any Soldier or Soldiers, notwithstanding any Demand or Warrant, or Billeting whatsoever : But forasmuch as at this Time, and during the Continuance of this Act, there is and may be Occasion for the marching and quartering of Regiments, Troops, and Companies, in several Parts of this Kingdom ; be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That for and during the Continuance of this Act, and no longer, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Constables, Tythingmen, Headboroughs, and other Chief Officers and Magistrates of Cities, Towns, and Villages, and other Places, within England, Wales, and the Town of Berwick upon Tweed, and in their Default

Constables,
&c. to quarter
Officers and
Men in Inns,
Ale-houses,
&c.

or Absence, for any One Justice of the Peace inhabiting in or near any such City, Town, Village, or Place, and for no others; and such Constables, and other Civil Magistrates as aforesaid, are hereby required to quarter and billet the Officers and Soldiers in His Majesty's Service, in Inns, Livery Stables, Ale-houses, Victualling-houses, and the Houses of Sellers of Wine by Retail to be drank in their own Houses, or Places thereunto belonging, and all Houses of Persons selling Brandy, Strong Waters, Cyder, or Metheglin, by Retail, to be drank in Houses, other than and except the House or Houses of any Distillers, who keep Houses or Places of distilling Brandy and Strong Waters, and the House of any Shopkeeper, whose principal Dealings shall be more in other Goods and Merchandizes, than in Brandy and Strong Waters (so as such Distillers and Shopkeepers do not permit or suffer Tippling in his or their Houses) and in no other, and in no private Houses whatsoever; nor shall any more Billets at any Time be ordered, than there are effective Soldiers present to be quartered; and if any Constable, Tythingman, or such like Officer or Magistrate as aforesaid, shall presume to quarter or billet any such Officer or Soldier in any such private House, without the Consent of the Owner or Occupier; in such Case, such Owner or Occupier shall have his or their Remedy at Law against such Magistrate or Officer, for the Damage that such Owner or Occupier shall sustain thereby; and if any Military Officer shall take upon him to quarter Soldiers otherwise than is limited and allowed by this Act, or shall use or offer any Menace or Compulsion to or upon any Mayors, Constables, or other Civil Officers before-mentioned, tending to deter and discourage any of them from performing any Part of their Duty hereby required or appointed; such Military Officer shall, for every such Offence (being thereof convicted before any Two or more of the next Justices of the Peace of the County, by the Oath of Two credible Witnesses) be deemed and taken to be ipso facto cashiered, and shall be utterly disabled to have or hold any Military Employment within this Kingdom, or in His Majesty's Service; provided the said Conviction be affirmed at the next Quarter Sessions of the Peace of the said County, and a Certificate thereof be transmitted to the Judge Advocate, who is hereby obliged to certify the same to the next Court-martial; and in case any Person shall find himself aggrieved, in that such Constable, Tythingman, or Headborough, Chief Officer, or Magistrate (such Chief Officer or Magistrate not being a Justice of

But in no Distillers Houses, or Shopkeepers, or in any private Houses.

Penalty on Constables, &c. quartering Soldiers in private Houses, &c.

Penalty on Officers quartering Soldiers contrary to this Act, &c.

Persons aggrieved by being quartered on, may complain to any Justices, and be relieved.

the Peace) has quartered or billeted in his House a greater Number of Soldiers than he ought to bear in Proportion to his Neighbours; and shall complain thereof to One or more Justice or Justices of the Peace of the Division, City, or Liberty, where such Soldiers are quartered; or in case such Chief Officer or Magistrate shall be a Justice of the Peace, then on Complaint made to Two or more Justices of the Peace of such Division, City, or Liberty, such Justices respectively shall have, and have hereby Power to relieve such Person, by ordering such and so many of the Soldiers to be removed, and quartered upon such other Person or Persons, as they shall see Cause; and such other Person or Persons shall be obliged to receive such Soldiers accordingly.

No Justice having any Military Office, to be concerned in billeting his Soldiers.

Provided also, and be it further enacted, That no Justice or Justices of the Peace, having or executing any Military Office or Commission in that Part of Great Britain called England, shall or may, during the Continuance of this Act, directly or indirectly be concerned in the quartering, billeting, or appointing any Quarters for any Soldier or Soldiers in the Regiment, Troop, or Company, under the immediate Command or Commands of such Justice or Justices, according to the Disposition made for quartering of any Soldier or Soldiers by virtue of this Act; but that all Warrants, Acts, Matters, or Things, executed or appointed by such Justice or Justices of the Peace, for or concerning the same, shall be void; any thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Officers and Soldiers to pay Rates for their Provisions.

Provided nevertheless, and it is hereby enacted, That the Officers and Soldiers so quartered and billeted as aforesaid, shall be received and furnished with Diet and Small Beer by the Owners of the Inns, Livery Stables, Ale-houses, Victualling-houses, and other Houses in which they are allowed to be quartered and billeted by this Act; paying and allowing for the same the several Rates herein after-mentioned to be payable out of the Subsistence-money for Diet and Small Beer.

What Inn-holders may allow Men quartered on them, instead of Meat.

Provided always, That in case any Innholder or other Person on whom any Non-commission Officers or Soldiers shall be quartered by virtue of this Act (except on a March, or employed in recruiting; and likewise except the Recruits by them raised, for the Space of Seven Days at most, for such Non-commission Officers and Soldiers who are recruiting, and Recruits by them raised) shall be desirous to furnish such Non-commission Officers or Soldiers with Candles, Vinegar, and Salt, and with either Small Beer or Cyder, not exceeding Five Pints for each Man

per Diem, gratis, and allow to such Non-commission Officers or Soldiers the Use of Fire, and the necessary Utensils for dressing and eating their Meat, and shall give Notice of such his Desire to the Commanding Officer, and shall furnish and allow the same accordingly; then, and in such Case, the Non-commission Officers and Soldiers so quartered shall provide their own Victuals; and the Officer to whom it belongs to receive, or that does actually receive the Pay and Subsistence of such Non-commission Officers and Soldiers, shall pay the several Sums herein after-mentioned to be payable out of the Subsistence-money for Diet and Small Beer, to the Non-commission Officers and Soldiers aforesaid, and not to the Innholder or other Person on whom such Non-commission Officers and Soldiers are quartered; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Provided always, and be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Officer shall take, or cause to be taken, or knowingly suffer to be taken, any Money of any Person for excusing the quartering of Officers or Soldiers, or any of them, in any House allowed by this Act, every such Officer shall be cashiered, and be incapable of serving in any Military Employment whatsoever.

Penalty on Officers taking Money, to excuse the quartering.

And whereas great Inconveniencies have arisen, and may arise, in such Places where Horse or Dragoons are or may be quartered, by the billeting of the Men and their Horses at different Houses, and often at great Distances from one another, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act; be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in all Places where Horse or Dragoons shall be quartered, or billeted in pursuance of this Act, for the future the Men and their Horses shall be billeted in one and the same Houses (except in case of Necessity) and that in no other Case whatsoever there be less than One Man billeted where there shall be One or Two Horses, nor less than Two Men where there shall be Four Horses, and so in Proportion for a greater Number; and in such Case each Man shall be billeted as near his Horse as possible.

Dragoons, &c. and their Horses, to be billeted in the same House.

And whereas some Doubts have arisen, whether Commanding Officers of any Regiment, Troop, or Company, may exchange any Men or Horses quartered in any Town or Place, with another Man or Horse quartered in the same Place, for the Benefit of the Service; be it declared and enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That such Exchange as above-mentioned may be made by such Commanding Officers respectively; provided the Number of

Manner of changing Men and Horses.

Men, or Horses, do not exceed the Number at that Time billeted on such House or Houses; and the Constables, Pythingmen, Headboroughs, and other Chief Officers, and Magistrates of the Cities, Towns, and Villages, or other Places where any Regiment, Troop, or Company shall be quartered, are hereby required to billet such Men and Horses so exchanged accordingly.

Clauserelating
to a Soldier's
Settlement for
his Wife and
Children.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful for any Two or more Justices of the Peace for the County, Town, or Place, where any Non-commission Officer or Soldier shall be quartered, in case such Non-commission Officer or private Soldier have either Wife, or Child, or Children, to cause such Non-commission Officer or Soldier to be summoned before them, in the Town or Place where such Non-commission Officer or Soldier shall be quartered, in order to make Oath of the Place of their last legal Settlement; (which Oath the said Justices are hereby impowered to administer) and such Non-commission Officers and private Soldiers as aforesaid, are hereby directed to obey such Summons, and to make Oath accordingly; and such Justices are hereby required to give an attested Copy of such Affidavit so made before them, to the Person making the same, to be by him delivered to his Commanding Officer, in order to be produced when required; which attested Copy shall be at any Time admitted in Evidence, as to such last legal Settlement, before any of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, or at any General or Quarter Session of the Peace: Provided always, That in case any Non-commission Officer or private Soldier shall be again summoned to make Oath as aforesaid, then on such attested Copy of the Oath by him formerly taken, being produced by him, or by any other Person on his Behalf, such Non-commission Officer or Soldier shall not be obliged to take any other or further Oath, with regard to his legal Settlement, but shall leave a Copy of such attested Copy of Examination, if required.

Officers, &c.
to be quartered
in Scotland,
as the Laws in
Force at the
Union direct.

And be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to quarter Officers and Soldiers in Scotland, in such and the like Places and Houses as they might have been quartered in by the Laws in Force in Scotland at the Time of the Union; and that the Possessors of such Houses shall only be liable to furnish the said Officers and Soldiers quartered there, as by the said Laws in Force at the Time of the Union was provided; and that no Officer shall be obliged to pay for his Lodging,

Lodging, where he shall be regularly billeted, except in the Suburbs of Edinburgh.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Twenty fourth Day of March, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, no Paymaster General, or Paymaster of the Army, Paymaster of the Marines, Secretary at War, Commissary, or Muster-master, or any other Officer whatsoever, or their Under Officers, shall receive any Fees, or make any Deductions whatsoever out of the Pay of any Officer or Soldier in His Majesty's Army, or from their Agents, which shall grow due from and after the said Twenty fourth Day of March, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, other than the usual Deductions for Clothing, and Twelve Pence in the Pound to be disposed of as His Majesty shall think fit; and the One Day's Pay in the Year for the Use of the Royal Hospital at Chelsea, and such other necessary Deductions as shall from time to time be directed by His Majesty under His Royal Sign Manual.

No Paymaster, &c. to make Deductions out of Officers or Soldiers Pay.

Exceptions.

And for the Encouragement of the due and well Clothing of the Troops, be it hereby further enacted, That the Lord High Treasurer, or the Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, may, if he or they see convenient, at the End of every Two Months, issue the Money due for the Clothing of the several Regiments, Troops, and Companies, notwithstanding the Muster-rolls have not been duly returned: And the respective Paymasters are hereby directed to make Deductions of all Off-reckonings, and to pay the same to such Person or Persons only as have a regular Assignment for Clothes by him or them delivered to the said Regiment, Troop, or Company; and the Receipt of such Person or Persons having or being lawfully intitled to such Assignment, to be from time to time taken for the same; and when no such Assignment appears, the Off-reckonings to remain in the Hands of the said Paymaster respectively, for the Use of the Regiment, Troop, or Company, until a new Contract for Clothing and Assignment is made.

Treasury may issue out the Money due for Clothing, every 2 Months.

Paymasters to deduct the Off-reckonings.

And that the Quarters both of Officers and Soldiers in Great Britain, and in Jersey, Guernsey, Alderney, and Sark, and the Islands thereto belonging, may hereafter be duly paid and satisfied, and His Majesty's Duties of Excise better answered, be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said Twenty fourth Day of March, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, every Officer to whom it belongs to receive, or

Officers to give Notice to Innkeepers of Subsistence-money in their Hands,

that

Rates of Subsistence to be paid to Innkeepers, &c. for Soldiers Quarters.

Penalty on Officers not paying Subsistence-money.

that does actually receive, the Pay or Subsistence-money, either for a whole Regiment, or particular Troops and Companies, or otherwise, shall immediately, upon each Receipt of every particular Sum which shall, from time to time, be paid, returned, or come to his or their Hands, on account of Pay or Subsistence, give publick Notice thereof to all Persons keeping Inns, or other Places where Officers or Soldiers are quartered by virtue of this Act; and shall also appoint the said Innkeepers, and others, to repair to their Quarters at such Times as they shall appoint, for the Distribution and Payment of the said Pay or Subsistence-money to the Officers or Soldiers, which shall be within four Days at the farthest after the Receipt of the same, as aforesaid; and the said Innkeepers, and others, shall then and there acquaint such Officer or Officers with the Accounts or Debts (if any shall be) between them and the Officers and Soldiers so quartered in their respective Houses; which Accounts the said Officer or Officers are hereby required to accept of, and immediately pay the same, before any Part of the said Pay or Subsistence be distributed either to the Officers or Soldiers: Provided the said Accounts exceed not, for a Commission Officer of Horse, being under the Degree of a Captain, for such Officer's Diet and Small Beer, per Diem, Two Shillings; nor for One Commission Officer of Dragoons, being under the Degree of a Captain, for such Officer's Diet and Small Beer, per Diem, One Shilling; nor for One Commission Officer of Foot, under the Degree of a Captain, for such Officer's Diet and Small Beer, per Diem, One Shilling; and if such Officer shall have a Horse or Horses, for each Horse or Horses, for their Hay and Straw, per Diem, Six Pence; nor for One Light Horseman's Diet and Small Beer, per Diem, Six Pence; and Hay and Straw for his Horse, per Diem, Six Pence; nor for One Dragoon's Diet and Small Beer, per Diem, Six Pence; and Hay and Straw for his Horse, per Diem, Six Pence; nor for One Foot-soldier's Diet and Small Beer, per Diem, Four Pence; and if any Officer or Officers, as aforesaid, shall not give Notice, as aforesaid, and shall not immediately, upon producing such Account stated, satisfy, content, and pay the same; upon Complaint and Oath made thereof, by any Two Witnesses, at the next Quarter Sessions for the County or City where such Quarters were (which Oath the Justices of the Peace at such Sessions are hereby authorized and required to administer) the Paymaster or Paymasters of His Majesty's Guards and Garrisons, and

and Marines, are hereby required and authorized (upon Certificate of the said Justices before whom such Oath was made, of the Sum due upon such Accounts, and the Persons to whom the same is owing) to pay and satisfy the said Sums out of the Arrears due to the said Officer or Officers, upon Penalty that such Paymaster or Paymasters shall forfeit their respective Place or Places of Paymaster or Paymasters, and be discharged from holding the same for the future: And in case there shall be no Arrears due to the said Officer or Officers, then the said Paymaster or Paymasters are hereby authorized and required to deduct the Sums he or they shall pay, pursuant to the Certificate of the said Justices, out of the next Pay or Subsistence-money of the Regiment to which such Officer or Officers shall belong; and such Officer or Officers shall, for every such Offence, or for neglecting to give Notice of the Receipt of such Pay or Subsistence-money, as aforesaid, be deemed and taken, and are hereby declared ipso facto cashiered. And where it shall happen that the Subsistence-money due to any Officer or Soldier shall, by Occasion of any Accident, not be paid to such Officer or Soldier, or such Officer or Soldier shall neglect to pay the same, so that Quarters cannot be, or are not paid, as this Act directs; and where any Horse, Foot, or Dragoons, shall be upon their March, so that no Subsistence can then be remitted to them, to make Payment as this Act directs, or they shall neglect to pay the same; in every such Case, it is hereby further enacted, That every such Officer shall, before his or their Departure out of his or their Quarters, where such Regiment, Troop, or Company shall remain for any Time whatsoever, make up the Accounts, as this Act directs, with every Person with whom such Regiment, Troop, or Company shall have quartered, and sign a Certificate thereof, and give the said Certificate, so by him signed, to the Party to whom such Money is due, with the Name of such Regiment, Troop, or Company, to which he or they shall belong; to the end the said Certificate may be forthwith transmitted to the Paymaster of His Majesty's Guards and Garrisons, or to the Paymaster of the Marines, who are hereby required immediately to make Payment thereof to the Person or Persons to whom such Money shall be due, to the end the same may be applied to such Regiment, Troop, or Company respectively, under Pain as is before in this Act directed for Nonpayment of Quarters.

On Nonpayment of Quarters, the Officer to make up Accounts, &c.

No Muster in
Westminster,
&c. but in the
Presence of
Two or more
Justices.

And be it further enacted, That no Commissary shall muster any Regiment, Troop, or Company, within the City of Westminster, and Borough of Southwark, and Liberties thereof, but in the Presence of Two or more Justices of the Peace, not being Officers of the Army, under the before-mentioned Penalty; unless such Justices, upon Forty eight Hours Notice given to Six of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, residing within the City and Liberties aforesaid respectively, shall neglect to attend such Muster; and in case of such Neglect, such Commissary may proceed to muster such Regiment, Troop, or Company: Provided that Oath be made before any of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, within Forty eight Hours after such Muster taken, that such Notice was given to Six Justices of the Peace, as aforesaid: Which Justices so attending, are hereby impowered to sign the said Muster-rolls, and to take Cognizance of such Muster, and to examine the Truth thereof, before they sign the same.

Constables,
&c. may billet
Soldiers in
Westminster,
&c.

Petty Constables,
&c. to
quarter Sol-
diers in their
respective Di-
visions.

And be it further enacted and declared by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the High Constables, Petty Constables, Headboroughs, and Tythingmen, within the said City and Liberties of Westminster, and Places adjacent, when thereunto lawfully required, to billet and quarter the Officers and Soldiers of His Majesty's said Regiments of Foot-guards, in such Houses only, as by this Act are limited, in and about the said City and Liberties of Westminster, and Places adjacent (except the City of London) during the Continuance of this Act: And when any Order shall issue for the quartering or billeting any Officers or Soldiers within the said City and Liberties of Westminster, and Places adjacent, the High Constable shall deliver out Precepts to the several Petty Constables, Headboroughs, or Tythingmen of each Parish, Ward, Hamlet, and District, within their respective Divisions, to billet and quarter such Officers and Soldiers of His Majesty's Regiments of Foot-guards on such Houses only as by this Act is limited within his respective Parish, Hamlet, or District; and such Petty Constables, Headboroughs, and Tythingmen shall, in pursuance thereof, billet and quarter every such Officer and Soldier in such Houses so subjected thereto by this Act, equally and proportionably, according to the Number of such Officers and Soldiers so to be billeted and quartered, and of the Houses so subjected to receive them; and such Officers and Soldiers of the Foot-guards, shall be quartered within the said City and Liberties of Westminster,

and

and the Places adjacent, in the same Manner, and under the same Regulations, as in other Parts of England, in all Cases for which particular Provision is not made by this Act.

And for the better preventing Abuses in billeting and quartering such Officers and Soldiers in the said City and Liberties of Westminster, and Parts adjacent, be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Petty Constables, Headboroughs, and Tythingmen of their respective Parishes, Wards, Hamlets, and Districts within the same, shall at every General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, to be holden for the said City and Liberties of Westminster, and Parts adjacent, make and deliver to the Justices, then in open Sessions assembled, upon Oath (which Oath they the said Justices are hereby authorized and required to administer) true Lists signed by them respectively of all such Houses, together with the Number of all such Persons respectively inhabiting the same, within his or their Parish, Ward, Hamlet, or District respectively, as are subject and liable by this Act to receive such Officers and Soldiers, together with the Number of all such Officers and Soldiers as are quartered and billeted in each House respectively; and such Lists shall remain with the Clerk of the Peace of the said City and Liberties of Westminster, to the Intent that all and every Person and Persons shall and may be at Liberty to inspect the same without Fee or Reward; and such Clerk shall forthwith, from time to time, make and deliver to every or any Person or Persons who shall require the same, true Copies of all and every or any such Lists, upon being paid Two Pence a Sheet for each and every such Copies so taken, each Sheet to be computed at, and contain One hundred and fifty Words; and if Default or Neglect shall be made by any Petty Constable, Headborough, or Tythingman of any such Parish, Ward, Hamlet, or District, in the delivering such List to the Justices at their Quarter Sessions, as aforesaid, or if he or they shall so deliver or cause to be delivered in, any false or defective List, not including and specifying therein all and every such House and Houses so liable by this Act to receive such Officers and Soldiers, or the Names of all such Officers and Soldiers as are quartered and billeted in each House respectively; such Petty Constable, Headborough, and Tythingman, or any of them so offending therein, shall, for each such Offence, forfeit each the Sum of Five Pounds, to the Use of the Poor of such respective Parishes, Wards, Hamlets,

Constables, &c. to deliver Lists at Quarter Sessions, on Oath, of Inhabitants, and Soldiers quartered in their respective Divisions;

to be inspected without Fee.

Copies of such Lists to be wrote by the Clerk, at 2 d. per Sheet, containing 150 Words.

Penalty on Default.

Penalty on giving defective Lists.

How to be
levied.

Hamlets, and Districts, to be levied by Distress and Sale of the Offender's Goods and Chattles, by Warrant or Warrants under the Hand and Seal, or Hands and Seals, of One or more of His Majesty's Justice or Justices of the Peace for the said City of Westminster, or for the County of Middlesex (which Warrant or Warrants the said Justice or Justices is and are hereby impowered and required to make and issue) and for want of sufficient Distress to be found for that Purpose, the said Justice or Justices is and are hereby impowered and required, by Warrant or Warrants under his or their Hands and Seals, to commit the Person or Persons so offending to the Common Gaol of the said City of Westminster, or County of Middlesex, there to remain for any Time to be limited by such Justice or Justices, not exceeding Three Months, and not less than One Month, without Bail or Mainprize.

This Act to
extend to Jer-
sey, &c.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That this Act shall be construed to extend to the Islands of Jersey, Guernsey, Alderney, and Sark, and the Islands thereto belonging, as to the Clauses therein for mustering and paying, and the Penalties thereto belonging.

Musters-rolls
to be closed
on Day of
Musters,

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Commissary General of the Musters, or his Deputy, shall, upon every Muster taken by him or them respectively of any Regiment, Troop, or Company, in His Majesty's Service, close the Muster-rolls of the said Regiment, Troop, or Company, upon the Place, the same Day the Muster is taken; and shall return One of every of the said Rolls so taken in Parchment, to the Paymaster General of His Majesty's Guards and Garrisons, or to such Paymaster respectively, under whose Care the Payment of such Forces shall be; and One of the said Rolls so taken, to the Comptroller or Comptrollers of the Accounts of the Army, the Fourth Day after the said Rolls shall respectively be closed, if in London, or within Twenty Miles Distance from the same; and if at further Distance, by the next Post after the said Rolls shall be respectively closed; and no Alterations or Indorsements shall be made in or upon the said Muster-rolls, other than in the Case of Orders of Leave, or Dates of Commissions, and other than involuntary Errors or literal Mistakes in writing or transcribing the said Muster-rolls, upon Pain of forfeiting their respective Employments, and the Sum of Twenty Pounds, to any Person that will sue for the same, for every such Offence.

and returned
to the Pay-
master of the
Forces, &c.

Penalty.

And

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, ^{Justices may order Constables to provide Carriages.} That for the better and more regular Provision of Carriages for His Majesty's Forces in their Marches, or for their Arms, Clothes, and Accoutrements in England, Wales, and the Town of Berwick upon Tweed, all Justices of the Peace, within their several Counties, Ridings, Divisions, Shires, Liberties, and Precincts, being duly required thereunto by an Order from His Majesty, or the General of His Forces, or the Master General or Lieutenant General of His Majesty's Ordnance, shall, as often as such Order is brought and shewn unto One or more of them by the Quarter-master, Adjutant, or other Officer of the Regiment, Detachment, Troop, or Company, so ordered to march, issue out his or their Warrants to the Constables or Petty Constables of the Division, Riding, City, Liberty, Hundred, and Precinct, from, through, near, or to which such Regiment, Detachment, Troop, or Company shall be ordered to march; requiring them to make such Provision for Carriages, with able Men to drive the same, as is mentioned in the said Warrant, allowing them sufficient Time to do the same, that the neighbouring Parts may not always bear the Burthen; and in case sufficient Carriages cannot be provided within any such Liberty, Division, or Precinct; then the next Justice or Justices of the Peace of the County, Riding, or Division, shall, upon such Order as aforesaid, being brought or shewn to One or more of them, by any of the Officers aforesaid, issue his or their Warrants to the Constables or Petty Constables of such next County, Riding, Liberty, Division, or Precinct, for the Purposes aforesaid, to make up such Deficiency: And the aforesaid Officer or Officers, who by virtue of the aforesaid Warrant from the Justices of the Peace, are to demand the Carriage or Carriages therein mentioned, of the Constable or Petty Constable to whom the Warrant is directed, is and are hereby required at the same Time to pay down in hand to the said Constable or Petty Constable, for the Use of the Person who shall provide such Carriages and Men, the Sum of One Shilling for every Mile any Waggon with five Horses shall travel; and the Sum of One Shilling for every Mile any Wain with Six Oxen, or Four Oxen with Two Horses, shall travel; and the Sum of Nine Pence for every Mile any Cart with Four Horses shall travel; and so in Proportion for less Carriages; for which respective Sums so received, the said Constable or Petty Constable is hereby required to give a Receipt in Writing to the

Rates for
Carriages.

How to be
levied.

Hamlets, and Districts, to be levied by Distress and Sale of the Offender's Goods and Chattles, by Warrant or Warrants under the Hand and Seal, or Hands and Seals, of One or more of His Majesty's Justice or Justices of the Peace for the said City of Westminster, or for the County of Middlesex (which Warrant or Warrants the said Justice or Justices is and are hereby impowered and required to make and issue) and for want of sufficient Distress to be found for that Purpose, the said Justice or Justices is and are hereby impowered and required, by Warrant or Warrants under his or their Hands and Seals, to commit the Person or Persons so offending to the Common Gaol of the said City of Westminster, or County of Middlesex, there to remain for any Time to be limited by such Justice or Justices, not exceeding Three Months, and not less than One Month, without Bail or Mainprize.

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Musters-rolls
to be closed
on Day of
Musters,

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Commissary General of the Musters, or his Deputy, shall, upon every Muster taken by him or them respectively of any Regiment, Troop, or Company, in His Majesty's Service, close the Muster-rolls of the said Regiment, Troop, or Company, upon the Place, the same Day the Muster is taken; and shall return One of every of the said Rolls so taken in Parchment, to the Paymaster General of His Majesty's Guards and Garrisons, or to such Paymaster respectively, under whose Care the Payment of such Forces shall be; and One of the said Rolls so taken, to the Comptroller or Comptrollers of the Accounts of the Army, the Fourth Day after the said Rolls shall respectively be closed, if in London, or within Twenty Miles Distance from the same; and if at further Distance, by the next Post after the said Rolls shall be respectively closed; and no Alterations or Indorsements shall be made in or upon the said Muster-rolls, other than in the Case of Orders of Leave, or Dates of Commissions, and other than involuntary Errors or literal Mistakes in writing or transcribing the said Muster-rolls, upon Pain of forfeiting their respective Employments, and the Sum of Twenty Pounds, to any Person that will sue for the same, for every such Offence.

and returned
to the Pay-
master of the
Forces, &c.

Penalty.

And

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, ^{Justices may order Constables to provide Carriages.} That for the better and more regular Provision of Carriages for His Majesty's Forces in their Marches, or for their Arms, Clothes, and Accoutrements in England, Wales, and the Town of Berwick upon Tweed, all Justices of the Peace, within their several Counties, Ridings, Divisions, Shires, Liberties, and Precincts, being duly required thereunto by an Order from His Majesty, or the General of His Forces, or the Master General or Lieutenant General of His Majesty's Ordnance, shall, as often as such Order is brought and shewn unto One or more of them by the Quarter-master, Adjutant, or other Officer of the Regiment, Detachment, Troop, or Company, so ordered to march, issue out his or their Warrants to the Constables or Petty Constables of the Division, Riding, City, Liberty, Hundred, and Precinct, from, through, near, or to which such Regiment, Detachment, Troop, or Company shall be ordered to march; requiring them to make such Provision for Carriages, with able Men to drive the same, as is mentioned in the said Warrant, allowing them sufficient Time to do the same, that the neighbouring Parts may not always bear the Burthen; and in case sufficient Carriages cannot be provided within any such Liberty, Division, or Precinct; then the next Justice or Justices of the Peace of the County, Riding, or Division, shall, upon such Order as aforesaid, being brought or shewn to One or more of them, by any of the Officers aforesaid, issue his or their Warrants to the Constables or Petty Constables of such next County, Riding, Liberty, Division, or Precinct, for the Purposes aforesaid, to make up such Deficiency: And the aforesaid Officer or Officers, who by virtue of the aforesaid Warrant from the Justices of the Peace, are to demand the Carriage or Carriages therein mentioned, of the Constable or Petty Constable to whom the Warrant is directed, is and are hereby required at the same Time to pay down in Hand to the said Constable or Petty Constable, for the Use of the Person who shall provide such Carriages and Men, the Sum of One Shilling for every Mile any Waggon with five Horses shall travel; and the Sum of One Shilling for every Mile any Wain with Six Oxen, or Four Oxen with Two Horses, shall travel; and the Sum of Nine Pence for every Mile any Cart with Four Horses shall travel; and so in Proportion for less Carriages; for which respective Sums so received, the said Constable or Petty Constable is hereby required to give a Receipt in Writing to the

Rates for Carriages.

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Person

Penalty on
Officers forc-
ing Waggon
to travel
more than
One Day's
Journey, &c.

Person or Persons paying the same: And such Constable or Petty Constable shall order and appoint such Person or Persons, having Carriages within their respective Liberties, as they shall think proper, to provide and furnish such Carriages and Men, according to the Warrant aforesaid, who are hereby required to provide and furnish the same accordingly: And if any Military Officer or Officers, for the Use of whose Troop or Company the Carriage was provided, shall force and constrain any Waggon, Main, Cart, or Carriage, to travel more than One Day's Journey, or shall not discharge the same in due Time for their Return Home, or shall suffer any Soldier or Servant (except such as are sick) or any Woman to ride in the Waggon, Main, Cart, or Carriage aforesaid, or shall force any Constable or Petty Constable, by Threatenings or menacing Words, to provide Saddle Horses for themselves or Servants, or shall force Horses from the Owners by themselves, Servants, or Soldiers; every such Officer, for every such Offence, shall forfeit the Sum of Five Pounds; Proof thereof being made upon Oath before Two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace of the same County or Riding, who are to certify the same to the Paymaster General, or other respective Paymaster of His Majesty's Forces, who is hereby required to pay the aforesaid Sum of Five Pounds according to the Order and Appointment under the Hands and Seals of the aforesaid Justices of the Peace of the same County or Riding, who are hereby impowered to deduct the same out of such Officer's Pay.

Penalty on
Constables,
&c. Neglect.

And be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any High Constable or Petty Constable shall wilfully neglect or refuse to execute such Warrants of the Justices of the Peace, as shall be directed unto them for providing Carriages as aforesaid; or if any Person or Persons, appointed by such Constable or Petty Constable to provide or furnish any Carriage and Man, shall refuse or neglect to provide the same; or any other Person or Persons whatsoever shall wilfully do any Act or Thing, whereby the Execution of the said Warrants shall be hindered or frustrated; every such Constable, or other Person or Persons so offending, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit any Sum not exceeding Forty Shillings, nor less than Twenty Shillings, to the Use of the Poor of the Parish where any such Offence shall be committed: And all and every such Offence and Offences shall and may be enquired of, heard, and fully determined, by Two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, dwelling in or near the Place where such Offence shall

shall be committed, who have hereby Power to cause the said Penalty to be levied by Distress and Sale of the Offender's Goods and Chattles, rendering the Overplus (if any) to the Owner.

And whereas the respective Sums of Money by this Act appointed to be paid to the Constable by the Officers demanding such Carriages, are not, in many Cases, sufficient to answer the Charge and Expence of providing the same, insomuch that the said Constables are frequently at great Charges, over and above what is received by them of the said Officers, to the great Burthen of the Township of which he is Constable, or else the Persons performing such Carriages are grievously oppressed; For Remedy whereof, and that the said Overplus Charge may be borne by each County or Riding, at the general Charge of such County or Riding, be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Treasurer or Treasurers of each respective County or Riding shall, without Fee or Reward, pay unto such Constable all and every such reasonable Sum or Sums of Money, so by him paid or laid out for such Carriages, over and above what was or ought to have been paid by the Officer requiring such Carriages, out of the publick Stock of such County or Riding, according to such Rates, Orders, Rules, and Directions, as the said Justices of the Peace, in their Quarter Sessions assembled, within their respective Jurisdictions, shall, from time to time, during the Continuance of this Act, make, direct, and appoint (which Orders shall be made without Fee or Reward) Regard being always had to the Season of the Year, and the Length and Condition of the Ways by and through which such Carriages are to travel.

Treasurers of the County to repay the Constable's extraordinary Charges.

And in case the said publick Stock of the County or Riding be not sufficient (over and above the other Purposes for which it was raised) to satisfy the extraordinary Charge of Carriages before-mentioned; it is hereby further enacted, That the said Justices of the Peace in the General Quarter Sessions shall have Power, from time to time, to raise Monies upon the respective Counties or Ridings in such Manner as they now raise Monies for County Gaols and Bridges, to satisfy the said extraordinary Charge of Carriages.

The Money for those Purposes how to be raised.

Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Waggon, Wain, Cart, or Carriage, impressed by Authority of this Act, shall be liable or obliged, by virtue of this Act, to carry above Twenty hundred Weight; any thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

No Waggon, &c. to carry above 20 hundred Weight.

And

Carriages in
Scotland how
to be provided.

And be it further enacted, That the Carriages for the Service of the Forces from time to time quartered or marching in Scotland, shall be provided in like Manner, and at the Rates, and the Furnisher of such Carriages shall be paid, as was directed by the Law in Force in Scotland at the Time of the Union.

Soldiers Wives
&c. not to be
quartered
without Con-
sent.

And be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Officer, Military or Civil, by this Act authorized to quarter Soldiers in any Houses hereby appointed for that Purpose, shall at any Time, during the Continuance of this Act, quarter any of the Wives, Children, Men or Maid-servants of any Officer or Soldier in any such Houses, against the Consent of the Owners; the Party offending, if an Officer of the Army, shall, upon Complaint and Proof thereof made to the Commander in Chief of the Army, or Judge Advocate, be ipso facto cashiered; and if a Constable, Tythingman, or other Civil Officer, he shall forfeit to the Party aggrieved Twenty Shillings, upon Complaint and Proof thereof made to the next Justice of the Peace, to be levied by Warrant of such Justice, by Distress and Sale of his Goods, rendering the Overplus to the Party, after deducting reasonable Charges in taking the same.

Penalty.

Penalty on Of-
ficers or Sol-
diers destroy-
ing the Game.

And for the better Preservation of the Game, in or near such Place, where any Officers or Soldiers shall at any Time be quartered; be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if, from and after the said Twenty fourth Day of March, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, any Officer or Soldier shall, without Leave of the Lord of the Manor, under his Hand and Seal first had and obtained, take, kill, or destroy, any Hare, Coney, Pheasant, Partridge, Pigeon, or any other Sort of Fowls, Poultry, or Fish, or His Majesty's Game, within the Kingdom of Great Britain; and upon Complaint thereof shall be, upon Oath of One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses, convicted before any Justice or Justices of the Peace, who is and are hereby impowered and authorized to hear and determine the same; (that is to say) every Officer so offending shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Five Pounds, to be distributed among the Poor of the Place where such Offence shall be committed; and every Officer commanding in Chief upon the Place, for every such Offence committed by any Soldier under his Command, shall forfeit the Sum of Twenty Shillings, to be paid and distributed in Manner aforesaid: And if, upon Conviction made by the Justices of the Peace, and Demand thereof also made by the Constable

Penalty.

or

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or Overseers of the Poor, such Officer shall refuse or neglect, and not within Two Days pay the said respective Penalties, such Officer so refusing or neglecting shall forfeit, and is hereby declared to have forfeited, his Commission, and his Commission is hereby to be null and void.

And be it enacted, That there shall be an exact Account of all Monies due, according to the Muster-rolls, to every Regiment in His Majesty's Service, made between the Paymaster General, or other respective Paymasters of the Forces for the time being, and the Colonel of every such Regiment, or the Agent by such Colonel respectively appointed and authorized to receive the Pay thereof, from time to time (that is to say) when Four Months become due, an Account shall be stated as aforesaid, for the Two preceding Months; and after the said Account shall be so made up and perfected, it shall be registered in a Book to be kept for that Purpose in the Pay-office, and there subscribed by such Paymaster General, or other respective Paymaster, or his Deputy, and the Colonel or Agent of the Regiment, who, together with the said Paymaster, made up the same; and a Duplicate thereof, by them respectively signed, shall be given to the said Colonel or Agent, without any Fee or Reward to be paid for the same: Which Colonel or Agent shall deliver to each Captain of the Regiment an Account of so much thereof as respectively appertained to him, and his Troop or Company, and the inferior Officers or Soldiers thereof; and the Balance which shall remain upon making up every such Account as aforesaid, and also all other Money as then shall become due to every such Regiment, shall be, by the said Paymaster General, or other respective Paymaster, paid to the said Colonel or Agent respectively, at such Time as His Majesty shall direct: And the Paymaster General, or other respective Paymaster for the time being, offending herein, shall forfeit, for every such Offence, One hundred Pounds, to any Person or Persons who shall inform or sue for the same in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record: And if any Deputy of the said Paymaster, or any Agent of a Regiment, shall offend in the Premises, upon Proof thereof made, such Deputy or Agent shall ipso facto lose his Place, and be incapable of that or any other Office for the future, and shall be liable to pay Two hundred Pounds to any Person who shall inform or sue for the same, by Action, Bill, Suit, or Information, in any Court of Record at Westminster; wherein no Essoin, Protection, Wager of Law, or more than One Imparlance, shall be allowed: And if any Colonel of a Regiment

How the Account of every Regiment shall be kept.

Penalty on Paymaster, &c.

Penalty on Colonels.

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shall

shall offend therein, such Colonel shall forfeit, for every such Offence, One hundred Pounds, to any Person or Persons who shall sue for the same, to be recovered as aforesaid.

Non-commis-
sion Officer
embezzling
Soldier's Pay,
&c. to be re-
duced, &c.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every Non-commission Officer who shall be convicted at a General or Regimental Court-martial, of having embezzled or misapplied any Money with which he may have been intrusted for the Payment of the Men under his Command, or for enlisting Men into His Majesty's Service, shall be reduced to serve in the Ranks as a Private Soldier, be put under Stoppages until the Money be made good, and suffer such corporal Punishment (not extending to Life or Limb) as the Court-martial shall think fit.

Justices may
commit De-
fenders.

And whereas several Soldiers being duly listed do afterwards desert, and are often found wandering, or otherwise absenting themselves illegally from His Majesty's Service; it is hereby further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Constable, Headborough, or Tythingman of the Town or Place, where any Person, who may be reasonably suspected to be such a Deserter, shall be found, to apprehend, or cause him to be apprehended, and to cause such Person to be brought before any Justice of the Peace, living in or near such Town or Place, who hath hereby Power to examine such suspected Person; and if by his Confession, or the Testimony of One or more Witnesses or Witnesses upon Oath, or by the Knowledge of such Justice of the Peace, it shall appear or be found, that such suspected Person is a listed Soldier, and ought to be with the Troop or Company to which he belongs; such Justice of the Peace shall forthwith cause him to be conveyed to the Gaol of the County or Place where he shall be found; or to the House of Correction, or other publick Prison in such Town or Place where such Deserter shall be apprehended; or to the Savoy, in case such Deserter shall be apprehended within the City of London or Westminster, or Places adjacent; and transmit an Account thereof to the Secretary at War for the time being, to the end such Person may be proceeded against according to Law: And the Keeper of such Gaol, House of Correction, or Prison, shall receive the full Subsistence of such Deserter or Deserters, during the Time that he or they shall continue in his Custody, for the Maintenance of the said Deserter or Deserters; but shall not be intitled to any Fee or Reward, on account of the Im-
prisonment

priſonment of ſuch Deſerter or Deſerters; any Law, Uſage, or Cuſtom to the contrary notwithstanding.

And for the better Encouragement of any Perſon or Perſons to ſecure or apprehend ſuch Deſerters as aforeſaid; be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That ſuch Juſtice of the Peace ſhall alſo iſſue his Warrant in Writing to the Collector or Collectors of the Land Tax Money of the Pariſh or Townſhip where ſuch Deſerter ſhall be apprehended, for paying out of the Land Tax Money ariſing or to ariſe in the Year One thouſand ſeven hundred and fifty nine, into the Hands of ſuch Perſon who ſhall apprehend, or cauſe to be apprehended, any Deſerter from His Majeſty's Service, the Sum of Twenty Shillings for every Deſerter that ſhall be ſo apprehended and committed; which Sum of Twenty Shillings ſhall be ſatisfied by ſuch Collector, to whom ſuch Warrant ſhall be directed, and allowed upon his Account.

Reward for taking up Deſerters.

Provided always, That if any Perſon ſhall harbour, conceal, or aſſiſt any Deſerter from His Majeſty's Service, knowing him to be ſuch; the Perſon ſo offending ſhall forfeit, for every ſuch Offence, the Sum of Five Pounds; or if any Perſon ſhall knowingly detain, buy, or exchange, or otherwiſe receive, any Arms, Clothes, Caps, or other Furniture belonging to the King, from any Soldier or Deſerter, or any other Perſon, upon any Account or Pretence whatſoever, or cauſe the Colour of ſuch Clothes to be changed; the Perſon ſo offending, ſhall forfeit for every ſuch Offence the Sum of Five Pounds; and upon Conviction by the Oath of One or more credible Witneſſes or Witneſſes, before any of His Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace, the ſaid reſpective Penalties of Five Pounds, and Five Pounds, ſhall be levied by Warrant under the Hands of the ſaid Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace, by Diſtreſs and Sale of the Goods and Chattles of the Offender; One Moiety of the ſaid firſt-mentioned Penalty of Five Pounds to be paid to the Informer, by whole Means ſuch Deſerter ſhall be apprehended; and One Moiety of the ſaid laſt-mentioned Penalty of Five Pounds to be paid to the Informer; and the Reſidue of the ſaid reſpective Penalties to be paid to the Officer to whom any ſuch Deſerter or Soldier did belong: And in caſe any ſuch Offender, who ſhall be convicted, as aforeſaid, of harbouring or aſſiſting any ſuch Deſerter or Deſerters; or having knowingly received any Arms, Clothes, Caps, or other Furniture belonging to the King; or having cauſed the Colour of ſuch Clothes to be changed, contrary to the Intent of this Act, ſhall not have ſufficient

Penalty on Perſons concealing Deſerters, or buying their Arms, Clothes, &c.

Goods

Goods and Chattles, whereon Distress may be made, to the Value of the Penalties recovered against him for such Offence, or shall not pay such Penalties within Four Days after such Conviction; then, and in such Case, such Justice of the Peace shall and may, by Warrant under his Hand and Seal, either commit such Offender to the Common Gaol, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize for the Space of Three Months, or cause such Offender to be publickly whipt, at the Discretion of such Justice.

Penalty on Officer breaking open House without Warrant.

Provided always, That no Commission Officer shall break open any House to search for Deserters, without Warrant from a Justice of the Peace; and that every Commission Officer who shall without Warrant from One or more of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace (which said Warrants the said Justice or Justices are hereby impowered to grant) forcibly enter into, or break open the Dwelling-house or Out-houses of any Person whatsoever under Pretence of searching for Deserters, shall, upon due Proof thereof, forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

His Majesty impowered to make Articles of War.

Provided always, That it shall and may be lawful to and for His Majesty to form, make, and establish Articles of War for the better Government of His Majesty's Forces, and for bringing Offenders against the same to Justice; and to erect and constitute Courts-martial, with Power to try, hear, and determine any Crimes or Offences by such Articles of War, and inflict Penalties by Sentence or Judgement of the same, as well within the Kingdoms of Great Britain and Ireland, Jersey, Guernsey, Alderney, and Sark, and the Islands thereto belonging, as in the Island of Minorca, His Majesty's Garrison of Gibraltar, and in any of His Majesty's Dominions beyond the Seas.

None to be adjudged of Life or Limb, but for Crimes expressed to be so punishable by this Act.

Provided always, That no Person or Persons shall be adjudged to suffer any Punishment, extending to Life or Limb, by the said Articles of War, within the Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Jersey, Guernsey, Alderney, and Sark, and the Islands thereto belonging, except for such Crimes as are expressed to be so punishable by this Act.

Deserters beyond Sea, &c. may be tried here or in Ireland.

Provided always, and be it further enacted, That if any Officer or Soldier shall desert His Majesty's Service in any of His Majesty's Dominions beyond the Seas, or elsewhere beyond the Seas, and shall escape and come into this Realm, or Ireland, or into Jersey, Guernsey, Alderney, or Sark, or the Islands thereto belonging, before he be tried by a Court-martial for such Offence, and shall

be

be apprehended for the same; such Officer or Soldier shall be tried for the same, as if the said Offence had been committed within this Realm.

Provided always, That so much of this Act as relates to the Punishment of Mutineers and Deserters within this Realm, and such who shall conceal Deserters, or shall knowingly buy, exchange, or otherwise receive, any Arms, Clothes, Caps, or other Furniture belonging to the King, from any Soldier or Deserter, or cause the Colour of such Clothes to be changed, shall extend, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, to such Governors, or other Officers in Garrisons, and Forces, as His Majesty has now in Pay, or shall have in Pay in Ireland, or in Jersey, Guernsey, Alderney, or Sark, and the Islands thereto belonging, and shall be put in Execution in that Kingdom, by all Justices of the Peace, and other Officers respectively, according to the Tenor of and during the Continuance of this Act.

This Act to extend to Deserters, &c. in Ireland, &c.

Provided also, That no Person or Persons being acquitted or convicted of any capital Crimes, Violences, or Offences, by the Civil Magistrate, shall be liable to be punished by a Court-martial for the same, otherwise than by cashiering.

Persons acquitted by the Civil Magistrate, may only be cashiered by a Court-martial.

Provided also, That if any Officer, Non-commissioned Officer, or Soldier, shall be accused of any capital Crime, or of any Violence or Offence against the Person, Estate, or Property of any of His Majesty's Subjects, which is punishable by the known Laws of the Land; the Commanding Officer or Officers of every Regiment, Troop, Company, or Party, is and are hereby required to use his utmost Endeavours to deliver over such accused Person to the Civil Magistrate; and shall also be aiding and assisting to the Officers of Justice in the seizing and apprehending such Offender, in order to bring him to Trial: And if any such Commanding Officer shall wilfully neglect or refuse, upon Application made to him for that Purpose, to deliver over any such accused Person to the Civil Magistrate, or to be aiding and assisting to the Officers of Justice in the apprehending such Offender; every such Officer so offending, and being thereof convicted before any Two or more Justices of the Peace for the County where the Fact is committed, by the Oath of Two credible Witnesses, shall be deemed and taken to be ipso facto cashiered, and shall be utterly disabled to have or hold any Civil or Military Office or Employment within this Kingdom, or in His Majesty's Service; provided the said Conviction be affirmed at the next Quarter Sessions of the

Persons accused of capital Crimes, &c. to be delivered over to the Civil Magistrate, &c.

Peace for the said County, and a Certificate thereof be transmitted to the Judge Advocate, who is hereby obliged to certify the same to the next Court-martial.

Paymasters,
 &c. to account
 with Execu-
 tors.

Provided always, and be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every present and future Paymaster, Agent, or Clerk of any Garrison, Regiment, Troop, or Company, who is or shall be liable to account with any of the Executors and Administrators of every Officer or Soldier, for any of the Pay of such Officer or Soldier, by him or them received; shall, on reasonable Demand made by such Executor or Administrator, deliver a just and true Account to any such Executor or Administrator, of such Sum or Sums of Money, as he or they shall have so respectively received for such Officer or Soldier, and for which they ought so to account as aforesaid, such Executor or Administrator paying for the same, and shall account with such Executor or Administrator for the same; and that every such Paymaster, Agent, or Clerk of any Garrison, Regiment, Troop, or Company, offending herein, shall forfeit the like Penalties, and to be recovered in like Manner, as appointed by this Act, for such Colonels or Agents not giving due Accounts of or for the Pay of the said Officers and Soldiers, to and for such Officers and Soldiers themselves.

Persons sued
 may plead the
 General Issue.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Action, Bill, Complaint, or Suit shall be brought against any Person or Persons, for any Act, Matter, or Thing, to be acted or done in pursuance of this Act, that it shall and may be lawful to and for all and any Person or Persons sued as aforesaid, to plead thereunto the General Issue, that he or they are Not Guilty, and to give such Special Matter in Evidence to the Jury which shall try the Issue; which Special Matter, being pleaded, had been a good and sufficient Matter in Law to have discharged the said Defendant or Defendants of the Trespass or other Matter laid to his or their Charge: And if the Verdict shall pass with the said Defendant or Defendants in any such Action, the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs therein become Nonsuit, or suffer any Discontinuance thereof; that in every such Case the Justice or Justices, or such other Judge, before whom the said Matter shall be tried, shall by Force and Virtue of this Act allow unto the Defendant or Defendants his or their Treble Costs, which he or they shall have sustained by reason of their wrongful Verdict in Defence of the said Action or Suit; for which the said Defendant or Defendants shall have the like Remedy as in other Cases, where Costs by the Laws of this Realm are given to Defendants.

Treble Costs.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every Bill, Complaint, Action, or Suit, against any Person or Persons, for any Act, Matter, or Thing to be acted or done in pursuance of this Act, or against any Member or Minister of a Court-martial, in respect of any Sentence of such Court, or of any Thing done by virtue or in pursuance of such Sentence, shall be brought in some of the Courts of Record at Westminster or Dublin, or the Court of Session in Scotland, and in no other Court whatsoever.

All Suits to be brought in some of the Courts of Record at Westminster or Dublin, or the Court of Session in Scotland.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That this Act, and every Thing herein contained, shall be and continue in Force within the Realm of Great Britain, from the said Twenty fourth Day of March, in the Year of our Lord One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, until the Twenty fifth Day of March, in the Year of our Lord One thousand seven hundred and sixty; and shall be and continue in Force within the Kingdom of Ireland, and in Jersey, Guernsey, Alderney, and Sark, and the Islands thereto belonging, from the said Twenty fourth Day of March, in the Year of our Lord One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, until the First Day of May, One thousand seven hundred and sixty; and shall be and continue in Force, within the Island of Minorca and Garrison of Gibraltar, and in His Majesty's other Dominions beyond the Seas, from the said Twenty fourth Day of March, in the Year of our Lord One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, until the Twenty fifth Day of March, in the Year of our Lord One thousand seven hundred and sixty one.

Continuance of this Act.

And whereas by an Act of the First Year of His late Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act for the more effectual and exemplary Punishment of such Persons as shall seduce Soldiers to desert; or, being Papists, shall enlist themselves in His Majesty's Service in Great Britain or Ireland, or in the Islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Alderney, or Sark, or the Islands thereto belonging; it is enacted, That any Person or Persons whatsoever, who shall directly or indirectly persuade or procure, or endeavour to persuade or procure, any Soldier or Soldiers in the Service of His Majesty, or of His Heirs or Successors, to desert; such Person or Persons so offending, and being thereof lawfully convicted, shall forfeit the Sum of Forty Pounds: Now be it enacted, That for such Offences as shall be committed against the said recited Act, within that Part of Great Britain called England, the Penalties thereby enacted shall be sued for, and recoverable, in any of His Majesty's

Penalties against the Act 1 George I. where to be sued for.

Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster; and for such Offences against the said Act, as shall be committed in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, the same shall be sued for, and recoverable, in His Majesty's Courts of Exchequer in Scotland; and for such Offences against the said Act as shall be committed in Ireland, the same shall and may be sued for, and recoverable, in any of the four Courts at Dublin; and for such Offences against the said Act as shall be committed within the Islands of Guernsey, Alderney, and Sark, and the Islands thereto belonging, the same shall and may be sued for, and recoverable, in the Royal Court of Guernsey; and for such Offences against the said Act as shall be committed within the Island of Jersey, the same shall and may be sued for, and recoverable, in the Royal Court of Jersey; any thing in the said recited Act to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

No Volunteer
liable to Pro-
cess, unless for
some criminal
Matter,

or unless for
a real Debt of
the Value of
10 l.

Oath of the
Debt to be
made before a
Judge,

and marked on
the Back of
the Process.

And to prevent, as far as may be, any unjust or fraudulent Arrests that may be made upon Soldiers, whereby His Majesty and the Publick may be deprived of their Service; it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Person whatsoever, who is or shall be listed, or shall list and enter himself as a Volunteer in His Majesty's Service, as a Soldier, either in the Kingdom of Great Britain or Ireland, or in Jersey, Guernsey, Alderney, or Sark, or the Islands thereto belonging, or in any of His Majesty's Plantations, during the Continuance of this Act, shall be liable to be taken out of His Majesty's Service by any Process or Execution whatsoever, other than for some criminal Matter, unless for a real Debt, or other just Cause of Action; and unless, before the taking out of such Process or Execution (not being for a criminal Matter) the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs therein, or some other Person or Persons on his or their Behalf, shall make Affidavit before One or more Judge or Judges of the Court of Record, or other Court, out of which such Process or Execution shall issue, or before some Person authorized to take Affidavits in such Courts, that to his or their Knowledge the original Sum, justly due and owing to the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs from the Defendant or Defendants, in the Action or Cause of Action on which such Process shall issue, or the original Debt for which such Execution shall be issued out, amounts to the Value of Ten Pounds at least, over and above all Costs of Suit in the same Action, or in any other Action on which the same shall be grounded; a Memorandum of which Oath shall be marked on the Back of such Process or

or Writ; for which Memorandum or Oath no Fee shall be taken: And if any Person shall nevertheless be arrested contrary to the Intent of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for One or more Judge or Judges of such Court, upon Complaint thereof made by the Party himself, or by any his superior Officer, to examine into the same by the Oath of the Parties, or otherwise, and by Warrant under his or their Hands and Seals, to discharge such Soldier so arrested contrary to the Intent of this Act, without paying any Fee or Fees, upon due Proof made before him or them, that such Soldier so arrested, was legally listed as a Soldier in His Majesty's Service, and arrested contrary to the Intent of this Act, and also to award to the Party so complaining, such Costs as such Judge or Judges shall think reasonable: For the Recovery whereof, he shall have the like Remedy that the Person who takes out the said Execution might have had for his Costs, or the Plaintiff in the like Action might have had for the Recovery of his Costs, in case Judgement had been given for him with Costs against the Defendant in the said Action.

And to the end that honest Creditors, who aim only at the Recovery of their just Debts due to them from Persons entered into, and listed in His Majesty's Service, may not be hindered from suing for the same, but on the contrary may be assisted and forwarded in their Suits; and instead of an Arrest, which may at once hurt the Service, and occasion a great Expence and Delay to themselves, may be enabled to proceed in a more speedy and cheap Manner; be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, upon Notice first given in Writing of the Cause of Action to such Person or Persons so listed, or left at his or their last Place of Residence, before such Listing, to file a Common Appearance in any Action to be brought for or upon Account of any Debt whatsoever, so as to intitle such Plaintiff to proceed therein to Judgement and Outlawry, and to have an Execution thereupon, other than against the Body or Bodies of him or them so listed as aforesaid; this Act, or any thing herein, or any former Law or Statute, to the contrary notwithstanding.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any High Constable, Constable, Bebel, or other Officer or Person whatsoever, who, by virtue or Colour of this Act, shall quarter or billet, or be employed in quartering or billeting, any Officers or Soldiers, shall neglect or

Plaintiff may
file a Common
Appearance.

Penalty on
taking Money
to excuse any
Person from
quartering,

or Victuallers
refusing to
quarter Sol-
diers.

refuse, for the Space of Two Hours, to quarter or billet such Officers or Soldiers when thereunto required, in such Manner as is by this Act directed, provided sufficient Notice be given before the Arrival of such Troops; or shall receive, demand, contract, or agree for any Sum or Sums of Money, or any Reward whatsoever, for or on account of excusing, or in order to excuse any Person or Persons whatsoever from quartering or receiving into his, her, or their House or Houses any such Officer or Soldier; or in case any Victualler, or any other Person, liable by this Act to have any Officer or Soldier billeted or quartered on him or her, shall refuse to receive or victual any such Officer or Soldier so quartered or billeted upon him or her as aforesaid; or shall refuse to furnish or allow, according to the Directions of this Act, the several Things herein before respectively directed to be furnished or allowed to Non-commission Officers and Soldiers so quartered or billeted on him or her as aforesaid, or shall neglect or refuse to furnish good and sufficient Hay and Straw for each Horse so quartered or billeted on him or her as aforesaid, at the Rate herein before-mentioned, and shall be thereof convicted before any One or more Justice or Justices of the Peace of the County, City, or Liberty, within which such Offence shall be committed, either by his own Confession, or by the Oath of One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses (which Oath the said Justice or Justices is and are hereby impowered to administer) every such High Constable, Constable, Beadle, or other Officer or Person so offending, shall forfeit, for every such Offence, the Sum of Five Pounds, or any Sum of Money not exceeding Five Pounds, nor less than Forty Shillings (as the said Justice or Justices, before whom the Matter shall be heard, shall, in his or their Discretion, think fit) to be levied by Distress and Sale of the Goods of the Person offending, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal, or Hands and Seals, of such Justice or Justices, before whom such Offender shall be convicted, or of One or more of them, to be directed to any other Constable within the County, City, or Liberty, or to any of the Overseers of the Poor of the Parish where the Offender shall dwell; the said Sum of Five Pounds, or the said Sum not exceeding Five Pounds, nor less than Forty Shillings, when levied, to be paid to the Overseers of the Poor of the Parish wherein the Offence shall be committed, or to some One of them, for the Use of the Poor of the said Parish.

And, for the better preventing Abuses in quartering or billeting the Soldiers, in pursuance of this Act; be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any One or more Justice or Justices of the Peace, within their respective Counties, Cities, or Liberties, by Warrant or Order under his or their Hand and Seal, or Hands and Seals, at any Time or Times, during the Continuance of this Act, to require and command any High Constable, Constable, Beadle, or other Officer, who shall quarter or billet any Soldiers in pursuance of this Act, to give an Account in Writing unto the said Justice or Justices requiring the same, of the Number of Officers and Soldiers who shall be quartered or billeted by them, and also the Names of the Housekeepers or Persons, upon whom every such Officer or Soldier shall be quartered or billeted, together with an Account of the Street or Place where every such Housekeeper dwells, and of the Signs (if any) belonging to their Houses; to the end it may appear to the said Justice or Justices where such Officers and Soldiers are quartered or billeted, and that he or they may thereby be the better enabled to prevent or punish all Abuses in the quartering or billeting of them.

Justices may order Constables to give an Account of the Number of Soldiers quartered, &c.

And be it further enacted, That where any Troops or Parties upon Command have Occasion in their March to pass regular Ferries in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, it shall and may be lawful for the Commanding Officer, either to pass over with his Party as Passengers, or to hire the Ferry Boat intire to himself and his Party, debarring others for that Time, in his Option; and in case he shall choose to take Passage for himself and Party as Passengers, he shall only pay for himself, and for each Person, Officer, or Soldier, under his Command, half of the ordinary Rate payable by single Persons at any such Ferry; and in case he shall hire the Ferry Boat for himself and Party, he shall pay half of the ordinary Rate for such Boat or Boats; and in such Places where there are no regular Ferries, but that all Passengers hire Boats at the Rates they can agree for, Officers, with or without Parties, are to agree for Boats, at the Rate as other Persons do in the like Cases.

How the Troops are to pay in passing over Ferries in Scotland.

Provided nevertheless, and it is hereby declared by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Twenty fifth Day of March, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, when and as often as any Person or Persons shall be enlisted as a Soldier or Soldiers in His Majesty's Land Service,

Clause for Relief of Persons hastily listing themselves.

Service, he and they shall, within Four Days, but not sooner than Twenty four Hours, after such Inlisting respectively, be carried before the next Justice of the Peace of any County, Riding, City, or Place, or Chief Magistrate of any City or Town Corporate (not being an Officer in the Army) and before such Justice or Chief Magistrate, he or they shall be at Liberty to declare his or their Dissent to such Inlisting; and upon such Declaration, and returning the Inlisting-money, and also each Person so dissenting paying the Sum of Twenty Shillings for the Charges expended or laid out upon him, such Person or Persons so inlisted shall be forthwith discharged and set at Liberty, in the Presence of such Justice or Chief Magistrate; but if such Person or Persons shall refuse or neglect, within the Space of Twenty four Hours, to return and pay such Money, as aforesaid, he or they shall be deemed and taken to be inlisted, as if he or they had given his or their Assent thereto before the said Justice or Chief Magistrate; or if such Person or Persons shall declare his or their having voluntarily inlisted himself or themselves, then such Justice or Chief Magistrate shall, and he is hereby required forthwith to certify under his Hand, that such Person or Persons is or are duly inlisted; setting forth the Place of the Birth, Age, and Calling of him or them respectively (if known) and that the Second and Sixth Sections of the Articles of War against Mutiny and Desertion were read to him or them, and that he or they had taken the Oath mentioned in the said Articles of War; and if any such Person or Persons, so to be certified as duly inlisted, shall refuse to take the said Oath of Fidelity before the said Justice or Chief Magistrate, it shall and may be lawful for such Officer, from whom he has received such Money as aforesaid, to detain or confine such Person or Persons, until he or they shall take the Oath before required; and every Military Officer that shall act contrary hereto, or offend herein, shall incur the like Penalty and Forfeiture, as is by this Act to be inflicted upon any Officer for making a false and untrue Muster; and the Penalty and Forfeiture shall be levied and recovered in the same Manner as any Penalties or Forfeitures are by this Act to be levied and recovered.

Persons refusing the said Relief to be proceeded against, as if duly listed.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person or Persons shall receive the Inlisting-money from any Officer (knowing it to be such) and shall abscond or refuse to go before such Justice or Chief Magistrate, in order to declare his Assent or Dissent, as aforesaid; such Person or Persons shall be deemed and taken to

to be insisted, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever; and shall and may be proceeded against, as if he or they had taken the Oath directed by the said Articles of War to be taken before such Justice or Chief Magistrate.

And in order to prevent all Doubts that may arise in relation to punishing Crimes and Offences committed against former Acts of Parliament, for punishing Mutiny and Desertion, and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters; be it declared and enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all Crimes and Offences which have been committed against an Act made in the Seventeenth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act for the punishing Mutiny and Desertion; and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters; or against any other Act of Parliament since made for the punishing Mutiny and Desertion, and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters, shall and may, during the Continuance of this present Act, be inquired of, heard, tried, and determined, adjudged, and punished, before and by the like Courts, Persons, Powers, Authorities, Ways, Means, and Methods, as the like Crimes and Offences, committed against this present Act, may be enquired of, heard, tried, determined, adjudged, and punished.

Offences against former Mutiny Acts, punishable by this Act.

And whereas it may otherwise be doubted, whether the Officers and Persons employed in the Trains of Artillery, be within the Intent and Meaning of this Act, for punishing of Officers and Soldiers who shall mutiny, or desert His Majesty's Service, and for punishing false Quarters, and for Payment of Quarters; it is hereby enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Officers, and Persons employed, or that shall be employed, in the several Trains of Artillery, be at all Times subject to all the Penalties and Punishments mentioned in this Act, and shall in all Respects whatsoever be holden to be within the Intent and Meaning of every Part of this Act, during the Continuance of the same.

Officers, &c. in the Trains of Artillery, subject to this Act.

And whereas great Mischief and Inconvenience may arise, if it should be doubted whether Troops in Pay, raised in any of the British Provinces in America, by Authority of the respective Governors or Governments thereof, are, while acting in Conjunction with His Majesty's British Forces, under the Command of an Officer having a Commission immediately from His Majesty, liable to the same Rules and Articles of War, and the same Penalties and Punishments, as the British Forces are subject to: To prevent such Mischief, and to remove all

Troops raised
in America,
when acting in
Conjunction
with British
Forces, subject
to the Rules
and Articles
of War.

Officers and
Soldiers of
the American
Troops sent
over to Great
Britain,

to be quarter-
ed and billeted
as the British
Forces,

and under the
same Regula-
tions and Pe-
nalties.

Doubts; be it declared and enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all Officers and Soldiers of any Troops, being mustered and in Pay, which are or shall be raised in America as aforesaid, shall at all Times, and in all Places, when they happen to join or act in Conjunction with His Majesty's British Forces, be liable to Martial Law and Discipline, in like Manner to all Intents and Purposes, as the British Forces are, and shall be subject to the same Trial, Penalties, and Punishments.

And whereas the Officers and Soldiers of the said Troops, being taken Prisoners in America, are frequently sent over to Great Britain in a very distressed Condition: And whereas their Pay is not sufficient to provide them with necessary Lodgings and Accommodations; be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That, during the Continuance of this Act, it shall be lawful for the Constables, and other Civil Magistrates, within England, Wales, and the Town of Berwick upon Tweed, to quarter and billet the Officers and Soldiers of the said American Troops in all such Houses as are liable by this Act to receive the Officers and Soldiers of His Majesty's British Forces: And the said Constables, and other Civil Magistrates, are hereby required to quarter and billet the Officers and Soldiers of the said American Troops in the same Manner, and under the same Regulations and Penalties, as are directed by this Act to be observed in quartering and billeting the Officers and Soldiers of His Majesty's British Forces; and all Persons on whom the Officers and Soldiers of the said Troops shall be legally quartered, refusing to receive and provide for them, as is directed for the Officers and Soldiers of His Majesty's British Forces, shall be subject to the same Penalties as in the Case of the said British Forces.

F I N I S.

Anno Regni

GEORGE III

Magna Britannia

At the Party
the 11th of
the 1st of
very much
of God
King
And from
third
given



Printed by Thomas Egerton, Printer to the King, and by the Author of Robert Bageant, 1728

Anno Regni GEORGGII II.

R E G I S

Magnæ Britannia, Franciæ, & Hiberniæ,

TRICESIMO SECUNDO.

At the Parliament begun and holden at *Westminster*,
the Thirty first Day of *May*, *Anno Dom.* 1754. in
the Twenty seventh Year of the Reign of our So-
vereign Lord *GEORGE* the Second, by the Grace
of God, of *Great Britain, France, and Ireland*,
King, Defender of the Faith, &c.

And from thence continued by several Prorogations to the Twenty
third Day of *November*, 1758, being the Sixth Session of this
present Parliament.



L O N D O N:

Printed by *Thomas Baskett*, Printer to the King's most Excellent
Majesty; and by the Assigns of *Robert Baskett*. 1759.

Anno Regni

GEORGE II. REGIS

IN PARLIAMENT

THE SECOND

AN ACT

TO

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OF

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Anno tricesimo secundo

Georgii II. Regis.

An Act to explain and amend an Act passed in the Twenty second Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for the more easy and speedy Recovery of Small Debts within the Town and Borough of Southwark, and the several Parishes of Saint Saviour, Saint Mary at Newington, Saint Mary Magdalen Bermondsey, Christ Church, Saint Mary Lambeth, and Saint Mary at Rotherhith, in the County of Surrey, and the several Precincts and Liberties of the same*; and for extending the Powers and Provisions of the said Act to such Part of the Eastern Half of the Hundred of *Brixton*, in the said County, as is not included in the said Act.



WHEREAS by an Act of Parliament made in the Twenty second Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for the more easy and speedy Recovery of Small Debts within the Town and Borough of Southwark, and the several Parishes of Saint Saviour, Saint Mary at Newington, Saint Mary Magdalen Bermondsey, Christ Church, Saint Mary Lambeth, and Saint Mary at Rotherbith, in the County of Surrey, and the several Precincts and Liberties of the same*; a certain Number of

Preamble.

A a a a

Persons

Persons to be chosen in Manner thereby authorized, were constituted a Court of Justice, by the Name of The Court of Requests, for the Town and Borough of *Southwark*, in the County of *Surrey*, with Power to hear and determine all such Matters of Debt as are in the said Act mentioned : And whereas it has been found by Experience that the Execution of the said Act has been of great Benefit and Advantage to the several Tradesmen, Artificers, Manufacturers, and other Persons, living within the said Town and Borough, and the several Parishes, Precincts, and Liberties, mentioned in the said Act, but some Doubts have arisen whether any Person or Persons inhabiting within the said Limits, and indebted to Persons who do not live within the same, are subject to the Jurisdiction of the said Court : And whereas it would be of great Advantage to the several Tradesmen, Artificers, Manufacturers, and other Persons, living and residing within the several Parishes of Streatham, Clapham, and Camberwell, and the Manor of Hatcham, in the Parish of Saint Paul Deptford in the County of Surrey, being the remaining Part of the Eastern Half of the Hundred of Brixton, which is not included in the said Act, if the said Act was extended to the said Parishes and Manor ; May it therefore please your Majesty that it may be enacted and declared, and be it enacted and declared by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Fifth Day of April One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, all Persons whatsoever inhabiting within the Limits of the Jurisdiction of the said Court of Requests, shall be, and are hereby declared to be, subject to the Process and Jurisdiction of the said Court, for any Debt or Debts by them or any of them, then, or at any Time or Times thereafter, owing to any Person or Persons, Bodies Politick or Corporate, not exceeding the Sum of Forty Shillings, although the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs suing out such Process shall not inhabit or reside within the said Borough of Southwark, or any of the Parishes mentioned in the said recited Act, or the Liberties or Precincts thereof ; any thing in the said former Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Inhabitants within the Limits of the Jurisdiction of the Court, are subject to the Process and Jurisdiction thereof for Small Debts.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said Fifth Day of April, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, the said Act made in the Twenty second Year of His present Majesty's

Reign,

Reign, intituled, An Act for the more easy and speedy Recovery of Small Debts within the Town and Borough of Southwark, and the several Parishes of Saint Saviour, Saint Mary at Newington, Saint Mary Magdalen Bermondsey, Christ Church, Saint Mary Lambeth, and Saint Mary at Rotherhithe, in the County of Surrey, and the several Precincts and Liberties of the same, with the Explanation and Amendment thereof herein before enacted, and all the Powers, Directions, Punishments, Penalties, Forfeitures, Provisoos, Matters, and Things, in the said Act contained, shall extend, and are hereby extended to, and shall take Effect, operate, and be executed, with respect to the several Parishes of Streatham, Clapham, and Camberwell, and the Manor of Hatcham in the Parish of Saint Paul Deptford, in the County of Surrey, being the remaining Part of the Eastern Half of the Hundred of Brixton, which is not included in the said Act, and to all the Residents, Inhabitants, and Persons, renting or keeping any Shop, Shed, Stall, or Stand, or seeking a Livelihood within the said Parishes, and Manor, and to all other Persons, in such and the same Manner, and as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, as if the said Parishes and Manor were Part of the said Town or Borough of Southwark, or as if the said Powers, Directions, Punishments, Penalties, Forfeitures, Provisions, Matters, and Things, were herein re-enacted with respect and in relation to the said Parishes and Manor.

Act 22 Geo. II, and the several Powers and Provisoos, &c. therein, extended to the Parishes of Streatham, Clapham, Camberwell, and Manor of Hatcham, &c.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for such of the Parishioners of the said respective Parishes of Streatham, Clapham, and Camberwell, and of such Part of the said Parish of Saint Paul Deptford, as lies within the said Manor of Hatcham, as have a Right to assemble in their several and respective Vestries, and they are hereby respectively impowered and required on Tuesday next after the Feast of Easter, which shall be in the Year of our Lord One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, and so on every Tuesday next after the Feast of Easter, in every succeeding Year, to nominate and assign in the Whole, the Number of Twenty of the most substantial and discreet Persons residing within the said Parishes of Streatham, Clapham, and Camberwell, and such Part of the Parish of Saint Paul Deptford as aforesaid, who, together with the Persons to be from time to time nominated and appointed in the Manner directed by the said Act, are to be Commissioners for putting the said Act and this Act in Execution; which Persons shall be nominated in the Manner

20 Commissioners to be nominated annually on Tuesday in Easter-week by the Inhabitants of the said Parishes in Vestry assembled,

who are to be joint Commissioners with those appointed in pursuance of the recited Act.

viz. *Streatham*
to nominate 6;

Clapham 6;

Camberwell 6;

St. Paul Dept-
ford in Hatch-
am Manor 2.

Lists of the
Commissioners
to be made
out :

One to be affix-
ed on the
Church Doors
in each Parish,
and the other
to be delivered
to the Chief
Bailiff of *South-*
wark, to be
stuck up in the
Town Hall.

Power given
them jointly
with the Com-
missioners un-
der the former
Act, to put
this and the
said Act in
Execution,

except with
respect to the
Suspension,
Removal, or
Election, of
the Clerks of
the Court.

The Two Per-
sons standing
foremost on
each List to be
summoned
monthly to at-
tend the Court,
and so in Rota-
tion;

except for *St.*
Paul Deptford,
for which One
Person only is
to be summon-
ed.

ner following; that is to say, Such Parishioners of the Pa-
rish of Streatham to nominate and assign Six of the said
Persons, of the Parish of Clapham Six of the said Persons,
of the Parish of Camberwell Six of the said Persons, and
such Part of the said Parish of Saint Paul Deptford as lies
within the said Manor of Hatcham, Two of the said Per-
sons; and the Churchwardens of each respective Parish for
the time being, or One of such Churchwardens, shall, with-
in Two Days next after every such Nomination, cause Two
Lists to be made out of the Persons so nominated and ap-
pointed; and shall cause One of the said Lists, or a true
Copy thereof, to be fixed or stuck up on the Church Door of
each respective Parish; and shall deliver, or cause to be de-
livered, the other to the Chief Bailiff of the said Town
and Borough of Southwark, or his Deputy, who shall
forthwith cause a Copy of such Lists to be made and stuck
up in some convenient Part of the Town Hall of the said
Town and Borough of Southwark; and the Persons so
to be from time to time nominated and appointed by the
Parishioners of the said Parishes of Streatham, Clapham,
Camberwell, and Saint Paul Deptford respectively, as afore-
said, shall, together with the Persons appointed or to be
appointed by virtue of the said former Act, be Commis-
sioners for putting the said former Act and this present
Act in Execution; and the Commissioners so to be from
time to time nominated and appointed by virtue of the
said former Act and this present Act, or any Three or more
of them, shall be, and are hereby fully authorized and im-
powered to put the said Act, and all the Powers and Au-
thorities therein contained, and also this Act, in Execu-
tion; except only as to the Suspension, Removal, or Elec-
tion, of any Clerk or Clerks of the said Court; and which
Suspension, Removal, or Election, may, and are hereby
authorized to be, from time to time, made by the major
Part of the said Commissioners assembled at a Court to
be summoned in the Manner prescribed by the said Act;
any thing in the said Act contained to the contrary not-
withstanding.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid,
That the said Chief Bailiff, or his Deputy, shall, within
Two Days next after such several Lists shall be returned
to him as aforesaid, summon, or cause to be summoned,
the Two First Persons named in the said List for the Pa-
rish of Streatham, the Two First Persons named in the
said List for the Parish of Clapham, the Two First Per-
sons named in the said List for the Parish of Camberwell,
and the First Person named in the said List for such Part
of the Parish of Saint Paul Deptford as aforesaid, to at-

tend

tend as Commissioners of the said Court for One Month then next following; and so the like Number of Persons out of every List, as they shall stand in Order and Rotation therein respectively, to serve as Commissioners, from Month to Month, during the Term for which they are chosen Commissioners.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, Limitation of Actions. That if any Action or Suit shall be brought or commenced against any Person or Persons, for any Matter or Thing done or to be done in pursuance of this Act, then, and in such Case, such Action or Suit shall be brought or commenced within Three Calendar Months next after the Fact committed, and not afterwards; and the Defendant or Defendants in such Action or Suit to be brought, shall and may plead the General Issue, General Issue. and give this Act and the Special Matter in Evidence at any Tryal to be had thereupon; and if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall become nonsuited, or discontinue his or their Action or Actions, Suit or Suits; or if, upon Verdict or Demurrer, Judgment shall be given against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, the Defendant or Defendants shall and may recover Treble Costs, Treble Costs. and have such Remedy for the same, as any Defendant or Defendants hath or have in any other Cases by Law.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, Publick Act. That this Act shall be deemed, adjudged, and taken, to be a Publick Act; and be judicially taken Notice of as such, by all Judges, Justices, and all other Persons whatsoever, without specially pleading the same.

F I N I S.

Anno Regni
GEORGGII II.
REGIS

Magnæ Britanniaë, Franciaë, & Hiberniaë,
TRICESIMO SECUNDO.

At the Parliament begun and holden at *Westminster*, the Thirty first Day of *May*, *Anno Dom.* 1754, in the Twenty seventh Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord *GEORGE* the Second, by the Grace of God, of *Great Britain, France, and Ireland*, King, Defender of the Faith, &c.

And from thence continued by several Prorogations to the Twenty third Day of *November*, 1758, being the Sixth Session of this present Parliament.



L O N D O N :

Printed by *Thomas Baskett*, Printer to the King's most Excellent Majesty ; and by the Assigns of *Robert Baskett*. 1759.

THE COURT OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK, in and for the County of New York, do hereby certify that the within and foregoing is a true and correct copy of the original thereof, as the same appears from the records of the said Court, and is signed by the Clerk of the said Court, and attested by the Seal of the said Court, this 10th day of June, 1900.

Anno tricesimo secundo

Georgii II. Regis.

An Act to indemnify Persons who have omitted to qualify themselves for Offices and Employments within the Time limited by Law; and for allowing further Time for that Purpose.



W H E R E A S divers Persons who, on account of their Offices, Places, Employments, or Professions, or any other Cause or Occasion, ought to have taken and subscribed the Oaths, or the Assurance, respectively appointed to be by such Persons taken and subscribed, in and by an Act made in the First Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George of Glori-

Preamble, reciting the several Qualifying Acts of

1 Geo. I,

ous Memory, intituled, An Act for the further Security of His Majesty's Person and Government, and the Succession of the Crown in the Heirs of the late Princess *Sophia*, being Protestants; and for extinguishing the Hopes of the pretended Prince of *Wales*, and his open and secret Abettors;

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13 Car. II, or to have qualified themselves according to an Act made
 25 Car. II, in the Thirteenth Year of the Reign of King Charles the
 13 Car. II, Second, intituled, An Act for the well governing and
 18 Geo. II, regulating Corporations; or to have qualified themselves
 30 Geo. II, according to another Act made in the Twenty fifth Year
 and 31 Geo. II, of the Reign of King Charles the Second, intituled, An
 Act for preventing the Dangers which may happen from
 Popish Recusants, by receiving the Sacrament of the Lord's
 Supper according to the Usage of the Church of England,
 and making and subscribing the Declaration against Tran-
 substantiation therein mentioned; or according to another
 Act made in the Thirteenth Year of the Reign of King
 Charles the Second, intituled, An Act for the more ef-
 fectual preserving the King's Person and Government, by
 disabling Papists from sitting in either House of Parlia-
 ment; or according to another Act made in the Eighteenth
 Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, An
 Act to amend and render more effectual an Act passed in
 the Fifth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled,
An Act for the further Qualification of Justices of the Peace;
 or according to another Act made in the Thirtieth Year of
 His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act for the
 better Ordering of the Militia Forces in the several Counties
 of that Part of Great Britain called England; or according
 to another Act made in the Thirty first Year of His pre-
 sent Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act to explain, amend,
 and enforce, an Act made in the last Session of Parliament,
 intituled, *An Act for the better Ordering of the Militia Forces
 in the several Counties of that Part of Great Britain called
 England*; have, through Ignorance of the Law, Absence,
 or some unavoidable Accident, omitted to take and subscribe
 the said Oaths and Assurance, or otherwise to qualify
 themselves as aforesaid, within such Time and in such
 Manner, as in and by the said Acts respectively, or by
 any other Act of Parliament in that Behalf made and
 provided, is required, whereby they may be in Danger of
 incurring divers Penalties and Disabilities: For quieting
 the Minds of His Majesty's Subjects, and for pre-
 venting any Inconveniencies that might otherwise hap-
 pen by Means of such Omissions, be it enacted by the
 King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice
 and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal,
 and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled,
 and by the Authority of the same, That all and every
 Person and Persons, who shall, on or before the Twenty
 eighth Day of November, One thousand seven hundred
 and fifty nine, take and subscribe the said Oaths and
 Assurance

Further Time
 to 28 Nov. 1759,
 allowed to Per-
 sons who have
 omitted to
 qualify them-
 selves, as the
 said Laws di-
 rect.

Assurance respectively, in such Cases wherein by Law the said Oaths and Assurance ought to have been taken or subscribed, in such Manner and Form, and such Place and Places, as are appointed in and by the said Act made in the First Year of the Reign of His said late Majesty King George, or by any other Act or Acts of Parliament in that Behalf made and provided; and also receive the Sacrament of the Lord's Supper, according to the Usage of the Church of England, and make and subscribe the said Declaration against Transubstantiation, in such Cases wherein the said Sacrament ought to have been received, and the said Declaration ought to have been made and subscribed; or take and subscribe the Oath directed by the said Act made in the Eighteenth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, in such Cases wherein the said Oath ought to have been taken and subscribed, in such Manner as by the said Act is directed; shall be and are hereby indemnified, freed, and discharged, from and against all Penalties, Forfeitures, Incapacities, and Disabilities, incurred or to be incurred, for or by reason of any former Neglect or Omission of taking or subscribing the said Oaths or Assurance, or receiving the Sacrament, or making or subscribing the said Declaration respectively, according to the above-mentioned Acts, or any of them, or any other Act or Acts, is and are and shall be fully and actually recapacitated and restored to the same State and Condition, as such Person or Persons were before such Neglect or Omission, and shall be deemed and adjudged to have duly qualified him, her, or themselves, according to the above-mentioned Acts, and every of them; and that all Acts done or to be done by any such Person or Persons, or by Authority derived from him or them, are and shall be of the same Force and Validity, as the same or any of them would have been, if such Person or Persons had taken the said Oaths or Assurance, and received the Sacrament of the Lord's Supper, and made and subscribed the said Declaration, or taken and subscribed the said Oath respectively, according to the Direction of the said Acts, and every of them; and that such Person or Persons qualifying themselves in Manner, and within the Time, appointed by this Act, shall be, to all Intents and Purposes, as effectual, as if such Person or Persons had respectively taken the said Oaths and Assurance, and received the Sacrament, and made and subscribed the said Declaration, and taken and subscribed the said Oath, within the Time, and in the Manner, appointed by the several Acts before-mentioned.

D D D

Provided

Persons qualifying themselves in Manner, and within the Time, appointed, recapacitated and indemnified.

Offices, &c.
already avoid-
ed by Judge-
ment of a
Court, and
filled up, con-
firmed.

Provided always, That this Act, or any Thing herein contained, shall not extend, or be construed to extend, to restore or intitle any Person or Persons to any Office or Employment, Benefice, Matter, or Thing, whatsoever, already actually avoided by Judgement of any of His Majesty's Courts of Record, already filled up or enjoyed by any other Person; but such Office, Employment, Benefice, Matter, or Thing, so avoided, or filled up and enjoyed, shall be and remain in and to the Person or Persons who is or are now intitled to the same, as if this Act had never been made.

None indem-
nified where fi-
nal Judge-
ment hath
been given for
the Penalty
incurred.

Provided also, That this Act, or any Thing herein contained, shall not extend, or be construed to extend, to indemnify any Person against whom final Judgement shall have been given in any Action of Debt, Bill, Complaint, or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record, for any Penalty incurred by having neglected to qualify himself within the Time limited by Law.

F I N I S.

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Anno Regni GEORGGII II.

R E G I S

Magnæ Britannia, Francia, & Hibernia,

TRICESIMO SECUNDO.

At the Parliament begun and holden at *Westminster*,
the Thirty first Day of *May*, *Anno Dom.* 1754. in
the Twenty seventh Year of the Reign of our So-
vereign Lord *GEORGE* the Second, by the Grace
of God, of *Great Britain, France, and Ireland*,
King, Defender of the Faith, &c.

And from thence continued by several Prorogations to the Twenty
third Day of *November*, 1758, being the Sixth Session of this
present Parliament.



L O N D O N:

Printed by *Thomas Baskett*, Printer to the King's most Excellent
Majesty; and by the Assigns of *Robert Baskett*. 1759.

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Anno tricesimo secundo

Georgii II. Regis.

An Act for taking off the Prohibition of the Exportation of Corn, Malt, Meal, Flour, Bread, Biscuit, and Starch.



WHEREAS by an Act made in this Session of Parliament, intituled, An Act to continue, for a farther Time, the Prohibition of the Exportation of Corn, Malt, Meal, Flour, Bread, Biscuit, and Starch; and also to continue, for a farther Time, the Prohibition of the making of Low Wines and Spirits from Wheat, Barley, Malt, or any other Sort of Grain, or from

Act of this Session.

Meal or Flour; and to prohibit, for a limited Time, the making of Low Wines and Spirits from Bran; it was enacted, That the Prohibition of the Exportation of Corn, Malt, Meal, Flour, Bread, Biscuit, and Starch, and likewise the Prohibition of the Payment of any Bounty upon the Exportation of any of the said Commodities, should be further continued until the Twenty fourth Day of December, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, unless such Continuation should be abridged or shortened by any other Act to be made in this present Session of Parliament, or in such other Manner as by the said Act is provided: And whereas it is expedient for the publick Service, that the Continuance of so much of the said Act as relates to the Prohibition of the Exportation of Corn, Malt, Meal, Flour, Bread, Biscuit, and Starch, and of the Payment of any Bounty on the Exportation of any of

E e e 2

the

The Exportation of Corn, Malt, &c. provisionally allowed,

unless His Majesty by Proclamation, or Order in Council, shall stop the Exportation thereof, until 25 Dec. 1759.

Exception.

the said Commodities, should be abridged and shortned ; be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That such Continuance shall, from and after the Twenty fifth Day of March, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, cease and determine.

Provided always, and be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if, at any Time before the Twenty fifth Day of December, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, His Majesty shall judge it to be most for the Benefit and Advantage of this Kingdom to stop the Exportation of the said Commodities, it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by His Royal Proclamation, to be issued by the Advice of His Privy Council, or by His Majesty's Order in Council, to be published in the London Gazette, to prohibit and stop the Exportation of the said Commodities, until the Twenty fifth Day of December, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine ; except only in such Cases in which the said Commodities were allowed to be exported during such Continuance of the said Act of this Session of Parliament.

F I N I S.

Anno Regni GEORGGII II. REGIS

Magnæ Britanniae, Franciæ, & Hiberniæ,

TRICESIMO SECUNDO.

At the Parliament begun and holden at *Westminster*, the Thirty first Day of *May*, *Anno Dom.* 1754. in the Twenty seventh Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord *GEORGE* the Second, by the Grace of God, of *Great Britain, France, and Ireland*, King, Defender of the Faith, &c.

And from thence continued by several Prorogations to the Twenty third Day of *November*, 1758, being the Sixth Session of this present Parliament.



L O N D O N :

Printed by *Thomas Baskett*, Printer to the King's most Excellent Majesty; and by the Assigns of *Robert Baskett*. 1759.

George II. Regis.

An Act for the Regulation of His Majesty's
Marine Forces while on Shore.

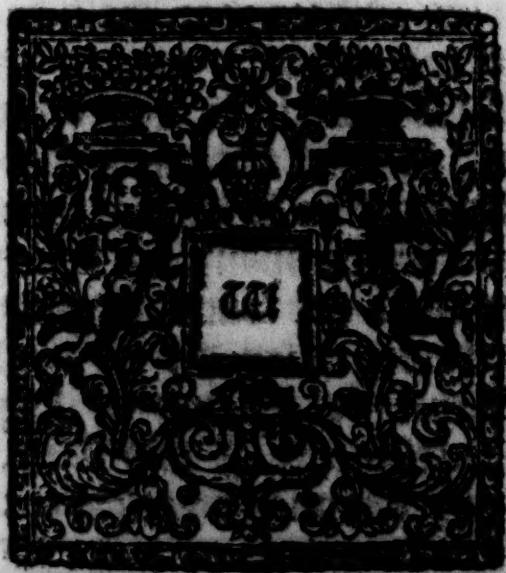
Great Britain: And whereas the
said Marine Forces may frequently be quartered on Shore,
where they will not be subject to the Laws relating to the
Government of His Majesty's Forces by Sea; yet ne-
cessaries it being expedient, for the retaining of such
Forces



Anno tricesimo secundo

Georgii II. Regis.

An Act for the Regulation of His Majesty's
Marine Forces while on Shore.



H E R E A S it may be necessary Preamble.
for the Safety of this Kingdom,
and the Defence of the Posses-
sions of the Crown of Great
Britain, that a Body of Marine
Forces should be employed in
His Majesty's Fleet and Naval
Service, under the Direction of
the Lord High Admiral, or Com-
missioners for executing the Of-
fice of Lord High Admiral of
Great Britain: And whereas the
said Marine Forces may frequently be quartered on Shore,
where they will not be subject to the Laws relating to the
Government of His Majesty's Forces by Sea; yet ne-
vertheless it being requisite, for the retaining of such
Forces

After 25
March, 1759,
during the
Continuance
of this Act,
every Marine
Officer and
Private Man,
on Shore,

who shall mu-
tiny, or desert,
&c.

or list in any
other Regi-
ment, &c.

or shall be
found sleeping
on, or shall de-
sert, his Post,

or hold illegal
Correspond-
ence with the
Enemies of
His Majesty,

Forces in their Duty, that an exact Discipline be ob-
served; and that Marines who shall mutiny, or stir up
Sedition, or shall desert His Majesty's Service, be
brought to a more exemplary and speedy Punishment
than the Law will allow; be it enacted by the King's
most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and
Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and
Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by
the Authority of the same, That from and after the
Twenty fifth Day of March, One thousand seven hun-
dred and fifty nine, if any Person being entered, or in
Pay, as an Officer of Marines, or who is or shall be list-
ed, or in Pay, as a Private Man in any Company of
Marines in His Majesty's Service, and on the Twenty
fifth Day of March, One thousand seven hundred and
fifty nine, shall remain in such Service, or during the
Continuance of this Act, shall be voluntarily entered,
and in Pay, as a Marine Officer or Private Man in His
Majesty's Service, and being ordered or employed in such
Service, at any Time during the Continuance of this
Act, on Shore, in any Place within the Realm of Great
Britain, or in the Kingdom of Ireland, or in any of His
Majesty's Dominions beyond the Seas respectively, shall
begin, excite, cause, or join in any Mutiny or Sedition,
in the Company to which he doth or shall belong, or in
any other Company, Troop, or Regiment, either of
Marine or Land Forces in His Majesty's Service, or
shall not use his utmost Endeavours to suppress the same,
or coming to the Knowledge of any such Mutiny, or in-
tended Mutiny, shall not, without Delay, give Infor-
mation thereof to his Commanding Officer; or shall de-
sert His Majesty's Service; or being actually entered as
a Marine in any Company, shall list himself in any other
Company, Troop, or Regiment, in His Majesty's Ser-
vice, without first having a Discharge in Writing from
the Officer commanding in Chief the Company in which
he last served as a Marine; or shall be found sleeping
upon his Post, or shall leave it before relieved; or shall
hold Correspondence with any Rebel or Enemy of His
Majesty, or give them Advice or Intelligence of any Kind,
by any Ways or Means, or in any Manner whatsoever;
or shall treat with such Rebels or Enemies, or enter in-
to any Condition with them, without His Majesty's Li-
cence, or Licence of the Lord High Admiral of Great
Britain, or of Three or more of the Commissioners for
executing the Office of Lord High Admiral of Great Bri-
tain for the time being; or shall strike, or use any Vio-
lence

lence against his superior Officer, being in the Execution of his Office; or shall disobey any lawful Command of his superior Officer; all and every Person and Persons so offending, in any or either of the Matters before-mentioned, on Shore, in any Part of this Kingdom, or Ireland, or any of His Majesty's Dominions beyond the Seas, shall suffer Death, or such other Punishment as by a Court-martial shall be inflicted.

or shall strike, or disobey his superior Officer; shall suffer Death, or such Punishment as a Court-martial shall inflict.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may, from time to time, during the Continuance of this Act, be lawful to and for the said Lord High Admiral, or Three or more of the said Commissioners for executing the said Office of Lord High Admiral for the time being, to grant a Commission under his or their respective Hand or Hands, to any Officer of Marines in His Majesty's Service, not under the Degree of a Field Officer, for the holding a General Court-martial, at any Place or Places on Shore in this Realm, or in Ireland, or in any of His Majesty's Dominions beyond the Seas; in every of which Courts-martial all or any of the Offences aforesaid, and all or any other of the Offences herein after specified, shall be tried and proceeded against in such Manner as by this Act is directed.

The Lord High Admiral, or Commissioners for executing that Office, may grant a Commission to hold General Courts-martial, &c.

And be it also enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for such Courts-martial respectively, by their Sentence or Judgement, to inflict Corporal Punishment, not extending to Life or Limb, on any Marine, for Immorality, Misbehaviour, or Neglect of Duty, on Shore, in any Place or Places within this Realm, or Ireland, or any of His Majesty's Dominions beyond the Seas, during the Continuance of this Act.

Courts-martial may inflict Corporal Punishment for Immoralities, &c.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Lord High Admiral, or Three or more of the Commissioners for executing the said Office of Lord High Admiral, at any Time during the Continuance of this Act, to make and establish Rules and Articles in Writing under his or their respective Hand or Hands, for the Punishment of Mutiny and Desertion, Immorality, Misbehaviour, and Neglect of Duty, in any of His Majesty's Marine Forces, while on Shore, in any Part of this Realm, or Ireland, or any of His Majesty's Dominions beyond the Seas, and for bringing Offenders against the same to Justice; and to erect and constitute Courts-martial, with Power to try, hear, and determine any Crimes or Offences specified in such Rules and Articles, and inflict Punishments by Sentence or Judgement for the same, according to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act.

Lords, &c. of the Admiralty empowered to make Articles for Punishment of Mutiny and Desertion, &c.

and to constitute Courts-martial.

§ g g

Provided

None to be
adjudged of
Life or Limb,
but for Crimes
expressed to be
so punishable
by this Act.

Provided always, That no Person or Persons shall be adjudged to suffer any Punishment extending to Life or Limb, by the said Rules and Articles, within the Kingdom of Great Britain or Ireland, except for such Crime or Crimes as is or are expressed to be so punishable by this Act.

General
Court-martial
not to consist
of less than 13,
and the Presi-
dent to be a
Field Officer,
or Officer next
in Seniority,
not under the
Degree of a
Captain.

And it is hereby further enacted and declared, That no General Court-martial, which shall have Power to sit by virtue of this Act, shall consist of a less Number than Thirteen, whereof none to be under the Degree of a Commission Officer of Marines; and the President of such Court-martial shall not be under the Degree of a Field Officer of Marines, unless where such Field Officer cannot be had; in which Case, the Marine Officer next in Seniority to such Field Officer, not being under the Degree of a Captain, shall preside at such Court-martial; and that such Court-martial shall have Power and Authority, and are hereby required, to administer an Oath to every Witness, in order to the Examination or Trial of any of the Offences that shall come before them.

May admini-
ster an Oath
to Witnesses.

Officers to be
sworn.

Provided always, That in all Trials of Offenders by General Courts-martial, to be held by virtue of this Act, every Officer present at such Trial, before any Proceedings be had thereupon, shall take the following Oaths upon the holy Evangelists, before the Court, and Judge Advocate, or his Deputy, who are hereby authorized to administer the same, in these Words; that is to say,

The Oath.

YOU shall well and truly try and determine according to the Evidence which shall be given in the Matter now before you, between our Sovereign Lord the King's Majesty, and the Prisoner to be tried:

So help you God.

The Oath.

I A. B. do swear, That I will duly administer Justice, according to an Act of Parliament now in Force for the Regulation of His Majesty's Marine Forces while on Shore; and according to the Rules and Articles made in pursuance of the said Act of Parliament, for the Punishment of Mutiny and Desertion, and other Crimes therein respectively mentioned, without Partiality, Favour, or Affection; and if any Doubt shall arise (which is not explained by the said Act of Parliament, or the said Rules and Articles) according to my Conscience, the best of my Understanding, and the Custom of War in like Cases. And I further swear,

swear, That I will not divulge the Sentence of the Court until it shall be approved by the Lord High Admiral, or Three or more of the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral of *Great Britain*; neither will I, upon any Account, at any Time whatsoever, disclose or discover the Vote or Opinion of any particular Member of the Court-martial, unless required to give Evidence thereof, as a Witness, by a Court of Justice in a due Course of Law:

So help me God.

And so soon as the said Oaths shall have been administered to the respective Members, the President of the Court is hereby authorized and required to administer to the Judge Advocate, or to the Person officiating as such, an Oath in the following Words:

The Judge Advocate to be sworn.

I *A. B.* do swear, That I will not, upon any Account, at any Time whatsoever, disclose or discover the Vote or Opinion of any particular Member of the Court-martial, unless required to give Evidence thereof, as a Witness, by a Court of Justice in a due Course of Law:

The Oath.

So help me God.

And no Sentence of Death shall be given against any Offender by any such General Court-martial as aforesaid, unless Nine Officers present shall concur therein; and if there be more Officers present than Thirteen, then the Judgement shall pass by the Concurrence of Two Thirds of the Officers present; and no Proceeding or Trial shall be had upon any Offence, but between the Hours of Eight of the Clock in the Morning, and Three in the Afternoon, except in Cases which require an immediate Example.

In Sentences of Death, Nine Officers to concur, &c.

Hours of Trial.

Provided always, That the Party tried by any General Court-martial to be held as aforesaid, shall be intitled to a Copy of the Sentence and Proceedings of such Court-martial, upon Demand thereof made by himself, or by any other Person or Persons on his Behalf (he or they paying reasonably for the same) at any Time not sooner than Three Months after such Sentence, whether such Sentence be approved or not; any thing in this Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

The Party tried, intitled to a Copy of the Sentence and Proceedings of the Court-martial.

And be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every Judge Advocate, or Person officiating as such at any General Court-martial, to be held as aforesaid, do, and he is hereby required to transmit, with as much Expedition as

Original Proceedings, &c. of Courts-martial to be transmitted to the Secretary of the Admiralty, &c.

the Opportunity of Time and Distance of Place can admit, the Original Proceedings and Sentence of such Court-martial to the Secretary of the Admiralty for the time being; which Original Proceedings and Sentence shall be by him carefully kept and preserved in the Office of the Admiralty of Great Britain, to the end that the Persons intitled thereto may be enabled, upon Application to the said Office, to obtain Copies thereof, according to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act.

None to be tried a Second Time for the same Offence.

Sentence not to be revised more than Once.

Deserters beyond Sea, &c. may be tried here or in Ireland.

This Act not to exempt any on Shore from ordinary Process.

Persons acquitted by the Civil Magistrate, may only be cashiered by a Court-martial.

Persons accused of Capital Crimes, &c. to be delivered over to the Civil Magistrate, &c.

Provided always, and be it hereby declared and enacted, That no Marine, either Officer or Private Man, being acquitted or convicted of any Offence, at any such Court-martial, as aforesaid, shall be liable to be tried a Second Time by the same or any other Court-martial for the same Offence; and that no Sentence given by any Court-martial, and signed by the President thereof, be liable to be revised more than Once.

And be it further enacted, That if any Officer or Private Man shall desert His Majesty's Service in any of His Dominions beyond the Seas, or elsewhere beyond the Seas, and shall escape and come into this Realm, or Ireland, before he be tried by a Court-martial for such Offence, and shall be apprehended for the same; such Officer or Private Man shall be tried for the same, as if the said Offence had been committed within this Realm.

Provided always, That nothing in this Act contained, shall extend, or be construed to extend, to exempt any Marine, either Officer or Private Man, whatsoever, while on Shore, from being proceeded against by the ordinary Course of Law.

Provided also, and be it further enacted, That no Person or Persons being acquitted or convicted of any Capital Crimes, Violences, or Offences, by the Civil Magistrate, shall be liable to be punished by a Court-martial for the same, otherwise than by cashiering.

Provided also, and be it further enacted, That if any Marine Officer, Non-commission Officer, or Private Man, shall be accused of any Capital Crime, or of any Violence or Offence against the Person, Estate, or Property, of any of His Majesty's Subjects, which is punishable by the known Laws of the Land; the Commanding Officer or Officers of every Company, or Party, is and are hereby required to use his and their utmost Endeavours to deliver over such accused Person to the Civil Magistrate; and shall also be aiding and assisting to the Officers of Justice in the seizing and apprehending such Offender,

Offender, in order to bring him to Trial: And if any such Commanding Officer shall wilfully neglect or refuse, upon Application made to him for that Purpose, to deliver over any such accused Person to the Civil Magistrate, or to be aiding and assisting to the Officers of Justice in the apprehending such Offender; every such Officer so offending, and being thereof convicted before any Two or more Justices of the Peace for the County where the Fact is committed, by the Oath of Two credible Witnesses, shall be deemed and taken to be ipso facto cashiered, and shall be utterly disabled to have or hold any Civil or Military Office or Employment within this Kingdom, or in His Majesty's Service; provided the said Conviction be affirmed at the next Quarter Sessions of the Peace for the said County, and a Certificate thereof transmitted to the Judge Advocate, who is hereby obliged to certify the same to the next Court-martial.

And whereas His Majesty hath been graciously pleased, in Compassion to the distressed Condition of several Widows of Officers of the Army, who have lost their Lives in the Service of the late War, or during the late Rebellion, by Orders made under His Royal Sign Manual, to direct His Commissary General of the Muster, to allow upon the Muster-rolls of all the Regiments, Troops, and Companies, a Number of fictitious Names therein mentioned, instead of Private Men, in order to raise and settle a Fund for the Maintenance of such Widows of Officers as are or shall be intitled to His Royal Bounty: Therefore, for the more effectually fulfilling His Majesty's said gracious Intentions, with respect to the allowing of fictitious Names upon the Muster-rolls of the said Marine Forces while on Shore, for the Purposes aforesaid; be it further enacted and declared by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful, during the Continuance of this Act, to and for the said Lord High Admiral, or Three or more of the said Commissioners for executing the said Office of Lord High Admiral for the time being, by Orders in Writing under his or their respective Hand or Hands, to direct the Person for the time being authorized to pay the said Marine Forces, to pay over the full Pay of such fictitious Private Men as shall be allowed on the Muster-rolls of the said Marine Forces while on Shore as aforesaid, to the proper Receiver appointed by His Majesty, according to such Orders and Instructions as His Majesty shall be pleased to make under His Sign Manual, for the Purpose aforesaid; and that no Allow-

Fictitious Names allowed by His Majesty's Order upon the Muster-rolls, for the Maintenance of Officers Widows, not to be construed a false Muster.

Paymaster to pay the full Pay of such Men to the Receiver.

ance of any such fictitious Name upon any Muster-roll of the said Marine Forces while on Shore as aforesaid, shall be construed to be a false Muster; any thing in this or any former Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Constables,
 &c. to quarter
 Officers and
 Men in Inns,
 Ale-houses,
 &c.

But in no Di-
 stillers Houses,
 or Shopkeep-
 ers, or in any
 private
 Houses.

And whereas there is and may be Occasion for the marching and quartering of the said Marine Forces in several Parts of this Kingdom; be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That for and during the Continuance of this Act, and no longer (in pursuance of an Order or Orders in Writing in that Behalf, under the Hand of the said Lord High Admiral, or under the Hands of Three or more of the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral for the time being) it shall and may be lawful to and for the Constables, Tythingmen, Headboroughs, and other Chief Officers and Magistrates of Cities, Towns, and Villages, and other Places, within England, Wales, and the Town of Berwick upon Tweed, and in their Default or Absence, for any One Justice of the Peace inhabiting in or near any such City, Town, Village, or Place, and for no others; and such Constables, and other Civil Magistrates as aforesaid, are hereby required to quarter and billet the Marines, both Officers and Private Men, in His Majesty's Service, in Inns, Livery Stables, Ale-houses, Victualling-houses, and the Houses of Sellers of Wine by Retail to be drank in their own Houses, or Places thereunto belonging, and all Houses of Persons selling Brandy, Strong Waters, Cyder, or Metheglin, by Retail, to be drank in Houses, other than and except the House or Houses of any Distillers, who keep Houses or Places of distilling Brandy and Strong Waters, and the House of any Shopkeeper, whose principal Dealings shall be more in other Goods and Merchandizes, than in Brandy and Strong Waters (so as such Distillers and Shopkeepers do not permit or suffer Tippling in his or their Houses) and in no other, and in no private Houses whatsoever, without the Consent of the Occupier; nor shall any more Billets at any Time be ordered, than there are effective Marines present to be quartered; and if any Constable, Tythingman, or such like Officer or Magistrate as aforesaid, shall presume to quarter or billet any such Officer or Private Man in any such private House, without the Consent of the Occupier; in such Case, such Occupier shall have his or their Remedy at Law against such Magistrate or Officer, for the Damage that such Occupier shall sustain thereby; and if any Marine Officer shall take upon him to quarter

Private

Private Men, otherwise than is limited and allowed by this Act, or shall use or offer any Menace or Compulsion to any Mayors, Constables, or other Civil Officers before-mentioned, tending to deter and discourage any of them from performing any Part of their Duty hereby required or appointed; such Marine Officer shall, for every such Offence (being thereof convicted before any Two or more of the next Justices of the Peace of the County, by the Oath of Two credible Witnesses) be deemed and taken to be ipso facto cashiered, and shall be utterly disabled to have or hold any Military Employment within this Kingdom, or in His Majesty's Service; provided the said Conviction be affirmed at the next Quarter Sessions of the Peace of the said County, and a Certificate thereof be transmitted to the Judge Advocate, who is hereby obliged to certify the same to the next Court-martial; and in case any Person shall find himself aggrieved, in that such Constable, Tythingman, or Headborough, Chief Officer, or Magistrate (such Chief Officer or Magistrate not being a Justice of the Peace) has quartered or billeted in his House a greater Number of Marines than he ought to bear in Proportion to his Neighbours; and shall complain thereof to One or more Justice or Justices of the Peace of the Division, City, or Liberty, where such Marines are quartered; or in case such Chief Officer or Magistrate shall be a Justice of the Peace, then on Complaint made to Two or more Justices of the Peace of such Division, City, or Liberty, such Justice or Justices respectively shall have, and is or are hereby declared to have, Power to relieve such Person, by ordering such and so many of the said Marines to be removed, and quartered upon such other Person or Persons, as they shall see Cause; and such other Person or Persons shall be obliged to receive such Marines accordingly.

Penalty on Officers quartering Private Men contrary to this Act, &c.

Persons aggrieved by being quartered on, may complain to any Justices, and be relieved.

Provided nevertheless, and it is hereby enacted, That the Marine Officers and Private Men so quartered and billeted as aforesaid, shall be received and furnished with Diet and Small Beer by the Owners of the Inns, Liberty Stables, Ale-houses, Victualling-houses, and the Houses of Sellers of Wine by Retail, to be drank in their own Houses, or Places thereunto belonging, and other Houses in which they are allowed to be quartered and billeted by this Act; paying and allowing for the same the several Rates herein after-mentioned to be payable out of the Sub-sistence-money for Diet and Small Beer.

Officers and Marines to be furnished at the Rates herein set for their Provisions.

Provided

What Inn-
holders may
allow Men
quarter'd on
them, instead
of Meat.

Provided always, That in case any Innholder or other Person on whom any Non-commission Officers or Private Men shall be quartered by virtue of this Act (except on a March, or employed in Recruiting; and likewise except the Recruits by them raised, for the Space of Seven Days at most, for such Non-commission Officers and Private Men who are recruiting, and Recruits by them raised) shall be desirous to furnish such Non-commission Officers or Private Men with Candles, Vinegar, and Salt, and with either Small Beer or Cyder, not exceeding Five Pints for each Man per Diem, gratis, and allow to such Non-commission Officers or Private Men the Use of Fire, and the necessary Utensils for dressing and eating their Meat, and shall give Notice of such his Desire to the Commanding Officer, and shall furnish and allow the same accordingly; then, and in such Case, the Non-commission Officers and Private Men so quartered shall provide their own Victuals; and the Officer to whom it belongs to receive, or who shall actually receive, the Pay and Subsistence of such Non-commission Officers and Private Men, shall pay the several Sums herein after-mentioned to be payable out of the Subsistence-money for Diet and Small Beer, to the Non-commission Officers and Private Men aforesaid, and not to the Innholder or other Person on whom such Non-commission Officers and Private Men are quartered; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Penalty on
taking Money
to excuse any
Person from
quartering.

Provided always, and be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Marine Officer shall take, or cause to be taken, or knowingly suffer to be taken, any Money of any Person for excusing the quartering of Officers or Private Men, or any of them, in any House allowed by this Act, every such Officer shall be cashiered, and be incapable of serving in any Military Employment whatsoever.

Commanding
Officer may
exchange Ma-
rine: in their
Quarters.

And whereas it may be for the Benefit of the Service for the Commanding Officer to have a Power to exchange the Billets or Quarters of Marines quartered in the same Town or Place; be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Commanding Officer of Marines in any Town or Place where such Marine Forces are quartered, shall, and he is hereby declared to have Power, from time to time, to exchange any Marine or Marines quartered in such Town or Place, for any other Marine or Marines quartered in the same Town or Place; provided the Number of Men do not exceed the Number at that Time bil-
leted

leted on such Houses respectively, where such Men shall be exchanged; and the Constables, Tythingmen, Headboroughs, and other Chief Officers and Magistrates of the Cities, Towns, and Villages, or other Places, where any of the said Marine Forces shall be quartered, are hereby required to billet such Men so exchanged accordingly.

Constables to
billet the same
accordingly.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Twenty fifth Day of March, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, no Paymaster or other Officer or Person whatsoever, shall receive any Fees, or make any Deductions whatsoever out of the Pay of any Marine, either Officer or Private Man, in His Majesty's Service, or from their Agents, which shall grow due from and after the said Twenty fifth Day of March, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, other than the usual Deductions for Clothing, and Twelve Pence in the Pound to be disposed of as His Majesty shall think fit; and the One Day's Pay in the Year for the Use of the Royal Hospital at Chelsea, and such other necessary Deductions as shall from time to time be directed by the said Lord High Admiral, or Three or more of the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral for the time being, by Order in Writing under his or their respective Hand or Hands.

No Paymaster,
&c. to make
Deductions
out of Officers
or Private
Mens Pay.

Exceptions.

And that the Quarters both of the said Marine Officers and Private Men, while on Shore, as aforesaid, may, during the Continuance of this Act, be duly paid and satisfied, and His Majesty's Duties of Excise better answered, be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said Twenty fifth Day of March, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, every Officer or other Person, to whom it belongs to receive, or that shall actually receive, the Pay or Subsistence-money, for One or more particular Company or Companies of the said Marine Forces, or otherwise, shall immediately, upon each Receipt of every particular Sum which shall, from time to time, be paid, returned, or come to his or their Hands, on account of Pay or Subsistence, give publick Notice thereof to all Persons keeping Inns, or other Places where Officers or Private Men are quartered by virtue of this Act; and shall also appoint the said Innkeepers, and others, to repair to their Quarters at such Times as they shall appoint for the Distribution and Payment of the said Pay or Subsistence-money to such Officers or Private Men, which shall be within Four Days at the farthest after the Receipt of the same, as aforesaid; and the said Innkeepers, and others, shall then and there acquaint such Officer

Officers to
give Notice to
Innkeepers of
Subsistence-
money in their
Hands.

Rates of Sub-
sistence to be
paid to Inn-
keepers, &c.
for Marines
Quarters.

Officers not
giving Notice
of Subst-
ence-money,
and paying
Quarters,

Paymaster to
satisfy them
out of the
Company's
next Pay,

and Officer to
be cashiered.

or Officers with the Accounts or Debts (if any shall be) be-
tween them and the Officers and Private Men so quarter-
ed in their respective Houses; which Accounts the said Of-
ficer or Officers is or are hereby required to accept of, and
immediately pay the same, before any Part of the said
Pay or Subsistence be distributed either to the Officers or
Private Men: Provided the said Accounts exceed not, for
One Marine Commission Officer under the Degree of a
Captain, for such Officer's Diet and Small Beer, per
Diem, One Shilling; and if such Officer shall have a
Horse or Horses, for each such Horse or Horses, for their
Hay and Straw, per Diem, Six Pence; nor for One
Private Man's Diet and Small Beer, per Diem, Four
Pence: And if any Officer or Officers, as aforesaid, shall
not give Notice, as aforesaid, and shall not immediately,
upon producing such Account stated, satisfy, content, and
pay the same; upon Complaint and Oath made thereof,
by any Two Witnesses, at the next Quarter Sessions for
the County or City wherein such Quarters were (which
Oath the Justices of the Peace at such Sessions are here-
by authorized and required to administer) the Paymaster
or Person for the time being authorized to pay the said
Marine Forces is hereby required and authorized (upon
Certificate of the said Justices before whom such Oath
was made, of the Sum due upon such Accounts, and
the Persons to whom the same is owing) to pay and sa-
tisfy the said Sums out of the Arrears due to the said
Marine Officer or Officers, upon Penalty that such Pay-
master or Person shall forfeit their respective Place or
Places of Paymaster or otherwise, and be discharged from
holding the same for the future: And in case there shall be
no Arrears due to the said Officer or Officers, then the
said Paymaster or Person for the time being authorized to
pay the said Marine Forces, is hereby authorized and re-
quired to deduct the Sums he shall pay, pursuant to the
Certificate of the said Justices, out of the next Pay or
Subsistence-money of the Company to which such Officer
or Officers shall belong; and such Officer or Officers shall,
for such their Offence, or for neglecting to give Notice
of the Receipt of such Pay or Subsistence-money, as
aforesaid, be deemed and taken, and are hereby declared
ipso facto cashiered.

And where it shall happen that the Subsistence-money due
to any Marine Officer or Private Man shall, by Occasion of
any Accident, not be paid to such Officer or Private Man, or
such Officer or Private Man shall neglect to pay the same, so
that Quarters cannot be, or are not paid, as this Act di-
rects;

rests; in every such Case it is hereby further enacted, That every such Officer shall, before his or their Departure out of his or their Quarters, where such Company shall remain for any Time whatsoever, make up the Accounts, as this Act directs, with every Person with whom such Company shall have quartered, and sign a Certificate thereof, and give the said Certificate, so by him signed, to the Party to whom such Money is due, with the Name of such Company to which he or they shall belong; to the end the said Certificate may be forthwith transmitted to the proper Paymaster of the Marines, who is hereby required immediately to make Payment thereof to the Person or Persons to whom such Money shall be due, to the end the same may be applied to such Company, under Pain as is before in this Act directed for Nonpayment of Quarters.

On moving from Quarters, the Officer to make up Accounts, and give Certificates for Money due, &c.

Paymaster to pay the Sum certified for.

And be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to quarter Officers and Private Men of His Majesty's Marine Forces in Scotland, in such and the like Places and Houses as Officers and Private Men of the Land Forces might have been quartered in by the Laws in Force in Scotland at the Time of the Union; and that the Possessors of such Houses shall only be liable to furnish the said Marine Officers and Private Men quartered there, as by the said Laws in Force at the Time of the Union was provided with respect to the Officers and Private Men of the Land Forces; and that no such Marine Officer shall be obliged to pay for his Lodging, where he shall be regularly billeted, except in the Suburbs of Edinburgh.

Officers, &c. to be quartered in Scotland as the Laws in Force at the Union direct.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That for the better and more regular Provision of Carriages for His Majesty's Marine Forces in their Marches, or for their Arms, Clothes, or Accoutrements, in England, Wales, and the Town of Berwick upon Tweed, all Justices of the Peace, within their several Counties, Ridings, Divisions, Shires, Liberties, and Precincts, being duly required thereunto by the said Lord High Admiral, or Three or more of the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral for the time being, by an Order in Writing under his or their respective Hand or Hands, shall, as often as such Order shall be brought and shewn unto One or more such Justices by the Officer or Officers of the Company or Companies of Marines so ordered to march, issue out his or their Warrant or Warrants to the High Constables or Petty Constables of the Division, Riding, City, Liberty, Hundred,

Justices to order Constables to provide Carriages for the Marine Forces on their March,

or

Rates for Car-
riages.

Penalty on Of-
ficers forcing
Waggons to
travel more
than One
Day's Jour-
ney, &c.

or Precinct, from, through, near, or to which such Company or Companies shall be ordered to march; requiring them to make such Provision for Carriages, with able Men to drive the same, as shall be mentioned in the said Warrant, allowing them sufficient Time to do the same, that the neighbouring Parts may not always bear the Burthen: And in case sufficient Carriages cannot be provided within any such Riding, City, Liberty, Hundred, Division, or Precinct; then the next Justice or Justices of the Peace of the County, Riding, or Division, shall, upon such Order as aforesaid being brought or shewn to One or more of them, by any of the Marine Officers aforesaid, issue his or their Warrant or Warrants to the High Constables or Petty Constables of such next County, Riding, Liberty, Division, or Precinct, for the Purposes aforesaid, to make up such Deficiency; and the aforesaid Officer or Officers, who by virtue of the aforesaid Warrant or Warrants from such Justice or Justices of the Peace, is or are to demand the Carriage or Carriages therein mentioned, of the High Constable or Petty Constable to whom the Warrant is directed, is and are hereby required at the same Time to pay down in hand to the said Constable or Petty Constable, for the Use of the Person who shall provide such Carriages and Men, the Sum of One Shilling for every Mile any Waggon with Five Horses shall travel; and the Sum of One Shilling for every Mile any Wain with Six Oxen, or Four Oxen with Two Horses, shall travel; and the Sum of Nine Pence for every Mile any Cart with Four Horses shall travel; and so in Proportion for less Carriages; for which respective Sums so received, the said Constable or Petty Constable is hereby required to give a Receipt in Writing to the Person or Persons paying the same: And such Constable or Petty Constable shall order and appoint such Person or Persons, having Carriages within their respective Liberties, as they shall think proper, to provide and furnish such Carriages and Men, according to the Warrant aforesaid, who are hereby required to provide and furnish the same accordingly: And if any Marine Officer or Officers, for the Use of whose Company or Companies the Carriage was provided, shall force and constrain any Waggon, Wain, Cart, or Carriage, to travel more than One Day's Journey, or shall not discharge the same in due Time for their Return home, or shall suffer any Marine or Servant (except such as are sick) or any Woman, to ride in the Waggon, Wain, Cart, or Carriage aforesaid,

or shall force any Constable or Petty Constable, by Threatenings or menacing Words, to provide Saddle horses for themselves or Servants, or shall force horses from the Owners by themselves, Servants, or Private Men; every such Officer, for every such Offence, shall forfeit the Sum of Five Pounds; Proof thereof being made upon Oath before Two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace of the same County or Riding, who are to certify the same to the proper Paymaster of His Majesty's Marine Forces, who is hereby required to pay the aforesaid Sum of Five Pounds accordingly to the Order and Appointment under the Hands and Seals of such Justices of the Peace, and is also hereby impowered to deduct the same out of such Officer's Pay.

And be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any High Constable or Petty Constable shall wilfully neglect or refuse to execute any such Warrant of the said Justice or Justices of the Peace, as shall be directed unto such Constable or Petty Constable for providing Carriages as aforesaid; or if any Person or Persons, appointed by such Constable or Petty Constable to provide or furnish any Carriage and Man, shall refuse or neglect to provide the same; or any other Person or Persons whatsoever shall wilfully do any Act or Thing, whereby the Execution of any such Warrant or Warrants shall be hindered or frustrated; every such Constable, or other Person or Persons so offending, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit any Sum not exceeding Forty Shillings, nor less than Twenty Shillings, to the Use of the Poor of the Parish where any such Offence shall be committed: And all and every such Offence and Offences shall and may be enquired of, heard, and fully determined, by Two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, dwelling in or near the Place where such Offence shall be committed, who have hereby Power to cause the said Penalty to be levied by Distress and Sale of the Offender's Goods and Chattles, rendering the Overplus (if any) to the Owner.

And whereas the respective Sums of Money by this Act appointed to be paid to the Constable by the Officers demanding such Carriages, may not, in many Cases, be sufficient to answer the Charge and Expence of providing the same, whereby the said Constables may be frequently at great Charges, over and above what is received by them of the said Officers, to the great Burthen of the Township of which they are respectively Constables, or else the Persons furnishing such Carriages may be grievously oppressed: To prevent which, and that such Overplus

k k k

Charge

Penalty on
Constables.
&c. Neglect.

Treasurers of
the County to
reimburse the
Constable's
extraordinary
charges.

Charge may be borne by each County or Riding at the general Charge of such County or Riding, be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Treasurer or Treasurers of each respective County or Riding shall, without Fee or Reward, pay unto such Constable all and every such reasonable Sum or Sums of Money, so by him paid or laid out for such Carriages, over and above what was or ought to have been paid by the Marine Officer requiring such Carriages, out of the publick Stock of such County or Riding, according to such Rates, Orders, Rules, and Directions, as the said Justices of the Peace, in their Quarter Sessions assembled, within their respective Jurisdictions shall, from time to time, during the Continuance of this Act, make, direct, and appoint (which Orders shall be made without Fee or Reward) regard being always had to the Season of the Year, and the Length and Condition of the Roads through which such Carriages are to travel.

The Money
for those Pur-
poses how to
be raised.

And in case the said publick Stock of the County or Riding be not sufficient (over and above the other Purposes for which it was raised) to satisfy the extraordinary Charge of Carriages before-mentioned; it is hereby further enacted, That the said Justices of the Peace in the General Quarter Sessions shall have Power, from time to time, to raise Monies upon the respective Counties or Ridings in such Manner as they now raise Monies for building or repairing County Gaols and Bridges, to satisfy the said extraordinary Charge of Carriages.

No Waggon,
&c. to carry
above 20 hun-
dred Weight.

Provided always, and be it further enacted, That no Waggon, Wain, Cart, or Carriage, impressed by Authority of this Act, shall be liable or obliged, by virtue of this Act, to carry above Twenty hundred Weight; any thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Carriages in
Scotland how
to be provided.

And be it further enacted, That the Carriages for the Service of the Marine Forces quartered or marching in Scotland, shall be provided in like Manner, and at the Rates, and the Furnisher of such Carriages shall be paid, as was directed by the Law in Force in Scotland at the Time of the Union, with regard to the furnishing Carriages for Land Forces.

Marines
Wives, &c.
not to be
quartered
without Con-
sent.

And be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Officer, Military or Civil, by this Act authorized to quarter Marines in any Houses hereby appointed for that Purpose, shall at any Time, during the Continuance of this Act, quarter any of the Wives, Children, Men, or Paid-servants of any Officer or Marine in any such Houses,

Houses, against the Consent of the Owners; the Party offending, if an Officer of the Marines, shall, upon Complaint and Proof thereof made to the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral, or Judge Advocate, be ipso facto cashiered; and if a Constable, Tythingman, or other Civil Officer, he shall forfeit to the Party aggrieved Twenty Shillings, upon Complaint and Proof thereof made to the next Justice of the Peace, to be levied by Warrant of such Justice, by Distress and Sale of his Goods, rendering the Overplus to the Party, after deducting reasonable Charges in taking the same.

Penalty.

And for the better Preservation of the Game, in or near such Place where any Officers or Soldiers shall at any Time be quartered; be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if, from and after the said Twenty fifth Day of March, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, any Officer or Marine, shall, without Leave of the Lord of the Manor, under his Hand and Seal first had and obtained, take, kill, or destroy, any Hare, Cone, Pheasant, Partridge, Pigeon, or any other Sort of Fowls, Poultry, or Fish, or His Majesty's Game, within the Kingdom of Great Britain; and upon Complaint thereof shall be, upon Oath of One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses, convicted before any Justice or Justices of the Peace, who is and are hereby impowered and authorized to hear and determine the same; (that is to say) every Officer so offending shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Five Pounds, to be distributed among the Poor of the Place where the Offence shall be committed; and every Officer commanding in Chief upon the Place, for every such Offence committed by any Marine under his Command, shall forfeit the Sum of Twenty Shillings, to be paid and distributed in Manner aforesaid: And if, upon Conviction made by the Justices of the Peace, and Demand thereof also made by the Constable or Overseers of the Poor, such Officer shall refuse or neglect, and not within Two Days pay the said respective Penalties, such Officer so refusing or neglecting shall forfeit, and is hereby declared to have forfeited his Commission, and his Commission is hereby declared to be null and void.

Penalty on Officers or Marines destroying the Game.

And whereas several Marines, who being duly entered, may afterwards desert, and be found wandering, or otherwise absenting themselves illegally from His Majesty's Service; it is hereby further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Constable, Headborough, or Tythingman, of the Town or Place where
any

Constables
may apprehend Desert-
ers, and carry
them before a
Justice,

Justice to
commit them,

and transmit
an Account to
the Secretary
of the Admi-
rality.

Gaol-keeper
to receive the
Subsistence of
Deserters.

Reward for
taking up De-
felters.

Penalty on
Persons con-
cealing Desert-
ers, or buying
their Arms,
Clothes, &c.

any Person, who may be reasonably suspected to be such a Deserter, shall be found, to apprehend, or cause him to be apprehended, and to cause such Person to be brought before any Justice of the Peace living in or near such Town or Place, who is hereby impowered and required to examine such suspected Person; and if by his Confession, or the Testimony of One or more Witnesses or Witnesses, upon Oath, or by the Knowledge of such Justice of the Peace, it shall appear or be found, that such suspected Person is a Marine duly entered, and ought to be with the Company to which he belongs; such Justice of the Peace shall forthwith cause him to be conveyed to the Gaol of the County or Place where he shall be found; or to the House of Correction, or other publick Prison, in such Town or Place where such Deserter shall be apprehended; or to the Savoy, in case such Deserter shall be apprehended within the Cities of London or Westminster, or Places adjacent; and transmit an Account thereof to the Secretary of the Admiralty for the time being, to the end such Person may be proceeded against according to Law: And the Keeper of such Gaol, House of Correction, or Prison, shall receive the full Subsistence of every such Deserter, during the Time he shall continue in his Custody, for the Maintenance of such Deserter; but shall not be entitled to any Fee or Reward, on account of the Imprisonment of any such Deserter; any Law, Usage, or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

And for the better Encouragement of any Person or Persons to secure or apprehend such Deserters; be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That such Justice of the Peace shall also issue his Warrant in Writing to the Collector or Collectors of the Land Tax Money of the Parish or Township where such Deserter shall be apprehended, for paying out of the Land Tax Money arisen or to arise in the Year One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, into the Hands of such Person or Persons who shall apprehend, or cause to be apprehended, any such Deserter from His Majesty's Service, the Sum of Twenty Shillings for every such Deserter that shall be so apprehended and committed; which Sum of Twenty Shillings shall be satisfied by such Collector or Collectors, to whom such Warrant shall be directed, and allowed upon his or their Account.

And be it further enacted, That if any Person shall harbour, conceal, or assist any Deserter from His Majesty's Marine Service, knowing him to be such; the Person so offending shall forfeit, for every such Offence, the Sum

of Five Pounds; or if any Person shall knowingly detain, buy, or exchange, or otherwise receive, any Arms, Clothes, Caps, or other Furniture belonging to the King, from any Marine or Marine Deserter, upon any Account or Pretence whatsoever, or cause the Colour of such Clothes to be changed; every such Person so offending, in each, any, or either of the Cases aforesaid, shall forfeit for every such Offence the Sum of Five Pounds; and upon Conviction by the Oath of One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses, before any One or more of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, the said respective Penalties of Five Pounds, and Five Pounds, shall be levied by Warrant under the Hands of the said Justice or Justices of the Peace, by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattles of the Offender; One Moiety of the said first-mentioned Penalty of Five Pounds to be paid to the Informer, by whose Means such Deserter shall be apprehended; and One Moiety of the said last-mentioned Penalty of Five Pounds to be paid to the Informer; and the Residue of the said respective Penalties to be paid to the Officer to whom any such Deserter or Marine did or doth belong: And in case any such Offender, who shall be convicted, as aforesaid, of harbouring or assisting any such Deserter or Deserters; or having knowingly received any Arms, Clothes, Caps, or other Furniture belonging to the King; or of having caused the Colour of such Clothes to be changed, contrary to the Intent of this Act, shall not have sufficient Goods and Chattles, whereon Distress may be made, to the Value of the Penalties recovered against him for such Offence, or shall not pay such Penalties within Four Days after such Conviction; then, and in such Case, such Justice or Justices of the Peace shall and may, by Warrant under his or their Hand and Seal, or Hands and Seals, either commit such Offender to the Common Gaol, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize for the Space of Three Months, or cause such Offender to be publickly whipt, at the Discretion of such Justice or Justices.

Provided always, That so much of this Act as relates to the Punishment of such who shall harbour, conceal, or assist, Deserters, or shall knowingly detain, buy, exchange, or otherwise receive, any Arms, Clothes, Caps, or other Furniture belonging to the King, from any Marine or Marine Deserter, or cause the Colour of such Clothes to be changed, shall extend, to all Ends and Purposes whatsoever, to Ireland, and shall be put in Execution in that Kingdom, by all Justices of the Peace, and other Officers

This Act to
extend to De-
serters, &c. in
Ireland.

respectively, according to the Tenor and during the Continuance of this Act.

Continuance
of this Act.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That this Act, and every Thing herein contained, shall be and continue in Force from the said Twenty fifth Day of March, in the Year of our Lord One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, until the Twenty fifth Day of March, in the Year of our Lord One thousand seven hundred and sixty.

No Volunteer
liable to Pro-
cess, unless for
some criminal
Matter,

or unless for
a real Debt of
the Value of
10 l.

Oath of the
Debt to be
made before a
Judge,

and a Me-
morandum
thereof mark-
ed on the
Back of the
Process;

otherwise Pri-
soner to be
discharged,
with Costs.

And to prevent, as far as may be, any unjust or fraudulent Arrests that may be made upon Marines, whereby His Majesty and the Publick may be deprived of their Service; it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Person whatsoever, who is entered or shall enter himself as a Volunteer in His Majesty's Service, as a Marine, during the Continuance of this Act, shall be liable to be taken out of His Majesty's Service by any Process or Execution whatsoever, other than for some criminal Matter, unless for a real Debt, or other just Cause of Action; and unless, before the taking out of such Process or Execution (not being for a criminal Matter) the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs therein, or some other Person or Persons on his or their Behalf, shall make Affidavit before One or more Judge or Judges of the Court of Record, or other Court, out of which such Process or Execution shall issue, or before some Person authorized to take Affidavits in such Courts, that to his or their Knowledge the original Sum, justly due and owing to the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs from the Defendant or Defendants, in the Action or Cause of Action on which such Process shall issue, or the original Debt for which such Execution shall be issued out, amounts to the Value of Ten Pounds at least, over and above all Costs of Suit in the same Action, or in any other Action on which the same shall be grounded; a Memorandum of which Oath shall be marked on the Back of such Process or Writ; for which Memorandum or Oath no Fee shall be taken: And if any Person shall nevertheless be arrested contrary to the Intent of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for One or more Judge or Judges of such Court, upon Complaint thereof made by the Party himself, or by any his superior Officer, to examine into the same by the Oath of the Parties, or otherwise, and by Warrant under his or their Hands and Seals, to discharge such Marine so arrested contrary to the Intent of this Act, without paying any Fee or Fees, upon due Proof made before him or them, that such Marine, so arrested, was legally

gally entered as a Marine in His Majesty's Service, and arrested contrary to the Intent of this Act, and also to award to the Party so complaining, such Costs as such Judge or Judges shall think reasonable: For the Recovery whereof, he shall have the like Remedy that the Person who takes out the said Execution might have had for his Costs, or the Plaintiff in the like Action might have had for the Recovery of his Costs, in case Judgement had been given for him with Costs against the Defendant in the said Action.

And to the end that honest Creditors, who aim only at the Recovery of their just Debts due to them from Persons entered as Marines in His Majesty's Service, may not be hindered from suing for the same, but on the contrary may be assisted and forwarded in their Suits; and instead of an Arrest, which may at once hurt the Service, and occasion a great Expence and Delay to themselves, may be enabled to proceed in a more speedy and cheap Method; be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, upon Notice first given in Writing of the Cause of Action to such Person or Persons so entered, or left at his or their last Place of Residence before such Entering, to file a Common Appearance in any Action to be brought for or upon Account of any Debt whatsoever, so as to intitle such Plaintiff to proceed therein to Judgement and Outlawry, and to have a Execution thereupon, other than against the Body or Bodies of him or them so entered as aforesaid; this Act, or any thing herein, or any former Law or Statute, to the contrary notwithstanding.

Plaintiff giving Notice, may file a Common Appearance,

and proceed to Judgement and Execution.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any High Constable, Constable, Bebel, or other Officer or Person whatsoever, who, by Virtue or Colour of this Act, shall quarter or billet, or be employed in quartering or billeting, any Marine Officers or Private Men, shall neglect or refuse, for the Space of Two Hours, to quarter or billet such Officers or Marines when thereunto required, in such Manner as is by this Act directed, provided sufficient Notice be given before the Arrival of such Forces; or shall receive, demand, contract, or agree for any Sum or Sums of Money, or any Reward whatsoever, for or on account of excusing, or in order to excuse any Person or Persons whatsoever from quartering or receiving into his, her, or their House or Houses any such Officer or Marine; or in case any Victualler, or any other Person, liable by this Act to have any Officer or Marine billeted or quartered

Penalty on Constables, &c. neglecting to quarter Marines.

Penalty on taking Money to excuse any Person from quartering.

and on Vic-
tualisers refus-
ing to receive
Marines.

on him or her, shall refuse to receive or victual any such Officer or Marine so quartered or billeted upon him or her as aforesaid; or shall refuse to furnish or allow, according to the Directions of this Act, the several Things herein before respectively directed to be furnished or allowed to Non-commission Officers and Marines so quartered or billeted on him or her as aforesaid, at the Rate herein before-mentioned, and shall be thereof convicted before any One or more Justice or Justices of the Peace of the County, City, or Liberty, within which such Offence shall be committed, either by his own Confession, or by the Oath of One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses (which Oath the said Justice or Justices is and are hereby impowered to administer) every such High Constable, Constable, Bedel, or other Officer or Person so offending, shall forfeit, for every such Offence, the Sum of Five Pounds, or any Sum of Money not exceeding Five Pounds, nor less than Forty Shillings (as the said Justice or Justices, before whom the Matter shall be heard, shall, in his or their Discretion, think fit) to be levied by Distress and Sale of the Goods of the Person offending, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal, or Hands and Seals, of such Justice or Justices, before whom such Offender shall be convicted, or of One or more of them, to be directed to any other Constable within the County, City, or Liberty, or to any of the Overseers of the Poor of the Parish where the Offender shall dwell; and the said Sum of Five Pounds, or the said Sum not exceeding Five Pounds, nor less than Forty Shillings, when levied, to be paid to the Overseers of the Poor of the Parish where the Offence shall be committed, or to some or One of them, for the Use of the Poor of such Parish.

To prevent
Abuses in
quartering,
Justices may
order Constables to give an
Account of
the Number
of Officers,
and Private
Men, and
where quar-
tered.

And, for the better preventing Abuses in quartering or billeting the Marines, in pursuance of this Act; be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any One or more Justice or Justices of the Peace, within their respective Counties, Cities, or Liberties, by Warrant or Order under his or their Hand and Seal, or Hands and Seals, at any Time or Times, during the Continuance of this Act, to require and command any High Constable, Constable, Bedel, or other Officer, who shall quarter or billet any Marines in pursuance of this Act, to give an Account in Writing unto the said Justice or Justices requiring the same, of the Number of Officers and Private Men who shall be quartered or billeted by them, and also the Names of the Housekeepers

Housekeepers or Persons, upon whom every such Officer or Private Man shall be quartered or billeted, together with an Account of the Street or Place where every such Housekeeper dwells, and the Signs (if any) belonging to their Houses; to the end it may appear to the said Justice or Justices where such Officers and Private Men are quartered or billeted, and that he or they may thereby be the better enabled to prevent or punish all Abuses in the quartering or billeting of them.

Provided nevertheless, and it is hereby declared by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Twenty fifth Day of March, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, when and as often as any Person or Persons shall be enlisted as a Marine or Marines in His Majesty's Service, he and they shall, within Four Days, but not sooner than Twenty four Hours, after such Enlisting respectively, be carried before the next Justice of the Peace of any County, Riding, City, or Place, or Chief Magistrate of any City or Town Corporate (not being an Officer of Marines) and before such Justice or Chief Magistrate, he or they shall be at Liberty to declare his or their Dissent to such Enlisting; and upon such Declaration, and returning the Enlisting-money, and also each Person so dissenting paying the Sum of Twenty Shillings for the Charges expended or laid out upon him, such Person or Persons so enlisted shall be forthwith discharged and set at Liberty, in Presence of such Justice or Chief Magistrate; but if such Person or Persons shall refuse or neglect, within the Space of Twenty four Hours, to return and pay such Money, as aforesaid, he or they shall be deemed and taken to be enlisted, as if he or they had given his or their Assent thereto before the said Justice or Chief Magistrate; or if such Person or Persons shall declare his or their having voluntarily enlisted himself or themselves, then such Justice or Chief Magistrate shall, and he is hereby required forthwith to certify under his Hand, that such Person or Persons is or are duly enlisted; setting forth the Place of the Birth, Age, and Calling of him or them respectively (if known) and that the Second and Third Sections of the Articles of War for the better Government of His Majesty's Marine Forces while on Shore in Great Britain or Ireland, were read to him or them, and that he or they had taken the Oath of Fidelity mentioned in the Twelfth Section of the said Articles of War; and if any such Person or Persons, so to be certified as duly enlisted, shall refuse to take the said Oath of Fidelity before the said Justice or Chief Magistrate,

Clause for Relief of Persons hastily listing themselves.

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it shall and may be lawful for such Officer, from whom he has received such Money as aforesaid, to detain or confine such Person or Persons, until he or they shall take the Oath before required; and every Officer of Marines that shall act contrary hereto, or offend herein, upon Proof thereof upon Oath made by Two Witnesses, before a General Court-martial to be thereupon called, shall, for such Offence, be forthwith cashiered, and displaced from such his Office, and shall be thereby utterly disabled to have or hold any Civil or Military Office or Employment within this Kingdom, or in His Majesty's Service.

Marine Forces
being borne
as Part of the
Complement
of any Ships
of War, are
liable to be
governed by
the Rules esta-
blished by Act
22 Geo. II.

Provided always, and it is hereby declared, That all His Majesty's Marine Forces, as well Officers as Private Men, shall, from time to time, during their being respectively borne as Part of the Complement of any of His Majesty's Ships or Vessels, be subject or liable, in like Manner, in all Respects, as any Officers or Seamen employed in His Majesty's Sea Service are subject and liable to be governed and proceeded against, and punished, for Offences committed by them during the Time they shall be borne as Part of the Complement of such Ships or Vessels, according to the Purport, Tenor, Effect, and true Intent and Meaning of an Act of Parliament made in the Twenty second Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act for amending, explaining, and reducing into One Act of Parliament, the Laws relating to the Government of His Majesty's Ships, Vessels, and Forces by Sea; this present Act, or any thing herein contained, notwithstanding.

ANNO DOMINI

GEORGI

1711

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Anno Regni
GEORGGII II.
REGIS

Magnæ Britannia, Franciæ, & Hiberniæ,
TRICESIMO SECUNDO.

At the Parliament begun and holden at *Westminster*, the Thirty first Day of *May*, *Anno Dom.* 1754, in the Twenty seventh Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord *GEORGE* the Second, by the Grace of God, of *Great Britain, France,* and *Ireland*, King, Defender of the Faith, &c.

And from thence continued by several Prorogations to the Twenty third Day of *November*, 1758, being the Sixth Session of this present Parliament.



L O N D O N :

Printed by *Thomas Baskett*, Printer to the King's most Excellent Majesty ; and by the Assigns of *Robert Baskett*. 1759.

Anno tricesimo secundo

Georgii II. Regis.

An Act for granting to His Majesty a Subsidy of Poundage upon certain Goods and Merchandizes to be imported into this Kingdom ; and an additional Inland Duty on Coffee and Chocolate ; and for raising the Sum of Six millions six hundred thousand Pounds, by way of Annuities and a Lottery, to be charged on the said Subsidy and additional Inland Duty.

Most Gracious Sovereign,



We, Your Majesty's most dutiful Preamble.
and loyal Subjects, the Com-
mons of Great Britain in Parlia-
ment assembled, towards raising,
by the most easy Means, the ne-
cessary Supplies to defray Your
Majesty's Publick Expences, have
freely and voluntarily resolved to
give and grant unto Your Ma-
jesty the several Subsidies, Rates,
and Duties, herein after men-
tioned ; and do most humbly be-
seech Your Majesty, that it may be enacted ; and be
it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by
N n n 2 and

An additional
Subsidy of 12d.
in the Pound
granted upon
certain Goods
and Merchan-
dizes import-
ed,

as the same are
valued in the
Books of
Rates ;

and to be le-
vied and paid
into the Ex-
chequer,

as the Subsidy
of 5l. per Cent.
granted by 21
Geo. II. &c.

and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spi-
ritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present
Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same,
That from and after the fifth Day of April, One thou-
sand seven hundred and fifty nine, there shall be raised,
levied, collected, and paid unto and for the Use of His
Majesty, His Heirs, and Successors, for and upon all
Tobacco, Foreign Linnens, Sugar, and other Grocery,
as the same is understood in the Books of Rates,
except Currants; East India Goods, except Coffee and
Raw Silks; Foreign Brandy and Spirits, except Rum
of the Produce of the British Sugar Plantations; and
Paper, which shall be imported or brought into the King-
dom of Great Britain, a further Subsidy of Poundage
of Twelve Pence in the Pound, according to the Va-
lue or Rate respectively set upon each of the said Com-
modities by the several Books of Rates, or any Act or
Acts of Parliament relating thereunto; which Subsidy
shall be paid by the Importer of such Goods and Mer-
chandizes, before the Landing thereof, over and above
all other Duties charged or chargeable thereupon.

And be it further enacted and declared by the Au-
thority aforesaid, That the said Subsidy of Poundage
by this Act imposed, shall be raised, levied, collected,
and paid into His Majesty's Exchequer, for the Pur-
poses in this Act expressed, in such and like form and
Manner, and with such Allowances, Discounts, Drawbacks,
and Exemptions, and under such Penalties and For-
feitures, and according to such Rules, Methods, and
Directions, as are prescribed or appointed for raising, levy-
ing, collecting, and paying, the Subsidy of Five Pounds
per Centum, granted by an Act made in the Twenty
first Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, inti-
tuled, An Act for granting to His Majesty a Subsidy
of Poundage upon all Goods and Merchandizes to be
imported into this Kingdom; and for raising a certain
Sum of Money by Annuities and a Lottery, to be
charged on the said Subsidy; and for repealing so much
of an Act made in the Twentieth Year of His present
Majesty's Reign, as enacts, *That Prize Goods and Mer-
chandize may be exported without paying any Duty of Cu-
stom or Excise for the same; or as are contained in or*
by any other Act or Acts of Parliament by the said
Act of the Twenty first Year of the Reign of His pre-
sent Majesty, referred unto, or any of them; and all
and every the Powers, Authorities, Rules, Directions,
Penalties, Forfeitures, Clauses, Matters, and Things,

now in Force, contained in the said Act made in the Twenty first Year of His present Majesty's Reign, or in any other Act or Acts of Parliament in the said Act referred unto, or any of them, for the raising, levying, collecting, and paying, the Subsidies thereby granted, shall be in full Force, and be duly observed, practised, and put in Execution, throughout this Kingdom, for raising, levying, collecting, and paying, the Subsidy of Poundage of Twelve Pence in the Pound by this Act granted, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes, as if the same or the like Powers, Authorities, Rules, Directions, Penalties, Forfeitures, Clauses, Matters, and Things, were particularly repeated and re-enacted in the Body of this present Act.

Provided nevertheless, That if any of the Goods and Merchandizes, charged with the Subsidy by this Act imposed, have been, or, during the Continuance of this present War with France, shall be, taken and brought into any Port of this Kingdom by any of His Majesty's Ships or Vessels of War, or by any Private Ships or Vessels of War, and shall be condemned as lawful Prize, the same shall not be liable to any other or further Duty than what they are respectively charged with, by an Act made in the Thirtieth Year of His present Majesty, intituled, An Act for the Relief and Encouragement of the Captors of Prizes, with respect to the Bringing and Landing Prize Goods in this Kingdom; unless the said Goods and Merchandizes so taken and condemned as Prize, shall, for Home Consumption, be taken out of any Warehouse wherein they are secured under the Provisions of the said Act; in which Case, the Person or Persons so taking out the said Goods and Merchandizes shall first pay up the Subsidy by this Act granted, as well as all other Duties payable to His Majesty thereon.

Prize Goods are to be charged only with the Duties payable by Act 30 Geo. II.

unless taken out of the Warehouses for Home Consumption.

Provided also, and it is the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, that the Importers of Tobacco shall, upon paying down the Subsidy hereby granted, have the same Allowance with respect to this Subsidy, as they are intitled to by any Law now in Force upon Tobacco imported; but in case the said Subsidy hereby granted, shall not be paid down as aforesaid, and the said Importers shall become bound to His Majesty, His Heirs, or Successors, with One or more sufficient Sureties, to be approved of by the Collector of the Port where the Tobacco shall be imported, with the Con-

Allowance to be made to the Importer of Tobacco, on paying down the Duty.

Bond to be given on Non-payment of the Duty;

and the Im-
portersto have
the usual Al-
lowance; and
Discounts.

Drawback of
the Duty al-
lowed upon
the Exporta-
tion of Goods
within 3 Years.

Exception.

Drawback of
the Duty al-
lowed on Pa-
per used in
printing Books
in the learned
Languages in
both Universi-
ties;

as is prescrib-
ed by Act 10
Annae.

sent of the Comptroller of such Port, in One or more Bond or Bonds, at the Election of the Importer, for Payment of the said Subsidy within Eighteen Months, to commence at the End of Thirty Days after the Master's Report of the Ship, or to commence from the Merchant's Entry of the Goods within those Thirty Days, which shall first happen; that then the Importers shall, in such Case, have, and be intitled to, the same Allowances and Discounts, with respect to the Subsidy hereby granted, or for paying the same before the Bonds become due, as they are at this Time intitled to by any Law now in Force upon Bonds given for Tobacco imported; any thing herein contained to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

Provided always, and it is hereby enacted and declared by the Authority aforesaid, That in all Cases where any Goods or Merchandizes, that have paid the Subsidy hereby granted, shall at any Time or Times be again exported by any Merchant or Merchants, within Three Years from the Importation thereof, the Subsidy by this Act granted, and which shall have been actually paid for such Goods, Wares, or Merchandizes, shall, without any Delay or Retard, be paid unto such Merchant or Merchants who shall export the same, or the Security vacated; except for such Goods or Merchandizes, as by any former Act or Acts of Parliament it is declared no Drawback shall be paid or allowed upon Exportation of.

Provided always, and be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That so much Money as shall, from time to time, be paid for the Duties granted by this or any former Act or Acts of Parliament whatsoever, for any Quantities of Paper which shall be used in printing any Books in the Latin, Greek, Oriental, or Northern Languages, within the Two Universities of Oxford or Cambridge, or either of them, by Permission of the Vice Chancellors of the same respectively, shall and may be drawn back and repaid in such Manner as is prescribed by an Act made in the Tenth Year of the Reign of Queen Anne, intituled, An Act for laying several Duties upon all Soap and Paper made in Great Britain, or imported into the same; and upon chequered and striped Linens imported; and upon certain Silks, Callicoes, Linens, and Stuffs, printed, painted, or stained; and upon several Kinds of Stamp Vellum, Parchment, and Paper; and upon certain printed Papers, Pamphlets, and Advertisements, for raising the Sum of Eighteen hundred

dred thousand Pounds, by way of a Lottery, towards Her Majesty's Supply; and for licensing an additional Number of Hackney Chairs; and for charging certain Stocks of Cards and Dice; and for better securing Her Majesty's Duties to arise in the Office for the Stamp Duties by Licences for Marriages and otherwise; and for Relief of Persons who have not claimed their Lottery Tickets in due Time, or have lost Exchequer Bills, or Lottery Tickets; and for borrowing Money upon Stock, Part of the Capital of the *South Sea Company*, for the Use of the Publick.

Provided always, and be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That so much Money as shall, from time to time, be paid for the Duties granted by this or any former Act or Acts of Parliament whatsoever, for any Quantities of Paper which shall be used in printing any Books in the Latin, Greek, Oriental, or Northern Languages, within the Universities of Scotland, or any of them, by Permission of the Principal of the same respectively, shall and may be drawn back and repaid in such Manner as is prescribed by an Act made in the Tenth Year of the Reign of Queen Anne, intituled, An Act for laying several Duties upon all Soap and Paper made in *Great Britain*, or imported into the same; and upon chequered and striped Linens imported; and upon certain Silks, Callicoes, Linens, and Stuffs, printed, painted, or stained; and upon several Kinds of Stamp Vellum, Parchment, and Paper; and upon certain printed Papers, Pamphlets, and Advertisements, for raising the Sum of Eighteen hundred thousand Pounds, by way of a Lottery, towards Her Majesty's Supply; and for licensing an additional Number of Hackney Chairs; and for charging certain Stocks of Cards and Dice; and for better securing Her Majesty's Duties to arise in the Office for the Stamp Duties by Licences for Marriages and otherwise; and for Relief of Persons who have not claimed their Lottery Tickets in due Time, or have lost Exchequer Bills, or Lottery Tickets; and for borrowing Money upon Stock, Part of the Capital of the *South Sea Company*, for the Use of the Publick.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That for every Hundred Weight of Sugar imported into *Great Britain*, after the said Fifth Day of April, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, and refined there (and so in Proportion for a greater or lesser Quantity) that shall be exported out of this Kingdom, after the said Fifth Day of April, One thousand seven hundred and

Like Drawback allowed on Paper used in printing Books in the learned Languages in the Universities of Scotland.

A Drawback of 3s. per Hundred Weight allowed on Sugar refined in *Great Britain*, and exported, &c.

Refiner to
make Oath.

Exporter to
make Oath.

Searcher to
certify.

Books to be
kept for enter-
ing the Mo-
nies coming in
by this Act.

An additional
Inland Duty
to be paid of
1 s. per lb. on
Coffee.

and 9 d. per lb.
on Chocolate.

and fifty nine, during the Continuance of this Act, there shall be repaid at the Custom-house to the Exporter, within Thirty Days after the Demand thereof, the Sum of Three Shillings, over and above the present Bounties; Oath being first made by the Refiner that the Sugar so exported was produced from Brown and Muscovado Sugar charged by this Act, and that, as he verily believes, the same was imported from His Majesty's Plantations in America, and the Duty duly paid at the Time of the Importation thereof, the Exporter making Oath that the same was duly exported, and His Majesty's Searchers also certifying the Shipping thereof, and all other Requisites being performed according to the respective Books of Rates.

And be it further enacted and declared by the Authority aforesaid, That in the Office of the Auditor of the Receipt of the Exchequer, a Book or Books shall be provided and kept, in which all the Money arising from the said additional Subsidy of Poundage of Twelve Pence in the Pound, and paid into the said Receipt, shall be entered separate and apart from all other Monies paid or payable to His Majesty, His Heirs, or Successors, upon any Account whatsoever; and the said Money so arising from the said additional Subsidy of Poundage of Twelve Pence in the Pound, and paid into the said Receipt of Exchequer, shall be Part of the Fund established for the several Purposes herein after-mentioned.

And be it further enacted and declared by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Fifth Day of April, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, there shall be charged, levied, collected, and paid, unto and for the Use of His Majesty, His Heirs, and Successors, for and upon all Coffee to be sold in Great Britain by Wholesale or Retail, and upon all Chocolate to be made or sold in Great Britain, an additional Inland Duty, to be paid by the respective Sellers of such Coffee, and by the respective Bakers or Sellers of such Chocolate; that is to say, For and upon all Coffee to be sold in Great Britain, an additional Duty of One Shilling per Pound Weight Averdupoise; and in that Proportion for a greater or lesser Quantity, over and above the present Inland Duty, and over and above all Customs and Duties payable upon the Importation thereof; and for and upon all Chocolate to be made or sold in Great Britain, an additional Duty of Nine Pence per Pound Weight Averdupoise; and in that Proportion for a greater or lesser

less Quantity, over and above the present Inland Duty payable thereupon.

And be it further enacted and declared by the Authority aforesaid, That the said additional Inland Duties hereby granted to His Majesty, shall be raised, levied, collected, and paid, in the same Manner, and under such Management, and under such Penalties and Forfeitures, and with such Powers for recovering the same, and by such Rules, Ways, and Methods, as the former Inland Duties payable to His Majesty upon Coffee and Chocolate are raised, levied, collected, and paid, as fully, and to all Intents and Purposes, as if the several Clauses, Powers, Directions, Penalties, and Forfeitures, relating thereto, were particularly repeated, and again enacted, in the Body of this present Act.

The said Duties on Coffee and Chocolate to be levied and paid, as the former Inland Duties payable thereon.

And be it further enacted and declared by the Authority aforesaid, That all the Coffee which, on the Sixth Day of April, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, shall be lodged or secured in any Warehouse or Warehouses in pursuance of the Directions of any former Act or Acts of Parliament in that Behalf made, shall be, and is hereby charged with the said additional Duty of One Shilling per Pound, to be paid in like Manner as the former Inland Duty on Coffee is directed to be paid.

Coffee lodged in Warehouses on 6 April, 1759, to be charged with the new additional Duty;

And be it further enacted and declared, That all the Coffee and Chocolate which any Dealer in, or Seller of, Coffee, or any Dealer in, or Maker or Seller of, Chocolate, in Great Britain (other than and except such Persons who make Chocolate for their Family Use, and not for Sale, with respect only to their Stock in Hand) or any Person or Persons in Trust for him, her, or them, or for his, her, or their Use, shall be possessed of, or interested in, upon the said Sixth Day of April, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, shall be, and is hereby, charged with the said additional Inland Duty of One Shilling per Pound for the said Coffee, and Nine Pence per Pound for the said Chocolate; and that every Ninety Pounds Weight of Roasted Coffee, by reason of the common Decrease by Shrinkage in the Roasting thereof, shall be charged after the Rate of One hundred and twelve Pounds of Raw Coffee; and so in Proportion for a greater or less Quantity; which said additional Inland Duty for the Stock in Hand shall be paid by the respective Sellers of Coffee, and such Makers or Sellers of Chocolate, as aforesaid, to the proper Officer of Excise for the said Inland Duties, at the Office of Excise within the

as also the Stock in Hand of Coffee and Chocolate (except for private Use)

90 lb. of Roasted Coffee to be charged after the Rate of 112 lb. of Raw Coffee.

Duty to be paid into the Office of Excise.

Limits of which they shall respectively inhabit; that is to say, All such Duties as shall arise within the Limits of the Chief Office of Excise in London, shall be paid within Fourteen Days next after the said Fifth Day of April, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine; and all such Duties as shall arise in any other Part of Great Britain, shall be paid within Six Weeks next after the said Fifth Day of April, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine.

Stock in Hand of Chocolate (except for private Use) to be brought to the proper Offices in order to be stampd.

And it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all such Chocolate as shall, on the Sixth Day of April, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, be in the Custody or Possession of any Maker or Seller of Chocolate, other than such Makers as aforesaid, or of any Person or Persons in Trust, or for the Use, of him, her, or them, within the Limits of the Chief Office of Excise in London, shall, within Fourteen Days next after the said Fifth Day of April, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, and all such Chocolate as shall, on the Sixth Day of April, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, be in the Possession of any Maker or Seller of Chocolate (other than such Makers as aforesaid) or of any Person or Persons in Trust, or for the Use, of him, her, or them, in any other Part of Great Britain, shall, within Six Weeks next after the said Fifth Day of April, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, be brought to the respective Offices where the Entries for the same shall be, or ought to have been, made, and shall then have some new and additional Stamp, Mark, Impression, or Device, affixed thereon, to denote that it has been charged with the said additional Inland Duty; which Stamp, Mark, Impression, or Device, and all other Stamps, Marks, Impressions, or Devices, which shall be made use of to denote the charging the said additional Duties, either on the Stock in Hand, or any future Stock, the said respective Commissioners of Excise, and for the said Inland Duties, for the time being, are hereby directed to provide, in such Manner as to them shall seem meet; which Stamps, Marks, Impressions, or Devices, or any of them, may, from time to time, be varied or altered in such Manner as the said Commissioners shall judge most proper; and if any Person or Persons whatsoever shall, at any Time, counterfeit or forge, or cause to be counterfeited or forged, any such Mark, Stamp, Impression, or Device, which shall be made use of in pursuance of this Act, or shall utter, vend, or sell, any Chocolate with such counterfeit Mark, Stamp, Impression, or Device

New Stamps to be provided upon this Occasion;

which may be altered from time to time.

The Penalty of counterfeiting or forging the same,

Device thereon, knowing the same to be counterfeited; or shall, upon any Chocolate which has not been duly entered with the proper Officer, and for which the Inland Duties has not been duly charged or paid, fix or place any Paper or Papers having on it or them the Impression of such Mark or Marks, Stamp or Stamps; or shall, in such Paper or Papers, inclose such Chocolate as shall not have been duly entered with the proper Officer, and for which the Inland Duties have not been duly charged or paid, with Intent to defraud His Majesty of His Inland Duties for and in respect of such Chocolate; that then every such Person or Persons so offending therein shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of Five hundred Pounds, and also shall be committed to the next County Gaol, there to remain for Twelve Months without Bail or Mainprize.

or being guilty of any Fraud therein;

500 l. and One Year's Imprisonment.

And it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person or Persons having, on the said Sixth Day of April, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, in his or their Custody or Possession, any Stock or Quantity of Coffee or Chocolate chargeable by this Act with the said additional Inland Duties, shall clandestinely remove or carry away, or cause or suffer to be removed or carried away, the same, or any Part thereof, before His Majesty's Duties thereupon shall be paid as aforesaid; or shall fraudulently conceal or hide any Part of his, her, or their said Stock of Coffee or Chocolate; or shall neglect or refuse to bring or send, within the respective Times appointed, his, her, or their said Stock of Chocolate to the respective Offices where the Entries for the same shall have been, or ought to have been, made, in order to have such Chocolate stamped as aforesaid; or shall, after the said Fifth Day of April, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, sell or vend, or offer or expose to Sale, any of their Stock of Chocolate, without being first marked or stamped to denote the Payment of the said additional Inland Duty; that then, and in each and every of the said Cases, he, she, or they, so offending, for every such Offence, shall forfeit the Sum of Twenty Shillings for every Pound Weight of such Chocolate, and also the Chocolate so found after the End of the said Fourteen Days, or Six Weeks respectively, without such Mark, Stamp, Impression, or Device thereon, shall be forfeited, and may be seized.

The Penalty of secreting or concealing the Stock in Hand of Coffee or Chocolate;

or not sending the Chocolate to be new stamped;

or vending any without being duly stamped;

20 s. per lb. and Forfeiture of the Chocolate.

And whereas the Provision by the former Law for packing up Chocolate in Pounds, has not been found sufficient to prevent Frauds, and the permitting the Sale of Chocolate

Chocolate in small Quantities not packed up and secured in the Manner herein after directed, has tended to encourage the clandestine and fraudulent making and selling thereof; be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all Chocolate which, from and after the Fifth Day of April, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, shall be made in Great Britain, shall be packed up, and a Stamp or Mark put upon the same, in Manner herein after mentioned; that is to say, All such Makers or Proprietors of Chocolate, which shall be made in Great Britain, shall, from time to time, and at the respective Times and Places, when and where they are required to make Entries of the Chocolate, by or for them respectively made as aforesaid, produce all the Chocolate contained in such Entry, at the respective Offices where such Entries are or ought to be made, to the respective Officers who are, or shall be appointed for the receiving such Entries, on Pain of forfeiting the Sum of Twenty Shillings for every Pound Weight of such Chocolate which shall not then be produced; which Chocolate shall be brought, inclosed, packed, and tied up with Thread, in Papers, which said Papers shall each of them contain either One Pound, or Half a Pound, or a Quarter of a Pound Weight of Chocolate, and not more or less (at the Election of the Makers or Proprietors) each of which Papers so tied up, shall, by an Officer appointed, or to be appointed, by the respective Commissioners of Excise and Inland Duties for that Purpose, or the major Part of them respectively, have such a Mark, Stamp, Impression, or Device, affixed thereon, as shall be by the said respective Commissioners for the time being, from time to time, devised or appointed for that Purpose.

Rule to be observed in packing up, and stamping Chocolate.

All Chocolate entered, is to be duly brought to the proper Offices,

on Forfeiture of 20 s. per lb.

and to be tied up with Thread in Papers either of 1 lb. $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. or $\frac{1}{4}$ lb.

which are to be severally stamped by the proper Officers;

and none to be sold in less Quantities than $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. nor without being stamped,

and tied up;

and having the original Thread and Stamp unbroken and un-opened;

And it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person or Persons shall sell Chocolate in any less Quantity than a Quarter of a Pound, or shall sell and deliver any Chocolate to any Person not being at the Time of the Sale and Delivery thereof duly marked or stamped, or not being at that Time inclosed, packed, and tied up with the identical Piece of Thread which is directed to be used in tying up the Chocolate in a Paper, before the same is to have the Mark, Stamp, Impression, or Device, affixed thereon, or shall sell and deliver any Chocolate, whereof the Thread or stamped Label inclosing the same at the Time of the Sale and Delivery thereof, shall have been broke or opened in any Manner whatsoever, every Person or Persons so offending,

sending, shall, for every such Offence respectively, forfeit on Forfeiture of 20 l. Twenty Pounds.

And be it further enacted and declared by the Authority aforesaid, That in the Office of the Auditor of the Receipt of the Exchequer, a Book or Books shall be provided and kept, in which all the Monies arising by the said additional Inland Duties upon Coffee and Chocolate, and paid into the said Receipt, shall be entered separate and apart from all other Monies paid or payable to His Majesty, His Heirs, and Successors, upon any Account whatsoever; and the said Money so arising from the said additional Duties, and paid into the said Receipt of Exchequer, shall be Part of the Fund established for the several Purposes herein after mentioned.

Books to be kept for entering the Duties apart from all others.

And be it further enacted and declared by the Authority aforesaid, That the several Annuities which by this Act are herein after directed to attend, as well the Principal Sum of Six millions six hundred thousand Pounds, and the additional Capital of five Pounds to be added to every One hundred Pounds thereof, as the additional Capital which will arise by Ten Pounds, to be given in and by a Lottery Ticket to each Subscriber, for and upon every One hundred Pounds, advanced and paid towards the said Sum of Six millions six hundred thousand Pounds, shall be charged and chargeable upon, and payable out of the Subsidies, Rates, and Duties, composing the Fund hereby established for the Payment thereof, and the said Subsidies, Rates, and Duties, are hereby appropriated for that Purpose accordingly.

These Duties appropriated for the Payment of the Annuities chargeable on the Monies borrowed on the Credit of this Act.

And whereas the Commons of Great Britain in Parliament assembled, have resolved, That towards raising the Supply granted to His Majesty in this present Session of Parliament, the Sum of Six millions six hundred thousand Pounds, be raised by transferrable Annuities, after the Rate of Three Pounds per Centum per Annum; and that an additional Capital of fifteen Pounds be added to every One hundred Pounds advanced; which additional Capital shall consist of Ten Pounds in a Lottery Ticket given to each Subscriber on every One hundred Pounds advanced, and of five Pounds in like transferrable Annuities, after the Rate of Three Pounds per Centum per Annum: And whereas pursuant to, and upon the several Terms and Conditions expressed in the said Resolution, several Persons have, in Books opened at the Bank of England for that Purpose, subscribed together the whole of the said Sum of Six millions six hundred thousand Pounds, and made Deposits of fifteen Pounds per Centum, on the re-

Times of Payments in respect of the Sum of 6,600,000 *l.* subscribed towards Annuities.

pective Sums by them so subscribed, with the Cashiers of the Bank of England: And whereas several of the said Subscribers may have already paid, or may hereafter pay unto the said Cashiers, the whole or some further Parts of the Sums by them respectively subscribed, previous to the Days limited and appointed for the said respective Payments; be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for all such Subscribers who have made Deposits with, or Payments of further Parts to the said Cashiers, as aforesaid, to advance and pay, and they are hereby required to advance and pay, unto the said Cashier or Cashiers of the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England, the several Remainders of the Sums by them respectively subscribed, towards the said Sum of Six millions six hundred thousand Pounds, at or before the respective Times or Days, and in the Proportions herein after limited and appointed on that Behalf; that is to say, The further Sum of Ten Pounds per Centum, being Part of the Sum so remaining, on or before the Thirtieth Day of March, in the Year One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine; the further Sum of Ten Pounds per Centum, other Part thereof, on or before the Twenty seventh Day of April, then next following; the further Sum of Ten Pounds per Centum, other Part thereof, on or before the Thirtieth first Day of May, then next following; the further Sum of Ten Pounds per Centum, other Part thereof, on or before the Twenty eighth Day of June, then next following; the further Sum of Fifteen Pounds per Centum, other Part thereof, on or before the Twenty seventh Day of July, then next following; the further Sum of Ten Pounds per Centum, other Part thereof, on or before the Thirtieth first Day of August, then next following; the further Sum of Ten Pounds per Centum, other Part thereof, on or before the Twenty eighth Day of September, then next following; and the remaining Sum of Ten Pounds per Centum, on or before the Twentieth sixth Day of October, then next following.

Contributors making their Payments previous to the Times limited,

to be allowed Interest for the same, &c.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all such Subscribers or Contributors, their Executors, Administrators, Successors, and Assigns, paying in the Whole, or any Part of the Sums by them respectively subscribed, previous to the Days appointed for the respective Payments herein before directed, in respect to their proportionable Share of the said Sum of Six millions six hundred thousand Pounds, shall be intitled to an Allowance of so much Money as the Interest of the several

several Sums so previously paid, after the Rate of Three Pounds per Centum per Annum, shall amount to, from the Days on which such previous Payments shall have been actually made, to the respective Times on which such Payments are directed to be made; such Allowance to be paid by the said Cashier or Cashiers, out of the Monies contributed towards the said Sum of Six millions six hundred thousand Pounds, as soon as such respective Contributors, their Executors, Administrators, Successors, and Assigns, shall have completed their Payments herein before directed to be made.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That each and every such Subscriber or Subscribers, Contributor or Contributors, shall be intitled to an Annuity after the Rate of Three Pounds per Centum per Annum, for and upon every One hundred Pounds by him or them respectively subscribed, advanced, and paid; and also to a like Annuity of Three Pounds per Centum per Annum, for and upon an additional Capital of Five Pounds, to be added to every One hundred Pounds, by such Subscriber or Subscribers, Contributor or Contributors respectively, advanced and paid; which said Annuities shall commence and be computed from the Fifth Day of January, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, and shall be paid by Half-yearly Payments, by even and equal Portions, on the Fifth Day of July, and the Fifth Day of January, in every Year.

Annuities to
bear 3 *l.* per
Cent.

to commence
from 5 Jan.
1759.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That each and every such Subscriber or Subscribers, Contributor or Contributors, shall, for and upon every One hundred Pounds by him or them respectively subscribed, advanced, and paid, be likewise intitled to One Ticket in the Lottery, herein after mentioned; which said Ticket will be equal in Value to, and is to be taken and accepted as an Addition of Ten Pounds Capital, on every One hundred Pounds subscribed, advanced, and paid, as aforesaid, which Sum shall carry an Annuity at the Rate of Three Pounds per Centum per Annum; and the said Annuity shall commence and be computed from the Fifth Day of January, One thousand seven hundred and sixty, and shall be paid by Half-yearly Payments on the Fifth Day of July, and the Fifth Day of January, in every Year.

Subscribers,
for every 100 *l.*
subscribed, in-
titled to a Lot-
tery Ticket,

to carry 3 *l.*
per Cent.

And be it further enacted, That all the Annuities aforesaid, shall be transferrable at the Bank of England; subject nevertheless to such Redemption as is hereafter mentioned.

Annuities
transferrable.

And

Cashier to give
Receipts for
Money paid
in,

the same made
assignable.

Cashier to give
Security ;

and to pay in
the Monies
into the Ex-
chequer.

Cashiers, on
Receipt of 25 l.
per Cent. to
give a Note
for the Deli-
very of 1 Lot-
tery Ticket for
every 100 l.
subscribed.

Treasury to
apply the Mo-
nies to the Ser-
vices voted by
the Commons.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Cashier or Cashiers of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, who shall have received, or shall receive any Part of the said Contributions, towards the said Sum of Six millions six hundred thousand Pounds, shall give a Receipt or Receipts in Writing to every such Contributor, for all such Sums, and that the Receipts to be given shall be assignable by Indorsement thereupon made at any Time before the Fifth Day of January, One thousand seven hundred and sixty, and no longer.

Provided always, That such Cashier or Cashiers shall give Security to the good Liking of any Three or more of the Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, or the High Treasurer for the time being, for duly answering and paying into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer, for the Public Use, all the Monies which they have already received, and shall hereafter receive, from time to time, of and for the said Sum of Six millions six hundred thousand Pounds, and for accounting duly for the same, and for Performance of the Trust hereby in them reposed ; and shall, from time to time, pay all such Monies so received, and account for the same, in the Exchequer, according to the due Course thereof.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Cashier or Cashiers shall, and they are hereby authorized and required, upon the Payment of Twenty five Pounds for every One hundred Pounds so subscribed as aforesaid, and not before, to give a Note or Writing signed by him or them to such Contributor or Contributors, obliging himself or themselves to deliver to such Contributor or Contributors, or their Assigns, a Ticket in the Lottery herein after-mentioned, of the Value of Ten Pounds, by way of additional Capital, for every One hundred Pounds by them respectively subscribed towards raising the Sum of Six millions six hundred thousand Pounds, for the Purposes aforesaid, as soon as the Managers and Directors to be appointed for preparing and delivering out the said Tickets in the said Lottery, shall deliver to the said Cashier or Cashiers the Books comprehending the said Tickets.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful for Three or more of the Commissioners of the Treasury, or the High Treasurer for the time being, to issue and apply, from time

to time, all such Sums of Money as shall be so paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer by the said Cashier or Cashiers, to such Services as shall then have been voted by the Commons of Great Britain, in this present Session of Parliament.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in the Office of the Accountant General of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England for the time being, a Book or Books shall be provided and kept, in which the Names of the Contributors shall be fairly entered; which Book or Books the said respective Contributors, their respective Executors, Administrators, and Assigns, shall and may, from time to time, and at all seasonable Times, resort to and inspect, without any Fee or Charge; and that the said Accountant General shall, on or before the Fifth Day of July, One thousand seven hundred and sixty one, transmit an attested Duplicate fairly written on Paper of the said Book or Books, into the Office of the Auditor of the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer, there to remain for ever.

Contributors Names, &c. to be entered in the Office of the Accountant General of the Bank.

Duplicate thereof to be transmitted into the Auditor's Office.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That such Contributors duly paying the whole Sum subscribed, at or before the respective Times in this Act limited in that Behalf, and their respective Executors, Administrators, and Assigns, shall have, receive, and enjoy, and be entitled, by virtue of this Act, to have, receive, and enjoy, the said several Annuities by this Act granted, in respect of the Sum so subscribed out of the Monies appropriated by this Act for Payment thereof, and shall have good and sure Interests and Estates therein, according to the several Provisions in this Act contained; and that the said Annuities shall be free from all Taxes, Charges, and Impositions, whatsoever.

The Monies arising by the Duties of this Act appropriated to Payment of the Annuities.

Provided always, That in case any such Contributors who have already deposited with, or shall hereafter pay to, the said Cashiers, any Sum or Sums of Money at the Times, and in the Manner before-mentioned, in Part of the Sum so by them respectively subscribed, or their respective Executors, Administrators, and Assigns, shall not advance and pay to the said Cashier or Cashiers, the Residue of the Sums so subscribed, at the Times, and in the Manner before-mentioned; then, and in every such Case, so much of the respective Sums so subscribed as shall have been actually paid in Part thereof, to the said Cashier or Cashiers, shall be forfeited for

Contributors not making good their Payments within the Times limited, to forfeit their Deposits.

the Benefit of the Publick; any thing in this Act contained to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

Accomptant
General to
give Credit for
the Sums nam-
ed in the Cer-
tificates;

which may be
transferred,

and carry 3*l.*
per Cent. In-
terest.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Accomptant General for the Bank of England, for the time being, shall, in a Book or Books to be provided and kept for that Purpose, give Credit on or before the first Day of July next, to the said respective Contributors, and their respective Executors, Administrators, and Assigns, for the Principal Sums by them respectively subscribed and paid, and the said additional Capital of five Pounds per Centum by this Act allowed thereon; and the Persons to whose Credit such Principal Sums with the said additional Capital shall be so placed, their respective Executors, Administrators, and Assigns, shall and may have Power to assign and transfer the same, or any Part, Share, or Proportion thereof, to any other Person or Persons, or Body or Bodies Politick or Corporate whatsoever, in other Books to be provided and kept by the said Accomptant General for that Purpose; and every Principal Sum so assigned and transferred, shall carry an Annuity after the Rate of three Pounds per Centum per Annum, and shall be taken and deemed to be Stock transferrable according to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, until Redemption thereof by Parliament, according to a proviso herein after contained for that Purpose.

Managers and
Directors of
the Lottery to
be appointed
by the Trea-
sury.

And whereas it is intended that every Contributor of the Sum of One hundred Pounds, towards raising the said Sum of Six millions six hundred thousand Pounds, shall have, and be intitled unto, an additional Capital of Ten Pounds in a Lottery Ticket; which Tickets are to be prepared, and a Lottery to be drawn, in manner herein after mentioned; be it therefore further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That such Persons as the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any three or more of them now being, or the High Treasurer, or any three or more of the Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, shall nominate or appoint, shall be Managers and Directors for preparing and delivering out Tickets, and to oversee the Drawing of Lots, and to order, do, and perform, such other Matters and Things as are hereafter in and by this Act directed and appointed by such Managers and Directors to be done and performed; and that such Managers or Directors shall meet together, from time to time, at some publick Office or Place for the Execution of the Powers and

Trusts

Trusts in them reposed by this Act; and that the said Managers or Directors, or so many of them as shall be present at any such Meeting, or the major Part of them, shall cause Books to be prepared, in which every Leaf shall be divided or distinguished into Three Columns, and upon the innermost of the said Three Columns there shall be printed Sixty six thousand Tickets, to be numbered One, Two, Three, and so onwards, in an arithmetical Progression, where the common Excess is to be One, until they rise to and for the Number of Sixty six thousand; and upon the middle Column in every of the said Books shall be printed Sixty six thousand Tickets of the same Breadth and Form, and numbered in like Manner; and in the extreme Column of the said Books there shall be printed a Third Rank or Series of Tickets, of the same Number with those of the other Two Columns; which Tickets shall severally be of an oblong Figure, and in the said Books shall be joined with oblique Lines, Flourishes, or Devices, in such Manner as the said Managers and Directors, or the major Part of them, shall think most safe and convenient; and that every Ticket in the Third or extreme Column of the said Books shall have written or printed thereupon (besides the Number of such Ticket, and the present Year of our Lord Christ) Words to this Effect:

Method of
the Lottery
Books.

THIS Ticket will intitle the Bearer thereof to Six Pounds, or to a better Chance, in a Joint Stock of Annuities, after the Rate of Three Pounds *per Centum per Annum*, transferrable at the Bank of *England*.

And it is hereby enacted, That the said Managers and Directors, or so many of them as shall be present at such Meeting, or the major Part of them then present, shall carefully examine all the said Books, with the Tickets therein; and take Care that the same be contrived, numbered, and made according to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act; and shall deliver or cause to be delivered the same Books, and every or any of them, as they shall be examined, to the said Cashier or Cashiers, taking from such Cashier or Cashiers an Acknowledgement in Writing, under his or their Hands, importing his or their Receipt of such Book or Books, and so many Tickets

Managers to
examine the
Books of
Tickets, and
deliver them
to the Receiv-
ers;

taking Re-
ceipts for
them.

Receivers shall
cut out, and
deliver Tickets
to the Contri-
butors.

Tickets therein, as shall be delivered to him or them respectively; and all and every such Cashier or Cashiers respectively, is and are hereby directed and required, upon his or their receiving the full Consideration money to be contributed on this Act, from any Person or Persons contributing as aforesaid, to cut out of the said Book or Books, so to be put into his or their Custody, through the said oblique Lines, Flourishes, or Devices, Indentwise, One of the Tickets in the said extreme Columns; which the said Cashier or Cashiers shall sign with his or their own Name or Names, and he or they shall permit the Contributor, if it be desired, to write his or her Name or Mark on the corresponding Tickets in the same Book; and at the same Time the said Cashier or Cashiers shall deliver to the said Contributor the Ticket so cut off, which he, she, or they, are to keep and use for the better ascertaining and securing of the Interest which he, she, or they, his, her, or their Executors, Administrators, or Assigns, shall or may have in the said Fund.

Receivers to
return the
Books with the
Remainder of
the Tickets.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Cashier or Cashiers, on or before the First Day of November, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, shall re-deliver to the said Managers and Directors, at their said Office or Place of Meeting, all the said Books, and therein all the Tickets which the said Cashier or Cashiers shall not have cut out and delivered to the Contributors as aforesaid; and that the said Managers and Directors, or the major Part of them, which shall be present at a Meeting, as aforesaid, shall forthwith cause all the Tickets of the said outermost Columns, which shall not have been delivered to the Contributors as aforesaid, if any such be, to be delivered into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer, there to be retained and kept, and to be disposed of, as the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or the High Treasurer for the time being, shall judge reasonable and fitting.

Tickets of the
middle Co-
lums to be
rolled up, and
fastened with
Silk;

And be it further enacted, That the said Managers and Directors, or the major Part of them, which shall be present at a Meeting as aforesaid, shall cause all the Tickets of the middle Columns in the Books, made out with Three Columns, as aforesaid, which shall be delivered back to them, by or from the said Cashier or Cashiers as aforesaid, to be carefully rolled up and made fast with Thread or Silk; and the said Managers or Directors,

rectors, or the major Part of them as aforesaid, shall, in their Presence, and in the Presence of such Contributors or Adventurers as will be there, cause all the said Tickets, which are to be so rolled up, and made fast as aforesaid, to be cut off Indentwise through the said oblique Lines, Flourishes, or Devices, into a Box, to be prepared for that Purpose, and to be marked with the Letter (A) which is presently to be put up into another strong Box, and to be locked with Seven different Locks and Keys, to be kept by as many of the said Managers, and sealed with their Seals, or the Seals of some of them, until the said Tickets are to be drawn, as is herein after mentioned; and that the Tickets in the first or innermost Columns of the said Books, shall remain still in the Books for discovering any Mistake or Fraud (if any such should happen to be committed) contrary to the true Meaning of this Act.

and cut off
indentwise
into a Box
marked with
the Letter (A)

Box to be
locked up and
sealed.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Managers and Directors, or the major Part of them, which shall be present at any Meeting as aforesaid, shall also prepare, or cause to be prepared, other Books, in which every Leaf shall be divided or distinguished into Two Columns; and upon the innermost of those Two Columns there shall be printed Sixty six thousand Tickets, and upon the outermost of the said Two Columns there shall be printed Sixty six thousand Tickets, all which shall be of equal Length and Breadth, as near as may be; which Two Columns in the said Books shall be joined with some Flourish or Device, through which the outermost Tickets may be cut off Indentwise; and that Nine thousand three hundred and forty Tickets, Part of those to be contained in the outermost Columns of the Books last mentioned, shall be, and be called the Fortunate Tickets, to which extraordinary Benefits shall belong, as is herein after mentioned; and the said Managers and Directors, or the major Part of them, or such of them as shall be present at a Meeting as aforesaid, shall cause the said Fortunate Tickets to be written upon, or otherwise expressed, as well in Figures as in Words at Length, in Manner following; that is to say, Upon Two of them severally, Twenty thousand Pounds Principal Money; upon Two of them severally, Five thousand Pounds Principal Money; upon Two of them severally, Three thousand Pounds Principal Money; upon Two of them severally, Two thousand Pounds Principal Money; upon every One of Twenty five of them severally, One thousand Pounds Principal Money; upon every One of

Books to be
prepared with
2 Columns, on
each of which
60,000 Tickets
to be printed.

The Number
and Value of
the Fortunate
Tickets.

500 £. to the
First drawn
Ticket, and
1000 £. to the
Last drawn.

Tickets of the
outermost
Columns to be
rolled up and
tied,

and cut out
indentwise,
into a Box
marked with
the Letter (B)

Box to be
locked up and
sealed.

Thirty of them severally, Five hundred Pounds Principal Money; upon every One of One hundred and fifty of them severally, One hundred Pounds Principal Money; upon every One of Seven hundred of them severally, Fifty Pounds Principal Money; upon every One of Eight thousand four hundred and twenty seven of them severally, Twenty Pounds Principal Money: Which Principal Sums, so to be written, or otherwise expressed upon the said Fortunate Tickets, together with Five hundred Pounds Principal Money, to be allowed to the Owner of the First drawn Ticket, and One thousand Pounds Principal Money, to the Owner of the Last drawn Ticket, over and above the Benefits which may happen to belong to the Two last mentioned Tickets; and together with the Sum of Six Pounds to be paid or allowed for and upon each Blank or Unfortunate Ticket of the said Lottery, will amount in the Whole to the Principal Sum of Six hundred and sixty thousand Pounds; to be converted into Annuities by virtue of this Act, in respect of the said Lottery; and the said Managers and Directors, or the major Part of them, who shall be present at a Meeting as aforesaid, shall cause all the said Tickets, contained in the outermost Columns of the said last mentioned Books, to be, in the Presence of the said Managers and Directors, or the major Part of them, which shall be present at a Meeting as aforesaid, and in the Presence of such Contributors or Adventurers as will then be there, to be carefully rolled up and fastened with Tread or Silk, and carefully cut out Indentwise through the said Flourish or Device, into another Box, to be prepared for this Purpose, and to be marked with the Letter (B) which Box shall be put into another strong Box, and locked up with Seven different Locks and Keys, to be kept by as many of the said Managers, and sealed up with their Seals, or the Seals of some of them, until these Tickets shall also be drawn in the Manner and Form herein after mentioned; and that the whole Business of rolling up, and cutting off, and putting into the said Boxes the said Tickets, and locking up and sealing the said Boxes, shall be performed by the said Managers and Directors, or such of them as aforesaid, before the last Six Days immediately preceding the Day by this Act appointed for the Drawing the said Lottery: And to the end every Person concerned may be well assured that the Counterpart of the same Number with his or her Ticket is put into the Box, marked with the Letter

(A)

(A) from whence the same may be drawn, and that other Matters are done as hereby directed, some publick Notification in Print shall be given of the precise Time or Times of putting the said Tickets into the said Boxes, to the end that such Adventurers, as shall be minded to see the same done, may be present at the doing thereof.

Publick Notice to be given of Times of putting the Tickets into the Boxes.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That on or before the Thirteenth Day of November, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, the said Managers and Directors shall cause the said several Boxes, with all the Tickets therein, to be brought into the Guildhall of the City of London, so that the same may be there, and placed on a Table provided for that Purpose, by Nine of the Clock in the Forenoon of the same Day, and shall then and there severally attend this Service, and cause the Two Boxes containing the said Tickets, to be severally taken out of the other Two Boxes, in which they shall have been locked up; and the Tickets or Lots in the respective innermost Boxes being, in the Presence of the said Managers and Directors, or such of them as shall be then present, and of such Adventurers as will be there for the Satisfaction of themselves, well shaken and mingled in each Box distinctly; some One indifferent and fit Person, to be appointed and directed by the said Managers, or the major Part of them, or such of them as shall be then present, shall take out and draw One Ticket from the Box where the said numbered Tickets shall be as aforesaid put; and One other indifferent and fit Person, to be appointed and directed in like Manner, shall take out a Ticket or Lot from the Box where the said Nine thousand three hundred and forty Fortunate, and Fifty six thousand six hundred and sixty Blank Tickets shall be promiscuously put as aforesaid; and immediately both the Tickets so drawn shall be opened, and the Number, as well of the Fortunate as the Blank Ticket, shall be named aloud; and if the Ticket taken or drawn from the Box containing the Fortunate and Blank Lots shall appear to be a Blank, then the numbered Ticket so drawn with the said Blank at the same Time drawn, shall both be put upon one File; and if the Ticket so drawn or taken from the Box containing the Fortunate and Blank Lots, shall appear to be One of the Fortunate Tickets, then the Principal Sum written upon such Fortunate Ticket, whatsoever it be, shall be entered by a Clerk, which the said Managers, or the major Part of them as aforesaid, shall employ

Lottery to begin drawing on 13 Novr. 1759.

Method to be observed in drawing, &c.

After each
Day's Draw-
ing, the Boxes
to be locked
up and sealed.

employ and oversee for this Purpose, into a Book to be kept for entering the Numbers coming up with the said Fortunate Tickets, and the Principal Sums whereunto they shall be intitled respectively, and Two of the said Managers shall set their Names as Witnesses to such Entries; and the said Fortunate and numbered Tickets so drawn together, shall be put upon another File; and so the said Drawing of the Tickets shall continue, by taking One Ticket at a Time out of each Box, and with opening, naming aloud, and filing the same, and by entering the Fortunate Lots in such Method as is before mentioned, until the whole Number of Nine thousand three hundred and forty Fortunate Tickets, and One more for the Last drawn as aforesaid, shall be compleatly drawn; and as the same cannot be performed in One Day's Time, the said Managers or Directors shall cause the Boxes to be locked up and sealed in Manner as aforesaid, and adjourn till the next Day, and so from Day to Day, and every Day (except Sundays, Christmas Day, and Fast Days) and then open the same, and proceed as above, till the said whole Number of Nine thousand three hundred and forty Fortunate Tickets, and One more, shall be compleatly drawn as aforesaid; and afterwards the said numbered Tickets so drawn, with the Fortunate Tickets drawn against the same, shall be and remain in a strong Box locked up as aforesaid, and under the Custody of the said Managers, until they shall take them out to examine, adjust, and settle the Property thereof.

Numbers of
the Fortunate
Tickets, and
the Sums, to
be printed.

Disputes relat-
ing thereto, to
be adjusted by
the Managers.

Penalty of
forging Tick-
ets or Certifi-
cates.

And, to the End the Fortunate may know, whether absent or present, to what Degree they have been so; be it enacted, That as soon as the Drawing is over, the said Managers are hereby required, as soon as conveniently may be, to cause to be printed and published the Number of the Tickets drawn against each Fortunate Ticket, and the Principal Sum written on the same; and if any Contention or Dispute shall arise in the adjusting the Property of the said Fortunate Tickets, the major Part of the said Managers, agreeing therein, shall determine to whom it doth or ought to belong: And if any Person or Persons shall forge or counterfeit any Ticket or Tickets, Certificate or Certificates, to be made forth by this Act, or made forth, or to be made forth, upon any former Lottery Act, or alter any the Numbers thereof, or utter, vend, barter, or dispose of, or offer to dispose of, any false, altered, forged, or counterfeit Ticket or Tickets, Certificate or Certificates, or shall bring any forged or counterfeit

counterfeit Ticket or Certificate, or any Ticket or Certificate the Number whereof is altered (knowing the same to be such) to the said Managers, or any of them, or to the Cashier or Accountant General of the Bank of England for the time being, or to any other Person or Persons whatsoever, to the Intent to defraud His Majesty, or any Contributor or Adventurer, or the Executors, Administrators, and Assigns, of any Contributor or Adventurer upon this Act; that then every such Person or Persons, being thereof convicted in due Form of Law, shall be adjudged a Felon, and shall suffer Death as in Cases of Felony, without Benefit of Clergy: And the said Managers or Directors, or any Two or more of them, are hereby authorized, required, and impowered, to cause any Person or Persons bringing or uttering such forged or counterfeit Ticket or Tickets, Certificate or Certificates, as aforesaid, to be apprehended, and to commit him, her, or them, to His Majesty's Gaol of Newgate, or to the Common Gaol of the County or Place where such Person or Persons shall be so apprehended, to be proceeded against for the said Felony according to Law. Felony.

Provided always, and it is hereby enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every Person that shall be appointed as aforesaid to be a Manager and Director for putting this Act in Execution, before his acting in such Commission, shall take the Oath following; that is to say, Managers to be sworn.

I A. B. do swear, That I will faithfully execute the Trust reposed in me; and that I will not use any indirect Art or Means, or permit or direct any Person to use any indirect Art or Means, to obtain a Prize or Fortunate Lot, for myself, or any other Person whatsoever; and that I will do the utmost of my Endeavour to prevent any undue or sinister Practice to be done by any Person whatsoever; and that I will, to the best of my Judgement, declare to whom any Prize, Lot, or Ticket, of Right does belong, according to the true Intent and Meaning of the Act of Parliament made in the Thirty second Year of His Majesty's Reign in that Behalf. The Oath.

Which said Oath shall and may be administered by any Two or more of the other Managers and Directors.

Managers, &c.
to be paid by
the Commis-
sioners of the
Treasury out
of the Lottery
Money.

Provided also, and it is hereby enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That out of the Monies to arise by and out of any of the Supplies granted in this Session of Parliament, it shall and may be lawful to and for any Three or more of the Commissioners of the Treasury, or the High Treasurer for the time being, to reward the said Managers and Directors, and the Clerks and Officers to be employed by and under them, and any other Officers and Persons that shall and may be any ways employed in this Affair, for their Labour and Pains, and to discharge such incident Expences as shall necessarily attend the Execution of this Act, in such Manner as any Three or more of the Commissioners of the Treasury, or the High Treasurer for the time being, shall, from time to time, think fit and reasonable in that Behalf; any thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Limitation
of Sale of
Chances, &c.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Person or Persons shall sell the Chance or Chances of any Ticket or Tickets in the said Lottery, or any Share or Shares of any Ticket or Tickets in the said Lottery, for a Day, or Part of a Day, or for a longer Time less than the whole Time of drawing the Lottery then to come; or shall receive any Money whatsoever in Consideration of the Repayment of any Sum or Sums of Money, in case any Ticket or Tickets in the said Lottery shall prove Fortunate; or shall lay any Wager relating to the drawing of any Ticket or Tickets in the said Lottery, either as to the Time of such Ticket or Tickets being drawn, or whether such Ticket or Tickets be drawn Fortunate or Unfortunate; and all and every Person and Persons who shall offend in any of the aforesaid Matters, shall forfeit and pay Treble the Sum and Sums of Money which shall have been received by such Person and Persons, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act; to be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster; in which no Essoin, Protection, Privilege, or Wager of Law, or more than One Imparance, shall be allowed; One Moiety whereof to be for the Use of His Majesty, His Heirs, or Successors, and the other Moiety to be paid to the Person or Persons who shall sue for the same; and every such Sale, Wager, or Contract, and every Agreement relating thereto, shall be, and is hereby declared null and void.

Penalty.

And

d

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person or Persons shall keep any Office or Offices, or shall print or publish any Scheme or Proposal, for receiving any Sum or Sums of Money in Consideration of any Interest to be granted for the same, in any Ticket or Tickets in the said Lottery, whereof such Person or Persons shall not then be actually possessed, or in Consideration of any Sum or Sums of Money to be repaid in case any Ticket, or Number of Tickets, in the said Lottery, which shall not be in the actual Possession of such Person or Persons, shall prove fortunate or Unfortunate; all and every such Person and Persons shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Five hundred Pounds; to be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster; in which no Essoin, Protection, or Wager of Law, or more than One Imparlance, shall be allowed; One Moiety whereof to be for the Use of His Majesty, His Heirs, or Successors, and the other Moiety to be paid to the Person or Persons who shall sue for the same; and also shall suffer Three Months Imprisonment without Bail or Mainprize.

Persons selling Shares in Tickets of which they are not possessed,

to forfeit 500*l*.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Offence against any of the Acts of Parliament made in this Kingdom, for preventing private and unlawful Lotteries, shall be committed in Ireland, the Offender shall incur the like Penalty and Punishment, to be inflicted in like Manner as if the Offence was committed in this Kingdom; and that such Penalties as, by any of the said Acts, are directed to be recovered in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, shall, in case of Offences committed against any of the said Acts in Ireland, be recovered in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record in Dublin.

Offences committed in Ireland against Acts for preventing unlawful Lotteries, declared to be punishable,

and may be sued for in Dublin.

And to the End that all and every the Payments, as well upon the fortunate as upon the Unfortunate Tickets, may be more easily ascertained, settled, and adjusted, for the Persons who shall be and become intitled thereunto; be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That as soon as conveniently may be after the Drawing of the said Lottery shall be completed and ended, all and every the said Tickets, to be given out as aforesaid, shall be exchanged for Certificates to be signed by such of the said Managers as shall be appointed for that Purpose.

After the Drawing of the Lottery, the Tickets to be exchanged for Certificates.

And

Managers to
give Notice of
the Time for
taking in the
Tickets, and
delivering out
the Certifi-
cates, &c.

Books to be
kept for en-
tering Persons
Names,

and the Num-
ber of their
Tickets, &c.

Certificates to
be signed, &c.

Accountant
General to
give Credit for
the Principal
Sums in the
Certificates.

Assignments
may be made
of the said
Sums, &c.

And be it further enacted, That such of the said Managers, as any Three or more of the Commissioners of the Treasury, or the High Treasurer for the time being, shall appoint to take in the said Tickets, and deliver out the said Certificates for and in lieu thereof, shall give timely Notice, by Advertisement to be printed and published in Manner as they shall think fit, of the Days and Times for taking in the said Tickets, and delivering out the said Certificates, for and in lieu of the same; and every Person's Certificate shall be numbered in Course, according to their bringing their Tickets to the Managers so to be appointed for exchanging the same; to which Purpose, such Managers shall enter, or cause to be entered, into a Book or Books to be by them kept for that Purpose, the Name of every Person who shall bring any Ticket or Tickets to be exchanged for such Certificate or Certificates, and the Number or Numbers of the Ticket or Tickets which shall be so brought by such Person or Persons, the Value in Principal Money payable thereupon, and the Day of the Month, and the Year of our Lord, when the same was so brought, which Book and Books shall lie open in the Office to be appointed for taking in the said Tickets to be exchanged for such Certificates, for all Persons concerned to peruse; all which Certificates shall be signed by the Managers so to be appointed, or the major Part of them, and be directed to the Accomptant General of the Bank of England for the time being.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Accomptant General of the Bank of England for the time being, to whom the said Certificates are to be directed as aforesaid, shall, upon receiving and taking in the said Certificates, or any of them, give Credit to the Persons named therein, in a Book or Books to be by him provided and kept for that Purpose, for the Principal Sums contained in every such Certificate; and the Persons to whose Credit such Principal Sums shall be entered in the said Book or Books, his, her, or their Executors, and Administrators, shall and may have Power to assign or transfer the same, or any Part, Share, or Proportion thereof, to any other Person or Persons, Bodies Politick or Corporate whatsoever, in other Books to be prepared and kept by the said Accomptant General for that Purpose; and the Principal Sums so assigned or transferred, shall carry the said Annuity of Three Pounds per Centum per Annum, and shall be taken and deemed to be Stock transferrable by
this

this Act, according to the Powers and Authorities herein after mentioned, until the Redemption thereof as aforesaid; and the said Accomptant General of the Bank of England for the time being, is hereby authorized and directed to cancel and file the Certificates, as they shall from time to time be received and taken in by him, and to give the Persons bringing in the same a Note under his Hand, testifying the Principal Money for which they shall have Credit in the said Book or Books, by Reason or Means of the Certificates so received, taken in, and cancelled as aforesaid, and of the Annuities attending the same.

Certificates to be filed and cancelled, and Notes to be given in lieu thereof.

And for the more easy and sure Payment of the said transferrable Annuities after the Rate of Three Pounds per Centum per Annum; be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England, and their Successors, shall, from time to time, until the said Annuities, after the Rate of Three Pounds per Centum per Annum, shall be redeemed as aforesaid, appoint and employ One or more sufficient Person or Persons within their Office in the City of London, to be their Chief or First Cashier or Cashiers, and One other sufficient Person within the same Office, to be their Accomptant General; and that so much of the Monies from time to time arising into the said Receipt of Exchequer, from the said Subsidies, Rates, and Duties, by this Act granted and appropriated, as shall be sufficient from time to time for Payment of the said Annuities, after the Rate of Three Pounds per Centum per Annum, shall, by Order of the Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them, or the Lord High Treasurer for the time being, without any further or other Warrant, to be sued for, had, and obtained, in that Behalf, from time to time, at the respective Half-yearly Days of Payment in this Act appointed for Payment thereof, be issued and paid at the said Receipt of Exchequer, to the said First or Chief Cashier or Cashiers of the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England, and their Successors, for the time being, by Way of Imprest, and upon Account, for the Payment of the said Annuities after the Rate of Three Pounds per Centum per Annum, at such Times, and in such Manner and Form, as are by this Act prescribed in that Behalf; and that such Cashier or Cashiers to whom the said Money shall, from time to time, be issued, shall, from time to time, without Delay, apply and pay the same accordingly, and render his or their Account thereof, according to the due Course of the Exchequer.

A Chief Cashier, and Accomptant General, to be appointed by the Bank for paying the Annuities.

Treasury to issue Money for that Purpose to the said Cashier,

who is to account for the same.

U u u

And

Accomptant
General to ex-
amine the Re-
ceipts and Pay-
ments of the
Cashier.

Annuities
deemed a Per-
sonal Estate,
&c.

Annuities
deemed a Joint
Stock ;

and made
transferrable.

Clause of Re-
demption.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Accomptant General for the time being shall, from time to time, inspect and examine all Receipts and Payments of the said Cashier or Cashiers, and the Vouchers relating thereto, in order to prevent any Fraud, Negligence, or Delay ; and that all Persons who shall be intitled to any of the said Annuities, after the Rate of Three Pounds per Centum per Annum, and all Persons lawfully claiming under them, shall be possessed thereof as of a Personal Estate, which shall not be descendible to Heirs, nor liable to any Foreign Attachment by the Custom of London, or otherwise ; any Law, Statute, or Custom, to the contrary notwithstanding.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all the Monies to be advanced or contributed by virtue of this Act towards the said Sum of Six millions six hundred thousand Pounds, on which the said Annuities, after the Rate of Three Pounds per Centum per Annum, shall be attending, shall be deemed One Capital and Joint Stock ; and that all Persons and Corporations whatsoever, in Proportion to the Monies by them severally advanced for the Purchase of the said Annuities, after the Rate of Three Pounds per Centum per Annum, or to which they shall become intitled by virtue of this Act, shall have, and be deemed to have, a proportional Interest and Share in the said Stock, and in the said Annuities attending the same, at the Rate aforesaid ; and that the said whole Capital or Joint Stock, or any Share or Interest therein, shall be assignable and transferrable as this Act directs, and not otherwise.

Provided also, and it is hereby enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That at any Time upon Six Months Notice to be printed in the London Gazette, and fixed upon the Royal Exchange in London, and upon Repayment by Parliament of the said Sum of Six millions six hundred thousand Pounds, or any Part thereof, by Payments not less than Five hundred thousand Pounds at one Time, in such Manner as shall be directed by any future Act or Acts of Parliament in that Behalf, and also upon full Payment of all Arrearages of the said Annuities, after the Rate of Three Pounds per Centum per Annum ; then, and not till then, such and so much of the said Annuities as shall be attending on the Principal Sums so paid off, shall cease and determine, and be understood to be redeemed ; and that any Vote or Resolution of the House of Commons, signified by the Speaker in Writing, to be inserted in the London Gazette, and affixed on the Royal Exchange

change in London as aforesaid, shall be deemed and adjudged to be sufficient Notice within the Words and Meaning of this Act.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That Books shall be constantly kept by the said Accountant General for the time being, wherein all Assignments or Transfers of the said Annuities, after the Rate of Three Pounds per Centum per Annum, shall, at all reasonable Times, be entered and registered; which Entry shall be conceived in proper Words for that Purpose, and shall be signed by the Parties making such Assignments or Transfers; or if such Parties be absent, by their respective Attornies thereunto lawfully authorized in Writing under their Hands and Seals, to be attested by Two or more credible Witnesses; and that the several Persons to whom such Transfers shall be made, shall respectively underwrite their Acceptance thereof; and that no other Method of assigning and transferring the said Annuities, or any Part thereof, or any Interest therein, shall be good or available in Law.

Transfer Books to be kept by the Accountant General.

Method of transferring Stock.

Provided always, That all Persons possessed of any Share in the said Joint Stock of Annuities, or Estate and Interest therein, may devise the same by Will in Writing, attested by Two or more credible Witnesses; but that no Payment shall be made upon any such Devise, till so much of the said Will as relates to any Share, Estate, or Interest, in the said Joint Stock of Annuities, be entered in the said Office; and that in Default of such Transfer or Devise, such Share, Estate, or Interest, in the said Joint Stock of Annuities, shall go to the Executors or Administrators; and that no Stamp Duties whatsoever shall be charged on any of the said Transfers; any Law or Statute to the contrary notwithstanding.

Annuities deviseable by Will.

Entry to be made of such Clause in the Will.

Transfer not liable to Stamp Duties.

Provided always, and be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That out of the Monies arising from the Contributions towards raising the said Sum of Six millions six hundred thousand Pounds, any Three or more of the Commissioners of the Treasury, or the High Treasurer for the time being, shall have Power to discharge all such incident Charges as shall necessarily attend the Execution of this Act, in such Manner as to them shall seem just and reasonable; and also to settle and appoint such Allowances as shall be thought proper, for the Service, Pains, and Labour, of the said Cashier or Cashiers, for receiving, paying, and accounting for the said Contributions; and also shall have Power to make out of the Fund hereby established, or out of the Sinking Fund, such

Treasury to pay all incident Charges attending the Execution of this Act;

and to make an Allowance to the Cashier, and Accountant General;

to be at the
Disposal of the
Governor and
Company of
the Bank.

Bank to conti-
nue a Corpo-
ration till these
Annuities be
redeemed, &c.

No Fee for
Payment of
Contribution
Money.

Penalty.

such further Allowances as shall be judged reasonable, for the Service, Pains, and Labour of the said Cashier or Cashiers, for receiving, paying, and accounting for the said Annuities, after the Rate of Three Pounds per Centum per Annum, payable by virtue of this Act; and also for the Service, Pains, and Labour of the said Accountant General, for performing the Trust reposed in him by this Act; all which Allowances to be made as aforesaid in respect to the Service, Pains, and Labour of any Officer or Officers of the said Governor and Company, shall be for the Use and Benefit of the said Governor and Company, and at their Disposal only.

Provided always, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England, and their Successors, notwithstanding the Redemption of all or any of their own Funds, in pursuance of the Acts for establishing the same, or any of them, shall continue a Corporation till all the said Annuities, after the Rate of Three Pounds per Centum per Annum, by this Act granted, shall be redeemed by Parliament, according to the proviso herein before contained in that Behalf; and that the said Governor and Company of the Bank of England, or any Member thereof, shall not incur any Disability for or by reason of their doing any Matter or Thing in pursuance of this Act.

And be it further enacted, That no Fee, Reward, or Gratuity whatsoever, shall be demanded or taken of any of His Majesty's Subjects, for receiving or paying the said Contribution Monies, or any of them, or for paying the said several Annuities, or any of them, or for any Transfer of any Sum great or small, to be made in pursuance of this Act, upon Pain that any Offender or Person offending, by taking or demanding any such Fee, Reward, or Gratuity, shall forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds to the Party aggrieved, with Full Costs of Suit; and that all Receipts and Issues, and all other Things directed by this Act to be performed in the Exchequer, shall be done or performed by the Officer there, without demanding or receiving, directly or indirectly, any Fee, Reward, or Gratuity for the same; and in case the Officers of the Exchequer shall take or demand any such Fee or Reward, or shall misapply or divert any of the Monies to be paid into the Exchequer upon this Act, or shall pay or issue out of the same, otherwise than according to the true Intent of this Act, or shall not keep such Books, Registers, or make Entries, and do and perform all Things which by this Act they are directed and required to

to do and perform, every such Offender shall forfeit his Place, and be for ever after incapable of any Office or Place of Trust whatsoever, and shall answer and pay Treble Costs of Suit to any Contributor or Person claiming under him that will sue for the same, to be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, wherein no Escoin, Protection, Privilege, or Wager of Law, Injunction, or Order of Restraint, or any more than One Imparance shall be granted or allowed; and in the said Action the Plaintiff, upon Recovery, shall have Full Costs of Suit; One Third of which Sum shall be paid into the said Receipt of Exchequer, for the Benefit of His Majesty, His Heirs, and Successors, and the other Two Thirds shall be to and for the Use of the Prosecutor.

And it is hereby enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if at any Time or Times it shall happen that the Produce of the said several Subsidies, Rates, and Duties, hereby granted, for Payment of the said several Annuities, shall not be sufficient to pay and discharge the several and respective Annuities and other Charges directed to be paid thereout, at the End if any or either of the respective Half-yearly Days of Payment, at which the same are hereby directed to be paid, then, and so often, and in every such Case, such Deficiency or Deficiencies shall and may be supplied out of any of the Monies which at any Time or Times shall be or remain in the Receipt of the Exchequer, of the Surplusses, Excesses, Overplus Monies, and other Revenues, composing the Fund commonly called The Sinking Fund (except such Monies of the said Sinking Fund as are appropriated to any particular Use or Uses, by any former Act or Acts of Parliament in that Behalf) and such Monies of the said Sinking Fund, shall and may be, from time to time, issued and applied accordingly; and if at any Time or Times, before any Monies of the several Subsidies, Rates, and Duties hereby granted shall be brought into the Exchequer as aforesaid, there shall happen to be a Want of Money for paying the several Annuities as aforesaid, which shall be actually incurred and grown due at any of the Half-yearly Days of Payments before-mentioned, that then, and in every such Case, the Money so wanted shall and may be supplied out of the Monies of the Sinking Fund (except as before excepted) and be issued accordingly.

Deficiencies of the Exchequer, &c. how to be made good.

Sinking Fund
to be replaced.

Provided always, and be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That whatever Monies shall be issued out of the Sinking Fund, shall, from time to time be replaced, by and out of the first Supplies to be then after granted in Parliament.

Surplus Mo-
nies how to
be applied.

Provided always, and be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in case there shall be any Surplus or Remainder of the Monies arising by the said several Subsidies, Rates, and Duties, after the said several and respective Annuities, and all Arrears thereof, are satisfied, or Money sufficient shall be reserved for that Purpose, such Overplus or Remainder shall, from time to time, be reserved for the Disposition of Parliament, and shall not be issued but by the Authority of Parliament, and as shall be directed by future Act or Acts of Parliament; any thing in any former or other Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

General Issue.

And it is hereby enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person or Persons shall, at any Time or Times, be sued or prosecuted for any thing by him or them done or executed in pursuance of this Act, or of any Matter or Thing in this Act contained, such Person or Persons shall and may plead the General Issue, and give the Special Matter in Evidence for his or their Defence: And if, upon Trial, a Verdict shall pass for the Defendant or Defendants, or the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall become nonsuited, then such Defendant or Defendants shall have Treble Costs to him or them awarded against such Plaintiff or Plaintiffs.

Treble Costs.

F I N I S.

THE NEW YORK

LIBRARY

OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK

ASTOR LENOX TILDEN FOUNDATION

1215 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

Acquired by the City of New York

from the estate of John Jay

in 1847

under the will of John Jay

and the City of New York

in 1847

under the will of John Jay

and the City of New York

Anno Regni GEORGGII II. REGIS

Magnæ Britannicæ, Franciæ, & Hiberniæ,

TRICESIMO SECUNDO.

At the Parliament begun and holden at *Westminster*, the Thirty first Day of *May*, *Anno Dom.* 1754. in the Twenty seventh Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord *GEORGE* the Second, by the Grace of God, of *Great Britain, France,* and *Ireland*, King, Defender of the Faith, &c.

And from thence continued by several Prorogations to the Twenty third Day of *November*, 1758, being the Sixth Session of this present Parliament.



L O N D O N :

Printed by *Thomas Baskett*, Printer to the King's most Excellent Majesty; and by the Assigns of *Robert Baskett*. 1759.

George H. Norris

At the Court of the United States for the District of Nebraska, at Omaha, Nebraska, this 1st day of March, 1904.

George H. Norris, of the County of Platte, State of Nebraska, do hereby certify that the within and foregoing is a true and correct copy of the original of the same, as the same appears from the records of the Court of the United States for the District of Nebraska, at Omaha, Nebraska, this 1st day of March, 1904.

Witness my hand and seal of office at Omaha, Nebraska, this 1st day of March, 1904.

George H. Norris, Clerk of the Court.

Anno tricesimo secundo

Georgii II. Regis.

An Act to permit the free Importation of
Cattle from *Ireland* for a limited Time.



H E R E A S the permitting the Preamble.
free Importation of Cattle into
Great Britain from Ireland for a
limited Time, may be of great
Advantage to both Kingdoms; be
it therefore enacted by the King's
most Excellent Majesty, by and
with the Advice and Consent of
the Lords Spiritual and Tempo-
ral, and Commons, in this pre-
sent Parliament assembled, and
by the Authority of the same,

That from and after the First Day of May, One thou-
sand seven hundred and fifty nine, the free Importation
of all Sorts of Cattle into this Kingdom from Ireland,
shall be, and is hereby permitted, allowed, and autho-
rized, for and during the Space of Five Years from
the said First Day of May, or at any Time thereafter
before the End of the then next Session of Parliament;
and that all Persons shall be, and are hereby exempted,
freed, and discharged, from the Payment of all Subsi-
dies, Customs, Rates, Duties, or other Impositions,
and also from all Penalties, Forfeitures, Payments,

Free Importa-
tion of all
Sorts of Cat-
tle from Ire-
land, allowed
for 5 Years,
from 1 May,
1759;

the same to be
duty free.

P p 2

and

and Punishments, for or upon account of importing or bringing Cattle into this Kingdom from Ireland, during the Term aforesaid; any Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

Limitation of
Actions.

General Issue.

Treble Costs.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Action or Suit shall be commenced against any Person or Persons for any thing done in pursuance of this Act, the Defendant or Defendants in any such Action or Suit, may plead the General Issue, and give this Act, and the Special Matter in Evidence, at any Trial to be had thereupon; and that the same was done in pursuance and by the Authority of this Act; and if it shall appear so to have been done, the Jury shall find for the Defendant or Defendants; and if the Plaintiff shall be nonsuited, or discontinue his Action, after the Defendant or Defendants shall have appeared; or if Judgment shall be given upon any Verdict or Demurrer against the Plaintiff, the Defendant or Defendants shall and may recover Treble Costs, and have the like Remedy for the same, as any Defendant or Defendants hath or have in other Cases by Law.

d

F I N I S.

Anno Regni GEORGE III. REGIS

Magnæ Britanniae, Franciæ, & Hiberniæ,

TRICESIMO SECUNDO.

At the Parliament begun and holden at *Westminster*, the Thirty first Day of *May*, Anno Dom. 1754. in the Twenty seventh Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord *GEORGE* the Second, by the Grace of God, of *Great Britain, France,* and *Ireland*, King, Defender of the Faith, &c.

And from thence continued by several Prorogations to the Twenty third Day of *November*, 1758, being the Sixth Session of this present Parliament.



L O N D O N :

Printed by *Thomas Baskett*, Printer to the King's most Excellent Majesty; and by the Assigns of *Robert Baskett*. 1759.

Notwithstanding the fact that the Government of the United States has not yet received the report of the Commission on the subject of the proposed amendment to the Constitution, the Government of the United States has not yet received the report of the Commission on the subject of the proposed amendment to the Constitution.

Anno tricesimo secundo

Georgii II. Regis.

An Act to discontinue, for a limited Time, the Duties payable upon Tallow imported from *Ireland*.



H E R E A S the allowing, for a ^{Preamble.} limited Time, the free Importation of Tallow from Ireland, may tend to the Ease of the Publick, and Advantage of the Revenue, by reducing the Price, and encouraging the Consumption, of Candles in this Kingdom; be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Tempo-

ral, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the First Day of May, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, no Subsidy, Custom, Rate, Duty, or other Imposition whatsoever, shall be demanded, collected, received, or taken, upon any Tallow un-manufactured into Candles or Soap, which shall be imported into this Kingdom from Ireland; but that all such Tallow shall and may be imported Duty free for the Space of Five Years, from the said First Day of May, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, or at any Time thereafter before the End of the then next Session of Parliament; any former Law, Statute, or Act or Acts of Parliament, to the contrary notwithstanding.

Free Importation of Tallow allowed for 5 Years, from 1 May, 1759.

Entry to be
made thereof ;

and the same
to be landed
in the Presence
of an Officer.

Penalty.

Limitation of
Actions.

General Issue.

Treble Costs.

Provided always, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That a due Entry shall be made of all such Tallow at the Custom-house belonging to the Port into which the same shall be imported, in such Manner and Form, and expressing the Quantities of such Tallow, as were used and practised before the making of this Act ; and such Tallow shall be landed in the Presence of the proper Officer or Officers of the Customs appointed for that Purpose ; and if any Person or Persons upon the Importation of any Tallow from Ireland, shall not observe and perform the said Conditions and Directions herein before mentioned, every such Person shall be liable to, and pay such and the same Duties, as such Tallow would have been liable to if this Act had not been made ; any thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Action or Suit shall be commenced against any Person or Persons for any thing done in pursuance of this Act, the Defendant or Defendants in any such Action or Suit, may plead the General Issue, and give this Act, and the Special Matter in Evidence, at any Trial to be had thereupon ; and that the same was done in pursuance and by the Authority of this Act ; and if it shall appear so to have been done, the Jury shall find for the Defendant or Defendants ; and if the Plaintiff shall be nonsuited, or discontinue his Action, after the Defendant or Defendants shall have appeared ; or if Judgment shall be given upon any Verdict or Demurrer against the Plaintiff, the Defendant or Defendants shall and may recover Treble Costs, and have the like Remedy for the same, as any Defendant or Defendants hath or have in other Cases by Law.

F I N I S.

Anno Regni GEORGGII II.

R E G I S

Magnæ Britannia, Francia, & Hibernia,

TRICESIMO SECUNDO.

At the Parliament begun and holden at *Westminster*, the Thirty first Day of *May*, Anno Dom. 1754, in the Twenty seventh Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord *GEORGE* the Second, by the Grace of God, of *Great Britain, France, and Ireland*, King, Defender of the Faith, &c.

And from thence continued by several Prorogations to the Twenty third Day of *November*, 1758, being the Sixth Session of this present Parliament.



L O N D O N :

Printed by *Thomas Baskett*, Printer to the King's most Excellent Majesty ; and by the Assigns of *Robert Baskett*. 1759.

1812

The first of these is the "Pilot" which is a small boat with a single mast and a single sail. It is used for fishing and for carrying goods. The second is the "Sloop" which is a larger boat with two masts and two sails. It is used for fishing and for carrying goods. The third is the "Ship" which is the largest boat with three masts and three sails. It is used for fishing and for carrying goods.

Anno tricesimo secundo

Georgii II. Regis.

An Act for draining and preserving certain Fen Lands and Low Grounds in the Parishes of *Somersham*, and *Pidley* with *Fenton*, and the Parish of *Colne*, in the County of *Huntingdon*.



W H E R E A S certain Fen Lands Preamble.
and Low Grounds (Part of the
Great Level of the Fens called
Bedford Level) in the Parishes
of Somersham, and Pidley with
Fenton, and Colne, in the County
of Huntingdon, lately belonging
to Sir Thomas Drury Baronet,
Dingley Askham Esquire, Rebecca
Milbourn Widow, William Under-
wood, and Charles Leeds, Gentle-
men ; and containing in the Whole by Estimation,
One thousand four hundred Acres, or thereabouts,

the Boundaries whereof are as follow; that is to say, Beginning from the North West Corner of the Farm belonging to Charles Leeds, next to William Underwood's Hither High Fen Farm, in Somersham aforesaid, and next to Fenton Load; and from thence, along the said Fenton Load, to Fenton Willows, by the North East Corner of Mistress Rebecca Milbourn's Land; and from thence by the River of West Water, to Crowlade Common, to Chatteris Chelm, up to the Hard Lands there; and from thence, by the said River of West Water, to Hammond's Eau Bridge, at Somersham Toll; and from thence along the said Hammond's Eau to the Drain called Leeds's Twelve Foot Drain, and along the said Twelve Foot Drain, to the South West Corner of the said Charles Leeds's Farm; and from thence along the Drain between William Underwood's Hither High Fen Farm, and the said Farm belonging to the said Charles Leeds, to Fenton Load, are subject to be overflowed, but are capable of being drained, and thereby greatly improved: And whereas the said Lands and Grounds adjoin or lie contiguous to several of the Lands and Grounds mentioned and described in an Act made in the Twenty second Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act for draining and preserving certain Fen Lands and Low Grounds in the several Parishes of *Sutton, Mepall, Witcam, Chatteris, Doddington*, and a Place called *Byal Fen* in *The Isle of Ely*, and County of *Cambridge*; and also in the Parishes of *Somersham*, and *Pidley with Fenton*, in the County of *Huntingdon*; and may be conveniently drained and preserved under the Powers and Authorities contained in the said Act; May it therefore please Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, the said Act made in the Twenty Second Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act for draining and preserving certain Fen Lands and Low Grounds in the several Parishes of *Sutton, Mepall, Witcam, Chatteris, Doddington*, and a Place called *Byal Fen* in *The Isle of Ely*, and County of *Cambridge*; and also in the Parishes of *Somersham*, and *Pidley with Fenton*, in the County of *Huntingdon*; and all the Powers, Authorities,

22 Geo. II.

The Powers,
&c. of Act
22 Geo. II.
extended to
this Act.

Authorities, Directions, Penalties, Forfeitures, Punishments, Provisions, Matters, and Things, therein contained, shall extend, and are hereby extended to, and shall take Effect, operate, and be executed, with respect to the Lands and Grounds herein before bounded and described, and to the Owners, Proprietors, Occupiers, and Tenants thereof, and to all Persons committing Offences in relation thereto, or in relation to any Cuts, Drains, Outlets, Banks, Engines, or other Works whatsoever, made, or hereafter to be made, or maintained, for draining, preserving, or improving, the said Lands and Grounds, in such and the same Manner, and as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever, as if the same were herein repeated and re-enacted, with respect to the said Lands and Grounds, and to the said Owners, Proprietors, Occupiers, Tenants, and Persons, and as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes, as if the said Lands and Grounds had been described in the said Act, and were Part of the Lands and Grounds thereby authorized or directed to be drained, preserved, or improved; and that the Rates and Taxes hereby chargeable, and to be charged upon the Lands and Grounds herein before bounded and described, shall be equally subject and liable to the Payment of the Debt of One thousand Pounds, borrowed by the Commissioners of the said former Act, and yet remaining undischarged, together with the Interest now due, and to grow due thereon, equally and rateably with the Lands and Grounds comprized in the said former Act, and in the same Manner, as if the said Lands and Grounds mentioned in this present Act, had originally been comprized in the said former Act, and the Rates and Taxes chargeable thereon, had been comprehended in the Securities made by the Commissioners for the said Sum of One thousand Pounds, so borrowed by virtue of the said former Act.

The Rates on the Lands herein described, are subjected to the Payment of the Debt, &c. contracted under the former Act, equally with Lands comprized in the said Act.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the passing of this Act, the Commissioners appointed by or in pursuance of the said former Act, shall be, and they are hereby authorized and impowered, during the Time that they shall be possessed of such Qualifications as are therein mentioned, to act as well in the Execution of this Act, as of the said former Act, in as full and ample Manner, to all Intents and Purposes, as if they had been nominated

The Commissioners under the former Act, with those herein named, are to put both Acts in Execution.

and appointed Commissioners in and by this present Act, and that Sir Thomas Hatton Baronet, William Underwood, and Charles Leeds, Gentlemen; shall be, and are hereby added to the Commissioners appointed by or in pursuance of the said Act; and they are hereby authorized and impowered, during the Time that they shall be possessed of such Qualification as is therein mentioned, to act in the Execution of the said former Act, and this present Act, in as full and ample Manner to all Intents and Purposes, as if they had been nominated and appointed Commissioners in the said former Act; any thing therein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Works to be
executed pre-
vious to any
other.

Provided always, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Commissioners for putting the said former Act or this present Act in Execution, or any five or more of them, shall, in the first Place, and before any other Works are made for draining and preserving the Lands hereby intended to be drained and preserved, cause the following Works to be done and performed; that is to say, They shall cause a Mill to be built at such Place as the said Commissioners, or any five or more of them, shall think proper; and that the Sum of Three hundred and twenty Pounds at least, shall be expended in erecting such Mill, and making the Mill Bridge and Water Ways; and shall cause the Bank against Fenton Load to be repaired, as far as the Lands hereby intended to be drained and preserved, shall extend, and then along to the Ferry Chelm to the Hard Lands; and a sufficient Drain to be made from the Corner of the Land lately belonging to Sir Thomas Drury Baronet, cross the Common called Crollade Common, and along Snares Load, to the new Drain made by virtue of the said former Act, at the Corner of the Ground belonging to William Strong Esquire; and a substantial Cart Bridge to be built over the said Drain on the Turnpike Road, and other Bridge over the said Drain, into the Grounds called The Old Halves, at the Place where the Road now is.

Earth for re-
pairing the
Banks, to be
taken at some
Distance from
them.

Provided nevertheless, That no Earth shall be taken for repairing the said Banks from any Land which lies within the Distance of Ninety Feet from such Banks.

Provided always, and be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend,

tend, or be construed to extend, to empower the Commissioners in the said recited Act, and this Act, named and appointed, to do any Act that may prejudice or damage a Bank adjoining to Fenton Load, lying between certain Lands belonging to Master Leeds, Master Underwood, Dingley Askham Esquire, the Representatives of Sir Thomas Drury Baronet, and Mistress Rebecca Milbourn, on one Side, and Warboys Fen, and certain Lands belonging to John Leman Esquire, and Mistress Elizabeth Newnham, on the other Side, so that the Lands of the said John Leman, or Elizabeth Newnham, may be hurt or affected thereby.

Certain Fanks
and Land not
to be preju-
diced by the
Works.

Provided also, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Rates and Taxes to be assessed, collected, or levied, upon the Lands and Grounds hereby intended to be drained and preserved, shall at all Times hereafter be assessed, collected, or levied, rateably and proportionably to, and shall not, at any Time exceed the Rates and Taxes which shall be assessed and raised upon the Lands and Grounds mentioned in the said former Act.

Rates how to
be assessed.

Provided also, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That for the Purpose of applying the Money which shall be raised by virtue of the said former Act and this present Act, the Lands and Grounds hereby intended to be drained and preserved, shall not be deemed Part of the Fen called Westmore Beezlings, and Restidge, but Part of the other Lands and Grounds mentioned in the said Act.

Proviso.

Provided also, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Rate or Tax shall be assessed, collected, or levied, by virtue of the said former Act, or this present Act, for or in respect of certain High Lands, in a Farm called Rumball, containing Thirty Acres, being Part of Three hundred Acres of Land belonging to the said Charles Leeds, and lies nearest to the House there, or for or in respect of any Lands in the said Common called Crollade Common; any thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

High Lands
exempted from
Payment of
Rates.

And whereas the Owners and Proprietors of the Lands and Grounds hereby intended to be drained and preserved, have, in Consideration of the Expences that will be necessarily incurred in making the several Works aforesaid, and other Works, for the effectual draining and preserving thereof, agreed to pay in Proportion to
b their

300 l. to be paid to the Commissioners under the former Act, by the Proprietors of Lands to be drained under this Act.

Proportion to be settled by the Commissioners.

The same may be levied upon the Owners or Tenants.

Tenants paying, to deduct the same out of the Rent;

except where there is a Lease, in which Case, the Tenant is to bear a Proportion.

their respective Properties therein, the Sum of Three hundred Pounds, to the Commissioners for putting the said former Act in Execution, to be applied in Manner herein after mentioned; be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Owners and Proprietors of the Lands and Grounds hereby intended to be drained and preserved, shall, on or before the First Day of July next, pay, or cause to be paid, unto the Commissioners for putting the said former Act in Execution, or to any five or more of them, or to such Person or Persons as they, or any five or more of them, shall appoint for that Purpose, the Sum of Three hundred Pounds; and that the said Sum shall be paid by the said respective Owners and Proprietors, in Proportion and according to the Number of Acres liable to be taxed by virtue of this Act, which every such Owner or Proprietor shall be possessed of, or intitled to, in the said Lands and Grounds, which Proportions shall be settled and ascertained by the said Commissioners, or any five or more of them; and in case of Nonpayment thereof, it shall be lawful for the said Commissioners, or any five or more of them, and they are hereby empowered to cause the same to be raised and levied upon such respective Owners and Proprietors so making Default, or upon the Tenants or Occupiers of the Lands and Grounds in respect whereof such Default shall be made, in the same Manner as the Rates or Taxes authorized by the said former Act to be assessed or imposed, are, upon Failure of Payment thereof, directed by the said Act to be raised and levied; and the Tenants or Occupiers of such Lands and Grounds, who shall pay any such Sums as aforesaid, or upon whom the same shall be levied, are hereby authorized to deduct the Sums so paid or levied out of the Rent, which they are liable to pay for such Lands and Grounds, and the Owners and Proprietors thereof are hereby required to allow such Deduction, upon Receipt of the Residue of their Rent; and every Tenant making such Payment shall be acquitted for so much Money as the same shall amount unto, as if the same had been actually paid to such Owners or Proprietors respectively, except where there is a Lease of Three or more Years to come from the Commencement of this Act, and in such Case the Proportion of the Sums so settled and ascertained, as aforesaid, which the Tenant ought to bear and pay in Consideration of the Benefit which he or she will receive, shall be adjudged and awarded by five or more of the Commissioners

missioners for putting the said former Act in Execution; the said Sum of Three hundred Pounds shall be applied towards defraying the Expence of erecting, making, and maintaining such Works, as the said Commissioners, or any five or more of them, shall judge necessary or proper, for the draining and improving the Lands and Grounds, hereby and by the said former Act intended to be drained and preserved; any thing herein before contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Application
of the 300l.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Charges and Expences of procuring this Act, shall be, in like Manner, defrayed by the Owners, Proprietors, and Lessees of the said Lands and Grounds in and by this present Act mentioned and intended to be drained and preserved, in Proportion to their respective Properties and Interests therein; which Proportions shall be settled and ascertained; and in case of Nonpayment thereof, on or before the said First Day of July, shall be raised and levied in such Manner as is herein before authorized and directed with respect to the settling, ascertaining, raising, and levying the said Sum of Three hundred Pounds; any thing herein before contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Charges of obtaining this Act, to be defrayed by the Owners and Lessees.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person or Persons shall make any Sock Dyke, or Sock Gripple, on any of the said Lands or Grounds within the Distance of Ninety Feet from any Bank which now is, or hereafter shall be, made, for keeping off the Waters from any of the said Lands and Grounds, or more than One Foot deep in any Part of the said Lands and Grounds; every such Person so offending shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Three Pence for every Foot in Length of such Sock Dyke, or Sock Gripple, for every Month during which the same shall be continued; which Forfeiture shall be recovered and levied by Distress and Sale of the Offender's Goods and Chattles, by Warrant from any One or more Justice or Justices of the Peace for the said County of Huntingdon; which Warrant such Justice or Justices is or are hereby required to grant upon Proof of the Offence by One or more credible Witness or Witnesses, upon Oath (which Oath such Justice or Justices is or are hereby impowered and required to administer without Fee or Reward) and the Overplus remaining, after such Forfeiture and necessary Charges are deducted, shall be returned to the Offender; and such Penalty, when

Penalty of making Sock Dykes, or Sock Gripples, within a certain Distance of the Banks; or more than One Foot deep.

Application
of the Penalty.

recovered, shall be paid to the said Commissioners, or any five or more of them, or to such Person as they shall appoint, and shall be applied towards defraying the Expence of putting the said former Act and this present Act in Execution; and in case sufficient Distress cannot be found, such Justice or Justices shall, by the same or any other Warrant, commit any such Offender to the House of Correction for any Time not exceeding Two Calendar Months.

Limitation of
Actions.

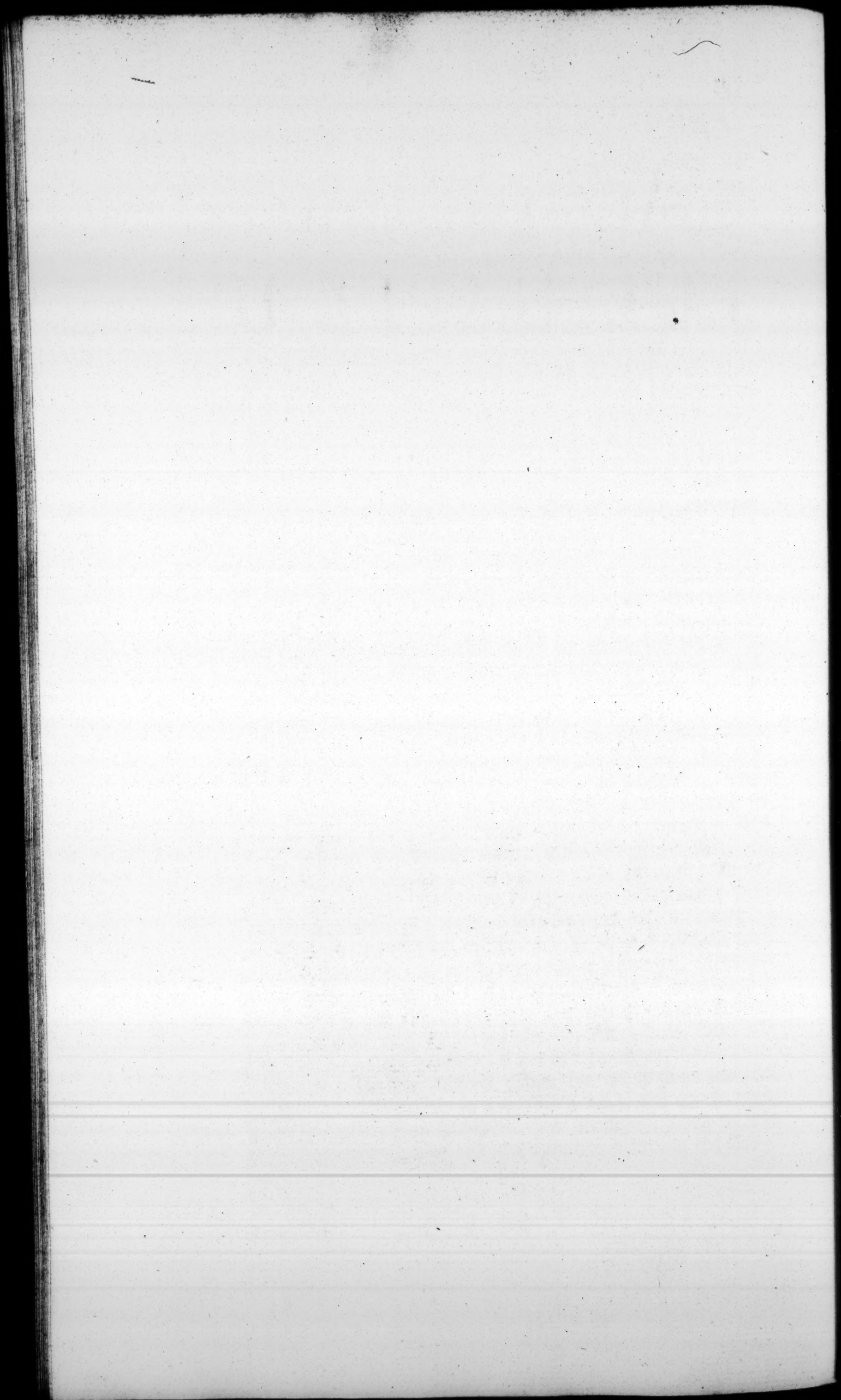
And be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Action, Suit, or Information, shall be commenced or prosecuted against any Person or Persons for any thing done or to be done in pursuance of this Act, or in Execution of any of the Powers and Authorities hereby given, every such Action, Suit, or Information, shall be commenced or prosecuted within Six Calendar Months next after the Fact committed, and not afterwards, and shall be laid or brought in the County of Huntingdon, and not elsewhere; and the Defendant or Defendants in such Action or Suit shall and may plead the General Issue, Not Guilty; and if in Replevin, may justify and avow by virtue of this Act, as Persons acting by the Authority of Commissioners of Sewers are enabled to do, and give this Act, and the Special Matter, in Evidence, without specially pleading the same (other than as aforesaid) at any Trial to be had thereupon, and that the same was done in pursuance and by the Authority of this Act; and if the same shall appear to have been so done, or if any such Action or Suit shall be brought after the Time before limited for bringing the same, or shall be brought in any other County; then the Jury shall find for the Defendant or Defendants, Avowant or Avowants; or if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall become Nonsuit, or forbear Prosecution, or discontinue his, her, or their Suit or Suits; or if any Verdict shall pass against him, her, or them, upon Demurrer, or otherwise; then, in any of the said Cases, the Defendant or Defendants, or Avowant or Avowants, shall recover Treble Costs, for which he, she, or they shall have like Remedy as where Costs by Law are awarded.

Treble Costs.

Publick Act.

And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed, taken, and allowed to be a Publick Act; and all Judges, Justices, and other Persons, are hereby required to take Notice thereof as such without specially pleading the same.

F I N I S.



Anno Regni
GEORGGII II.
REGIS

Magnæ Britannia, Francia, & Hibernia,
TRICESIMO SECUNDO.

At the Parliament begun and holden at *Westminster*, the Thirty first Day of *May*, Anno Dom. 1754, in the Twenty seventh Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord *GEORGE* the Second, by the Grace of God, of *Great Britain, France, and Ireland*, King, Defender of the Faith, &c.

And from thence continued by several Prorogations to the Twenty third Day of *November*, 1758, being the Sixth Session of this present Parliament.



L O N D O N :

Printed by *Thomas Baskett*, Printer to the King's most Excellent Majesty ; and by the Assigns of *Robert Baskett*. 1759.

GOVERNMENT

THE GOVERNMENT OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT
WASHINGTON, D. C.

Anno tricesimo secundo

Georgii II. Regis.

An Act for the more regular and easy collecting, accounting for, and paying, of Post Fines, which shall be due to the Crown, or to Grantees thereof under the Crown; and for the Ease of Sheriffs in respect to the same.



WHEREAS great Trouble and Preamble.
Expence arise in the Execution
of the Office of Sheriff, by the
present Method of collecting,
accounting for, and paying, of
Post Fines, which become due
to the Crown, or to Grantees
or Proprietors thereof under the
Crown, by reason that the Per-
sons from whom such Post Fines
are due, are frequently unknown
to the Sheriff, and reside out of
his County; and the Parishes, Towns, Precincts, or
Places, in which the Lands lie, whereof the Fine was
levied,

The Post Fine to be indorsed on the Back of the Writ, by the Officer who is to set the Prefine, together with his Name, or Mark of Office ;

both Fines to be paid together to the Receiver of the Prefines at the Alienation Office, with 4*d.* for his Fee, instead of the Fine granted by Act 3 Geo. I.

Receiver to indorse on the Back of the Writ, his Mark of Office, Name, and Sum received.

levied, are frequently misnamed, whereby the Sheriff is unable to find out the same : And forasmuch as the Sheriff of every County, on the passing his Accounts, is obliged to pay to the Crown, before he can obtain his Quietus, the several and respective Post Fines charged upon him, many of which he is never able to collect in and receive, to his manifest Loss and Detriment ; For Remedy whereof, and for the Ease of Sheriffs in the Execution of their Office, May it please Your Majesty that it may be enacted ; and be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That on all and every Writ or Writs of Covenant which, from and after the First Day of Trinity Term, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, shall be sued out for the passing of Fines in His Majesty's Court of Common Pleas at Westminster, the Officer or Officers, whose Duty it is to set and indorse the Prefine payable thereon, shall also at the same Time, set the usual Post Fine, and indorse the same on the Back of the said Writ or Writs, together with his or their Name or Names, or Mark of Office, thereto, in the like Manner as the same are now indorsed or stampd at the Office called The King's Silver Office ; which said Post Fine or Post Fines shall be forthwith paid to the Receiver of Prefines at the Alienation Office, for the time being, together with the Sum of Four Pence, as his Fee for receiving the same, instead, and in lieu, of the Fee of Four Pence charged on Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments, and payable to Sheriffs, Bailiffs, and others, on discharging the same, by virtue of the Act of the Third Year of His late Majesty King George the First, intituled, An Act for the better regulating the Office of Sheriffs ; and for ascertaining their Fees, and the Fees for suing out their Patents and passing their Accounts ; which said Fee of Four Pence, by the said Act granted, from and after the said First Day of Trinity Term, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, shall cease and determine ; and such Receiver shall indorse upon the Back of every such Writ or Writs of Covenant, One particular or certain Mark of Office, in like Manner as is now used by him on the Receipt of Prefines at the Alienation Office, together with the Name of such Receiver, and the Sum of Money which

which shall be by him received as the Post Fine due thereon; which Mark and Indorsement of such Receiver, shall discharge the Grants, Lands, Tenements, Rents, Commons, and Hereditaments, comprised in the said Writ or Writs of Covenant, and the Cognizee or Cognizees named therein.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, Clerk of the Silver Office to enter and mark the Fines. That the Officer or Clerk of the King's Silver Office, or his Deputy, from and after the said First Day of Trinity Term, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, shall continue to enter every such Fine or Fines upon Record, in the Way hitherto used in the passing of Fines, and make thereof the same Entries, and shall put thereon the same Indorsements, with the same Stamp or Mark, and in the like Manner, as has hitherto been the constant Usage and Practice of the said Office in passing of Fines; and that no Fine, until the same shall be stamp and marked with the Sum to which the Post Fine amounts as aforesaid in the said King's Silver Office, shall be deemed a Fine valid and effectual in Law. Fines not valid until stamp and mark'd with the Post Fine.

And whereas no Presfine is payable on any Writ of Covenant where the Lands and Tenements contained therein are under the yearly Value of Five Marks; but a certain Sum of Six Shillings and Eight Pence hath been antiently set and payable to the Crown on every such Writ of Covenant, as and for the King's Licence being granted to the Parties in such Writ of Covenant named to accord; be it therefore further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said First Day of Trinity Term, in all Cases where no Presfine shall be payable on any Writ of Covenant, the Officer or Officers at the said Alienation Office, whose Duty it is to set and indorse the Presfine on every Writ of Covenant on which a Presfine is payable, shall set on every Writ of Covenant brought to the said Alienation Office, on which no Presfine shall be payable, a Post Fine of Six Shillings and Eight Pence, as hath been antiently usually put, at the said King's Silver Office, on every Writ of Covenant on which no Presfine was payable; and shall indorse such Post Fine of Six Shillings and Eight Pence on every such Writ of Covenant, together with his or their Name or Names, and Mark of Office, in the like Manner as it hath been usual to indorse such Writs of Covenant at the said Alienation Office; and every such Post Fine of Six Where no Presfine is payable on the Writ, the Officer at the Alienation Office is to put a Post Fine of 6s. 8d. thereon, and indorse the same, with his Name and Mark of Office.

The said Sum
of 6 s. 8 d. to
be paid before
the Writ pass
the Alienation
Office.

Receiver to in-
dorse his Name,
and mark the
Writ.

Clerk of the
Silver Office to
receive no Writ
where the Post
Fine has not
been paid.

If the Writ
shall be pre-
vented from
passing the se-
veral Offices,
the Receiver to
repay the Post
Fine to the
Cognizee.

Receiver to
enter into Re-
cognizance,
with Sureties,
for the faithful
Discharge of
his Office, and
making due
Payments of
the Monies re-
ceived by him.

Shillings and eight Pence, shall be paid to the said Receiver of the said Alienation Office, before the Writ of Covenant on which no Prefine is payable shall be passed at the said Alienation Office; and the said Receiver, on Payment of the said Six Shillings and Eight Pence, shall indorse on and mark every such Writ of Covenant, in like Manner as other Writs of Covenant are by this Act before directed to be indorsed and marked by such said Receiver.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Officer or Clerk of the King's Silver Office, or his Deputy, from and after the said First Day of Trinity Term, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, shall not receive any Writ or Writs of Covenant, unless it shall appear by the Mark and Indorsement of such Receiver as aforesaid, that the Post Fine has been paid thereon.

Provided nevertheless, That if after the Payment of such Post Fine or Post Fines as aforesaid, the said Writ or Writs of Covenant shall, by the Death of any of the Parties named therein, or for any other Cause whatsoever, be prevented or hindered from passing through the several other Offices, so as the said Fine or Fines is or are not, or cannot be, compleated; that then, and in every such Case, the said Receiver shall repay to the Cognizee or Cognizees, in every such Writ or Writs of Covenant, his, her, or their Attorney or Agent, on their producing and filing with him the said Writ or Writs of Covenant, all and every such Sum and Sums of Money as shall have been before by him received thereon as and for the Post Fine or Post Fines; and such Writ or Writs of Covenant so remaining filed with such Receiver, shall be, and is hereby declared to be a sufficient Discharge to such Receiver, for such Sum or Sums of Money as he shall so repay as aforesaid.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every such Receiver as aforesaid, before he takes upon him the Execution of his said Office, shall enter into a Recognizance before One of the Barons of His Majesty's Court of Exchequer, to His Majesty, His Heirs, and Successors, with One or more Surety or Sureties, as shall be thought proper by such Baron, in the penal Sum of Five thousand Pounds, conditioned for the due and faithful Execution of the said Office, and to pay unto every respective Sheriff of every County, City, and Town

Town in England, having a Sheriff or Sheriffs, or his under Sheriff or lawful Attorney, on his or their producing to such Receiver, his Clerk or Agent, at his publick Office, the Quietus of the Sheriff for whom Payment is required, the Sum Total of the Post Fines which shall be contained in such respective Quietus, and wherewith such Sheriff shall have been charged in his Account in the Exchequer; and also to pay unto all and every the Lords of Liberties, Proprietors, or Grantees, of Post Fines under the Crown, or to their lawful Bailiffs or Attorney, upon their producing respectively unto the said Receiver, his Clerk or Agent, at his publick Office, the respective Schedules of the Foreign Apposer, or Clerk of the Estreats of the said Court of Exchequer, the several and respective Sums of Money in such Schedules contained, and set over as Post Fines to such Lords, Proprietors, or Grantees respectively; which said Surety or Sureties, shall respectively justify him or herself, before the Baron taking such Recognizance, to be worth the Sum of Two thousand five hundred Pounds, over and besides all just Debts and Incumbrances; and every such Recognizance shall, with all convenient Speed, after the taking thereof, be transmitted by the Baron who shall take the same to the King's Remembrancer of the Court of Exchequer, there to be filed and remain on Record; and such Receiver, and his said Sureties, shall in all Cases be respectively liable to the Amount of such penal Sum, to make Satisfaction to each respective Sheriff, and also to the respective Lords of Liberties, Proprietors, or Grantees, for all and every Post Fine and Post Fines which shall be received by such Receiver, his Deputy or Agent, on any Fine levied of any Lands, Tenements, Rents, or Hereditaments, within their respective Sheriffwicks or Liberties; and in case of the Death or Insolvency of any of the said Sureties, at any Time after the entering in to such Recognizance, as aforesaid, then One or more Surety or Sureties in the Room or Place of him, her, or them, so dying or becoming insolvent, as aforesaid, shall, within the Space of One Month then next, enter into such Recognizance as the said Surety or Sureties so dying or becoming insolvent had entered into, and justify himself, herself, or themselves, in like Manner as is before directed in this Act; in Default of which the said Office shall immediately cease, determine, and be utterly void.

Sureties to justify themselves.

Recognizance to be transmitted to, and filed in, the Court of Exchequer.

Receiver and Sureties liable, in the Penalty of the Recognizance, to the Sheriff, Lords of Liberties, Proprietors, or Grantees, for the Post Fines received.

On the Death, &c. of a Surety, a new One to be provided within One Month.

Time of Receiver's Attendance at Office, and Delivery of the Writs.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said First Day of Trinity Term, every such Receiver, his Clerk or Agent, shall daily (Sundays and Holidays excepted) attend at the said Alienation Office, from Nine of the Clock in the Morning, till One of the Clock in the Afternoon, and shall deliver back every such Writ of Covenant, as aforesaid, when the same shall be called for at the said Alienation Office, during the Office Hours herein before appointed for such Receiver's Attendance at the said Office, within Two Days after every such Post Fine shall be paid thereon respectively, unless the last of the said Two Days shall happen to be a Sunday or Holiday, and then on the next succeeding Day.

Receiver to pay the Post Fines to the Sheriff, on producing his *Quietus*,

and to the Lords of Liberties, Proprietors, or Grantees, on producing the Schedules of the Foreign Apposer.

Receiver to deduct 6 *d.* in the Pound, and no more, of the Sums paid by him.

And be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every such Receiver as aforesaid shall pay unto every Sheriff of any of the Counties, Cities, or Towns of England, his Under Sheriff or lawful Attorney, on his producing his *Quietus*, the several and respective Sums of Money in the said *Quietus* mentioned to have been by him accounted for in the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer, on the passing of his Accounts as and for Post Fines of His Majesty's Court of Common Pleas at Westminster; and also in like Manner pay unto all and every Lords of Liberties, Proprietors, or Grantees, under the Crown, of such Post Fines, or his or their Bailiff or lawful Attorney, upon their producing the Schedules of the Foreign Apposer, or Clerk of the Excheats of the said Court of Exchequer, the several and respective Sums of Money in the said Schedules set and allowed to them as Post Fines; the said Receiver deducting and retaining to himself, out of every Twenty Shillings which he shall so pay, the Sum of Six Pence only, for his Trouble and Attendance on the due Execution of this Act, and so in Proportion for any greater or less Sum, and which he is hereby authorized and empowered to deduct and retain to his own Use; but neither the said Receiver, nor any other Person or Persons whatsoever, for his or their Attendance on such Receiver, shall charge or be allowed any Fee or Reward for or on the Account of doing any thing by this Act directed, except the said Fees to such Receiver in this Act particularly mentioned and expressed.

And

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, Penalty of forging the Receiver's Hand or Mark. That if any Person or Persons from and after the said First Day of Trinity Term, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, shall make, forge, or counterfeit, or cause or procure to be made, forged, or counterfeited, the Mark or Hand of such Receiver as aforesaid, whereby such Receiver, or any other Person or Persons, shall or may be defrauded, or suffer any Loss thereby; every Person or Persons convicted of such Offence, shall be deemed guilty of Felony, and shall suffer Death as a felon without Benefit of Clergy.

And be it also enacted by the Authority aforesaid, Receiver made subject to the Order of the Court, for not paying the Post Fines; That every such Receiver refusing or neglecting to pay such Post Fines to the said respective Sheriffs, Lords of Liberties, Proprietors, or Grantees under the Crown, or their lawful Attornies or Bailiffs, shall be subject to such Order as the Barons of the said Court of Exchequer of the Degree of the Coif shall make for the Payment of the same; and the said Receiver, and every Person or Persons who shall be guilty of any wilful Default, Extortion, or Misdemeanor, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, shall forfeit and pay to the Party aggrieved Treble Damages with Full Costs, which shall and may be ordered and awarded by the Barons of the Court of Exchequer, upon Application made to, and on due Proof thereof made before them, in such summary Way and Method as to them shall seem meet; and being guilty of any Misdemeanor, to forfeit Treble Damages. provided every such Application or Prosecution be made within the Space of Limitation of Prosecutions. Two Years next after any such Offence shall have been committed, and not otherwise; and such Orders of the said Court of Exchequer, so to be made as Orders of the Court enforced. aforesaid, shall have the same Force, Virtue, and Effect, and the Observance thereof shall be enforced by such Ways and Means, as any other Orders of the same Court.

Provided always, and be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, Operation of Fines in the Court of Common Pleas, not altered by this Act. That this Act shall not any Way alter the Operation of any Fine which after the said First Day of Trinity Term, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, shall be levied in the Court of Common Pleas at Westminster, or the Course of passing Fines in that Court, otherwise than in and by this Act directed.

Publick Act.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a Publick Act; and shall be judicially taken Notice of as such, by all Judges, Justices, and other Persons whatsoever, without specially pleading the same.

F I N I S.

1870
The first of the year
was a very dry one
and the crops were
very poor.



Anno Regni GEORGGII II. REGIS

Magnæ Britanniae, Franciæ, & Hiberniæ,
TRICESIMO SECUNDO.

At the Parliament begun and holden at *Westminster*, the Thirty first Day of *May*, *Anno Dom.* 1754. in the Twenty seventh Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord *GEORGE* the Second, by the Grace of God, of *Great Britain, France,* and *Ireland*, King, Defender of the Faith, &c.

And from thence continued by several Prorogations to the Twenty third Day of *November*, 1758, being the Sixth Session of this present Parliament.



L O N D O N :

Printed by *Thomas Baskett*, Printer to the King's most Excellent Majesty; and by the Assigns of *Robert Baskett*. 1759.

Anno tricesimo secundo

Georgii II. Regis.

An Act for the better Preservation of the Turnpike Roads in that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*.



W H E R E A S great Sums of Preamble.
 Money have been expended in amending and repairing the Turnpike Roads in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, yet the said Roads cannot be kept in sufficient Repair, and are in many Places become ruinous by the great and excessive Weights which the Number of Horses now allowed by Law to draw Waggon and other Carriages, enable Carriers, and other Persons, using the said Roads, to carry upon the same: For Remedy whereof, be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the first Day of September, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, where any Waggon, Wain, Cart, or other Carriage, is drawn by four or more Horses, or other Beasts of Draught, it shall and may be lawful for all Trustees or Commissioners appointed, or hereafter to be appointed, by any Act or Acts of Parliament, for the

Additional
 Toll of 5s.
 per Horse
 to be laid on
 all Waggon,
 &c. drawn by
 Four or more
 Horses in Scot-
 land.

Repair of any Highway or Highways, in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, in their respective Districts, or any five or more of them, or any Person or Persons impowered by them, or any five or more of them, to demand, receive, and take, and they are hereby required to demand, receive, and take, at all the Gates and Bars that are or shall be erected for receiving and collecting any Toll or Duty, before such Waggon, Wain, Cart, or other Carriage, shall be permitted to pass through any such Toll-gate or Toll-bar, over and above the Tolls or Duties already granted, or hereafter to be granted, the Sum of Five Shillings Sterling for each Horse, or other Beast of Draught, drawing any such Waggon, Wain, Cart, or other Carriage; which said additional Toll or Duty hereby granted and made payable, shall and may be levied upon any Person who shall, after Demand made thereof, refuse or neglect to pay the same, in such Manner as any other Toll or Duty, payable at the same Turnpike-gate or Bar, is by Law to be levied; and the Money arising from such additional Duty, shall be applied to the Repair of the Highway where the same shall be collected.

20s. Penalty
on taking off
Horse, &c. to
avoid the addi-
tional Toll.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person or Persons shall take off, or cause to be taken off, any Horse or Horses, or other Beast of Draught, from any Carriage, at or before the same shall come to any of the said Gates or Turnpikes, with an Intent to avoid paying the said additional Toll or Duty, each and every Person so offending, and being convicted thereof before the said Trustees, or any five or more of them, upon the Oath of One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses (which Oath the said Trustees, or any five or more of them, are hereby impowered to administer) shall forfeit and pay Twenty Shillings Sterling; one Half to the Informer, and the other Half to be applied to repairing such Part or Parts of the said Road, as the said Trustees, or any five or more of them, shall appoint.

Travelling

with fewer
Horses on one
Part of the
Road than on
another, liable
to forfeit.

And be it further enacted and declared by the Authority aforesaid, That every Person who shall drive any Waggon or other Carriage upon any Part of any Turnpike Road, with more Horses than such Waggon, or other Carriage, shall, on the same Day, pass through any Turnpike-bar or Gate with, shall be deemed and adjudged to have taken off the said Horses, with Intent to avoid paying the said additional Toll or Duty.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the First Day of September, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, no Waggon, Wain, Cart, or other Carriage, shall be drawn by more
8 than

than Eight Horses, or other Beasts of Draught, upon any Turnpike Road, in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, on Pain of forfeiting the Sum of Five Pounds Sterling for every such Offence; one Half to the Informer, and the other Half to be applied to repairing the Road where the Offence shall be committed, as the Trustees, or any five or more of them, shall appoint.

Provided always, and be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to restrain the Owner or Owners of any Carriage, or his or their Servants, using or drawing with as many Horses, or Beasts of Draught, as shall be necessary for drawing such Carriages up any steep Hill, as the said Trustees, or any five or more of them, within their respective Districts, where such steep Hills do lie, shall, from time to time, order and direct; a Copy of which Order and Direction, under the Hand of the Clerk of the said Trustees, shall be kept by the Person or Persons impowered to levy the said Tolls or Duties, at the Toll-gate next adjacent to such Hills; and shall, without Fee or Reward, be made Patent to the Owners of such Carriages passing the Road, or their Servants, requiring to see the same.

Such Number of Horses may be used for drawing Carriages up Hill, as the Trustees, by an Order for that Purpose, shall allow.

Copy of the Order to be lodged with the Collector of the Tolls, &c.

Provided always, and be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That nothing in this Act contained shall impose or be construed to impose the said additional Duty on any Waggon, Main, Cart, or other Carriage, the Fellies of the Wheels whereof are of the Breadth or Gage of Nine Inches, from Side to Side, at the least; nor on any Waggon, Main, Cart, or other Carriage, employed in carrying One Tree or Piece of Timber, One Stone or Block of Marble, or any Machine or Engine in One Piece, which cannot be drawn by fewer than Four Horses; nor on any Waggon, Main, Cart, or other Carriage, drawn by Oxen or Neat Cattle only, or along with Two Horses, and no more.

Waggons, &c. with Broad Wheels,

or carrying only One Block of Marble, &c. not liable to additional Duty.

And, for the further encouraging the using of Broad Wheels, be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the first Day of September, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, all Waggons, Mains, and Carts, whereof the Fellies of the Wheels are of the Breadth or Gage of Six Inches from Side to Side, at the least, drawn by Three Horses, Hares, or Geldings, shall only be liable and subject to Payment of such Toll or Duty as is at present imposed, by the Acts of Parliament already made, upon Waggons, Mains, and Carts, drawn by Two Horses.

Carriages with Fellies of the Wheels Six Inches broad, drawn by 3 Horses, to pay the Toll only of Two.

Chaises,
Coaches, &c.
exempted.

Provided always, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That nothing in this Act contained shall be deemed or construed to extend to any Chaise Marine, Coach, Chariot, Landau, Berlin, Chaise, Chair, or Calash.

Trustees may
order Wheels
to be measured.

And, for the better discovering and detesting the Offenders against this Act, it is hereby further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Trustees appointed, or to be appointed, by any Act or Acts of Parliament made, or to be made, for the repairing or amending any Highway or Highways within that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, or any five or more of them, and they are hereby authorized and required, by Writing under their Hands, to order the Fellies of the Wheels of all Waggon, Wains, Carts, and other Carriages, which are, or ought to be, of the Breadth or Gage herein before directed and prescribed, to be measured and gaged at any Turnpike or Toll-gate erected, or to be erected, upon any Part of the Highway or Road, in or upon which such Waggon, Wain, Cart, or Carriage respectively, shall travel, pass, or be drawn.

Carriages with
Wheels reduced,
by wearing,
not more than
One Inch,
allowed to pass.

Provided always, That in case it shall appear to the Satisfaction of the Person or Persons appointed to measure and gage the said Wheels, that the Fellies of the Wheels of any Waggon or Wheel Carriage, travelling or passing upon any such Turnpike Road, were originally, and when first made, of the Breadth of Nine or Six Inches respectively, and, by long Usage and Wearing, shall have been reduced to, and become of, less Breadth or Gage; then, and in such Case, it shall and may be lawful for such Waggon or Wheel Carriage to travel, pass, or be drawn upon any such Turnpike Road, so as the Fellies of all the Wheels thereof respectively be not diminished more than One Inch of the full Breadth required by this Act.

Persons hind-
ering the
measuring of
Wheels, forfeit
5*l.* Sterling.

And it is hereby further enacted and declared, That if any Person or Persons shall hinder, or attempt to prevent or obstruct, the measuring or gaging the Fellies of such Wheels, or shall use any Violence to any Person or Persons employed or concerned in such measuring or gaging, each and every Person so offending, and being convicted thereof before the said Trustees, or any five or more of them, upon the Oath of One or more credible Witnesses or Witnesses, which Oath the said Trustees, or any five or more of them, are hereby impowered to administer, shall forfeit and pay Five Pounds Sterling; One half to the Informer, and the other half to be applied to repairing

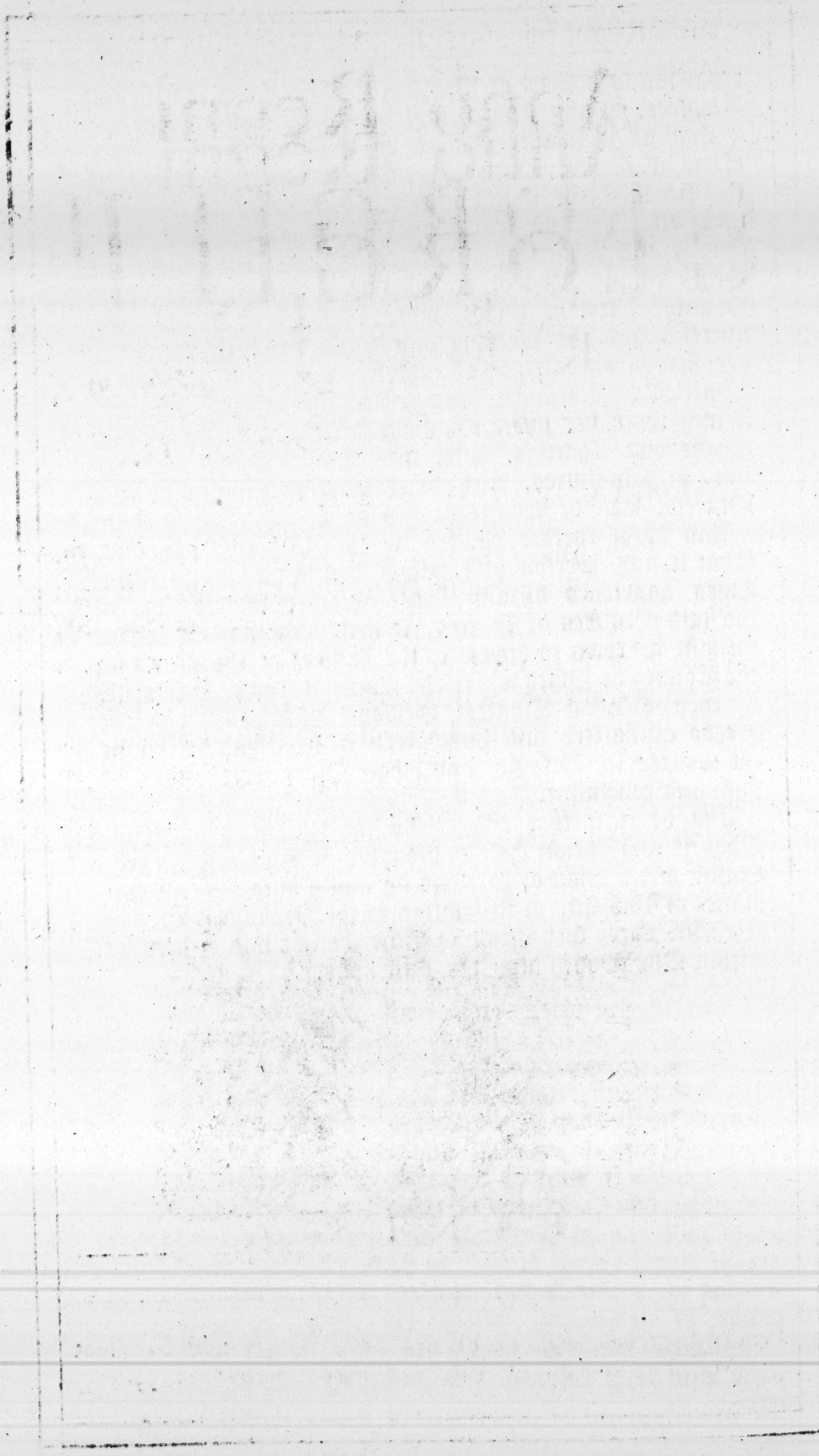
repairing such Part or Parts of the said Road, as the said Trustees, or any Five or more of them, shall appoint.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, Penalties, not otherwise directed, to be levied by Distress. That all Tolls, Duties, Penalties, and Forfeitures, by this Act imposed, if not otherwise directed to be levied by this Act, shall be levied by Distress of the Offender's Goods and Chattles, by Warrant under the Hands and Seals of any Two or more Justices of the Peace for the County, City, or Place, where the Offence shall be committed; and the Persons distraining for such Penalties Distress may be sold. are hereby authorized and impowered to sell the Goods or Chattles so distrained, and return the overplus Money, if any there be, upon Demand, to the Owners of such Goods and Chattles, after such Tolls, Duties, Penalties, or Forfeitures, with the reasonable Charges of such Distress, shall be deducted and paid.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, Persons aggrieved may appeal to the Quarter Sessions. That if any Person or Persons shall think him or themselves aggrieved by any Order or other Proceedings of the said Trustees or Justices, it shall and may be lawful for him or them to appeal to the Justices of the Peace for the County or Place where the Cause of Appeal shall arise, in their General Quarter Sessions assembled, who are hereby authorized and impowered to hear and determine the Matter in Dispute, and whose Order therein shall be final and conclusive.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, Limitation of Actions. That if any Action shall be brought, or Suit commenced, against any Person or Persons for any Thing done in pursuance of this Act, or in relation to the Premises, or any of them, every such Action or Suit shall be laid or brought within One Month after the Fact done.

F I N I S.



Anno Regni
GEORGGII II.
REGIS

Magnæ Britannia, Franciæ, & Hiberniæ,
TRICESIMO SECUNDO.

At the Parliament begun and holden at *Westminster*, the Thirty first Day of *May*, Anno Dom. 1754, in the Twenty seventh Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord GEORGE the Second, by the Grace of God, of *Great Britain, France, and Ireland*, King, Defender of the Faith, &c.

And from thence continued by several Prorogations to the Twenty third Day of *November*, 1758, being the Sixth Session of this present Parliament.



L O N D O N :

Printed by *Thomas Baskett*, Printer to the King's most Excellent Majesty ; and by the Assigns of *Robert Baskett*. 1759.

Annals
of
Georgia
Register

THE REGISTER
PUBLISHED WEEKLY
BY
J. M. BROWN
AT THE REGISTER OFFICE
COLUMBIA, S. C.
1854

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Anno tricesimo secundo

Georgii II. Regis.

An Act to continue, amend, explain, and render more effectual, an Act made in the Sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for the better Regulation of Lastage and Ballastage in the River *Thames*, and to prevent putting of Rubbish, Ashes, Dirt, or Soil, into the said River, and in the Streets, Passages, and Kennells, in *London*, and in the Suburbs thereof in *Middlesex*, and in *Westminster*, and such Part of the Dutchy of *Lancaster* as is in *Middlesex*; and for allowing a certain Quantity of Dung, Compost, Earth, or Soil, to be yearly shipped as Ballast from the Laystalls in *London* on Board any Collier or Coasting Vessel.



W H E R E A S an Act made in Act 6 Geo. II. the Sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, An Act for the better Regulation of Lastage and Ballastage in the River *Thames*, which was to continue in Force from the First Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and thirty three, for five Years, and from thence to the End of the then next Session of Parliament; and which, by an Act made in the Eleventh Year of the Reign of His said present Majesty, was further continued for Seven Years,

Years, and from thence to the End of the then next Session of Parliament; and by an Act made in the Eighteenth Year of the Reign of his said present Majesty, was further continued for Eleven Years, and from thence to the End of the then next Session of Parliament, is near expiring: And whereas the said Act hath greatly tended to the preventing the Frauds and Abuses thence committed by the Ballast-men employed under the Master, Wardens, and Assistants of the Trinity House at Deptford Strand in the County of Kent, and also to the Preservation of the Navigation of the said River Thames, and the promoting and encouraging the Trade of this Kingdom, and for the Maintenance and Relief of decayed Seamen, their Wives, Widows, and Orphans; be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said Act, and all and every the Powers, Authorities, Clauses, and Provisions therein contained, other than such as are hereinafter altered or amended, shall be and continue, and the same is and are hereby continued, in force, from the Expiration thereof, until the Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and seventy, and from thence to the End of the then next Session of Parliament.

The recited Act further continued, except where altered by this Act, to 24 June, 1770.

3000 Tons of Dung, Compost, Earth, or Soil, allowed to be yearly shipped as Ballast, from any Part of the River Thames;

And, for the explaining and rendering more effectual the said first recited Act, and ascertaining the Quantities of Dung, Compost, Earth, or Soil, which may be shipped or transported as Ballast, be it therefore further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, any Master, Owner or Owners, of any Ship or Vessel, may ship, transport, and carry, in his or their Ship or Ships, Vessel or Vessels, as Ballast, from London, or any Part of the River Thames, any Dung, Compost, Earth, or Soil, or any Chalk Rubbish, Sope Ashes, Sope Waste, Flints, Tobacco Pipe Clay, or other Clay, or any other Goods or Commodities, claimed to be furnished as Ballast by the said Corporation of Trinity House (subject nevertheless to the Payment of the Rates and Duties, and under the Provisions and Restrictions, hereinafter mentioned and contained concerning the same) so that the whole Quantity together of all Dung, Compost, Earth, or Soil, which shall be allowed to be shipped and transported for Ballast as aforesaid, under the Authority of this Act, for the Use of Coasters and Colliers, or on any other Account or Pretence whatsoever, doth not exceed in any One Year, to commence and be computed

from the First Day of June inclusive in every Year, the Quantity of Three thousand Tons, over and besides the Quantity of Two thousand Tons of Dung, Compost, Earth, or Soil, herein after specified and allowed to be shipped or put on Board any Coasting Ships or Vessels in the said River Thames, by the Lessee or Lessees, Occupier or Occupiers of the Laystalls of the City of London for the time being, on the Condition hereinafter mentioned; and so also that the whole Quantity of Chalk and Chalk Rubbish which shall be shipped and transported as Ballast, for the Use of Coasters and Colliers in the said River Thames, doth not exceed the Quantity of Three thousand Tons in any One Year, to commence and be computed as aforesaid; and so likewise that the whole Quantity of Sope Ashes, and of all other Sorts of Commodities as aforesaid, claimed to be furnished as Ballast as aforesaid by the said Corporation, and licensed by the Authority of this Act to be shipped and transported as Ballast as aforesaid, for the Use of Coasters and Colliers in the said River, doth not exceed the Quantity of Two thousand Tons in any One Year, to commence and be computed as aforesaid.

over and besides 2000 Tons from the Laystalls in London;

and of Chalk, and Chalk Rubbish 3000 Tons;

and of Sope Ashes, &c. 2000 Tons.

Provided nevertheless, and be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That before the Master, Owner or Owners, of any Ship or Vessel, shall permit any of the said Commodities or Things, claimed to be furnished as Ballast by the said Corporation, to be shipped or put on Board any such Ship or Vessel, every such Master, Owner or Owners, shall make a due Entry at the Ballast Office of the Trinity House in London, or with the Officer of the said Trinity House at Gravesend (unless any of the said Commodities or Things shall be shipped or put on Board any Ship or Vessel as aforesaid in the last Seven Days of the Month of May in any Year, and then every Entry thereof shall be made at the Office of the Trinity House in London, and not in any other Place) of all Commodities and Things as aforesaid which shall be shipped or put on Board any such Ship or Vessel as Ballast, and of the Name of every such Ship or Vessel, and of the Master or Commander thereof; and also, at the Time of the making of every such respective Entry, shall pay to the said Corporation for such Licence or Authority, One Penny for every Ton of the said Commodities and Things so to be entered as aforesaid.

Entry to be made of all Commodities shipped for Ballast;

and 1 d. per Ton paid for a Licence to the Trinity House;

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Master, Owner or Owners, or Officer of any Ship or Vessel, shall ship or put on Board, or suffer to be shipped or put on Board, any such Ship or Vessel, any of the Commodities or Things herein before mentioned,

on Penalty of 5 l.

with like Penalty for making a fraudulent Entry.

Bricks, Tyles, or Lime, &c. may be shipped as Ballast, Duty-free.

Lighters and Vessels employed in the Ballastage to be weighed, marked, and numbered, by the Officers of the Trinity House;

tioned, specified, and enumerated, before every such Entry and Payment as aforesaid in respect thereof shall be made; or shall ship or take on Board any such Ship or Vessel, any greater Quantity thereof than what shall be so entered and paid for as aforesaid; then, and in every such Case, every Person who shall so offend in the Premises, and be thereof convicted in Manner herein-after provided or directed, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of Five Pounds.

Provided always, and it is hereby likewise enacted, That from and after the said Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, it shall be lawful for any Master or Owner of any Ship or Vessel, from time to time, to ship, transport, and carry, in any such Ship or Vessel, as Ballast, from London, or any Part of the River Thames, any Quantity of Bricks, Tyles, or Lime, or any other merchandizeable Commodities and Things (other than and except such of the said Commodities and Things as are herein before enumerated and specified, and allowed to be taken or carried as Ballast) without paying any thing to the said Corporation for the same.

And whereas it is necessary that the Lighters, Barges, or Vessels, in which any Dung, Compost, Earth, or Soil, shall be loaded, in order to be put on Board any Ships or Vessels, for the Use of Coasters or Colliers in the said River Thames, should be weighed, marked, and numbered; be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, no Lighter, Barge, or Vessel whatsoever, shall be used or employed by any Person or Persons, for carrying any Dung, Compost, Earth, or Soil, on Board any Ship or Vessel whatsoever in the said River Thames, for the Use of Coasters or Colliers there, until every such Lighter, Barge, or Vessel, shall have been first weighed, marked, and numbered, by the said Corporation of the Trinity House, and at their Costs, or by some Agent or Officer who shall be appointed for that Purpose by them; and the said Corporation, their Agent or Officer, is and are hereby authorized and required, from time to time, at seasonable Times in the Day-time, as they shall see Occasion, to weigh every such Lighter, Barge, or Vessel, which shall be employed in the said River Thames, for the carrying any Dung, Compost, Earth, or Soil, on Board any Coaster or Collier in the said River; and also to affix a Gauge Mark, by painting the same, or otherwise, in some conspicuous

spicuous Place or Places, at the Stem and Stern of every such Lighter, Barge, or Vessel, as aforesaid, higher than the same shall sink into the Water when loaded, denoting the exact Tonage; and also the Number of every such Lighter, Barge, or Vessel, in a legible Manner, and in large White Capital Letters and Figures: And if any One shall offend in the Premises, or shall remove, alter, deface, or counterfeit, any Gauge Mark of any such Lighter, Barge, or Vessel, as aforesaid, or the Number thereof, which shall be set, painted, or affixed, by the said Corporation, their Agent or Officer, on any such Lighter, Barge, or Vessel; every Person so offending, and being thereof convicted in the Manner herein after directed, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of Five Pounds.

Penalty of removing, defacing, or counterfeiting, &c. the Marks, 5 l.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in case the said Corporation shall have Reason at any Time to suspect that the Gauge Mark of any such Lighter, Barge, or Vessel, hath been removed, altered, or changed, then, and in such Case, it shall be lawful for the said Corporation, their Agent or Officer, at all Times hereafter, at seasonable Times in the Daytime, and at the Costs of the said Corporation, to reweigh any such Lighter, Barge, or Vessel (so as that no more than One such Lighter, Barge, or Vessel, shall be reweighed in any Week) and in case upon the reweighing of any such Lighter, Barge, or Vessel, the same shall be found to be of greater Tonage than by the Mark thereof such Lighter, Barge, or Vessel, shall be signified or denoted, and ought to be, then the Person or Persons to whom such Lighter, Barge, or Vessel, which shall be so found to be of greater Tonage than aforesaid shall belong, shall, for every such Offence, on being convicted in Manner by this Act prescribed, forfeit and pay the Sum of Five Pounds.

On Suspicion of Fraud, the Lighters may be reweighed;

and the Owner to forfeit 5 l. on Conviction of the Offence.

And whereas it frequently happens that Ships and Vessels which come within the Port of London, bring in them large Quantities of Ballast, which, for Convenience of the Masters or Owners of such Ships or Vessels, and to save Expence, are frequently unloaded and thrown into the said River Thames, to the great Prejudice and Obstruction of the Navigation thereof: Now, for preventing such Annoyances for the future; be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Ship or Vessel, after the said Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, shall come into the said River with any Ballast therein, no Part of any such Ballast shall be unloaded, put, or thrown, from or out of any

Vessels to unload their Ballast on some Wharf or Ground, above High Water Mark;

such

or into Light-
ers of the Tri-
nity House.

Trinity House
to furnish
Lighters ac-
cordingly, on
Penalty of 5*l*.

Appl'cation of
the Penalty.

Corporation
to be paid 6*d*.
per Ton, for
Ballast unload-
ed into their
Lighters.

such Ship or Vessel, into the said River, but all such Ballast shall be laid or put, at the Expence of the Owner or Owners, or Master, of every such respective Ship or Vessel, on some common Wharf or Quay near to the said River, or on some Ground or Place above High Water Mark; or otherwise, shall be unloaded from every such respective Ship or Vessel, at the Costs of the Owner or Owners, Master or Commander, of every such said Ship or Vessel, into One or more Lighter or Lighters belonging, or which shall belong, to the said Corporation, which the said Corporation are hereby required to furnish and send, on any Demand for the same being made, or left in Writing at the said Ballast Office, by or on the Behalf of every such Owner or Owners, or Master of any such Ship or Vessel; and in case the said Corporation, on any such Application or Demand as aforesaid, shall refuse, or shall neglect to furnish and send, sufficient Lighter or Lighters to take any Ballast from any such Ship or Vessel, according to the true Meaning of this Act, within the Space of Three Days after any such Application or Demand shall be made to them for that Purpose, then, and in every such Case, the said Corporation shall forfeit and pay, for every such Refusal or Neglect, the Sum of Fifty Pounds; unless such Refusal or Neglect shall be occasioned by frosty or tempestuous Weather, preventing such Lighter or Lighters from being navigated to take away the same; to be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, wherein no Escoin, Protection, or Wager of Law, and no more than One Imparllance shall be allowed; One moiety of which Penalty shall be applied to the Use of the Poor of the Parish or Place where the Offence shall be committed, and the other moiety to the Person who shall sue for the same.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Owner or Owners, Master or Commander, of every Ship or Vessel, out of which any Ballast shall be taken by any Lighter or Vessel belonging to the said Corporation, shall pay to the said Corporation the Sum of Six Pence per Ton, for every Ton of Ballast which shall be received by the said Corporation out of any such Ship or Vessel, within the Space of Twenty four Hours after any such Ballast shall be carried away from, or out of, any such Ship or Vessel, by the Ballast-men, Servants, or Agents, of the said Corporation; which Money, when received, shall be applied and disposed of for the Use of the Poor of the said Corporation; and in case of Nonpayment thereof, the same may be recovered for the Use aforesaid, by Action of

Debt

Debt to be brought in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, in the Name of the said Corporation, against any such Owner or Owners, Master or Commander, of any such Ship or Vessel.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if after the said Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, any Ballast, of any Kind or Denomination whatsoever, shall be unloaded, put, or thrown, out of any Ship or Vessel, into the River Thames, or be unloaded, laid, or put on any Shore, Ground, or Place, below the High Water Mark in the said River, then, and in any such Case, the Master or Commander of every such respective Ship or Vessel from or out of which any such Ballast shall be so unloaded, or put on any such Shore, Ground, or Place, as aforesaid, on being thereof convicted in the Manner by this Act prescribed, shall forfeit and pay for every such Offence the Sum of Five Pounds.

Penalty of unloading Ballast otherwise than is directed by this Act, 5*l*.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person or Persons shall, at any Time or Times after the said Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, unload, put, or throw, into the said River Thames, any Rubbish, Earth, Ashes, Dirt, or Soil, from any Wharf, Quay, or Bank, adjoining or near to the said River Thames, or from or out of any Barge or Lighter; any Person so offending, and who shall be thereof convicted in Manner by this Act prescribed, shall forfeit and pay for every such Offence the Sum of Forty Shillings.

and of unloading or throwing Rubbish, &c. from any Wharf or Lighter, &c. into the River, 40*s*.

And, to the Intent that no greater Quantity of Dung, Compost, Earth, or Soil, may be delivered or put on Board any Coaster or Collier, as or for Ballast, than is allowed of by this Act, and that if any greater Quantity thereof than what is so allowed of shall be put on Board any Coaster or Coasters, Discovery may be made thereof; be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, no Dung, Compost, Earth, or Soil, shall be delivered into or put on Board any such Coaster or Collier immediately from any Laystall, Wharf, Quay, or other Place on Shore, adjoining or near to the said River Thames; and that all Dung, Compost, Earth, or Soil, which, after the said Twenty fourth Day of June, shall, in pursuance of this Act, be delivered or put on Board any such Coaster or Collier as or for Ballast, shall be taken from the Laystall, Wharf, Quay, or other Place on Shore, whereon the same shall lie, and therefrom shall be carried to every such Coaster or Collier,

Dung, Compost, Earth, or Soil, for Ballast, to be first laid on Board some numbered and marked Lighter, and from thence delivered on Board the Coaster or Collier.

in and by some Lighter, Barge, or Vessel, which shall be weighed, marked, and numbered, as by this Act is directed, and shall be delivered or put on Board such Coaster or Collier from such numbered and marked Lighter, Barge, or Vessel only, and not in any other Manner: And if any Person or Persons shall offend in the Premises, he or they, on being thereof convicted as by this Act is directed, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of Five Pounds; One Moiety thereof to the Informer, and the other Moiety thereof to the Treasurer or Treasurers of the said Corporation of the Trinity House, for the Use of the Poor of the said Corporation.

on Penalty of
5*l*.

Application
thereof.

Penalty of lay-
ing Rubbish,
Ashes, or Soil,
&c. in any of
the Streets
or Common
Ways in Lon-
don, Westmin-
ster, or the
Suburbs there-
of.

or of sweeping
or throwing
any Rubbish,
&c.

And whereas great Quantities of Rubbish, Earth, Sand, Ashes, Dirt, Filth, and Soil, are frequently put or thrown into the Streets, Lanes, and Common Passages, of the City of London, and the Liberties thereof, and of the Suburbs of the said City in the County of Middlesex; and also in the Streets, Lanes, and Common Passages, of the City of Westminster, and the Liberties thereof; and in such Part of the Liberty of the Duchy of Lancaster, as lies in the said County of Middlesex; and Scavengers or Bakers whose Duty it is to cleanse such Streets, Lanes, and Common Passages, their Servants or Labourers, and also other Persons, do frequently sweep or put Rubbish, Earth, Sand, Ashes, Dirt, Filth, and Soil, into the Kennels or Channels in the said Streets, Lanes, and Common Passages, and by Means thereof, such Rubbish, Earth, Sand, Ashes, Dirt, Filth, or Soil, or Part thereof, are frequently carried or forced down into the said River of Thames, to the manifest Prejudice of the said River, and the Navigation thereof, as well as to the Annoyance of the Docks and Wharfs contiguous to the said River: For Remedy whereof, be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, no Person or Persons shall lay, throw, or put, any Rubbish, Earth, Sand, Ashes, Dirt, Filth, or Soil, in any Street, Lane, Court, Common Way, or Passage, within the said City of London, or the Liberties thereof, or in the Suburbs thereof in the said County of Middlesex; or in any Street, Lane, Court, Common Way, or Passage, in the said City of Westminster, or the Liberties thereof; or in such Part of the Liberty of the Duchy of Lancaster, as lies in the County of Middlesex; other than such as is or are allowed by Law to be laid or heaped up to drain, ready for the respective Scavengers or Bakers, within their several Precincts, to carry away; or sweep, throw, carry, or otherwise put, any Rubbish, Earth, Sand, Ashes, Dirt, Filth,

or Soil, into any Kennel or Channel, in the said City of London, or the Liberties thereof; or in the Suburbs of the said City of London, or the Liberties thereof; or in the said City of Westminster, or the Liberties thereof; or in such Part of the Liberty of the Duchy of Lancaster, as lies in the said County of Middlesex; other than such as shall be swept away by the respective Inhabitants before their respective Habitations: And if any One shall offend in the Premises, and shall be thereof convicted in the Manner by this Act directed, he, she, or they, so offending, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of Ten Shillings.

Provided always, and be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That nothing before in this Act contained shall extend to prevent any Inhabitant within the Limits herein before mentioned, or his or her Servant, from sweeping immediately after Snow, Thaw, or Rain, into any Kennel or Channel within the Limits aforesaid, any Ice, Snow, Dirt, or Soil, which by Means of any such Snow, Thaw, or Rain, shall be before his or her House or Tenement (other than and except Rubbish which shall be cast out, thrown, or put, in any such Street, Lane, or Passage, within the Limits aforesaid, from repaired or decayed Buildings, or otherwise) or to inflict any Penalty on any such Inhabitant, or his or her Servant, in respect of his or her so doing.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall be lawful for the Lessee or Lessees, Occupier or Occupiers, for the time being, of the Laystalls of the said City of London, and he and they is and are hereby required, either in Person, or by some proper Servant to be deputed by him or them, and at his or their Charges, to go about and inspect the several Streets, Courts, Lanes, and Common Passages, in the said City of London, and the Liberties thereof, every Day in the Year (Sundays excepted) and to give Information from time to time to the Mayor of the said City for the time being, or some Alderman of the said City, of every Person or Persons he or they shall at any Time discover or detect offending in the Premises, in the said City of London, or the Liberties thereof, contrary to the Intent of this Act, so that every Person and Persons so offending in London, or the Liberties thereof, may be proceeded against, as by this Act is directed, for every such Offence.

And in case such Lessee or Lessees, Occupier or Occupiers, or his or their Servant, shall duly, from time to time, make and perform the Inspection hereby directed to be made, in London, and the Liberties thereof, according

into any of the
Kennels.

But none are
liable to for-
feit for sweep-
ing before
their Houses
immediately
after Snow,
Thaw, or
Rain.

Lessees and
Occupiers of
Laystalls to
inspect the
Streets and
Common Pas-
sages, and give
Information
of Offenders
in the Pre-
mises;

and on performing their Duty therein, they are allowed to Ship annually, as Ballast, from any Laystalls in London, 2000 Tons of Dung, &c.

according to the Intent of this Act, and give Information against the Persons found offending in the said City of London, and the Liberties thereof, to the Mayor of the said City for the time being, or some Alderman of the said City; be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That such Lessee or Lessees, Occupier or Occupiers, of the said Laystalls for the time being, shall and may, between the First Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, and the First Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and sixty, ship, or cause to be shipped, from any Laystall of the said City of London, as and for Ballast, but on no other Account or Pretence whatsoever, on Board of any Collier, or Coasting Ship or Ships, Vessel or Vessels, in the said River, any Quantity of Dung, Compost, Earth, or Soil, not exceeding Two thousand Tons in the Whole; and also, shall and may, after the said First Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and sixty, yearly in every Year then following, ship, or cause to be shipped, from any Laystall or Laystalls of the said City of London, as and for Ballast, but on no other Account or Pretence whatsoever, on Board any Collier or Coasting Ship, Vessel or Vessels, any Quantity of Dung, Compost, Earth, or Soil, not exceeding Two thousand Tons.

but before shipping thereof, they are to obtain a Certificate from the Mayor, and deliver the same at the Ballast Office;

the said Quantity to be exclusive of the 3000 Tons allowed by Act 6 Geo. II.

but subject to like Regulations, &c.

Provided nevertheless, That such said Lessee or Lessees, Occupier or Occupiers, of the said Laystalls, or the Inspector or Inspectors who shall be employed by or under him or them, shall do his or their Duty in the Premises, directed and intended by this Act, and shall yearly, after the said First Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and sixty, before the shipping of any Part of the said additional Two thousand Tons of Dung, Compost, Earth, or Soil, obtain a Testimonial or Certificate thereof, under the Hand of the Mayor of the said City of London for the time being, and shall deliver such Certificate or Testimonial at the Ballast Office of the said Master, Wardens, and Assistants, of the said Trinity House, before the said First Day of June in every such Year, after the said First Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and sixty; and which said additional Two thousand Tons of Dung, Compost, Earth, or Soil, shall be besides and exclusive of the said Three thousand Tons allowed by the said herein before recited Act made in the said Sixth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, to be yearly shipped and transported as Ballast; but such said Two thousand additional Tons of Dung, Compost, Earth, or Soil, by this Act allowed to be yearly shipped and transported, as aforesaid, are to be, and shall be, subject and liable to the like Penalties, Payments,

ments, Orders, Restrictions, and Regulations, as in and by the said first herein before recited Act are enacted and declared, concerning Dung or Compost thereby allowed to be shipped or transported as or for Ballast, other than such thereof as are altered or varied by this present Act.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That any Justice or Justices of the Peace, of the County, City, Division, or Place, in which any Offence as aforesaid for unloading, putting, or throwing any Ballast from or out of any Ship or Vessel into the said River Thames, or for putting, unloading, or throwing into the said River Thames, any Rubbish, Earth, Sand, Ashes, Filth, Dirt, or Soil, from any Wharf, Quay, or Bank, adjoining to or near the said River, or from or out of any Barge or Lighter, or for putting or throwing any Rubbish, Earth, Sand, Ashes, Filth, Dirt, or Soil, in any Street, Lane, or Passage, in the said City of London, or the Liberties thereof, or in the said Suburbs of the said City in the said County of Middlesex, or in the said City of Westminster, or the Liberties thereof, or in such Part of the Liberty of the Duchy of Lancaster as lies in the said County of Middlesex, except as herein before is excepted, or sweeping, putting, or throwing the same into any Kennel or Channel in the said City of London, or the Liberties thereof, or in the Suburbs of the said City in the said County of Middlesex, or in the City of Westminster, or the Liberties thereof, or in such Part of the Duchy of Lancaster as lies in the said County of Middlesex, except as herein before is excepted, by Means whereof the same shall or may be carried or forced down any such Kennel or Channel into the said River Thames, shall be committed, or wherein any such Offender or Offenders shall be found, such Justice or Justices (not being a Member of the said Corporation of the said Trinity House) is and are hereby authorized and required to convict any such Offender or Offenders on the proper Knowledge or View of any such Justice or Justices; and every such Justice and Justices is and are hereby also authorized and required to hear all the Offences punishable by this Act by any pecuniary Penalties, other than such as are herein before directed to be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster; and upon an Information exhibited, or Complaint made, in that Behalf, so that every such Information or Complaint be exhibited upon Oath before such Justice or Justices, within Seven Days after any such Offence shall be committed (which Oath such Justice or Justices is or are hereby impowered and required to administer) every

Justices, not being Members of the Trinity House, may convict Offenders on their own View and Knowledge;

and hear all Offences punishable by pecuniary Penalties (except where such are directed to be recovered in Courts of Record)

and upon Complaint or Information, issue Warrants for apprehending Offenders;

which may be
executed as
well upon the
River as on
Shore;

Offender,
when taken,
to be immedi-
ately carried
before some
Justice, who is
to summon
Witnesses on
either Side,
and examine
them on Oath,
&c.

Penalty, on
Conviction,
may be levied
by Distress and
Sale,

and for want
of sufficient
Distress, the
Party be com-
mitted.

such Justice or Justices is and are hereby required, with-
in their respective Jurisdictions, to issue a Warrant or
Warrants for the immediate apprehending of the Party
or Parties accused, and bringing him, her, or them, before
any Justice or Justices, within his or their respective Ju-
risdiction, to answer the Matters of Complaint to be con-
tained in such Warrant or Warrants; and which War-
rant or Warrants the Person and Persons to whom the
same shall be directed is and are hereby authorized and im-
powered to execute upon the said River Thames, or on any
Shore adjoining thereto; and for that Purpose they, and
every of them, is and are hereby authorized, empowered,
and required, at all Times in the Day Time, to go on
Board any Ship, Vessel, Boat, or Craft, in the said River,
for apprehending any such Offender or Offenders who shall
be named in any such Warrant or Warrants: And on
any such Offender or Offenders being apprehended, he, she,
or they shall, with all convenient Speed, be carried before
some Justice or Justices of the Peace, having Jurisdic-
tion in the Premises; and every such Justice and Justices,
within his and their respective Jurisdiction, is and are
hereby authorized and required to summon Witnesses with-
in Jurisdiction of such Justice or Justices, as shall be de-
sired, on either Side, and, on their Appearance, to examine
them on Oath (and which Oath any such Justice and Ju-
stices is and are hereby authorized and required to admini-
ster) touching the Premises, and thereupon to hear and
determine same, and to give such Judgement in the Pre-
misses as shall be just, and according to the Meaning of
this Act: And in case the Party or Parties accused shall
be convicted, upon the proper Knowledge or View of the
Justice or Justices, of any Offence cognizable by this Act,
or upon or by the Oath of any credible Witness, or by his,
her, or their own Confession, and the Penalty thereby in-
curred or forfeited shall not immediately be paid on such
Conviction, the same shall be recovered and levied by Di-
stress and Sale, in the like Manner as any of the Penal-
ties incurred and forfeited by the first-recited Act are there-
by directed to be recovered and levied by Distress and Sale;
and in case sufficient Distress cannot be found whereon the
same may be recovered and levied, then such Justice or Ju-
stices shall, by Warrant under his Hand and Seal, or
their Hands and Seals, commit the Person or Persons
who shall be so convicted to the House of Correction of the
County, City, or Place, where any such Offender shall be
apprehended, there to remain, without Bail or Mainprize,
and be kept to hard Labour, for any Time not exceeding
One Month, or until Payment shall, before that Time,
be

be made, of the pecunia y Penalties or Forfeitures, or Composition shall be made and accepted for the same.

Provided always, and it is hereby enacted and declared, Inhabitants deemed competent Witnesses. That any Inhabitant of the Parish or Place in which any Offence against this Act shall be committed, shall, notwithstanding such Inhabitaney, be a good and competent Witness.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, Where Witnesses refuse to appear upon being summoned, That if any Person who shall be so summoned as a Witness or Witnesses, as aforesaid, before any Justice or Justices, shall refuse or neglect to appear at the Time by such Summons appointed, and no just Cause shall be offered for such Neglect or Refusal; then (after Proof on Oath of such Summons having been duly served upon the Party or Parties so summoned) every such Justice and Justices is and are hereby authorized and required Warrants are to be issued out against them; to issue his or their Warrant under his Hand and Seal, or their Hands and Seals, to bring every such Witness or Witnesses before any Justice or Justices: And if any such Witness or Witnesses, on his or her Appearance, or on being brought before any such Justice or Justices, shall refuse to be examined on Oath concerning the Premises, without offering some just Excuse for such Refusal, any such Justice or Justices, within the Limits of his or their respective Jurisdiction, may, by Warrant under his Hand and Seal, or their Hands and Seals, commit any Person or Persons so refusing to be examined to the House of Correction of the County, City, or Place, where any such Person shall be apprehended, there to remain for any Time not exceeding One Month, nor less than One Week, as any such Justice or Justices shall direct. and where they refuse to give Evidence, they are to be committed.

Provided always, and be it further enacted, That every Person who shall be summoned to appear and give Evidence before a Justice or Justices of the Peace, concerning any Offence cognizable before him or them by this Act, and shall refuse or neglect to appear according to such Summons, or appearing, shall refuse to give Evidence, without offering some just Cause, to be allowed of by such Justice or Justices, in Excuse for such Neglect or Refusal, shall, on being convicted thereof by such Justice or Justices, forfeit and pay for every such Neglect or Refusal the Sum of Forty Shillings; to be recovered Penalty of Witness not appearing to the Summons, or refusing to give Evidence, 40s. and levied by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Party convicted of any such Neglect or Refusal, in like Manner as any other pecuniary Penalty incurred under this Act is hereby directed to be recovered and levied; and that all Money so forfeited, shall, when recovered, be paid and applied for the Use of the Poor of to be recovered by Distress and Sale, the and paid over for the Use of the Poor of the Parish;

but Oath is to be made of Nonpayment of the Penalty, and want of Distress, before Warrant of Commitment be issued.

Justices may back Warrants of Apprehension or Distress, where the Offender or Goods shall be out of the Jurisdiction of the Person first granting the same;

and may hear and determine the Complaint, or remit the Offender to the Justice who granted the original Warrant.

the Parish or Place in which any such Neglect or Refusal shall be made; but that no Warrant shall be signed by a Justice or Justices of the Peace for committing to any House of Correction any Person who shall be convicted of such Neglect or Refusal as aforesaid, until it shall have been proved, by Oath, to the Satisfaction of such Justice or Justices, that the Money forfeited by such Neglect or Refusal hath not been paid; and likewise that no sufficient Distress can be found, within the Jurisdiction of such Justice or Justices, whereon the Money so forfeited may be recovered and levied.

And it is hereby further enacted, That in case any Person against whom a Warrant shall be issued by any Justice or Justices before or after Conviction as aforesaid, for any Offence against this Act, shall escape, go into, reside, or be in any other County, Riding, Division, City, Liberty, Town, or Place, out of the Jurisdiction of such Person granting such Warrant or Warrants as aforesaid; or if the Goods and Chattles of any Offender convicted of any Offence in pursuance of this Act, shall be in a different County, Riding, Division, City, Liberty, Town, or Place, than where the said Party was convicted, or Warrant of Distress granted; it shall and may be lawful for any Justice of the Peace of the County, Riding, Division, City, Liberty, Town, or Place, into which such Person shall escape, either before or after Conviction, or where his Goods and Chattles shall be after such Conviction; and they and every of them are hereby required, upon Proof made upon Oath of the Hand Writing of any Justice or Justices granting such Warrant or Warrants, to indorse his or their Name or Names on such Warrant; and the same, when so indorsed, shall be a sufficient Authority to all Peace Officers to execute such Warrant in such other County, Riding, Division, City, Town, or Place, out of the Jurisdiction of the Person or Persons granting the said Warrant: And any Justice or Justices respectively, on the Offender or Offenders being apprehended and brought before him or them within their respective Jurisdictions, may proceed to hear and determine the Complaint in the same Manner as if it had originally arose within his or their respective Jurisdictions, or may direct the Offender or Offenders to be carried to the Justice or Justices who granted the original Warrant, to be dealt with according to Law.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Justice or Justices before whom any Person shall be convicted in manner prescribed by this Act, shall cause every

every such Conviction to be drawn up in the form or to the Effect following :

To wit, } **B**E it remembered, That on the _____ Day of _____ Form of Con-
in the _____ Year of His _____ viction.
present Majesty's Reign, *A. B.* is convicted before
of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for
the County of _____ or for the City of
(as the Case shall happen to be)
for _____ and _____ do
adjudge him, her; or them (as the Case shall be)
to pay and forfeit for the same the Sum of

Given under _____ the Day
and Year aforesaid.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, No Certiorari
That no Certiorari, or other Writ or Process, for Removal issuable to re-
of any such Conviction, or any Proceedings thereon, into move the Con-
any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, viction or Pro-
shall be allowed or granted ; and that no Person who shall ceedings there-
be prosecuted under this Act for any Offence committed on.
against the same, and who shall be thereupon convicted, None to be
shall be prosecuted or convicted for any such Offence by or prosecuted a
under any other Law whatsoever. Second Time
for the same
Offence.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, Application of
That all pecuniary Penalties and Forfeitures which shall the Penalties,
incur and become payable under or by virtue of this Act (the not otherwise
Application whereof is not herein before directed) shall, directed how
when recovered, go and be applied in manner following ; to be applied.
that is to say, Where any Person or Persons shall be con-
victed under the Authority of this Act, on the View of
any Justice or Justices, then the whole Money forfeited
shall go to the Poor of the Parish or Place where such
Offence shall be committed ; and where any Person or
Persons shall be convicted by the Oath of One or more
credible Witness or Witnesses, or his, her, or their own
Confession, for any Offence against this Act not done on
the River Thames, One Moiety of the Penalty so for-
feited shall go to the Poor of the Parish or Place where
any such Offence shall be committed, and the other Moiety
thereof to or for the Use of the Person or Persons on
whose Information any such Offender or Offenders shall be
convicted ; and where any Party or Parties shall be con-
victed for any Offence committed against this Act on the
said River Thames, then One Moiety of the Penalty for-
feited shall go to, and be applied for, the Benefit of the
Poor of the said Corporation of Trinity House, and the
other

other Moiety thereof to the Person or Persons on whose Information any Person shall be convicted for any Offence committed against this Act on the said River Thames.

Justices may mitigate the Penalties,

so as not to remit above One Moiety thereof.

Persons aggrieved, &c. may appeal to the General or Quarter Sessions;

the Determination there to be final.

Penalties and Costs awarded, to be levied by Distress;

and for want of Distress, Offender to be committed.

Provided nevertheless, and it is hereby also enacted, That it shall be lawful to and for any Justice or Justices of the Peace who shall convict any Offender or Offenders against this Act, from time to time, as he or they shall see Cause, to mitigate or lessen any of the Forfeitures or Penalties incurred by any such Conviction, as any such Justice or Justices in his or their Discretion shall think fit, so as such Mitigation doth not extend to remit above One Moiety of the Penalty forfeited by any such Conviction; and on the Payment by the Person or Persons who shall have been so convicted of the Sum to which any such Penalty or Forfeiture shall be so lessened or mitigated, the Person or Persons who shall have been so convicted, shall be acquitted and discharged of, from, and against, the Penalty or Forfeiture incurred by any such Conviction.

Provided also, and it is hereby further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall find himself or themselves aggrieved, or remain unsatisfied, in the Judgement or Determination of any Justice or Justices as aforesaid, then such Person or Persons shall or may, by virtue of this Act, complain or appeal to the Justices of the Peace at the next General or General Quarter Sessions of the Peace which shall be held for the County, City, or Place, wherein such Offence shall be committed, who are hereby empowered to summon and examine Witnesses upon Oath, and to hear and determine the Matter of every such Appeal; and which Determination shall be final, and shall not be removeable by Certiorari, or otherwise, into any other Court; and in case of Conviction, to issue a Warrant for levying or compelling, by the Means by this Act prescribed, the Payment of the Penalties and Forfeitures hereby incurred, and the reasonable Charges on any such Appeal, if such Charges at any such Sessions shall be awarded; and in case of Nonpayment, to commit the Offender or Offenders, on whose Goods no sufficient Distress can be made, to the House of Correction of the County, City, or Place, where any such Offender shall be apprehended, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize, and be kept to hard Labour, for any Time not exceeding One Month, or until Payment shall, before that Time, be made, of the pecuniary Penalty or Forfeiture incurred, and the reasonable Charges of every such Appeal, if the same at any such General or General Quarter Session of the Peace, shall be ordered to be paid, or Composition

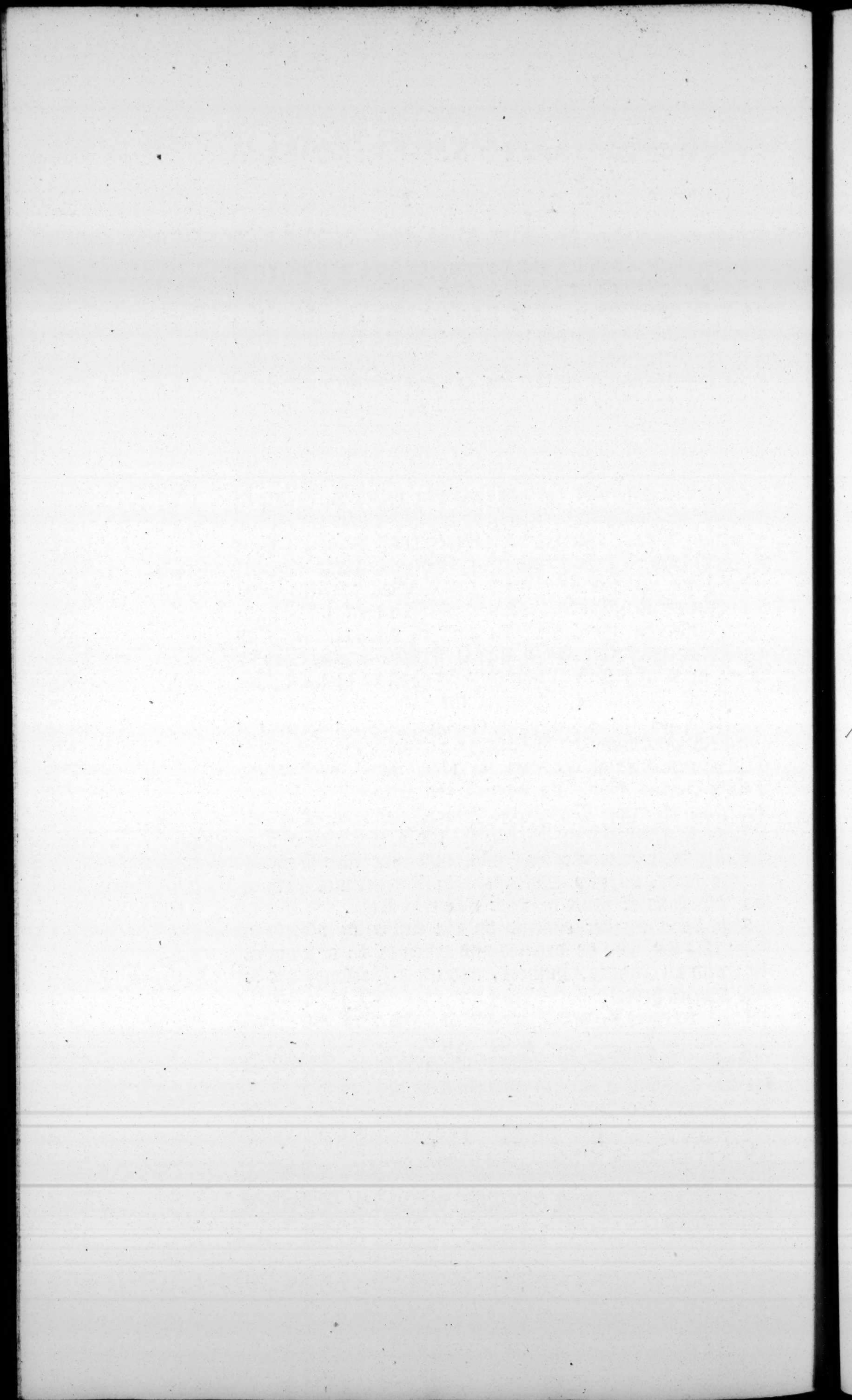
Composition shall be made and accepted for such Penalty or Forfeiture and Charges.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, Commence-
ment and Con-
tinuance of
this Act, That the several Clauses, Powers, Penalties, Forfeitures, Provisions, and Matters, herein before contained, shall continue in Force and be executed from and after the respective Commencements thereof, until the Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and seventy, and from thence to the End of the then next Session of Parliament.

And it is hereby further enacted and declared, Limitation of
Actions. That if any Suit or Action shall be brought or prosecuted against any Person or Persons for any Thing done or to be done in pursuance of this Act; in every such Case, the Action or Suit shall be commenced within Six Months after the Fact committed, and not afterwards; and shall be laid or brought in the County, City, or Place, where the Cause of Action arises, and not elsewhere; and the Defendant or Defendants in such Action or Suit may plead the General Issue. General Issue, Not Guilty, and give this Act and the Special Matter in Evidence at any Trial to be had thereupon, and that the same was done in pursuance and by the Authority of this Act; and if it shall appear so to be done, or if any such Action or Suit shall be brought after the Time limited for bringing the same, then the Jury shall find for the Defendant or Defendants; or if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall become Non-suited, or suffer a Discontinuance of his, her, or their Action or Actions, or if a Verdict shall pass against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs; or if, upon Demurrer, Judgement shall be given against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, the Defendant or Defendants shall have Treble Costs. Treble Costs, and have such Remedy for the same, as any Defendant or Defendants hath or have for Costs of Suit in other Cases by Law.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, Publick Act. That this Act shall be deemed and taken to be a Publick Act; and all Judges, Justices, and other Persons, are to take Notice hereof.

F I N I S.



Anno Regni GEORGI II. R E G I S

Magnæ Britanniae, Franciæ, & Hiberniæ,
TRICESIMO SECUNDO.

At the Parliament begun and holden at *Westminster*, the Thirty first Day of *May*, *Anno Dom.* 1754. in the Twenty seventh Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord *GEORGE* the Second, by the Grace of God, of *Great Britain, France, and Ireland*, King, Defender of the Faith, &c.

And from thence continued by several Prorogations to the Twenty third Day of *November*, 1758, being the Sixth Session of this present Parliament.



L O N D O N :

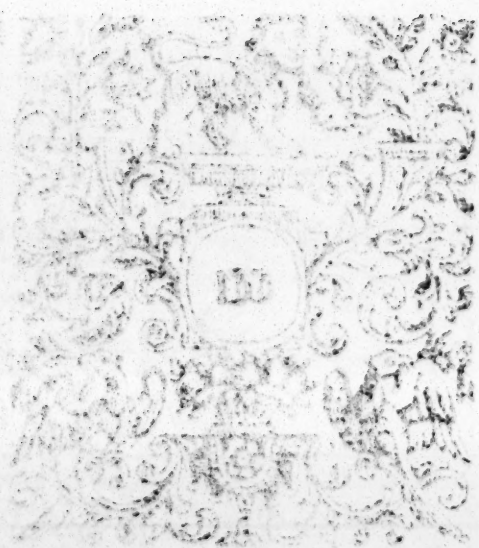
Printed by *Thomas Baskett*, Printer to the King's most Excellent Majesty; and by the Assigns of *Robert Baskett*. 1759.

Amo in anno 1770

George II. Regis

An Act for obtaining a better supply of
the Government of the Colonies
in the year 1770

Whereas it is the duty of the
Government to provide for the
supply of the Colonies with
the necessary provisions and
other things which may be
required for the service of
the Government and the
well-being of the Colonies
and whereas it is the duty
of the Government to provide
for the supply of the Colonies
with the necessary provisions
and other things which may
be required for the service
of the Government and the
well-being of the Colonies



Enacted by His Majesty's
most Excellent Majesty George
the Second, by His Majesty's
Privy Council, that the
Governor and Council of the
Province of New York be and
they are hereby authorized
to do all such things and
things as may be necessary
for the better supply of the
Colonies with the necessary
provisions and other things
which may be required for
the service of the Government
and the well-being of the
Colonies

Anno tricesimo secundo

Georgii II. Regis.

An Act for obviating a Doubt with respect to the summoning of Persons for Offences committed against, or Forfeitures incurred by, the Laws of Excise.



W H E R E A S it has been doubt: Preamble.
ed, where the Commissioners of
Excise and Justices of the Peace
have respectively issued out any
Summons for the Appearance of
Persons offending against, or for
Forfeitures incurred by, the Laws
of Excise, or other Laws made
for collecting and securing the se-
veral other Duties under the
Management of the Commis-
sioners of Excise, which hath
been left at the House or usual Place of Residence, or with
the Wife, Child, or menial Servant of such Persons, whe-
ther the same should be deemed and adjudged a good and
sufficient Summons, and as legal and effectual a Notice, as
if the same had been actually delivered to the proper Hands
of such Person or Persons, to whom the same was or were
directed:

Summons left
at the House,
or usual Place
of Residence
of the Party,
deemed legal
Notice.

In all Cases re-
lating to the
Excise, Sum-
mons directed
to the Party by
his right or as-
sumed Name,
or left at his
usual Place of
Residence,
deemed legal
Notice.

Exception.

directed: Now, in order to put an End to such Doubt; be it hereby enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That every such Summons, so left as aforesaid, shall be deemed to be a good and sufficient Summons, and as legal and effectual a Notice, as if the same had been actually delivered to the proper Hands of such Persons to whom the same was by Name directed.

And for the future, it is hereby enacted, That in all Cases relating to the Excise, or to any of the other Duties, which now or hereafter may be under the Management of the Commissioners of Excise (except where particular Provisions and Directions are or shall be enacted for summoning Offenders, or for condemning of Seizures made from Persons unknown) the leaving such Summons at the House, Workhouse, Warehouse, Shop, Cellar, Vault, or usual Place of Residence of such Person or Persons, directed to such Person or Persons, by his, her, or their right or assumed Name or Names, shall be deemed to be, and is hereby declared to be, as legal and effectual a Notice and Summons, to all Intents and Purposes, as if the same was personally given or delivered to or into the Hands of the Party or Parties for whom the same shall be designed, and as if the same was directed to the Party or Parties to and for whom the same shall be designed, by his, her, or their, proper Name or Names.

F I N I S.

Anno Regni GEORGE II.

R E G I S

Magnæ Britannia, Francia, & Hibernia,

TRICESIMO SECUNDO.

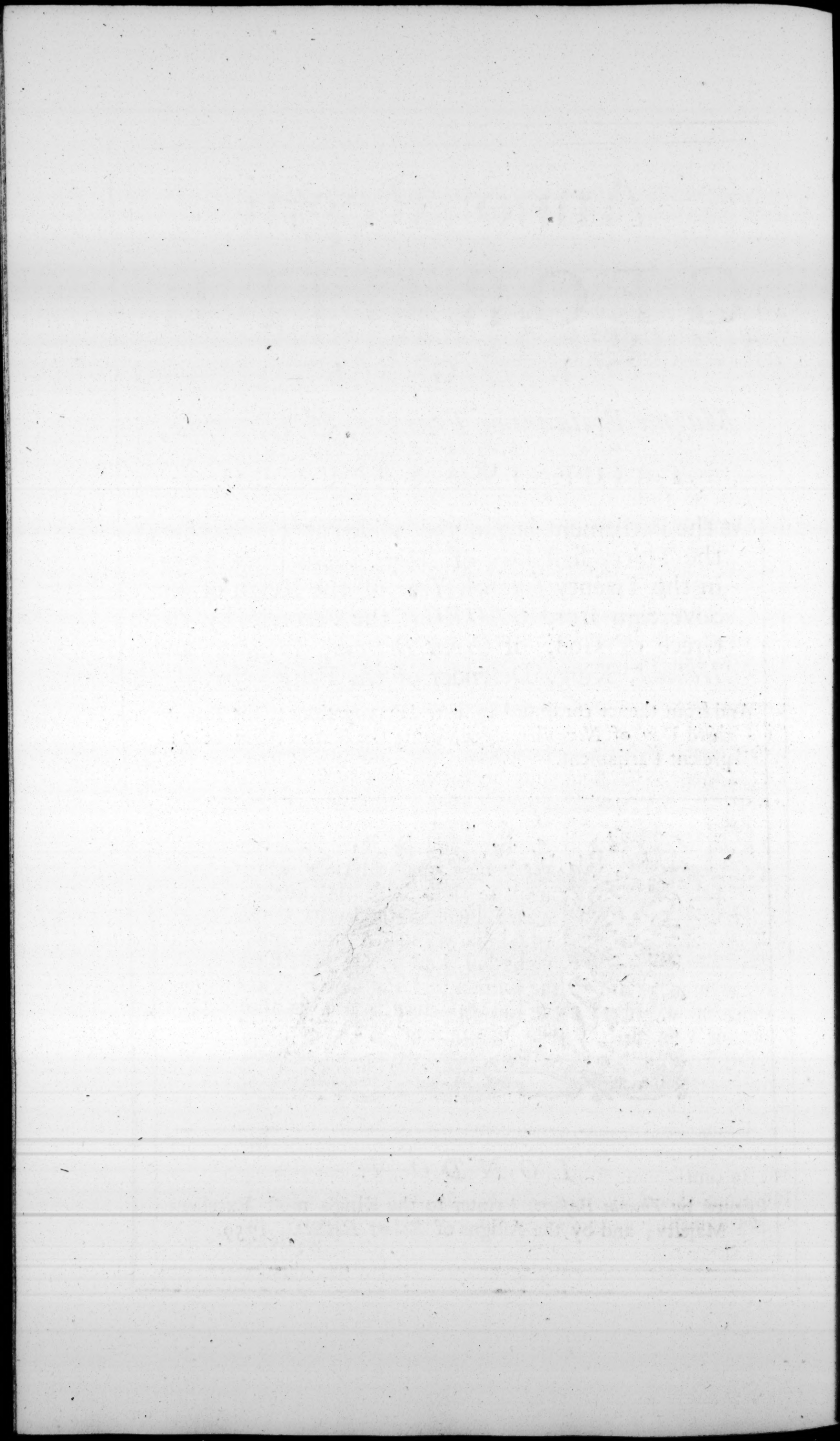
At the Parliament begun and holden at *Westminster*,
the Thirty first Day of *May*, *Anno Dom.* 1754.
in the Twenty seventh Year of the Reign of our
Sovereign Lord *GEORGE* the Second, by the
Grace of God, of *Great Britain, France*, and
Ireland, King, Defender of the Faith, &c.

And from thence continued by several Prorogations to the Twenty
third Day of *November*, 1758, being the Sixth Session of this
present Parliament.



L O N D O N:

Printed by *Thomas Baskett*, Printer to the King's most Excellent
Majesty; and by the Assigns of *Robert Baskett*. 1759.



Anno tricesimo secundo

Georgii II. Regis.

An Act to continue so much of an Act made in the Nineteenth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, as relates to the further Punishment of Persons going armed or disguised, in Defiance of the Laws of Customs or Excise; and to the Relief of the Officers of the Customs in Informations upon Seizures; and to appropriate certain Penalties mentioned in an Act made in the last Session of Parliament, for the due Making of Bread; and to regulate the Price and Assize thereof; and to punish Persons who shall adulterate Meal, Flour, or Bread.



H E R E A S the Law here- Preamble.
after mentioned, hath, by Ex-
perience, been found useful,
and beneficial, and is near ex-
piring: May it therefore please
Your Majesty, that it may be
enacted; and be it enacted by
the King's most Excellent Ma-
jesty, by and with the Advice
and Consent of the Lords Spi-
ritual and Temporal, and Com-
mons, in this present Parlia-

ment assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That
so much of an Act made in the Nineteenth Year of the Act 19 Geo. II,
Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, An Act for
the further Punishment of Persons going armed or dis-
guised, in Defiance of the Laws of Customs or Excise;
and for indemnifying Offenders against those Laws, upon
the Terms therein mentioned; and for Relief of Officers
of the Customs in Informations upon Seizures; which Act
was to continue in Force for the Space of Seven Years,
and from thence to the End of the then next Session
of Parliament; as relates to the further Punishment of
Persons

further con-
tinued to 29
Sept. 1764.

Persons going armed or disguised, in Defiance of the Laws of Customs or Excise, and to the Relief of Officers of the Customs in Informations upon Seizures; which, by an Act made in the Twenty sixth Year of the Reign of His said Majesty, was further continued from the Expiration thereof until the Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and fifty eight, and from thence to the End of the then next Session of Parliament, shall be further continued from the Expiration thereof, until the Twenty ninth Day of September, One thousand seven hundred and sixty four, and from thence to the End of the then next Session of Parliament.

Act 31 Geo. II.

Distribution
of the unap-
propriated Pe-
nalties and
Forfeitures
under the said
Act;

viz. One
Moiety to the
Prosecutor,
where the Of-
fender shall be
convicted by
Oath, or Self-
confession;

and the other
Moiety, with
the Penalties
on Weighing,
Trying, or
Seizure of
Bread, by a
Magistrate, to
such Purposes
as the Magi-
strate shall
think fit.

And whereas several of the Penalties or Forfeitures made payable by an Act passed in the Thirty first Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act for the due Making of Bread; and to regulate the Price and Assize thereof; and to punish Persons who shall adulterate Meal, Flour or Bread; were not by such said last-mentioned Act appropriated how or to whom the same should, when paid or recovered, go or be distributed; be it therefore further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That such of the Penalties or Forfeitures which, from and after the Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, shall incur or become payable by or under the said last-mentioned Act, or by reason of any thing therein contained (as by the said Act are not particularly disposed of, or appropriated, how or to whom the same should go or be applied) shall, when the same shall be recovered or paid, go, and be distributed, in Manner following; that is to say, One Moiety thereof, where any Offender or Offenders shall be convicted, either by his, her, or their own Confession, or by the Oath of One or more credible Witnesses or Witnessess, shall go and be paid to the Person or Persons who shall inform against, and prosecute to Conviction, any such Offender or Offenders; and the other Moiety thereof, and also all Penalties and Forfeitures, which, from the said Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, shall incur, be due, or payable, under the said last-mentioned Act, on the Weighing, Trying, or Seizure of any Bread, by any Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justices, shall go and be applied for the better carrying into Execution the Purposes of the said last-mentioned Act, as any such Magistrate or Magistrates, Justice or Justices, within his or their respective Jurisdiction, shall, from time to time, think fit, and order.

Anno Regni GEORGGII II.

R E G I S

Magnæ Britannia, Francia, & Hibernia,

TRICESIMO SECUNDO.

At the Parliament begun and holden at *Westminster*,
the Thirty first Day of *May*, *Anno Dom.* 1754.
in the Twenty seventh Year of the Reign of our
Sovereign Lord *GEORGE* the Second, by the
Grace of God, of *Great Britain, France, and*
Ireland, King, Defender of the Faith, &c.

And from thence continued by several Prorogations to the Twenty
third Day of *November*, 1758, being the Sixth Session of this
present Parliament.



L O N D O N:

Printed by *Thomas Baskett*, Printer to the King's most Excellent
Majesty; and by the Assigns of *Robert Baskett*. 1759.

Anno tricesimo secundo

Georgii II. Regis.

An Act to explain and amend an Act passed in the Thirtieth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, for granting to His Majesty several Rates and Duties upon Indentures, Leases, Bonds, and other Deeds; and upon News Papers, Advertisements, and Almanacks; and upon Licences for retailing Wine; and other Purposes in the said Act mentioned; so far as the same relates to some Provisions with regard to Licences for retailing Wine; and to preserve the Privileges of the Two Universities in that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, with respect to Licences for retailing Wine.

Preamble.

Act 30 Geo. II.

Recital of a
Clause in the
said Act.

H E R E A S by an Act passed in the Thirtieth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act for granting to His Majesty several Rates and Duties upon Indentures, Leases, Bonds, and other Deeds; and upon News Papers, Advertisements, and Almanacks; and upon Licences for retailing Wine; and upon Coals exported to Foreign Parts; and for applying from a certain Time the Sums of Money arising from the Surplus of the Duties on Licences for retailing Spirituous Liquors; and for raising the Sum of Three Millions by Annuities, to be charged on the said Rates, Duties, and Sums of Money; and for making perpetual an Act made in the Second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for the better Regulation of Attornies and Solicitors*; and for enlarging the Time for filing Affidavits of the Execution of Contracts of Clerks to Attornies and Solicitors; and also the Time for Payment of the Duties omitted to be paid for the Indentures and Contracts of Clerks and Apprentices; it was amongst other Things enacted, That from and after the Fifth Day of July, One thousand seven hundred and fifty seven, no Person whatsoever, unless authorized and enabled, by taking out such Licence as is therein prescribed, subject to the Payment of such Duties as are therein respectively charged thereupon, should sell or utter by Retail (that is) by the Pint, Quart, Pottle, or Gallon, or by any other greater or lesser retail Measure, or in Bottles, in any less Quantity than should be equal to the Measure of the Cask or Vessel in which the same should have been or might lawfully be imported, any Kind of Wine or Wines, or any Liquor called or reputed Wine, upon Pain to forfeit for every such Offence, the Sum of One hundred Pounds: And whereas the said Penalty of One hundred Pounds inflicted by the said recited Act of the Thirtieth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, on all Persons selling Wine, or other Liquor called or reputed Wine, by Retail, without a Licence, in many Instances is found to be attended with great Inconvenience, and the greatest Circumstances of Hardship, and scarce ever to be recovered, on account of the Largeness thereof; and which said Penalty the Commissioners for

Manage

Management of the said Duties are not invested with any Power to mitigate: Now therefore, be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Commissioners for Management of the said Duties, or any Two of them, where they shall see Cause, to mitigate or lessen the said Penalty of One hundred Pounds already incurred, or hereafter to be incurred, by all or any Person or Persons whatsoever, by virtue or in Consequence of the said recited Act of the Thirtieth Year of his present Majesty's Reign, as they in their Discretion, shall think fit; the reasonable Costs and Charges of the Officers and Informers, as well in making the Discovery, as in the Prosecution of the same, being always allowed over and above such Mitigation; any thing contained in any former Act of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

The Commissioners are empowered to mitigate, at their Discretion, the 100^l. Penalty in the recited Clause;

but the Costs and Charges of the Information and Prosecution, &c. are to be allowed over and above such Mitigation,

And whereas Doubts and Difficulties have arisen on the said recited Act of the Thirtieth Year of his present Majesty's Reign, whether Wine Merchants and other Persons applying for a Number of Wine Licences at One Time, for enabling divers Persons to sell Wine by Retail, were or are intitled to the Benefit of the several Discounts, Drawbacks, and Allowances, usually made and allowed to Persons paying for a Number of Stamps at the same Time, amounting to Ten Pounds, and upwards: Now therefore, obviating such Doubts and Difficulties for the future, be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Person or Persons whatsoever paying for any Number of Wine Licences at one and the same Time, or at different Times, shall be intitled to any Discount, Drawback, or Allowance whatsoever, for or on account of such Payment for any Number of Wine Licences whatsoever; but that the said Duty imposed by the said in Part recited Act of the Thirtieth Year of his present Majesty's Reign on Wine Licences, shall be paid by all Persons applying for the same, clear of all Discounts, Drawbacks, and Allowances whatsoever; any thing contained in any former Act of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

No Discount or Drawback of the Duty on Wine Licences, to be allowed on taking out any Number thereof.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Person or Persons whatsoever licensed, or to be licensed, by virtue of the said in Part recited Act of the Thirtieth Year of his present Majesty's Reign, to retail

One Licence
to serve but
One House or
Place.

Retailers to
have the Word
WINE, ex-
pressed on
their Signs or
Houses, &c.

on Penalty of
10*l*.

subject how-
ever to Miti-
gation by the
Commission-
ers.

Privileges of
the Two Uni-
versities re-
served to them.

Wine, shall, by virtue of One Licence, keep more than One Place, House, Shop, Vault, Cellar, Warehouse, or other Place, for selling or uttering Wine by Retail; and that every Retailer of Wine shall cause the Word WINE to be written or expressed in legible Characters, either on a Sign hung out, or in some visible Place in or near the Door in the front of his or her House, Shop, Vault, Cellar, Warehouse, or other Place, made use of for the retailing of Wine, to denote that such Retailer is a Dealer in Wine, and subject and liable to take out a Licence for the Retailing thereof; and if any Person or Persons shall presume to sell or utter Wine by Retail, without fixing or hanging out such Token as aforesaid, every Person so offending shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds, to be recovered in the same Manner as the Penalty inflicted on Persons for selling Wine by Retail without Licence is directed to be recovered; subject nevertheless to the like Power of Mitigation to be exercised by the Commissioners of Stamp Duties, as in this Act is before reserved and prescribed with regard to the Penalty for selling Wine by Retail without Licence.

Provided always, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That nothing in this or any former Act of Parliament, relating to Wine Licences, shall in any wise be prejudicial to the Privileges of the Two Universities in that Part of Great Britain called England, or either of them, or to the Chancellors or Scholars of the same, or their Successors, but that they may use and enjoy such Privileges as they have heretofore lawfully used and enjoyed; any thing to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

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Anno Regni GEORGGII II.

R E G I S

Magnæ Britannia, Franciæ, & Hiberniæ,

TRICESIMO SECUNDO.

At the Parliament begun and holden at *Westminster*,
the Thirty first Day of *May*, *Anno Dom.* 1754.
in the Twenty seventh Year of the Reign of our
Sovereign Lord *GEORGE* the Second, by the
Grace of God, of *Great Britain, France, and*
Ireland, King, Defender of the Faith, &c.

And from thence continued by several Prorogations to the Twenty
third Day of *November*, 1758, being the Sixth Session of this
present Parliament.



L O N D O N:

Printed by *Thomas Baskett*, Printer to the King's most Excellent
Majesty; and by the Assigns of *Robert Baskett*. 1759.

Anno Regni

FOR GILL

1782

General Thomas of the

The first of the month of January 1782, the said General Thomas of the

the said General Thomas of the



and by the arms of the said General Thomas of the

Anno tricesimo secundo

Georgii II. Regis.

An Act for enforcing the Execution of the Laws relating to the Militia; and for removing certain Difficulties, and preventing Inconveniencies, attending, or which may attend, the same.



H E R E A S certain Counties, Preamble.
Ridings, and Places, within
that Part of Great Britain call-
ed England, have made some
Progress in establishing the Mi-
litia, according to the Regula-
tions and Directions of an Act
passed in the Thirtieth Year of Act 30 Geo. II,
His Majesty's Reign, intituled,
An Act for the better Ordering
of the Militia Forces in the sever-
al Counties of that Part of *Great*
Britain called *England*, and of an Act passed in the Thirtieth and 31 Geo. II.
first Year of His Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act to
explain, amend, and enforce the said Act; but have not
yet completed the same: And whereas, in certain other
Counties, Ridings, and Places, little Progress has been
made therein; His Majesty's Lieutenants, and the Deputy
Lieutenants, and all others within such Counties, Rid-
ings, and Places, are hereby strictly required speedily and
diligently to put the said Acts, and this Act, in Execution.

The recited
Acts, and this
Act, required
to be put into
speedy Execu-
tion in such
Counties, &c.
where little
Progress has
been made
therein.

And

A General Meeting to be held for appointing and regulating the Subdivision Meetings of the Deputy Lieutenants.

Subdivision Meetings may be changed, as shall be found convenient.

When a sufficient Number to act shall not appear at any Subdivision Meeting, the Clerk is to give Notice of another Meeting to be held within 14 Days after.

Deputy Lieutenants and Justices are annually to cause the Lists described by Act 31 Geo. II. to be returned to them in their Subdivision Meetings, at the Times and Places appointed at the General Meeting;

And, for removing certain Difficulties, and preventing Inconveniencies, attending, or which may attend, the Execution of the said Acts; be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That in every County, Riding, and Place, within the Part of Great Britain aforesaid, it shall be lawful for His Majesty's Lieutenant together with any Two or more Deputy Lieutenants, and on the Death or Removal, or in the Absence, of His Majesty's Lieutenant, for the Deputy Lieutenants, or any Three or more of them, at a General Meeting to be held after reasonable Notice thereof given by His Majesty's Lieutenant, or by any Two Deputy Lieutenants, to appoint Subdivisions of the Deputy Lieutenants within their respective Counties, Ridings, and Places, and the Times and Places for their first Meetings within the said Subdivisions; and also to change or alter such Subdivisions, or any Subdivision or Subdivisions now appointed therein, whenever they shall find it convenient so to do; any thing in the said Acts, or either of them, contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

And be it enacted, That if it shall happen that there shall not appear at any Subdivision Meeting, a sufficient Number of Deputy Lieutenants, and Justices of the Peace, to act, the Clerk of such Meeting shall, by Notice given in Writing to all the Deputy Lieutenants within such Subdivision, appoint another Meeting to be held within fourteen Days, at the same Place where such Meeting had been before appointed to be held, giving at least five Days Notice thereof.

And be it enacted, That the Deputy Lieutenants, or any Three or more of them, or any Two Deputy Lieutenants together with any One Justice of the Peace, or any One Deputy Lieutenant together with any Two Justices of the Peace, in their several Subdivisions, shall annually cause the Lists of such Persons in the several Parishes, Tythings, and Places, within the same, as are in the said Act passed in the Thirty first Year of His Majesty's Reign described, to be made, and to be returned to them at their Meetings within the respective Subdivisions, on such Days, and at such Places, respectively, as His Majesty's Lieutenant together with any Two or more Deputy Lieutenants, or on the Death or Removal, or in the Absence, of His Majesty's Lieutenant, any Three or more Deputy Lieutenants, shall, at a General Meeting, appoint; and that in the ordering, making out, and disposing

disposing of, such Lists, and Copies thereof, and also in all Particulars subsequent to such First Return so made, so much of the said last-mentioned Act as relates to the Method to be observed in returning, amending, and disposing of, the said Lists, and Copies thereof, and to the appointing, choosing, summoning, and intolling, the Militia Men, and their Substitutes, and administering the Oath therein directed to be taken, and to the punishing Persons refusing or neglecting to take the said Oath, or to provide Substitutes, and to the Exemption of certain Persons from serving in the Militia, and to the appointing General Meetings, and all Subdivision Meetings after the said First Subdivision Meetings, and is by the said Act required to be observed in the Year One thousand seven hundred and fifty eight; shall be observed and executed, either in the Whole, or in Part, as the Case shall require, until all the Regulations, Provisions, and Directions, therein and herein contained, and which relate to the Purposes aforesaid, be fully completed and performed: And that thereafter the Method in the said Act, and this Act, prescribed for the Performance of all the Particulars here mentioned, shall be annually observed for and during the Continuance thereof.

And be it enacted, That each Person liable to serve in the Militia having more than One Place of Residence, shall be deemed to be, and shall serve as, a Militia Man within the County, Riding, or Place, where he shall have been first chosen by Lot.

And be it enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Mayors, Bailiffs, Constables, Tythingmen, Headboroughs, and other Chief Magistrates and Officers, of Cities, Towns, Parishes, Tythings, Villages, and other Places, within the Part of Great Britain aforesaid, and, in their Default or Absence, for any One Justice of the Peace inhabiting in or near to any such City, Town, Parish, Tything, Village, or Place, and for no others, and they are hereby required to quarter and billet the Serjeants and Drummers serving in the Militia, in Inns, Livery Stables, Ale-houses, Victualling-houses, and all Houses of Persons selling Brandy, Strong Waters, Cyder, or Metheglin, by Retail; the Occupiers whereof are hereby required to provide for such Serjeants and Drummers, at such Times for which no Provision has by Law been made for that Purpose, convenient Lodgings only.

Provided always, and be it enacted, That the Estates requisite for the Qualification of the Deputy Lieutenants, and Officers of the Militia, in the Isle of Ely in the County of Cambridge, shall be as follows; A Deputy Lieutenant

and all other the Regulations, Provisions, and Directions of the said Act, subsequent thereto, and required to be observed in the Year 1758, are to be duly complied with, and executed, as the Case shall require;

and thereafter, the Method in this Act prescribed, is to be annually observed.

Militia Man having more than One Place of Residence, to serve where he was first chosen.

Magistrates to quarter and billet Serjeants and Drummers in Inns, Livery Stables, and Ale-houses, &c.

Convenient Lodgings to be found them.

Qualifications of Officers in the Isle of Ely:

for a Deputy
Lieutenant
200 l. per Ann.

for a Captain
100 l. per Ann.

for a Lieute-
nant or En-
sign 50 l. per
Ann.

A Moiety of
all Estates to
be situate or
arising within
the said Isle.

Penalty of
acting where
not qualified.

Continuance
of the Act.

tenant shall be seised or possessed, either in Law or Equity, for his own Use and Benefit, in Possession of a Freehold, Copyhold, or Customary Estate for Life, or for some greater Estate, or of an Estate for some long Term of Years, determinable on One or more Life or Lives, or of an Estate for a certain Term, originally granted for Twenty Years, or more, and renewable, over and above all Rents and Charges payable out of, or in respect of, the same, in Manors, Messuages, Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, in England, Wales, or the Town of Berwick upon Tweed, of the yearly Value of Two hundred Pounds; a Captain shall be, in like Manner, seised or possessed of a like Estate as aforesaid, of the yearly Value of One hundred Pounds; or be Heir Apparent of a Person who shall be, in like Manner, seised or possessed of a like Estate as aforesaid, of the yearly Value of Two hundred Pounds; a Lieutenant or Ensign shall be, in like Manner, seised or possessed of a like Estate as aforesaid, of the yearly Value of Fifty Pounds; or be Heir Apparent of a Person who shall be, in like Manner, seised or possessed of a like Estate as aforesaid, of the yearly Value of One hundred Pounds: One Half of all which Estates respectively shall be situate or arising within the said Isle: And in case any Person shall act as a Deputy Lieutenant, or Officer of the Militia, in the said Isle, who shall not be respectively qualified as aforesaid, every such Person shall be subject and liable to the same Penalties and Forfeitures as any Person is subject and liable to for acting as a Deputy Lieutenant or Officer of the Militia, within any other Part of the said County of Cambridge, not being qualified according to the Directions of the said recited Acts; any thing therein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Provided always, and be it enacted, That this Act shall be and remain in Force, for and during the Continuance of the said recited Acts, and no longer.

F I N I S.

And now

TO THE

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Anno Regni GEORGI II. REGIS

Magnæ Britanniae, Franciæ, & Hiberniæ,
TRICESIMO SECUNDO.

At the Parliament begun and holden at *Westminster*, the Thirty first Day of *May*, Anno Dom. 1754. in the Twenty seventh Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord *GEORGE* the Second, by the Grace of God, of *Great Britain, France, and Ireland*, King, Defender of the Faith, &c.

And from thence continued by several Prorogations to the Twenty third Day of *November*, 1758, being the Sixth Session of this present Parliament.



L O N D O N :

Printed by *Thomas Baskett*, Printer to the King's most Excellent Majesty; and by the Assigns of *Robert Baskett*. 1759.

Anno tricesimo secundo

Georgii II. Regis.

An Act for applying the Money granted in this Session of Parliament, towards defraying the Charge of Pay and Cloathing for the Militia, from the Thirty first Day of *December*, One thousand seven hundred and fifty eight, to the Twenty fifth Day of *March*, One thousand seven hundred and sixty.



WHEREAS the Sum of Nine-ty thousand Pounds has been granted to His Majesty, upon Account, towards defraying the Charge of Pay and Cloathing for the Militia, from the Thirty first Day of *December*, One thousand seven hundred and fifty eight, to the Twenty fifth Day of *March*, One thousand seven hundred and sixty: And where- as in pursuance of an Address of the House of Commons, His

Preamble.

Majesty has advanced, for the Purposes aforesaid, the Sum of One thousand three hundred and thirty two Pounds, Ten Shillings: In order therefore that the said advanced Sum of One thousand three hundred and thirty two Pounds, Ten Shillings, may be made good and repaid to His Majesty, and that the Charge of Pay and Cloathing for the Militia, may be duly and properly defrayed and satisfied; be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same; That the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them, or the High Treasurer for the time being, shall, out of the said Sum of Ninety thousand Pounds, repay, or cause to be repaid, to His Majesty, the said Sum of One thousand three hundred and thirty two Pounds, Ten Shillings; for which said Sum of One thousand three hundred and thirty two Pounds, Ten Shillings, such Person or Persons respectively as shall

Treasury to
repay the
1,332*l.* 10*s.*
advanced by
His Majesty,
in pursuance
of the Address
from the Com-
mons.

The Money
received to be
accounted for
to the Receiv-
ers General of
the Land Tax.

Treasury, up-
on Certificate
that the Num-
ber of Officers
and Private
Men required
in a Regiment
or Battalion,
are inrolled,
&c. are to
issue Warrants
to the Receiv-
ers General
for Pay of the
Militia, 4
Months in
Advance.

The Rates of
Pay to the Ad-
jutant ;

to Non-
commission
Officers, and
Private Men ;

to the Clerk of
the Battalion
or Regiment ;
and to the
Clerks of the
General or
Subdivision
Meetings :

have received the same, or any Part thereof, for the Service of the Militia; shall account with the Receiver or Receivers General of the Land Tax for such County, Riding, or Place, for the Service of the Militia whereof the said Sum, or any Part thereof, shall have been so advanced by His Majesty; and that within Fourteen Days after that His Majesty's Lieutenant of any County, Riding, or Place, within that Part of Great Britain called England, or, in his Absence, Three Deputy Lieutenants, shall have certified to the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or High Treasurer for the time being, that such Proportion of the Number of Private Militia Men of any Regiment or Battalion of such County, Riding, or Place, has been chosen and inrolled; and that the like Proportion of the Number of the Commission Officers of such Regiment or Battalion have been appointed, and have taken out their Commissions, and entered their Qualifications, as is by Law required, before any Pay, Arms, Accoutrements, or Cloathing, for the Militia, is allowed to be issued, the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them, or the said High Treasurer for the time being, shall issue a Warrant or Order, directed to the Receiver or Receivers General of the Land Tax for such County, Riding, or Place, to make the Issues or Payments following (that is to say) The Whole, or, where His Majesty has advanced any Part thereof, the remaining Sums required for the several Uses herein after mentioned (that is to say) For the Pay of the said Militia for four Calendar Months in Advance, at the Rate of Six Shillings a Day for each Adjutant; and at the Rate of One Shilling a Day for each Serjeant, with the Addition of Two Shillings and Six Pence a Week for each Serjeant Major; and at the Rate of Six Pence a Day for each Drummer, with the Addition of Six Pence a Day for each Drum Major; and also at the Rate of One Shilling for each Private Man, with the Addition of Six Pence to each Corporal, for every Day in which such Private Man or Corporal shall be respectively employed in the Militia; and also at the Rate of Two Shillings for each Militia Man, for his March on the Monday and Saturday in Whitsun Week, to and from the Place of General Exercise; and also at the Rate of Five Pence a Month for each Private Man and Drummer, for defraying the contingent Expences of each Battalion of Militia; and also for half a Year's Salary for the Clerk of each Battalion of Militia, belonging to such County, Riding, or Place, at the Rate of Fifty Pounds a Year; and also for the respective Allowances to the Clerk of the General Meetings, and Clerks of the several Subdivision Meetings, at the Rates following, (that is to say) To the Clerk of the General Meetings, at the Rate of Five Pounds five Shillings for each Meeting; and to the several Clerks of the Subdivision Meetings, at the Rate of One Pound One Shilling for each Meeting :

Meeting: And also for the Cloathing of the Militia for such County, Riding, or Place, where the Militia hath not already been cloathed, at the Rate of One Pound Six Shillings for each Private Man and Drummer, and at the Rate of Two Pounds Ten Shillings for each Serjeant, with the Addition of One Pound One Shilling, for a Second Coat and Hat for each Serjeant.

Rates for
Cloathing.

And, for the more compleat Cloathing of the Militia of such Counties, Ridings, and Places, where the Militia has already been cloathed; be it enacted, That the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them, or the said High Treasurer for the time being, shall issue, and cause to be delivered to His Majesty's Lieutenant of any County, Riding, or Place, or to such Person or Persons as shall by such His Majesty's Lieutenant be authorized to receive the same, a Warrant or Order directed to the Receiver or Receivers General of the Land Tax for such County, Riding, or Place respectively, to pay to the Clerk of every Battalion of Militia already cloathed, for the additional Cloathing of the Militia for such County, Riding, or Place, at the Rate of Five Shillings for each Private Man and Drummer, and at the Rate of One Pound One Shilling for a Second Coat and Hat for each Serjeant.

Warrant to be delivered to the Lieutenant of every County, &c. where the Militia has been already cloathed, for Payment of the Rates for the additional Cloathing.

Provided always, and be it enacted, That the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them, or the said High Treasurer for the time being, shall issue a Warrant or Order, directed to the Receiver or Receivers General of the Land Tax for such County, Riding, or Place, within the Part of Great Britain aforesaid, for which His Majesty's Lieutenant, or, in his Absence, any Three Deputy Lieutenants, shall have certified to the Purpose aforesaid, and received the Cloathing for the Militia of their respective Counties, Ridings, or Places, to make the Issues or Payments aforesaid, without any new Certificate made for that Purpose: All which said Sums of Money, or so much thereof as hath not been advanced by His Majesty as aforesaid, except such as shall be due to the several Clerks of the Meetings aforesaid, shall be paid by the said Receiver or Receivers General of the Land Tax, into the Hands of the Clerk or Clerks of the Battalion or Battalions of Militia belonging to such County, Riding, or Place, upon his or their producing his or their Warrant of Appointment to such Office, under the Hand and Seal of His Majesty's Lieutenant for such County, Riding, or Place, according to the Number of Persons hereby intituled to receive Pay, of which such Battalion or Battalions shall have been appointed to consist; and also within Fourteen Days after the Expiration of the Third Calendar Month from the Time of the said First Payment, to make a Second Payment for Four Calendar Months in Advance; and also within Fourteen Days after

Warrants also to be issued for making the regular Payments and Issues, without new Certificates from the Lieutenants or Deputy Lieutenants for that Purpose.

The Money to be paid to the Clerks of the Battalions,

and 4 Months Pay in Advance, to be paid within 14 Days after the Expiration of every 3 Months.

Clerks Receipts to be a Discharge to the Receivers General.

Clerk to pay 1 Month's Pay in Advance to the Adjutant, 14 Days to the Serjeant Major and Drum Major, and 2 Months in Advance to each Captain for his Company.

Captain to account yearly to the Clerk for the Pay of his Company, and pay over the Balance;

Money allowed for contingent Expenses, excepted; which is also to be accounted for annually, but the Balance to be applied to the general Use of the Battalion.

Clerk to retain Money to make good his own Salary; and discharge the Cloathing Account.

the Expiration of the Third Calendar Month from the Time of the said Second Payment, to make a Third Payment for Four Calendar Months in Advance; and also within Fourteen Days after the Expiration of the Third Calendar Month from the Time of the said Third Payment, to make a Fourth Payment for Four Calendar Months in Advance; for the Pay and contingent Expenses of the Militia, and for the Allowances to the Battalion Clerk or Clerks aforesaid, in the Proportions herein before mentioned: And the Receipts of such Clerk or Clerks shall be a sufficient Discharge to such Receiver or Receivers General of the Land Tax, for the several Sums of Money so by him or them paid.

And be it enacted, That the Clerk of each Battalion of Militia shall forthwith, after the Receipt of such Sums of Money as aforesaid, pay, or cause to be paid, One Calendar Month's Pay in Advance to the Adjutant, and Fourteen Days Pay in Advance to the Serjeant Major and Drum Major, of such Battalion respectively; and to the Captain or Commanding Officer of each Company belonging to such Battalion, Two Months Pay in Advance for his respective Company, and for the contingent Expenses thereof; and so from time to time, so long as any Money on that Account shall remain in his Hands; which Pay the said Captain or Commanding Officer is hereby required to distribute to each Person belonging to his Company, by this Act intitled to receive the same, as it shall become due; and shall Once in every Year give in to the Clerk of the Battalion to which such Company shall belong, an Account of the several Payments he shall have made in pursuance of this Act, and shall pay back to the said Clerk the Surplus, if any, of the Monies by him from time to time received, and then remaining in his Hands; except the Money by this Act allowed for contingent Expenses, for the Disposition whereof Provision is herein after made.

And be it enacted, That the said Money allowed for contingent Expenses, shall Once in every Year be accounted for by the Captain of each Company respectively, in Manner aforesaid; and the Balance thereof shall be by him paid into the Hands of the Clerk of the Battalion to which such Company shall belong, to be applied to the general Use of the said Battalion, as the Field Officers and Captains thereof, or the major Part of them, shall, at a General Meeting, direct.

And be it enacted, That the said Clerk may and shall retain to his own Use, out of the Monies so by him received, such further Sums as shall compleat the Allowance herein before made for his Salary; and shall also pay and discharge such Sums of Money as shall be due and owing for, or on Account of, the Cloathing of the said Militia, not exceeding the Rates herein before mentioned, to such Person or Persons as shall produce an Order from

his

His Majesty's Lieutenant, or from the Commanding Officer of such Battalion, for that Purpose.

And be it enacted, That the said Receiver or Receivers General of the Land Tax shall pay to the Clerk of the General Meetings his Allowance, or such Part thereof as hath not been satisfied out of the Money advanced by His Majesty as aforesaid, at the Rate of Five Pounds Five Shillings for each Meeting, upon his producing an Order or Orders for that Purpose from His Majesty's Lieutenant, or from Three Deputy Lieutenants assembled at some General Meeting or Meetings; and shall also pay to each and every the Clerks of the Subdivision Meetings their several Allowances, or such thereof as have not been satisfied out of the Money advanced by His Majesty as aforesaid, at the Rate of One Pound One Shilling for each Meeting; upon his or their producing an Order or Orders from One or more Deputy Lieutenant or Deputy Lieutenants, assembled in the several Subdivision Meetings; which said Order shall be to the said Receiver or Receivers General of the Land Tax, a sufficient Discharge for the Payment of such Allowances, and be allowed in his or their Account.

Allowance of 5*l.* 5*s.* to be paid to the Clerks of the General Meetings,

and of 1*l.* 1*s.* to the Clerks of the Subdivision Meetings, for each Meeting.

Provided always, and be it enacted, That the Clerk of each Battalion of Militia shall give Security to His Majesty's Lieutenant of the County, Riding, or Place, to which such Battalion shall belong, by a Bond to His Majesty in the Penalty of One Half of the Sum required for the whole Year's Charge of the Battalion of Militia to which such Clerk shall belong, for duly answering and paying such Sums as he shall have from time to time received, and for duly accounting for the same, and for Performance of the Trust hereby in him reposed; which said Bond shall be lodged in the Hands of the Receiver or Receivers General of the Land Tax for the respective County, Riding, or Place, who, in case the said Battalion Clerk shall not duly perform the Conditions comprized in the said Bond, shall, and is hereby required forthwith to put the said Bond in Suit, in the Name of His Majesty, His Heirs, and Successors; the Full Costs and Charges of which Suit shall be paid by the said Battalion Clerk to the said Receiver or Receivers General of the Land Tax, who shall likewise be intitled to and receive, to his or their own Use, at the Rate of Five Pounds per Centum out of all such Monies as shall be by him or them recovered thereon, and shall account for the Residue thereof with the proper Auditor of His Majesty's Revenue; the said Receiver or Receivers General of the Land Tax charging himself or themselves therewith, upon the next Account of the Land Tax to be by him or them passed.

Clerk of the Battalion to give Security:

The Bond to be lodged with the Receiver General; and on Nonperformance of the Conditions to be put in Suit by him, who is to receive Full Costs of Suit, and 5*l.* per Cent. of the Money recovered thereon;

And be it enacted, That the Clerk of every Battalion of Militia, in every County, Riding, and Place, within the Part of Great Britain aforesaid, shall, between the Twenty fifth Day of March and the Twenty fifth Day of

Residue to be accounted for to the Auditor of the Exchequer.

June,

Clerk of the Battalion to render an Account to the Receiver General of the Monies received and disbursed, with Vouchers for the same, and pay over the Balance; the said Account to be transmitted to the Auditor.

Lieutenant neglecting to take proper Security, or lodge the same with the Receiver General, is made answerable for any Loss of the publick Money.

Recovery of Penalties, &c.

No Fee to be paid for issuing Warrants for Payment Money.

June, in the Year One thousand seven hundred and sixty, deliver to the Receiver or Receivers General of the Land Tax for the County, Riding, or Place, to which such Battalion shall belong, a fair Account in Writing of all Monies by him received and disbursed, for the Service of the preceding Year, in pursuance of this Act, with proper Vouchers for the same, and shall pay back to the said Receiver or Receivers General of the Land Tax, any Surplus of such Monies that shall be then in his Hands; which said Accounts, signed by the said Battalion Clerk respectively, shall be transmitted, by the said Receiver or Receivers General of the Land Tax, into the Office of the proper Auditor of His Majesty's Revenue.

And be it enacted, That in case His Majesty's Lieutenant of any County, Riding, or Place, within the Part of Great Britain aforesaid, shall neglect to take such Security as aforesaid from the Clerk or Clerks of his or their respective Battalion or Battalions of Militia, or to deposit the same in the Hands of the Receiver or Receivers General of the Land Tax for the same County, Riding, or Place, such His Majesty's Lieutenant shall be answerable to such Receiver or Receivers General of the Land Tax, for any Loss of publick Monies sustained by the Default of such Clerk or Clerks.

Provided always, and be it enacted, That all Penalties, all Costs and Charges of Suit, and all Sums of Money, for which any Person or Persons is or are by this Act made answerable, may and shall be recovered in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, by Action of Debt, Bill, Complaint, or Information, wherein no Essoin, Wager of Law, or Protection, nor more than One Imparllance shall be allowed.

Provided always, and be it enacted, That no Fee or Gratuity whatsoever shall be given or paid, for or upon account of any Warrant or Sum of Money, which shall be issued in relation to, or in pursuance of, this Act.

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F I N I S.

Anno Regni GEORGGII II. REGIS

Magnæ Britannia, Francia, & Hibernia,
TRICESIMO SECUNDO.

At the Parliament begun and holden at *Westminster*, the Thirty first Day of *May*, Anno Dom. 1754, in the Twenty seventh Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord *GEORGE* the Second, by the Grace of God, of *Great Britain, France,* and *Ireland*, King, Defender of the Faith, &c.

And from thence continued by several Prorogations to the Twenty third Day of *November*, 1758, being the Sixth Session of this present Parliament.



L O N D O N :

Printed by *Thomas Baskett*, Printer to the King's most Excellent Majesty; and by the Assigns of *Robert Baskett*. . 1759.

1892

1893

1894

1895

Anno tricesimo secundo.

Georgii II. Regis.

An Act for adding certain Annuities granted in the Year One thousand seven hundred and fifty seven, to the Joint Stock of Three *per Centum* Annuities, consolidated by the Acts of the Twenty fifth, Twenty eighth, and Twenty ninth, Years of His present Majesty's Reign; and for carrying the several Duties therein mentioned to the Sinking Fund; and for charging the Annuities on single Lives, granted in the Year One thousand seven hundred and fifty seven, on the Produce of the said Fund.



W H E R E A S, in pursuance of Preamble, reciting Part of Act 30 Geo. II.
 an Act of Parliament made in the Thirtieth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act for granting to His Majesty several Rates and Duties upon Indentures, Leases, Bonds, and other Deeds; and upon News Papers, Advertisements, and Almanacks; and upon Licences for retailing Wine; and upon Coals exported to Foreign Parts; and for applying, for a certain Time, the Sums of Money arising from the Surplus of the Duties on Licences for retailing

Spirituuous

Spirituuous Liquors ; and for raising the Sum of Three Millions, by Annuities, to be charged on the said Rates, Duties, and Sums of Money ; and for making perpetual an Act made in the Second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for the better Regulation of Attornies and Solicitors* ; and for enlarging the Time for filing Affidavits of the Execution of Contracts of Clerks to Attornies and Solicitors ; and also the Time for Payment of the Duties omitted to be paid for the Indentures and Contracts of Clerks and Apprentices ; several Persons, Bodies Politick or Corporate, have advanced and lent the Sum of Three Millions upon the Credit of the several Rates, Duties, and Sums of Money, by the said Act granted, for the Purchase of Annuities after the Rate of Three Pounds per Centum per Annum, transferrable at the Bank of England, and redeemable by Parliament ; and also of Annuities on single Lives, payable at the Receipt of the Exchequer in respect of the same : And whereas it is thought necessary that the said Principal Sum of Three Millions should be (with the Consent of the Proprietors thereof, to be signified within the Time herein after mentioned) added to, and made a Part of, the Joint Stock of Three Pounds per Centum transferrable Annuities at the Bank of England ; and that the Charges and Expences in respect thereof should be charged upon, and paid out of, the Fund commonly called The Sinking Fund, until Redemption thereof by Parliament, in the same and like Manner as the Annuities aforesaid are paid and payable ; and that the several Annuities on single Lives, payable at the Exchequer in respect of the aforesaid Three Millions, should likewise be charged upon, and made payable out of, the Produce of the said Sinking Fund ; and that the several Rates, Duties, and Sums of Money, which by the said Act were made a Fund for Payment of the said Three Pounds per Centum Annuities, as also of the several Annuities on single Lives, should be carried to, and made a Part of, the said Fund commonly called The Sinking Fund : May it therefore please Your most Excellent Majesty, that it may be enacted ; and be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Fifth Day of January, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, the Principal Sum of Three Millions borrowed by virtue of the said before-recited Act, carrying an Interest after

The Sum of
3,000,000 *l.*
borrowed by
virtue of the
recited Act,

after the Rate of Three Pounds per Centum per Annum, payable at the Bank of England, shall, with the Consent of the Proprietors as aforesaid, be added to, and made a Part of, the Joint Stock of Three Pounds per Centum transferrable Annuities at the Bank of England, consolidated by the Acts made in the Twenty fifth, Twenty eighth, and Twenty ninth, Years of His present Majesty's Reign, and shall be transferrable at the Bank of England; and the Charges and Expences in respect thereof shall be charged upon, and paid out of, the Fund commonly called The Sinking Fund, until Redemption thereof by Parliament, in the same and like Manner as the Annuities consolidated as aforesaid are paid and payable; any thing in the said Act made in the Thirtieth Year of His present Majesty's Reign to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

to be added,
by Consent of
the Proprietors,
to the Joint Stock of
3 l. per Cent.
consolidated
Annuities
transferrable
at the Bank;

and to be paid
out of The Sinking
Fund:

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That such Proprietors who shall not, on or before the Twentieth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, signify their Dissent to such Consolidation as aforesaid, in Books to be opened at the Bank of England for that Purpose, shall be deemed and taken to assent thereto; any thing to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

And such as
shall not enter
their Dissent
before 20 June,
1759, to be
deemed assent-
ing thereto.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said Fifth Day of January, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, the several Annuities on single Lives by the said Act granted, payable at the Exchequer in respect of the aforesaid Three Millions, shall be charged upon, and made payable out of, the Produce of the said Fund commonly called The Sinking Fund; any thing to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

The Life Annuities there-
upon to be
also paid out
of The Sinking
Fund.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all the Monies which have arisen since the Fifth Day of January, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, or that shall or may hereafter arise, of the Produce of the several additional Stamp Duties on Pamphlets and printed Papers, the additional Duty on Coals exported, the Surplus on the new Duty on Licences for retailing Wine, and the Surplus on the Duties on Licences for retailing Spirituous Liquors, which were made a Fund for Payment of Three Pounds per Centum per Annum at the Bank of England, on Three Millions borrowed by virtue of the said Act made in the Thirtieth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, towards the Supply of the

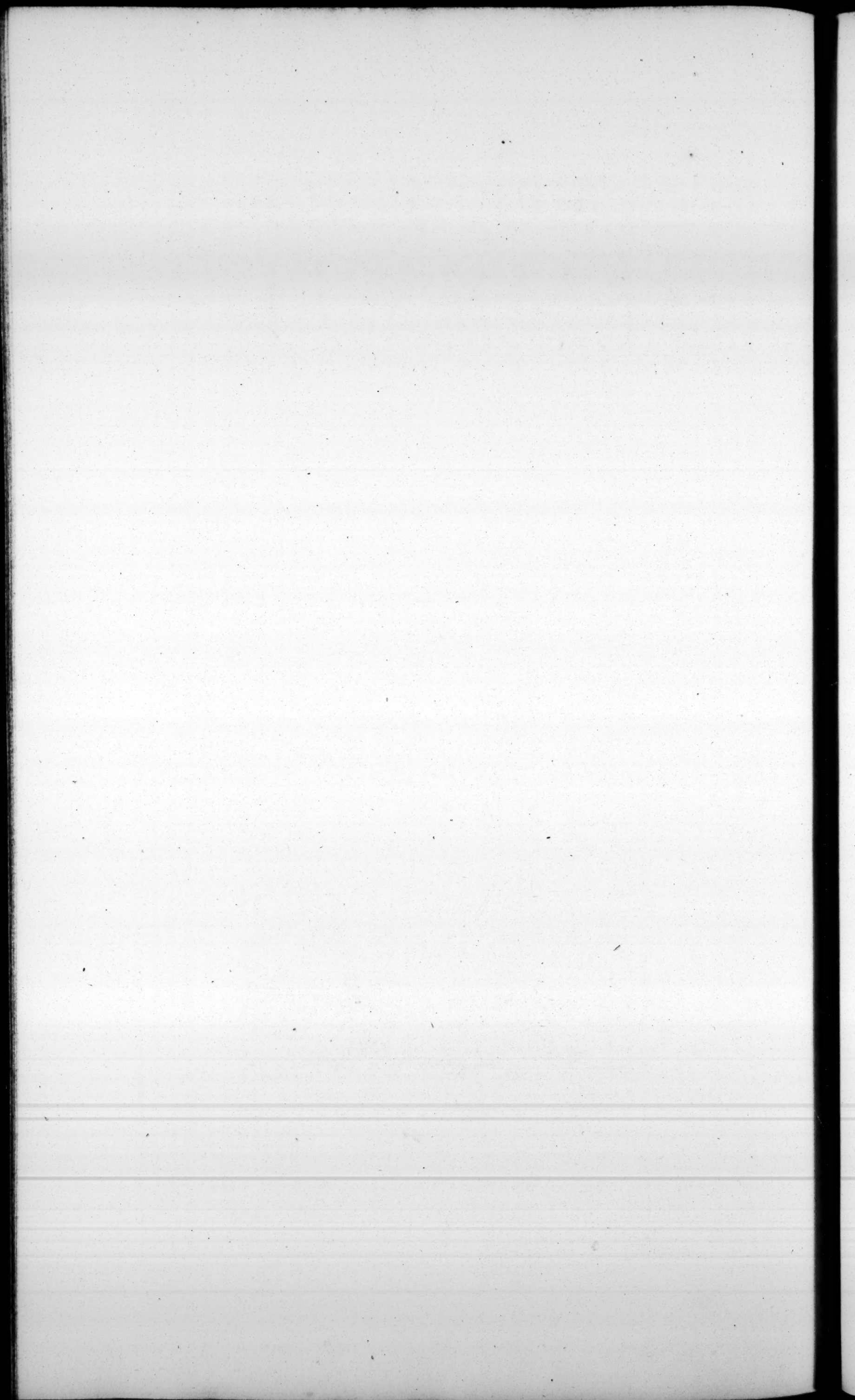
Produce of the
additional
Stamp Duties,

the Duty on
Coals export-
ed, and Sur-
plus of the new
Duty on Wine
Licences, and
retailing Spirituous
Liquors,
granted by Act
30 Geo. II,

Life Annuities thereupon, to be made Part of *The Sinking Fund*, and applied accordingly.

Year One thousand seven hundred and fifty seven, as also of the Annuities on single Lives, payable at the Receipt of the Exchequer in respect of the same, shall be carried to, and made a Part of, the Fund commonly called The Sinking Fund; and the same shall be deemed and taken to be Part of the said Sinking Fund, and shall be issued and applied to such Uses and Purposes as the several Excesses, Surplusses, or Overplus Monies, composing the said Sinking Fund, are or may be issued and applied; any thing in the said before-recited Act to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

F I N I S.



Anno Regni GEORGGII II. REGIS

Magnæ Britanniae, Franciæ, & Hiberniæ,
TRICESIMO SECUNDO.

At the Parliament begun and holden at *Westminster*, the Thirty first Day of *May*, *Anno Dom.* 1754. in the Twenty seventh Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord *GEORGE* the Second, by the Grace of God, of *Great Britain, France,* and *Ireland*, King, Defender of the Faith, &c.

And from thence continued by several Prorogations to the Twenty third Day of *November*, 1758, being the Sixth Session of this present Parliament.



L O N D O N :

Printed by *Thomas Baskett*, Printer to the King's most Excellent Majesty; and by the Assigns of *Robert Baskett*. 1759.

Anno Regni

GEORGE III

1760

1760

1760

And from hence continued in the same manner
Tenth and Day of January
of the present Parliament



LONDON

Printed by Thomas Danks, Printer to the King's Most Excellent Majesty, and by the Assigns of James Danks, 1760

Anno tricesimo secundo

Georgii II. Regis.

An Act to continue several Laws therein mentioned, relating to the allowing a Drawback of the Duties upon the Exportation of Copper Bars imported; to the Encouragement of the Silk Manufactures; and for taking off several Duties on Merchandize exported, and reducing other Duties; to the Premium upon Masts, Yards, and Bowsprits, Tar, Pitch, and Turpentine; to the encouraging the Growth of Coffee in His Majesty's Plantations in *America*; to the securing the Duties upon Foreign made Sail Cloth, and charging Foreign made Sails with a Duty; and for enlarging the Time for Payment of the Duties omitted to be paid on the Indentures and Contracts of Clerks, Apprentices, or Servants; and also for making Affidavits of the Execution of Articles or Contracts of Clerks to Attornies or Solicitors, and filing thereof.



Whereas the Laws herein after mentioned, which have by Experience been found useful and beneficial, are near expiring: May it therefore please Your most Excellent Majesty, that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That a Clause in an Act made in the Ninth and Tenth Years of the Reign of His late Majesty King William the Third, intituled, An Act to settle the Trade to *Africa*; for allowing, during a limited Time, a Drawback of the Duties upon the Exportation of Copper Bars imported; and which Clause was to continue in Force for

Preamble.

Clause in an Act 9 & 10 Will. III. relating to a Drawback of the Duties upon Copper Bars, &c.

and the Proviso
in Act 12 Anna,
relating there-
to,

further conti-
nued to 24
June, 1766.

Part of Act
8 Geo. I. relat-
ing to the En-
couragement
of the Silk
Manufac-
tures, further
continued to
24 June, 1766.

the Term of Thirteen Years, and from thence to the End of the then next Session of Parliament; and which Clause, after the Expiration thereof, was, by an Act made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of Her late Majesty Queen Anne, revived and continued; and also a Proviso in the last mentioned Act contained, That no Drawback should be allowed on the Exportation of any Copper, but such as had been or should be imported from the East Indies and the Coast of Barbary only; and which said Clause and Proviso, by several subsequent Acts of the Thirteenth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the First, and of the Fifteenth and Twenty sixth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, were continued until the Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and fifty eight, and from thence to the End of the then next Session of Parliament; shall be, and the same are hereby further continued, from the Expiration thereof, until the Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and sixty six, and from thence to the End of the then next Session of Parliament.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That so much of an Act made in the Eighth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the First, for the Encouragement of the Silk Manufactures of this Kingdom; and for taking off several Duties on Merchandizes exported; and for reducing the Duties upon Beaver Skins, Pepper, Mace, Cloves, and Nutmegs, imported; and for Importation of all Furs of the Product of the British Plantations, into this Kingdom only; and that the Two Corporations of Assurance, on any Suits brought on their Policies, shall be liable only to single Damages and Costs of Suit; as relates to the Encouragement of the Silk Manufactures of this Kingdom, and to the taking off several Duties on Merchandizes exported; which was to continue in Force for Three Years, from the Twenty fifth Day of March, One thousand seven hundred and twenty two, and from thence to the End of the then next Session of Parliament; and which, by several subsequent Acts made in the Eleventh Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the First, and in the Second, Eighth, Fifteenth, Twentieth, and Twenty sixth Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, hath been continued until the Twenty fourth Day of March, One thousand seven hundred and fifty eight, and from thence to the End of the then next Session of Parliament; shall be, and the same is hereby further continued from the Expiration thereof, until the said Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and sixty six, and from thence

thence to the End of the then next Session of Parliament.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That so much of an Act made in the Second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for the better Preservation of His Majesty's Woods in America, and for the Encouragement of the Importation of Naval Stores from thence; and to encourage the Importation of Masts, Yards, and Bowsprits, from that Part of Great Britain called Scotland; as relates to the Premiums upon Masts, Yards, and Bowsprits, Tar, Pitch, and Turpentine, which was to continue in Force from the Twenty ninth Day of September, One thousand seven hundred and twenty nine, for the Term of Thirteen Years, and from thence to the End of the then next Session of Parliament; and which, by several subsequent Acts made in the Thirteenth and Twenty fourth Years of His said Majesty's Reign, was further continued until the Twenty fifth Day of December, One thousand seven hundred and fifty one, and from thence to the End of the then next Session of Parliament; and which, by another Act made in the Twenty fifth Year of the Reign of His said Majesty, was amended, and further continued until the Twenty fifth Day of March, One thousand seven hundred and fifty eight, and from thence to the End of the then next Session of Parliament; shall be, and the same is hereby further continued from the Expiration thereof, until the said Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and sixty six, and from thence to the End of the then next Session of Parliament.

So much of the Act 2 Geo. II. &c. as relates to Premiums on Masts, Tar, and Pitch, &c. continued to 24 June, 1766.

Provided, That no Bounty shall be paid upon any Tar, unless each Barrel shall contain Thitty one Gallons and One Half; and that the Officers who survey such Barrel, shall not survey the same, till the Water shall be all drawn off, and every Barrel filled up with Tar.

Quantity of Tar in each Barrel intitled to Bounty, not to be less than 32 Gallons.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That an Act made in the Fifth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for encouraging the Growth of Coffee in His Majesty's Plantations in America, which was to continue in Force from the Twenty fifth Day of March, One thousand seven hundred and thirty five, until the twenty fifth Day of March, One thousand seven hundred and thirty nine, and from thence to the End of the then next Session of Parliament; and which, by several subsequent Acts made in the Eleventh, Nineteenth, and Twenty fifth Years of His said Majesty's Reign, was further continued until the Twenty fifth Day of March, One thousand seven hundred and fifty eight, and from thence

Act 5 Geo. II. for encouraging the Growth of Coffee, continued to 24 June, 1766.

to the End of the then next Session of Parliament; shall be, and the same is hereby further continued from the Expiration thereof, until the said Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and sixty six, and from thence to the End of the then next Session of Parliament.

Act 19 Geo. II.
for securing
the Duties on
Foreign-made
Sail Cloth im-
ported, &c.
continued to
24 June, 1766.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That an Act made in the Nineteenth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for the more effectual securing the Duties now payable on Foreign-made Sail Cloth imported into this Kingdom; and for charging all Foreign-made Sails with a Duty; and for explaining a Doubt concerning Ships being obliged, at their first setting out to Sea, to be furnished with One complete Set of Sails made of British Sail Cloth; which was to continue in Force from the Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and forty six, for the Term of Seven Years, and from thence to the End of the then next Session of Parliament; and which, by another Act made in the Twenty sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, was further continued until the Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and fifty eight, and from thence to the End of the then next Session of Parliament; shall be, and the same is hereby further continued from the Expiration thereof, until the said Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and sixty six, and from thence to the End of the then next Session of Parliament.

And, for the Relief of Persons who through Neglect or Inadvertency have omitted to pay the several Rates and Duties upon Money given, paid, contracted, or agreed for, with or in relation to any Clerk, Apprentice, or Servant, who hath been put or placed to or with any Master or Mistress, to learn any Profession, Trade, or Employment, and to have the Indenture, or other Writing which contains the Covenants, Articles, Contracts, or Agreements, relating to the Service of any such Clerk, Apprentice, or Servant, stamped within the Times by the several Acts of Parliament for those Purposes respectively limited, or who have neglected or omitted to insert and write in Words at Length, in any such Indenture, or other Writing, as aforesaid respectively, the full Sum or Sums of Money received, or in any wise directly or indirectly given, paid, agreed, or contracted for, with or in relation to any such Clerk, Apprentice, or Servant, as aforesaid; be it further enacted, That upon Payment on or before the First Day of September, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, of the Rates and Duties neglected or omitted to be paid upon any Money given, paid, contracted,

Further Time
allowed to
1 Sept. 1759,
for Payment
of the Duties
omitted to be
paid on Arti-
cles of Inden-
tures, and for
tendering the
same to be
stamped.

tracted, or agreed for, with or in relation to any Clerk, Apprentice, or Servant, as aforesaid, to such Person or Persons to whom the same ought to be paid, the Indenture or other Writing by which any such Clerk, Apprentice, or Servant, was respectively put out as aforesaid, shall, on the same being tendered at the proper Place in the Stamp Office (where the same ought to have been stamped) during the Time of Office Hours, be stamped with the proper Stamp forthwith after every such Payment and Tender of every such respective Indenture or Writing shall be there made; and every such Indenture, or other Writing, as aforesaid, being so stamped, shall be good and available in Law and Equity, and may be given in Evidence in any Court whatsoever; and the several Clerks, Apprentices, or Servants, therein respectively named, shall be capable of following and exercising their respective intended Profession, Trade, Employment, or Business, as fully as if the Rates or Duties so neglected or omitted to have been paid, had been duly paid, and as if the full Sum or Sums of Money received or agreed to be paid as aforesaid, had been inserted and wrote in Words at Length in every such Indenture, or other Writing, as aforesaid respectively; and that all and every Person and Persons who hath or have incurred any Penalty by any such Neglect or Omission, as aforesaid, shall be acquitted and discharged of, from, and against the same; any thing in any former Act to the contrary hereof notwithstanding: And the Commissioners of His Majesty's Stamp Duty are hereby required, with all convenient Speed, after the passing this Act, to cause Notice of this Clause to be published in the London Gazette, in such Manner as they shall think fit.

Indenture, on Payment of the Duties, and stamping thereof, declared to be valid, &c.

and the Parties acquitted of the Penalty.

Notice of this Clause to be published in the Gazette.

And whereas some Persons have omitted to cause Affidavits to be made, and afterwards to be filed in the proper Offices, of the actual Execution of several Contracts in Writing entered into by them, to serve as Clerks to Attornies, or Solicitors, within the Time in which the same ought to have been done, and many Infants, and others, may thereby incur certain Disabilities: For preventing whereof, and for relieving such Persons; be it likewise enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every Person who hath neglected or omitted to cause any such Affidavit or Affidavits as aforesaid to be made and filed, and who on or before the First Day of September, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, shall cause One or more Affidavit or Affidavits to be made, and afterwards to be filed, in such Manner as the same ought to have been made and filed, in due Time, shall be, and is hereby indemnified, freed,

Further Time allowed to 1 Sept. 1759, for making and filing Affidavits of the Execution of Contracts to serve as Clerks to Attornies, &c.

freed, and discharged, from and against all Penalties, Forfeitures, Incapacities, and Disabilities, in or by any Act or Acts of Parliament mentioned and incurred, or to be incurred, for or by reason of any such Neglect or Omission, in not causing such Affidavit or Affidavits to be made and filed, in such Manner as the same ought to have been; and every such Affidavit and Affidavits so to be made, and which shall be duly filed, on or before the said First Day of September, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, as aforesaid, shall be as effectual to all Intents and Purposes, as if made and filed within the respective Times the same ought, by the Laws now in being for that Purpose, to have been so made and filed.

F I N I S.

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Anno Regni
GEORGGII II.
REGIS

Magnæ Britannia, Franciæ, & Hiberniæ,
TRICESIMO SECUNDO.

At the Parliament begun and holden at *Westminster*, the Thirty first Day of *May*, Anno Dom. 1754, in the Twenty seventh Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord *GEORGE* the Second, by the Grace of God, of *Great Britain, France,* and *Ireland*, King, Defender of the Faith, &c.

And from thence continued by several Prorogations to the Twenty third Day of *November*, 1758, being the Sixth Session of this present Parliament.



L O N D O N :

Printed by *Thomas Baskett*, Printer to the King's most Excellent Majesty; and by the Assigns of *Robert Baskett*. 1759.

1957

Anno tricesimo secundo

Georgii II. Regis.

An Act to amend an Act made in the last Session of Parliament, for repealing the Duty granted by an Act made in the Sixth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty on Silver Plate, and for granting a Duty on Licences to be taken out by all Persons dealing in Gold or Silver Plate, by permitting the Sale of Gold or Silver Plate in small Quantities without Licence; and by granting a Duty instead of the Duty now payable upon Licences to be taken out by certain Dealers in Gold or Silver Plate; and also a Duty upon Licences to be taken out by Pawnbrokers dealing in Gold or Silver Plate, and Refiners of Gold or Silver.

Preamble, re-
citing Clause
in Act 31 Geo.
II.



H E R E A S by an Act made in the last Session of Parliament, intituled, An Act for repealing the Duty granted by an Act made in the Sixth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty, on Silver Plate, made, wrought, touched, assayed, or marked, in *Great Britain*; and for granting a Duty on Licences, to be taken out by all Persons dealing in Gold or Silver Plate;

and for discontinuing all Drawbacks upon Silver Plate exported; and for more effectually preventing Frauds and Abuses in the Marking or Stamping of Gold or Silver Plate; it was enacted, That in lieu of the Duty thereby repealed, there should, from and after the Fifth Day of July, One thousand seven hundred and fifty eight, be paid unto His Majesty, His Heirs, and Successors, a Duty of Forty Shillings for every Licence to be taken out in Manner therein after-mentioned, by each Person trading in, selling, or vending Gold or Silver Plate, and by the said Act such Licences were directed to be taken out annually; and it was also thereby further enacted, That all Persons using the Trade of selling or vending Gold or Silver Plate, or any Goods or Wares composed of Gold or Silver, or any Goods or Wares in which any Gold or Silver was or should be manufactured, and also all Persons employed to sell any Gold or Silver Plate, or any such Goods or Wares aforesaid, at any Auction, or Publick Sale, or by Commission, should respectively be deemed Traders in, Sellers or Venders of, Gold or Silver Plate, within the Intent and Meaning of the said Act, and should take out a Licence for the same: And whereas so much of the said last recited Clause, as directs that every Person trading in, selling, or vending Gold or Silver Plate, or any Goods or Wares composed of Gold or Silver, or any Goods or Wares in which any Gold or Silver was or should be manufactured, should take out a Licence for that Purpose, has been found detrimental to the Coy and Cutlery Trades of this Kingdom: And Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects,

the

the Commons of Great Britain in Parliament assembled, are therefore desirous that all Persons may be permitted to trade in, sell, or vend any Goods or Wares in which the Gold or Silver shall not exceed the respective Quantities herein after mentioned, without being obliged to take out a Licence for that Purpose, and in lieu thereof, to grant unto Your Majesty a Duty upon such Licences as are herein after mentioned; and therefore do most humbly beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted, and be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Fifth Day of July, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, no Person or Persons whatsoever shall be subject or liable to take out any Licence for or in respect of his, her, or their trading in, vending, or selling, any Quantity of Gold not exceeding Two Penny Weights in any One separate and distinct Ware or Piece of Goods, or any Quantity of Silver not exceeding Five Penny Weights in any One separate and distinct Ware or Piece of Goods; but that all Persons may, from time to time, after the said Fifth Day of July, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, trade in, vend, or sell, any Ware or Piece of Goods, in which the Gold or Silver shall not exceed the respective Quantities aforesaid, without being subject in respect thereof to any Penalty for not having taken out a Licence, or paid the Duty granted by the said Act made in the last Session of Parliament; any thing in the said Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Traders in, or Venders of, small Gold and Silver Wares, exempted from taking out a Licence for the same;

And, in order to made good any Deficiency which may happen in the Produce of the said Duty, by reason of the Exemption aforesaid; be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That there shall, from and after the said Fifth Day of July, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, be paid unto His Majesty, His Heirs, and Successors, a Duty of Five Pounds for every Licence to be taken out by each Trader in, Vender or Seller of, Gold or Silver Plate, or of any Goods or Wares in which any Gold or Silver is or shall be manufactured, who shall trade in, vend, or sell, any Piece of Plate, or Goods, or any Ware in which

but such as shall trade in, or vend larger Quantities, as also Pawnbrokers, and Refiners, to take out a Licence, for which they are to pay 5 l.

the Gold or Silver shall be of the respective Weights herein after mentioned, or of any greater Weight, and by all Pawnbrokers trading in, vending, or selling, Gold or Silver Plate, or any Goods or Wares in which any Gold or Silver is or shall be manufactured, and all Refiners of Gold or Silver.

What Quantity of Gold or Silver Wares shall subject the Traders in, or Venders thereof, to take out a Licence.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said Fifth Day of July, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, no Person or Persons whatsoever, who now, or at any Time or Times hereafter, doth, do, or shall trade in, vend or sell, any Gold or Silver Plate, or any Goods or Wares in which any Gold or Silver is or shall be manufactured, shall presume by him, her, or themselves, or by any other Person or Persons whatsoever employed by him, her, or them, for his, her, or their Benefit, either publicly or privately, to trade in, vend or sell, any Piece of Plate or Goods, or any Ware in which the Quantity of Gold shall be of the Weight of Two Dunces or upwards, or in which the Quantity of Silver shall be of the Weight of Thirty Dunces or upwards, unless he, she, or they, shall have first paid a Duty of Five Pounds for a Licence, which shall have been taken out in the Manner required by the said Act made in the last Session of Parliament; and every Person who shall so trade in, vend or sell, any such Piece of Plate or Goods, or Ware as aforesaid, shall pay the like Duty of Five Pounds for every Licence which shall be taken out in each Year, in pursuance of the said Act, instead and in lieu of the Duty of Forty Shillings thereby granted; any thing in the said Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding: And if any Person or Persons trading in, vending, or selling Gold or Silver Plate, or any Goods or Wares in which any Gold or Silver is or shall be manufactured, shall, after the said Fifth Day of July, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, presume or offer to trade in, vend, or sell, any such Piece of Plate or Goods, or any such Ware as aforesaid, without first taking out a Licence, for which the said Duty of Five Pounds shall have been paid, and renewing the same Licence, and making the like Payment yearly as aforesaid, he, she, or they, shall respectively forfeit and lose, for every such Offence, the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

20 l. Penalty for not taking out such Licence,

and renewing the same yearly.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said Fifth Day of July, One thousand

thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, no Pawnbroker or Pawnbrokers shall presume, by him, her, or themselves, or by any other Person or Persons whatsoever employed by him, her, or them, for his, her, or their Benefit, either publickly or privately, to trade in, vend or sell, any Gold or Silver Plate, or any Goods or Wares in which any Gold or Silver is or shall be manufactured; nor shall any Person or Persons presume, either by him, her, or themselves, or by any other Person or Persons whatsoever employed by him, her, or them, for his, her, or their Benefit, to use or practise the Trade or Business of a Refiner of Gold or Silver, without first taking out a Licence, in such Manner as Persons using the Trade of selling or vending Gold or Silver Plate are, by the said Act made in the last Session of Parliament, required to take out Licences; and every such Pawnbroker, and also every such Refiner of Gold or Silver, shall take out a fresh Licence in every Year, in such Manner as Persons using the Trade of selling or vending Gold or Silver Plate, are by the said Act required to do: And for the more effectual enforcing the taking out of the said Licences, and Recovery of the Duty herein after directed to be from time to time paid upon the taking out thereof, every such Pawnbroker and Refiner of Gold or Silver respectively shall be deemed, for the Purposes of this Act, to use the Trade of selling or vending Gold or Silver Plate; any thing in the said former Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding: And every such Pawnbroker as aforesaid, and also every such Refiner of Gold or Silver, shall respectively pay a Duty of Five Pounds for every Licence which shall be taken out by each such Pawnbroker or Refiner; and which said Duty of Five Pounds shall be paid in each Year at the Times when such Licences are taken out, and to such Person or Persons, and in such Manner, as the Duty of Forty Shillings granted by the said Act is thereby directed to be paid: And if, after the said Fifth Day of July, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, any Pawnbroker shall presume or offer to trade in, vend or sell, any Gold or Silver Plate, or any Goods or Wares in which any Gold or Silver is or shall be manufactured; or if any Person shall presume or offer to use or practise the Trade or Business of a Refiner of Gold or Silver, and such Pawnbroker

Pawnbrokers,
and Refiners,
deemed Trad-
ers in, and
Venders of,
Gold and Sil-
ver Wares,

and liable to
take a Licence,

and renew the
same yearly;

for which 5*l.*
is to be paid;

on Penalty of
forfeiting 20 l.

Licence taken
out under the
former Act,
upon Payment
of the addi-
tional Sum of
3 l. to be good
for the sub-
sisting Term
thereof.

Pawnbroker or Person respectively shall not have first taken out a Licence, for which the said Duty of five Pounds shall have been paid, or shall not have renewed the same Licence, and made such Payment yearly as aforesaid; every such Pawnbroker and Person shall respectively, for every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of Twenty Pounds.

Provided always, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if, at any Time or Times, any Person or Persons who shall have taken out a Licence in the Manner prescribed by the said former Act, and have paid, in respect thereof, the said Duty of forty Shillings, shall, before the Expiration of such Licence, produce the same, and pay the further Sum of Three Pounds to any Person or Persons authorized by virtue of the said former Act to grant Licences (all which Persons are hereby required to accept such Payment, and to indorse a Memorandum thereof, without Fee or Reward, upon the Licence so produced) every Person paying such additional Sum of Three Pounds may, and is hereby impowered, from the Time of the Payment thereof, and during the Continuance of the Remainder of the Term of the said Licence, to trade in, vend, or sell, any Gold or Silver Plate, or any Goods or Wares in which any Gold or Silver is or shall be manufactured; or to use or practise the Trade or Business of a Refiner of Gold or Silver, in such Manner as any other Person who shall have paid the Duty of five Pounds upon the original granting of any Licence is by this Act impowered to do; any thing herein before contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Persons in
Partnership,
carrying on
Trade or Bu-
siness in One
House only,
&c. not liable
to take out
more than
One Licence.

Licence to
serve but for
One Shop or
House,

Provided always, That Persons in Partnership, and carrying on their Trade or Business in One House, Shop, or Tenement only, shall not be obliged to take out more than One Licence in any One Year for the carrying on such Trade or Business: And that no Licence which shall be granted by virtue of this Act, shall authorize or impower any Person or Persons to whom the same may be granted, and who shall sell Gold or Silver Plate in Shops, to trade in, sell, or vend, such Gold or Silver Plate in any other Shop or Place, except in such Houses or Places thereunto belonging wherein he, she, or they shall inhabit and dwell at the Time
of

of granting such Licence, or in Booths or Stalls at Fairs or Markets.

Booths and Stalls at Fairs or Markets excepted.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all Prosecutions for Recovery of Penalties and Forfeitures incurred for Offences committed against this Act, shall and may be heard and determined, and such Penalties and Forfeitures recovered, levied, and applied, and in case of want of sufficient Distress whereon to levy the same, the Offender shall be imprisoned, in such and the same Manner, and with the same Powers and Authorities, as are prescribed, given, and appointed, in the said Act made in the last Session of Parliament with respect to Prosecutions for, and the recovering, levying, and applying of, the Penalties and Forfeitures incurred for Offences committed against the said Act, and to the Imprisonment of the Party or Parties offending until Satisfaction shall be made.

Penalties and Forfeitures to be recovered and applied, as by the Act of 31 Geo. II. is prescribed.

Provided always, and it is hereby enacted, That the several Penalties and Forfeitures of Twenty Pounds, created and inflicted by the said recited Act, and this present Act, may be mitigated by such Ways, Means, and Methods, as any Fine, Penalty, or Forfeiture, may be mitigated by any Law or Laws of Excise; any thing in the said recited Act, or this present Act, to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

Mitigation of Penalties.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all the Monies which shall arise by the Duty hereby directed to be paid upon Licences (the necessary Charges of raising and accounting for the same excepted) shall, from time to time, be paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer at Westminster, together with the Monies arising by the Duty on Licences granted by the said Act made in the last Session of Parliament; and shall be applied to such Uses and Purposes, and in such Manner, as the Monies arising by the Duty granted by the said Act are thereby made applicable, and to and for no other Use or Purpose whatsoever.

Duties to be paid into the Exchequer;

and to be applied as the Duties under the former Act are directed.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Act made in the last Session of Parliament (except such Parts thereof as are varied or altered by this Act) shall continue in full Force and Effect, and the Provisions and Powers therein contained (except as aforesaid) shall extend, and are hereby extended

The recited Act, except where altered by this Act, continued and enforced.

to, and shall operate and be executed, with respect to this Act, and to all Matters and Things to be done in pursuance thereof, in as full and ample Manner, to all Intents and Purposes, as if the said Provisions and Powers were, with such Variations and Alterations, herein specially repeated and re-enacted; any thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

F I N I S.



Anno Regni GEORGGII II.

R E G I S

Magnæ Britannia, Franciæ, & Hiberniæ,

TRICESIMO SECUNDO.

At the Parliament begun and holden at *Westminster*,
the Thirty first Day of *May*, *Anno Dom.* 1754.
in the Twenty seventh Year of the Reign of our
Sovereign Lord *GEORGE* the Second, by the
Grace of God, of *Great Britain, France, and*
Ireland, King, Defender of the Faith, &c.

And from thence continued by several Prorogations to the Twenty
third Day of *November*, 1758, being the Sixth Session of this
present Parliament.



L O N D O N:

Printed by *Thomas Baskett*, Printer to the King's most Excellent
Majesty; and by the Assigns of *Robert Baskett*. 1759.

The first of these is the fact that the
 Government has been unable to secure
 the necessary funds to carry out its
 policy of non-interference in the
 internal affairs of the Republic.
 The second is the fact that the
 Government has been unable to secure
 the necessary funds to carry out its
 policy of non-interference in the
 internal affairs of the Republic.
 The third is the fact that the
 Government has been unable to secure
 the necessary funds to carry out its
 policy of non-interference in the
 internal affairs of the Republic.

Anno tricesimo secundo

Georgii II. Regis.

An Act to explain and amend an Act made in the Twenty ninth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for the Encouragement of Seamen, and the more speedy and effectual Manning His Majesty's Navy*; and for the better Prevention of Piracies and Robberies by Crews of Private Ships of War.



H E R E A S repeated Complaints Preamble.
have of late been made of divers
outrageous Acts of Piracy and
Robbery, committed on Board
great Numbers of Ships, more
particularly by the Crews of small
Ships, Vessels, or Boats, being,
or pretending to be, English Pri-
vateers: And whereas it is of the
utmost Importance to the Honour
of this Nation, to detect and bring
to Justice Persons who (in Viola-

tion of the Laws of Nations in general, and of this
Kingdom in particular) have been, or shall be, guilty of
such Piracies and Robberies: And whereas by a Clause
in an Act of Parliament passed in the Twenty ninth
Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, An
Act for the Encouragement of Seamen, and the more
speedy and effectual Manning His Majesty's Navy, it is,
amongst other Things, enacted, That the Lord High Ad-
miral of Great Britain, or the Commissioners for execut-
ing the Office of Lord High Admiral of Great Britain for
the

Clause in Act
29 Geo. II.

So much of
the recited
Clause, as di-
rects the Ad-
miralty, upon
Application,
and Security
given, to grant
Commissions
to Privateers,
repealed.

the time being, or any Three or more of them, or any Person or Persons by him or them impowered and appointed, shall, at the Request of any Owner or Owners of any Ship or Vessel, giving such Bail and Security as have been usually taken upon granting Commissions or Letters of Marque (except only for the Payment of the Tenths of the Value of Prizes which shall be taken, to the Lord High Admiral, or Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral for the time being) cause to be issued forth, in the usual Manner, One or more Commission or Commissions to any Person or Persons whom such Owner or Owners shall nominate to be Commander, or, in case of Death, successively Commanders of such Ship or Vessel, for the attacking, surprizing, seizing, and taking, by and with such Ship or Vessel, or with the Crew thereof, any Place or Fortress upon the Land, or any Ship or Vessel, Goods, Ammunition, Arms, Stores of War, or Merchandize, belonging to, or possessed by, any of His Majesty's Enemies, in any Sea, Creek, Haven, or River: And whereas it is apprehended that most of the Acts of Piracy and Robbery complained of as aforesaid, have arisen from the Obligation on the said Lord High Admiral, or the said Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral, at such Request as aforesaid, to grant such Commissions to the Commanders of all Ships or Vessels, of what Burthen soever, without Distinction: To Remedy which Inconveniency; be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the First Day of June, in the Year of our Lord One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, so much of the said recited Clause in the above-mentioned Act of Parliament, passed in the Twenty ninth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, as directs the Lord High Admiral of Great Britain, or the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral of Great Britain for the time being, or any Three or more of them, or any Person or Persons by him or them impowered and appointed, at the Request of any Owner or Owners of any Ship or Vessel giving such Bail and Security as therein is mentioned, to cause to be issued forth, in the usual Manner, One or more Commission or Commissions to any Person or Persons whom such Owner or Owners shall nominate to be Commander, or, in case of Death, successively Commanders of such Ship or Vessel, for the Purposes in the said recited Clause mentioned, shall be, and the same is hereby declared

clared and enacted to be absolutely repealed and made void.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, Admiralty to grant Com-
missions, upon
Owners, &c.
giving such
Bail and Secu-
rity as is here-
in after-men-
tioned. That the Lord High Admiral of Great Britain, or the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral of Great Britain for the time being, or any Three or more of them, or any Person or Persons by him or them impowered and appointed, shall, from and after the said First Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, at the Request of any Owner or Owners of any Ship or Vessel, giving such Bail and Security as is herein after-mentioned and expressed, cause to be issued forth One or more Commission or Commissions to any Person or Persons whom such Owner or Owners shall nominate to be Commander, or, in case of Death, successively Commanders of such Ship or Vessel, for the attacking, surprizing, seizing, and taking, by and with such Ship or Vessel, or with the Crew thereof, any Place or Fortress upon the Land, or any Ship or Vessel, Goods, Ammunition, Arms, Stores of War, or Merchandize, belonging to, or possessed by, any of His Majesty's Enemies, upon the Land, or in any Sea, Creek, Haven, or River; and that such Ship or Ships, Vessel or Vessels, or any Goods, Ammunition, Arms, Stores of War, and Merchandizes whatsoever, Prizes to be-
long solely to,
and be divided
among, the
Owners and
Captors, as
shall be agreed
between them; with all their Furniture, Tackle, and Apparell, so to be taken, by or with such private Owner, or Owners Ship or Vessel, according to such last-mentioned Commission or Commissions (being first adjudged lawful Prize in any of His Majesty's Courts of Admiralty) shall wholly and entirely belong to, and be divided between and among, the Owner and Owners of such Ship or Vessel, and the several Persons which shall be on Board the same, and be aiding and assisting to the taking thereof, in such Shares and Proportions as shall be agreed on with the Owner or Owners of such Ship or Vessel as shall be the Captor thereof, their Agents or Factors, as the proper Goods and Chattles of such Owner or Owners, and the Persons that shall be intitled thereto by virtue of such Agreements among themselves; and that neither His Majesty, His Heirs, or Successors, or any Admiral, Vice Admiral, Governor, or other Person, commissioned by, or claiming under, His Majesty, His Heirs, or Successors, or any Person or Persons whatsoever, other than the Owner or Owners of such Ship or Vessel, being the Captor of such Prize Ship or Vessel, Goods, Ammunition, Arms, Stores of War, and Merchandizes, and the Persons claiming under him or them, shall be intitled to any Part or Share thereof (except as to the Customs and Duties mentioned in the said reserving only
the Customs
and Duties
payable by Act
29 Geo. II. Act

Act of the Twenty ninth Year of His Majesty's Reign) any Custom, Statute, or other Law to the contrary notwithstanding.

No Commission to be granted to Vessels, in Europe, under 100 Tons Burthen, 10 Guns, and 40 Men;

unless the Admiralty shall think fit; the Owners giving Bail and Security as herein after mentioned.

Admiralty may revoke any former or future Commissions;

of which Notice is to be forthwith sent to the Ship's Owners, Agents, or Sureties.

Times limited for Order of Revocation to take Place, viz.

If the Vessel be in the Channel;

or Northern Seas;

if to the South of Cape Finisterre, or in the Mediterranean;

Provided nevertheless, and it is hereby further enacted, That no such Commission as aforesaid shall be issued forth or granted to any Person or Persons by virtue of this Act, unless the Ship or Vessel for which the same shall be granted, in Europe, shall be of the Burthen of One hundred Tons, and carry Ten Carriage Guns, being Three Pounders, and Forty Men at the least; or unless the Lord High Admiral, or Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral, or any Three or more of them, or any Person or Persons by him or them impowered and appointed, shall, in their Discretion, think fit to grant the same to any Ship or Vessel of inferior Force or Burthen, the Owner or Owners of such Ship or Vessel giving such Bail and Security as is herein after mentioned and expressed.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Lord High Admiral of Great Britain, or the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral of Great Britain for the time being, or any Three or more of them, at any Time or Times hereafter, to revoke and make void, by any Order or Orders in Writing under his or their Hand or Hands, any Commission or Commissions which hath, have been, or shall be, issued forth to any Person or Persons who hath, have been, or shall be, nominated Commander or Commanders of any Ship or Vessel, either by virtue of the said Act of the Twenty ninth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, or this present Act.

Provided nevertheless, That the Secretary of the Admiralty for the time being shall, with all convenient Speed, after any and every such Commission shall be so revoked, cause Notice thereof in Writing to be forthwith sent to the Owner or Owners, or Agent or Agents, or Surety or Sureties, or some One of them, of the Ship or Vessel named or described in such Order of Revocation: And in case such Ship or Vessel shall be in the Channel, the said Order of Revocation shall be effectual to supersede and annul the said Commission, at the Expiration of Twenty Days from and after such Notice given as aforesaid, or sooner, if Notice shall be actually given in Writing by the Secretary of the Admiralty to the Captain or Commander thereof; and in case such Ship or Vessel shall be in the Northern Seas, at the Expiration of Thirty Days; and in case such Ship or Vessel shall be to the Southward of Cape Finisterre, or in the Mediterranean, at the Expiration of

of Six Weeks; and in case such Ship or Vessel shall be in North America, or the West Indies, at the Expiration of Three Months; and in case such Ship or Vessel shall be in the East Indies, at the Expiration of Six Months: And any Commander or Commanders, Owner or Owners, Agent or Agents, Surety or Sureties, of any such Ship or Vessel, whereof such Commission or Commissions issued or to be issued forth as aforesaid shall be so revoked, may complain thereof to His Majesty in Council, within Thirty Days next after the Secretary of the Admiralty for the time being shall cause Notice thereof to be given as aforesaid; and the Determination of His Majesty in Council, touching every such Complaint, shall be final.

in North America, the West Indies, or East Indies.

Complaint may be made to the King in Council of such Revocation.

The Council's Determination to be final;

Provided always, That in case any such Order of Revocation shall be superseded, such Commission shall be deemed and taken to have continued in Force; and all Prizes taken by virtue thereof shall belong to, and be the Property of, such Owners and Captors, in such Manner as the same would have been in case such Order of Revocation had not been made.

and if the Order shall be superseded, the Commission to stand good.

Provided also, That no Person shall be liable to be punished for doing, before he shall have received personal Notice of such Order of Revocation, any Matter or Thing which he might have lawfully done under the Authority of such Commission, in case such Order of Revocation had not been made.

None liable to Punishment before personal Notice received of such Order of Revocation.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That before the granting or issuing of any Commission in pursuance of this Act, such Bail and Security shall be taken as have been usual upon the granting or issuing of Commissions for Private Ships of War; and that, previous to the taking of such Bail and Security, the Persons who propose to be bound, and give such Security, shall severally make Oath before the Judge of the High Court of Admiralty of England, or his Surrogate, or other Person or Persons by such Judge, or Surrogate, lawfully commissioned, that, at the Time of their being sworn, they are respectively worth more Money than the Sum for which they are then to be bound, over and above all their just Debts: And moreover, the Marshal of the said High Court of Admiralty for the time being, or his Deputy, or the Person or Persons so commissioned as aforesaid, is or are hereby required and directed to make diligent Enquiry into, and satisfy himself or themselves of, the Sufficiency of such Bail and Security, and make a Report thereof to the said Judge, or his Surrogate, before any such Commission shall be granted or issued.

Usual Bail and Security to be taken;

the Parties making Oath of their Qualification;

and the Marshal satisfying himself as to the Sufficiency thereof.

And

Persons apply-
ing for Com-
missions, to
make Applica-
tion in Writ-
ing,

and set forth
a Description
of the Vessel,
&c.

the Particu-
lars thereof to
be inserted in
the Commis-
sion ;

which Com-
mission is to be
produced to
the Collector
or other Offi-
cer of the Port,

who is to exa-
mine the Ship,
and see how
far she agrees,
in all Respects,
with the said
Description ;

and if she a-
grees thereto,
or be of a
greater Force
or Burthen,

is to grant
a Certificate,
which shall be
a Clearance to
such Vessel.

Penalty of de-
parting with-
out such Clear-
ance.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the First Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, all and every Person and Persons who shall apply to the said Lord High Admiral, or the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral for the time being, in order to obtain any Commission to be granted or issued forth in pursuance of this Act, shall make every such Application in Writing, and therein set forth a particular, true, and exact Description of the Ship or Vessel for which such Commission is requested, specifying the Burthen of such Ship or Vessel, and the Number and Nature of the Guns on Board the same, to what Place belonging, and the Name or Names of the Principal Owner or Owners of such Ship or Vessel, and the Number of Men intended to be put on Board the same (all which Particulars shall be inserted in every Commission to be granted or issued in pursuance of this Act) and that every Commander of a Private Ship or Vessel of War, for which a Commission shall be granted or issued in pursuance of this Act, shall produce such Commission to the Collector, Customer, or Searcher, for the time being, of His Majesty's Customs, residing at, or belonging to, the Port from whence such Ship or Vessel shall be first fitted out, or to the lawful Deputy or Deputies of such Collector, Customer, or Searcher ; and the said Collector, Customer, or Searcher, or his or their lawful Deputy or Deputies, shall, as soon thereafter as conveniently may be, without Fee or Reward, inspect and examine such Ship or Vessel, so as to ascertain the Burthen thereof, and the Number of Men, and Number and Nature of the Guns on Board the same : And if such Ship or Vessel shall thereupon be found to be of such Burthen, and be manned and armed according to the Tenor of the Description inserted in such Commission as aforesaid, or be of a greater Burthen or Force than shall be mentioned in such Commission, then such Collector, Customer, or Searcher, or his or their lawful Deputy or Deputies, shall, and he or they is and are hereby required immediately upon the Request of the Commander of such Ship or Vessel, to give a Certificate thereof in Writing under his or their Hand or Hands gratis, to such Commander ; which Certificate shall be deemed a necessary Clearance, before such Private Ship or Vessel shall be permitted to sail from that Port ; and if the Commander of any Ship or Vessel for which any Commission shall have been granted or issued in pursuance of this Act, shall depart with such Ship or Vessel from such Port of Clearance, before he hath received such

such Certificate, or shall depart from any such Port, or proceed upon a Cruise, with a Force inferior to the Force specified in such Commission, or required by this Act; in every such Case, the Commission for such Ship or Vessel shall from thenceforth be absolutely null and void; and the Commander so offending, being convicted thereof before any Court of Admiralty, shall be imprisoned without Bail or Mainprize, for such Space as the said Court shall direct, not exceeding One Year for any One Offence.

or with a Force inferior to that specified in the Commission.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Collector, Customers, or Searcher of His Majesty's Customs, or his or their lawful Deputy or Deputies, shall grant a Certificate for any Ship or Vessel which shall not be of the Burthen and Force specified in the Commission granted to the Commander or Commanders thereof, or of greater Burthen and Force than shall be mentioned in such Commission, he shall, for such Offence, forfeit his said Office, and be for ever after incapable of holding any Office in the Customs, and shall also forfeit the Sum of One hundred Pounds, to be recovered by any Person or Persons who will sue for the same, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, in which no Escoin. Protection, Wager of Law, or more than One Imparlance, shall be allowed; and One Moiety of the said Penalty of One hundred Pounds, when recovered, shall be paid to the Informer or Informers, and the other Moiety to the Treasurer for the time being to the Corporation for the Relief and Support of sick, maimed, and disabled Seamen, and of the Widows and Children of such as shall be killed, slain, or drowned, in the Merchants Service, for the Use of such Corporation; or where such Forfeitures shall be incurred in any of the Out-ports in which a Corporation is established, or shall hereafter be established, for the Purposes aforesaid, then the Moiety of such Penalty shall be paid to the Trustees for the Use of the Corporation so established.

Collector, &c. granting a false Certificate,

to forfeit his Office, and 100 l.

Recovery and Application thereof.

Provided always, That the Number of Tons so to be certified, be ascertained according to the Rules laid down by an Act passed in the Eighth Year of the Reign of Her late Majesty Queen Ann, intituled, An Act for making a convenient Dock or Basen at *Liverpool*, for the Security of all Ships trading to or from the said Port of *Liverpool*.

Tonage to be ascertained according to the Rules prescribed by Act 8 Anna.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in case at any Time or Times after the First Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, any Commander or Commanders of any Private Ship or Ships,

Privateers agreeing for the Ransom of Neutral Ships made Prizes,

and discharg-
ing them with-
out bringing
them into Port,

deemed guilty
of Piracy; and
to suffer Death
and Confisca-
tion of Goods,
&c.

Privateers may
take Contra-
band Goods
from on Board
Neutral Ships,
with Consent
of the Com-
manders, and
set the Vessels
at Liberty.

Penalty of em-
bezzling the
same.

All Papers,
&c. found on
Board Prize
Vessels, to be
brought into
the Registry of
the Admiralty;

Ships, or Vessel or Vessels, of War, duly commissioned by virtue of the said Act of the Twenty ninth Year of His Majesty's Reign, or this Act, shall agree with the Commander or Commanders, or other Person or Persons, of or belonging to any Neutral or other Ship or Ships, Vessel or Vessels (except those of His Majesty's declared Enemies) for the Ransom of any such Neutral or other Ship or Ships, Vessel or Vessels, or the respective Cargo or Cargoes thereof, or any Part thereof, after the same shall have been taken as Prize, and shall, in pursuance of any such Agreement or Agreements, actually quit, set at liberty, or discharge, any such Prize or Prizes, instead of bringing the same into some Port or Ports belonging to His Majesty's Dominions; that then all and every of the Commander and Commanders of such Private Ship or Ships, or Vessel or Vessels, of War, who shall so agree for any such Ransom (except as aforesaid) and shall quit, set at liberty, or discharge, any such Prize or Prizes in Manner aforesaid, shall be deemed, adjudged, and taken to be guilty of Piracy, Felony, and Robbery; and he, they, and every of them, being duly convicted thereof in the Manner herein before-mentioned, shall have and suffer such Pains of Death, Loss of Lands, Goods, and Chattles, as Pirates, Felons, and Robbers upon the Seas, ought to have and suffer according to the Laws now in being.

Provided always, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Commander of any Private Ship of War, upon the Capture of any Neutral Ship or Vessel which by any Law or Treaty shall be liable only to the Forfeiture of such Contraband Goods as shall be on Board thereof, to receive such Goods from such Ship or Vessel, in case the Commander thereof is willing to deliver the same; and the Commander of such Private Ship of War may thereupon quit, set at liberty, or discharge, such Neutral Ship or Vessel; any thing herein before contained to the contrary notwithstanding: And if any Person or Persons shall purloin or embezzle any such Contraband Goods before Condemnation thereof, every such Person shall be subject to such Pains and Forfeitures as are inflicted by Law upon Persons purloining or embezzling Goods out of any captured Ship.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the First Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, all Books, Papers, and Writings, found in any Ship or Vessel taken as Prize, shall, without Delay, be brought into the Registry of the Court of Admiralty wherein such Ship or Vessel may

may be proceeded against, in Order to Condemnation ; but that such only of the said Books, Papers, and Writings, shall be made use of and translated, as shall be agreed or insisted upon by the Proctors of the several Parties, Captains, or Claimants, or, in case of no Claim, by the Captain or Register, to be necessary for ascertaining the Property of such Ship or Vessel, and the Cargo thereof.

but such only as shall be thought necessary by the Proctors to be translated and made use of, &c.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said First Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, no Judge, Register, or Deputy Register, Marshal, or Deputy Marshal, or any other Officer whatsoever, of or belonging to any Court of Admiralty or Vice Admiralty in Great Britain or Ireland, or in any of His Majesty's Colonies or Plantations in America, or elsewhere, nor any Person or Persons practising either as Advocate, Proctor, or otherwise, in any such Court or Courts, shall be concerned or interested, directly or indirectly, as Owner, Part Owner, Sharer, or Adventurer, in any Private Ship or Ships, or Vessel or Vessels, of War whatsoever, having any Commission or Commissions as aforesaid : And in case any such Judge, Register, Deputy Register, Marshal, Deputy Marshal, or other Officer, Advocate, or Proctor whatsoever, shall, notwithstanding this Act, be directly or indirectly concerned or interested as aforesaid ; such Judge, Register, Deputy Register, or Marshal, Deputy Marshal, or other Officer respectively, shall, for such Offence (being thereof lawfully convicted, either upon an Information or an Indictment) absolutely forfeit his Office and Employment in and belonging to any such Court of Admiralty or Vice Admiralty, of what Kind or Nature soever such Office or Employment may happen to be, and shall also forfeit and pay to the Use of His Majesty, His Heirs, and Successors, the Sum of One hundred Pounds ; and every such Advocate or Proctor respectively shall, for such last-mentioned Offence (being thereof lawfully convicted in Manner aforesaid) be from thenceforth absolutely disqualified, and rendered for ever incapable of practising either as an Advocate or Proctor in any of His Majesty's Courts of Admiralty or Vice Admiralty wheresoever.

No Officer of the Court of Admiralty,

or Advocate, &c. of the Court, to be in any ways interested in Privateers ;

on Forfeiture of his Employment, and 100*l*.

and Advocate, &c. to be disqualified from practising in the said Courts.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the First Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, no Register or Deputy Register, nor any Marshal or Deputy Marshal, of or belonging to any of His Majesty's said Courts of Admiralty or Vice Admiralty whatsoever, shall, either directly or indirectly, by himself or themselves, or by any Agent or Agents, or other Person or Persons whatsoever, act or be concerned in

Registers and Marshals of the Court disqualified from acting as Advocates or Proctors,

on Forfeiture
of their re-
spective Of-
fices.

Commissions
heretofore
granted to
Vessels of in-
ferior Force
and Burthen,
than this Act
allows,

except such as
shall be con-
firmed by the
Admiralty;

are revoked,
and declared
void.

Confirmation
of Commis-
sions to be
granted with-
out Fee.

Where the
Commissions
of inferior
Vessels are va-
cated by Re-
vocation,

His Majesty to
appoint Per-
sons to adjust
the Claims of
the Owners
for Damages;

any Manner, either as an Advocate or Proctor, in any Cause, Matter, or Business whatsoever, that shall be depending in any such Court or Courts of Admiralty or Vice Admiralty, to which such Register, Deputy Register, Marshal, or Deputy Marshal, shall then belong; and that every Register, Deputy Register, Marshal, or Deputy Marshal, who shall be guilty of such Offence (being thereof lawfully convicted, either upon an Information or Indictment) shall from thenceforth absolutely forfeit his respective Office and Employment of Register, Deputy Register, Marshal, or Deputy Marshal, in and belonging to the same Court.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all and every Commission and Commissions which have been issued forth or granted in pursuance of the aforesaid Act of Parliament made and passed in the Twenty ninth Year of his present Majesty's Reign, to the Commander or Commanders of any Private Ship or Ships, or Vessel or Vessels, of War, in Europe, such Ship or Ships, Vessel or Vessels, not being respectively of the Burthen of One hundred Tons, and carrying each Ten Carriage Guns, being Three Pounds, and forty Men at the least (except such Ships or Vessels of an inferior Burthen or Force whose Commissions shall be respectively confirmed by any Order in Writing under the Hand or Hands of the Lord High Admiral of Great Britain, or the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral of Great Britain, or any Three or more of them, or any Person or Persons by him or them impowered and appointed) shall, from and after the first Day of July, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, be null and void; and the same, and every of them, is and are hereby accordingly enacted and declared to be absolutely revoked and made null and void, to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever.

Provided always, That every such Confirmation of any Commission as aforesaid, shall be made and granted without Fee or Reward.

And, to the end that the Owners of such Ships or Vessels, not being under fifty, or above One hundred, Tons, whose Commissions are by this Act made void, which, since the Twenty seventh Day of May, One thousand seven hundred and fifty six, have constantly served as Private Ships of War to the Time of such Revocation, may not be injured thereby; it is hereby further enacted.

That it shall and may be lawful for his Majesty, under his Royal Sign Manual, to appoint such Person or Persons as his Majesty shall think fit to receive and adjust the Claims of such Owners, for any Loss or Damage they may

may respectively sustain by reason of the Revocation of any of the said Commissions hereby made void; and the Sums which shall by such Person or Persons, so appointed by His Majesty, be certified to be due on such Claims, shall be paid out of the next Aids to be granted in Parliament.

and the Sums
certified by
them, to be
paid out of the
next Supplies.

And, for the more speedy bringing of Offenders to Justice, and to prevent the Inconveniencies occasioned by want of frequently holding a Session of Admiralty for the Trial of Offences committed on the High Seas; be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the First Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, a Session of Oyer and Terminer and Gaol Delivery, for the Trial of Offences committed upon the High Seas within the Jurisdiction of the Admiralty of England, shall be held Twice at the least in every Year; that is to say, In the several Months of March and October in each Year, at Justice Hall in the Old Bailey, London; except at such Times as the Sessions of Oyer and Terminer and Gaol Delivery for the City of London and County of Middlesex shall be appointed to be there held; or in such other Place, within that Part of Great Britain called England, as the Lord High Admiral of Great Britain, or the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral of Great Britain for the time being, or any Three or more of them, shall, by any Letter, or Order in Writing, under their Hands, directed to the Judge of the High Court of Admiralty in England for the time being, appoint.

A Session of
the Court of
Admiralty to
be held in
March and
October yearly.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the First Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, it shall and may be lawful, not only to and for any One or more of the Commissioners for the time being, named in the Commission of Oyer and Terminer for the trying of Offences committed within the Jurisdiction of the Admiralty of England, but also to and for any One or more of the Justices of the Peace for the time being of any County, Riding, Division, or Place, within that Part of Great Britain called England, and they are hereby respectively authorized and impowered, from time to time, to take any Information or Informations of any Witness or Witnesses in Writing upon Oath, touching any Piracy, Felony, or Robbery, done or committed, or charged to have been done or committed, in or upon the Sea, or in any Haven, River, Creek, or Place, where the Admiral or Admirals hath or have Power, Authority, or Jurisdiction; and thereupon (if such Commissioner or Commissioners, or Justice

Commissioners
of the Court,
and Justices of
the Peace, im-
powered to
take Informa-
tions of Pi-
racy, &c.

and, if they
see Cause, to
apprehend and
commit the
Offenders;

and to oblige
the Prosecu-
tors and Evi-
dences to en-
ter into Re-
cognizances,
to appear and
prosecute;

and on Re-
fusal, to com-
mit them.

Recogni-
zances and In-
formations to
be transmitted
to the Regi-
ster of the
Court, to be
laid before the
Judge, and
kept among
the Records.

or Justices of the Peace respectively, shall see Cause) by any Warrant or Warrants under his or their Hand and Seal, or Hands and Seals, to cause the Person or Persons accused in such Information or Informations to be apprehended and committed to the Gaol of the County or Place wherein the same Information or Informations shall be taken, there to remain until discharged by due Course of Law.

And it is hereby further enacted, That such of the said Commissioners, or Justices of the Peace, who shall cause any such Person or Persons to be committed as is last-mentioned, shall, and he or they is or are hereby respectively required, at the same Time, to oblige all and every such other Person or Persons whom such Commissioner or Commissioners, or Justice or Justices of the Peace, shall judge necessary to prosecute and give Evidence against the Person or Persons who shall be so committed as aforesaid, to enter into One or more Recognizance or Recognizances to His Majesty, in a sufficient Penalty, for his, her, or their appearing at the then next Session of Oyer and Terminer, and Gaol Delivery, to be held for the Jurisdiction of the Admiralty of England, there to prosecute and give Evidence against the Person or Persons who shall be committed as aforesaid: And if any Person shall refuse to enter into such Recognizance to prosecute or give Evidence, as shall be required, he, she, or they, so refusing, shall be committed by any such Commissioner or Commissioners, Justice or Justices, to the Gaol of the County or Place in which the Person so refusing shall be, until the next Sessions of Admiralty shall be held, or such Person shall enter into such Recognizance as shall be required as aforesaid; which Recognizance or Recognizances, together with the Information or Informations taken, touching the Offence or Offences wherewith the Person or Persons to be committed as aforesaid shall be charged, the said Commissioner or Commissioners, or Justice or Justices of the Peace, before whom the same shall be taken, shall, and they are hereby respectively required, to transmit, with all convenient Speed, to the Register for the time being of the High Court of Admiralty of England, to be by him forthwith laid before the Judge for the time being of the same Court, and afterwards to be kept among the Records of that Court.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Marshal of the Admiralty for the time being, and his Deputy or Deputies, and all Sheriffs, Bailiffs, Stewards, Constables, Headboroughs, Tythingmen, Keepers

Keepers of Gaols and Prisons, and all other Officers whatsoever, for keeping of the Peace (as well within Liberties as without) shall, and they, and every of them, are hereby respectively authorized and required, from time to time, diligently to execute, perform, and obey all such Precept and Precepts, Warrant and Warrants, and other Order and Orders, as shall at any Time or Times hereafter be made, directed, issued, or given to them, or any of them respectively, by any One or more of the said Commissioners named in the Commission of Oyer and Terminer, or Justices of the Peace, by virtue or in pursuance of this Act, touching any of the Matters or Things herein contained.

The Marshal, Sheriffs, and other Peace Officers, are to obey and execute all Precepts and Orders of the Commissioners and Justices.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in case any Appeal shall be interposed from a Sentence given in any Admiralty Court, concerning any Goods and Effects which may hereafter be seized or taken as Prize, in pursuance of the aforesaid Act of Parliament of the Twenty ninth Year of His Majesty's Reign, or of this Act; that then, and in such Case, the Judge of such Court of Admiralty shall and may, at the Request, Costs, and Charges, either of the Captor or Claimant, or of the Claimant only, in Cases where the Privilege is reserved in Favour of the Claimant by any Treaty or Treaties subsisting between His Majesty and Foreign Powers, make an Order to have such Capture appraised, unless the Parties shall otherwise agree upon the Value thereof, and an Inventory taken, and then take Security for the full Value thereof, and thereupon cause such Capture to be delivered to the Party giving such Security, in like Manner as, by the said former Act, such Judge ought or could have done, before Sentence given, notwithstanding such Appeal: And if there shall be any Difficulty or Objection to the giving or taking of Security, the said Judge shall, at the Request of either of the Parties, order such Goods and Effects to be entered, landed, and sold by publick Auction, as Prize Goods now are, under the Care and Custody of the proper Officers of the Customs, and under the Direction and Inspection of such Persons as shall be appointed by the Claimants and Captors; and the Monies arising by such Sale shall be deposited in the Bank of England, or in some publick Securities, and in the Names of such Trustees as the Captors and Claimants shall jointly appoint, and the Court shall approve, for the Use and Benefit of the Parties who shall be adjudged to be intitled thereto: And if such Security shall be given by the Claimants, then it is hereby also enacted,

Where an Appeal shall be interposed from the Sentence of the Court, concerning Goods taken as Prize,

the Capture may be appraised, and upon Security given, be delivered to the Party;

and if there shall be any Difficulty or Objection to the giving or taking Security, the Judge may order the Goods to be landed, and sold by Auction,

and the Money to be deposited in the Bank, &c.

If Security be
given by the
Claimants,
Judge to give
the Capture a
Pass.
Act to be in
Force during
the present
War with
France.

acted, That such Judge shall give such Capture a Pass, to prevent it's being taken again by His Majesty's Subjects in it's destined Voyage.

Provided always, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That this Act shall continue in Force during the present War with France, and no longer.

F I N I S.

Anno Regni GEORGGII II.

R E G I S

Magnæ Britannia, Francia, & Hibernia,

TRICESIMO SECUNDO.

At the Parliament begun and holden at *Westminster*,
the Thirty first Day of *May*, *Anno Dom.* 1754.
in the Twenty seventh Year of the Reign of our
Sovereign Lord *GEORGE* the Second, by the
Grace of God, of *Great Britain, France, and*
Ireland, King, Defender of the Faith, &c.

And from thence continued by several Prorogations to the Twenty
third Day of *November*, 1758, being the Sixth Session of this
present Parliament.



L O N D O N:

Printed by *Thomas Baskett*, Printer to the King's most Excellent
Majesty; and by the Assigns of *Robert Baskett*. 1759.

Anno tricesimo secundo

Georgii II. Regis.

An Act for applying a Sum of Money granted in this Session of Parliament towards carrying on the Works for fortifying and securing the Harbour of *Milford* in the County of *Pembroke*; and to amend and render more effectual an Act of last Session of Parliament, for applying a Sum of Money towards fortifying the said Harbour.



W H E R E A S by an Act passed in the Thirty first Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act for applying a Sum of Money granted in this Session of Parliament towards carrying on the Works for fortifying and securing the Harbour of *Milford* in the County of *Pembroke*; it was enacted, That out of all or any the Aids or Supplies granted to His Majesty for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and fifty

Preamble, reciting a Clause in Act
31 Geo. II.

5 R 2

eight,

10,000 l. to be
issued out of
the Supplies
granted for
the Year 1759,
towards forti-
fying the
Harbour of
Milford.

eight, there should and might be issued and applied any Sum or Sums of Money, not exceeding the Sum of Ten thousand Pounds, towards carrying on the Works for fortifying and securing the Harbour of Milford in the County of Pembroke: And whereas a further Sum of Money is necessary for that Purpose: May it therefore please Your Majesty, that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That out of all or any the Aids or Supplies granted to His Majesty for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, there shall and may be issued and applied any Sum or Sums of Money, not exceeding the Sum of Ten thousand Pounds, towards carrying on the Works for fortifying and securing the Harbour of Milford in the County of Pembroke.

Commission-
ers for putting
this Act in
Execution.

And whereas by the said recited Act the Principal Officers of His Majesty's Ordnance, and the Justices of the Peace for the County of Pembroke for the time being, are appointed Commissioners for putting the said Act in Execution: And whereas it may be inconvenient at this Time for the said Principal Officers of His Majesty's Ordnance to give their constant Attendance to such Commission; be it therefore further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Principal Officers of His Majesty's Ordnance, and the Justices of the Peace for the County of Pembroke for the time being, together with William Skinner Esquire Chief Engineer, and the Chief Engineer for the time being, David Watson, John Henry Bastide, Charles Hubert Herriot, and Thomas Walker, Esquires; shall be, and they are hereby appointed, Commissioners for putting the said recited Act, and this present Act, in Execution.

And whereas by the Direction of the said Principal Officers of His Majesty's Ordnance, Surveys and Plans have

have been made of proper Places for erecting Fortifications in the said Harbour of Milford: And whereas Pater-Church-Point, West-Lanyon-Point, and Neyland-Point, within the said Harbour, have been reported by the Engineers employed for that Purpose to be the most proper and best situated Places for fortifying the interior Parts of the said Harbour; be it therefore further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That Fortifications shall be erected on or near the said several Points called Pater-Church-Point, West-Lanyon-Point, and Neyland-Point, under the Direction of the Master General and Principal Officers of His Majesty's Ordnance for the time being, or any Person or Persons that he or they, or any Three or more of them, shall appoint to carry on such Work, as soon as the Lands necessary for building thereof shall be set out, described, and purchased, in the Manner directed in the said recited Act; and that in the mean Time all proper and necessary Materials shall be provided for carrying on the said Fortifications.

Fortifications to be erected on the Places here mentioned, under Direction of the Master General and other Officers of the Ordnance.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners, or any Five or more of them, to appoint proper Secretaries, Clerks, Assistants, or other Officers, for the more effectual carrying the said recited Act and this present Act into Execution; and that the necessary Expences and Charges attending the same, shall be paid out of the Monies thereby and hereby granted.

Commissioners empowered to appoint and pay Secretaries, and other proper Officers under them.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That an Account of the Application of the Monies hereby appropriated towards carrying on the Works for fortifying and securing the said Harbour, shall be laid before both Houses of Parliament, within Twenty Days after the Opening of every Session of Parliament.

Account of the Application of the Monies to be laid before Parliament.

Charges of
obtaining this
Act to be first
paid out of the
Monies grant-
ed.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid,
**That all such Costs and Charges as shall be incurred in ob-
taining this Act, shall be in the first Place paid out of the
Monies hereby granted,**

F I N I S.

Annals of the Revolution

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the second
by the
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Printed by
1790

Anno Regni GEORGE II. REGIS

Magnæ Britanniae, Franciæ, & Hiberniæ,

TRICESIMO SECUNDO.

At the Parliament begun and holden at *Westminster*, the Thirty first Day of *May*, *Anno Dom.* 1754. in the Twenty seventh Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord *GEORGE* the Second, by the Grace of God, of *Great Britain, France, and Ireland*, King, Defender of the Faith, &c.

And from thence continued by several Prorogations to the Twenty third Day of *November*, 1758, being the Sixth Session of this present Parliament.



L O N D O N :

Printed by *Thomas Baskett*, Printer to the King's most Excellent Majesty; and by the Assigns of *Robert Baskett*. 1759.

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Anno tricesimo secundo

Georgii II. Regis.

An Act for continuing, amending, explaining, and making more effectual, an Act made in the Nineteenth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act more effectually to prevent the Frauds and Abuses committed in the Admeasurement of Coals within the City and Liberty of Westminster, and that Part of the Duchy of Lancaster adjoining thereto, and the several Parishes of Saint Giles in the Fields, Saint Mary le Bon, and such Part of the Parish of Saint Andrew, Holborn, as lies in the County of Middlesex.*



W H E R E A S by an Act made and passed in the Nineteenth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, An Act more effectually to prevent the Frauds and Abuses committed in the Admeasurement of Coals within the City and Liberty of *Westminster*, and that Part of the Duchy of *Lancaster* adjoining thereto, and the several Parishes of *Saint Giles in the Fields*, *Saint Mary le Bon*, and such Part of the Parish of *Saint Andrew, Holborn*, as lies in the County of *Middlesex*; it was enacted, That from and after the Twenty fourth Day of September, One thousand seven hundred and forty six, there should be erected and continued within the City and Liberty of *Westminster*, One publick Office, to be called by the Name of The Land Coal Meters Office for the City and Liberty of *Westminster*; and which should, from time to time, be managed by Two Persons to be nominated and appointed by His Majesty, His Heirs, and Successors, and to be called and known by the Name of The Principal Land Coal Meters for the City and Liberty of *Westminster*; and divers Fees, Rules, Orders,

Preamble, re-
citing Act
19 Geo. II.

Powers,

Powers, Authorities, Penalties, Punishments, Forfeitures, and Provisions, were thereby given, granted, made, established, prescribed, and directed, to be levied and inflicted respectively, for the better enforcing and carrying the said Act into Execution for the Purposes therein mentioned; and which were to continue and be in Force for Three Years, from the Twenty fourth Day of September, One thousand seven hundred and forty six, and to the End of the then next Session of Parliament: And it was thereby, amongst other Things, enacted and provided, That if the Driver of any Cart loaded with Coals, or any Person belonging thereto, or employed therewith, should deliver, or suffer to be delivered or taken from such Cart, any Coals under his Care, otherwise than to or for the Use of the Owner or Owners thereof, and should be convicted of such Offence, he should, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of Five Pounds: And it was thereby further enacted and provided, That if any Person or Persons should be dissatisfied with, or think himself or herself aggrieved by or in the Measure of any Coals, under or by virtue of the said Act, the same Coals should, either upon acquainting the Seller of such Coals, or the Carman driving or leading the same, at any Time during the Delivery thereof, and before the Carman should be discharged thereof by the Consumer, or his, her, or their, Agent or Agents, be remeasured either in the Presence of a Sea Coal Meter, from the Sea Coal Meters Office in the City of London, or One of the Meters, or their Agents, appointed in pursuance of the said Act, for which there should be paid Four Pence for every Chaldron, and no more; and in case the Coals so to be remeasured, should not amount to the Measure for which they were originally sold and measured, the Sellers of such Coals are thereby respectively made liable to the Penalties and Punishments thereby inflicted, to be recovered and applied in Manner therein mentioned; and that, from and after Notice should have been given in Writing of any such Dissatisfaction or Grievance as aforesaid, to the Seller of such Coals, or to the Carman leading or driving the same, and whilst such Coals should so remain in their or either of their Possession or Power, such Seller or Carman, in whose Possession or Power such Coals should be at the Time of such Notice, should not leave or depart from the Cart in which such Coals should have been laden, but that he and they should remain with the same, and take all possible Care both of the Coals and Cart, till a Meter or Meters, appointed in pursuance of the said Act, could be procured to remeasure such Coals; and they are there-

by respectively required, from time to time, with all convenient Speed, on Notice for that Purpose to be delivered or left at the said Office in Writing in any of the Office Hours, to attend for that Purpose: And whereas the said Act of Parliament (having by Experience been found useful and beneficial within the City and Liberty of Westminster, and the other Places and Limits therein mentioned) was, by Three subsequent Acts, One of the Twenty third, another of the Twenty fourth, and another of the Thirty first Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, further continued until the Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine: And whereas it would be of great Service to the Inhabitants of the City and Liberty of Westminster, and the said several Parts and Places of the County of Middlesex, that the said Act should, under certain Restrictions, be further continued; and in case proper Provisions were made for obviating Mischiefs and Abuses which were not foreseen, and not sufficiently provided for by the said former Act, the same would be still of greater Benefit and Advantage to the said Inhabitants, and more effectually answer the Purposes thereby intended: May it therefore please Your Majesty, that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That if the Driver of any Cart loaded with Coals, or any Person belonging thereto, or employed therewith, shall deliver, or suffer to be delivered or taken from such Cart, any Coals under his Care, otherwise than to or for the Use of the Owner or Owners thereof, and shall be lawfully convicted in such Manner as in the said Act is mentioned; he shall, for every such Offence, be publicly whipt, or committed to the House of Correction, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize for the Space of Three Months.

Carter, &c. fraudulently delivering, or suffering Coal to be taken from his Cart, to be publicly whipt, and committed for 3 Months.

And it is hereby further enacted, That in case any Person or Persons shall be dissatisfied with, or think himself or herself aggrieved by or in the Measure of any Coals, under or by virtue of the said former Act, and such Coals shall be remeasured in pursuance or under the Authority of the said Acts, and shall, upon such remeasuring, fall short of, and be deficient of, the true Quantity or Measure, at or for which the same were originally contracted for, sold, and measured; then, and in such Case, the Principal Coal Meter or Coal Meters shall, for every Bushel which the said Coals so to be remeasured shall fall short of or be deficient in the true Quantity or Measure so originally con-

And if Coals, upon Remeasurement, shall fall short of the Quantity they were originally sold and measured for,

the Principal
CoalMeters to
pay 40 s. for
every Bushel
wanting of the
Measure.

Labouring
Coal Meter
delivering
Tickets for
Coals, which
he was not pre-
sent at the
measuring of,
to be commit-
ted to hard
Labour for 30
Days, and in-
capacitated;
and the Prin-
cipals to for-
feit 5 l.

Clause in Act
3 Ge. II.

Sacks to be
4 Feet 4 Inches
long, and 26
Inches broad.

40 s. Penalty
on using Sacks
of less Dimen-
sions.

traffed for, sold, and measured, forfeit and pay the Sum of Forty Shillings; to be recovered and applied in such and the same Manner as the pecuniary Penalties inflicted and directed to be levied by the first mentioned Act, are thereby ordered, directed, and appointed, to be levied, recovered, and applied respectively.

And it is hereby further enacted, That if any Labouring Coal Meter shall deliver a Ticket to any Person or Persons for any Quantity of Coals, without having been present at, and seen the measuring of, the whole Quantity thereof specified and expressed in such Ticket, in every such Case the Principal Coal Meters shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Five Pounds; to be recovered and applied in such Manner as the pecuniary Penalties, inflicted and directed to be levied by the first-mentioned Act, are thereby ordered, directed, and appointed, to be levied, recovered, and applied, respectively: And every Labouring Coal Meter so offending, upon Complaint thereof made unto any One or more Justice or Justices of the Peace for the City and Liberty of Westminster, or for the said County of Middlesex, and, upon due Proof made to his or their Satisfaction, shall be committed to the House of Correction, there to remain, and be kept to hard Labour, for any Time not exceeding Thirty Days; and shall be forever rendered incapable of acting as a Labouring Coal Meter under this Act.

And whereas by an Act passed in the Third Year of His present Majesty's Reign, it was therein enacted, That all Coals should be carried to the respective Buyers, within the Limits therein mentioned, in Linen Sacks, sealed and marked with white Paint in Oil at Guildhall, London, or at the Exchequer Office at Westminster, by the proper Officer there; which Sacks shall be full Four Feet and Two Inches in Length, and Six and twenty Inches in Breadth, after they shall be made: And whereas it has been found by Experience that these Dimensions have not been quite sufficient, by reason of the great shrinking of the Sacks from Wet, and other Causes; be it therefore enacted, That from and after the Twenty fourth Day of December, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, all Sacks made use of for the Carriage of Coals within the Limits mentioned in the aforesaid Act, shall be full Four Feet Four Inches in Length, and full Twenty Six Inches in Breadth, after they are made; nor shall any of less Dimensions be sealed or marked at the above mentioned Offices: And if any Person or Persons dealing in or selling Coals within the Limits aforesaid, shall use, or cause to be used, Sacks of any less Dimensions

sions than the Dimensions herein before directed, every such Person shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Forty Shillings, to be recovered, levied, and applied, in such Manner as the pecuniary Penalties, inflicted and directed to be levied by the said Act of the Nineteenth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, are thereby directed and appointed to be levied, recovered, and applied, respectively.

And, for the more effectually preventing any Frauds by false Admeasurement of Coals; it is hereby further enacted, That if any Person employed as a Labouring Coal Meter shall suffer any Coal Sacks to be made use of for the Carriage of Coals, being less than full Four Feet in Length, and full Two Feet in Breadth, within the Sack, or shall neglect to attend and perform his Duty at the Wharfs, as in the said Act of the Nineteenth Year of His present Majesty's Reign is directed, he shall, for every such Offence, forfeit the Sum of Forty Shillings; to be recovered, levied, and applied, in such and the like Manner as the pecuniary Penalties inflicted and directed to be levied by the said Act of the Nineteenth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, are thereby directed and appointed to be levied, recovered, and applied, respectively.

And it is hereby further enacted, That such Justice or Justices as aforesaid, upon every such Complaint so to him or them made in the Cases aforesaid, is and are hereby authorized and required to call and summon the Parties before him or them, and to hear and examine every such Complaint upon Oath, or upon Affirmation of such Witnesses or Witnesses as shall be of the People called Quakers (and which Oath or Affirmation such Justice or Justices is and are hereby respectively impowered and required to administer and take) and upon due Proof of such Offence as aforesaid to his or their Satisfaction, to grant a Warrant or Warrants under his or their Hand and Seal, or Hands and Seals, for the Commitment of such Offender or Offenders to the House of Correction, there to remain and be dealt with as aforesaid.

Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Commencement of this Act, none of the Provisions made by the said former Act of the Nineteenth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, or by this present Act, relating to the Payment of any Sum or Sums of Money for or on Account of the Admeasurement or Inspection of the Admeasurement of Coals, or to the Punishment of any Dealer in Coals, or Carter, on account of sending, carrying, or leading, Coals from any Wharf or Place within the Limits aforesaid, shall take Place and be in Force, except in such Cases only where the Buyer of such

Labouring Coal Meter using Sacks of less Dimensions than here allowed, or neglecting his Duty,

forfeits 40 s.

Application thereof.

Justices, upon Application and Complaint in any of the Cases aforesaid, to summon and examine the Parties;

and upon Proof of the Offence, to commit the Offender,

Provisions relating to the Fee for the Admeasurement of Coals, or Punishment of Dealers or Carters, to take Place in such Cases only, where a Meter shall have attended the Admeasurement at the Buyer's Desire.

such Coals shall have signified, by Notice in Writing to One of the Principal Coal Meters, or One of the Labouring Coal Meters, his or her Desire to have the Attendance of a Coal Meter to inspect the Admeasurement of his or her Coals, and where a Coal Meter shall, pursuant to such Notice, attend and actually inspect the Admeasurement of the whole Quantity of such Coals; any thing contained in the said recited Act, or this Act, to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

The Powers,
Ec. of 19 *Geo.*
 II.

except where
 altered by this
 Act,

to be in Force
 during the
 Continuance
 of this Act.

Commence-
 ment and Con-
 tinuance of
 this Act.

Publick Act.

And it is hereby further enacted and declared, That the said Act made in the Nineteenth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, and continued by the subsequent Acts herein before-mentioned and referred to, and all the Powers, Penalties, Forfeitures, Remedies, Provisions, Rules, Orders, Directions, Clauses, Matters, and Things, given, granted, ordered, appointed, prescribed, inserted, and contained, in and by the said Acts respectively, or any of them, which are now in Force (other than so far forth as the same, or any of them respectively, are varied, altered, explained, rendered unnecessary, or otherwise provided for by the Force of this present Act) shall be exercised, practised, used, enforced, and put in Execution, during the Continuance, and for the Purposes, of this present Act, in as full, extensive, and beneficial Manner, to all Intents and Purposes, as if the said Powers, Penalties, Forfeitures, Remedies, Provisions, Rules, Orders, Directions, Clauses, Matters, and Things, were particularly expressed, and again enacted in the Body of this present Act: And also that this Act shall take Effect, continue, and be in Force, from the said Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, for and during the further Term of Seven Years then next ensuing, and from thence to the End of the then next Session of Parliament; and shall be deemed, adjudged, and taken to be a Publick Act, and be judicially taken Notice of as such by all Judges, Justices, and other Persons whatsoever.

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F I N I S.

Anno Regni GEORGE II. REGIS

Magnæ Britannia, Francia, & Hibernia,
TRICESIMO SECUNDO.

At the Parliament begun and holden at *Westminster*, the Thirty first Day of *May*, Anno Dom. 1754, in the Twenty seventh Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord *GEORGE* the Second, by the Grace of God, of *Great Britain, France, and Ireland*, King, Defender of the Faith, &c.

And from thence continued by several Prorogations to the Twenty third Day of *November*, 1758, being the Sixth Session of this present Parliament.



L O N D O N :

Printed by *Thomas Baskett*, Printer to the King's most Excellent Majesty; and by the Assigns of *Robert Baskett*. 1759.

Anno tricesimo secundo

Georgii II. Regis.

An Act for Relief of Debtors with respect to the Imprisonment of their Persons; and to oblige Debtors, who shall continue in Execution in Prison beyond a certain Time, and for Sums not exceeding what are mentioned in the Act, to make Discovery of, and deliver upon Oath, their Estates for their Creditors Benefit.



W H E R E A S many Persons suffer by the Oppression of inferior Officers in the Execution of Process for Debt, and the Exaction of Fajloz to whom such Debtors are committed: For Remedy whereof, it may be reasonable not only to enforce the Execution of the Laws now in Being against such Oppressions and Exactions, more especially several Clauses in a Statute made at a Parliament

held in the Twenty second and Twenty third Years of the Reign of King Charles the Second (intituled, An Act for the Relief and Release of poor distressed Prisoners for Debt) but likewise to make some further Provisions for the Ease and Relief of Debtors who shall be willing to satisfy their

Preamble.
Act 22 & 23
Car.-II.

Officer may
not carry his
Prisoner to
any Tavern
or other Pub-
lick House,
without his
Consent ;

nor charge him
for Liquor or
other Things,
other than
such as he shall
freely and par-
ticularly call
for ;

nor demand
for Caption or
Attendance,
any other than
his legal Fee ;

nor exact any
Gratuity Mo-
ney ;

nor carry his
Prisoner to
Gaol within
24 Hours after
his Arrest, un-
less he shall
refuse to be
carried to some
safe House of
his own Ap-
pointment
within some
City or Town,
if arrested
there, or with-
in 3 Miles
thereof.

Creditors to the utmost of their Power ; be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That no Sheriff, Under Sheriff, Bailiff, Serjeant at Mace, or other Officer or Minister whatsoever, shall at any Time or Times hereafter convey or carry, or cause to be conveyed or carried, any Person or Persons by him or them arrested, or being in his or their Custody by virtue or colour of any Action, Writ, Process, or Attachment, to any Tavern, Ale-house, or other Publick Victualling or Drinking House, or to the Private House of any such Officer or Minister, or of any Tenant or Relation of his, without the free and voluntary Consent of the Person or Persons so arrested or in Custody ; nor charge any such Person or Persons with any Sum of Money for any Wine, Beer, Ale, Victuals, Tobacco, or any other Liquor or Things whatsoever, save what he, she, or they, shall call for of his, her, or their own free Accord ; nor shall cause or procure him, her, or them, to call or pay for any such Liquor or Things, except what he, she, or they, shall particularly and freely ask for ; nor shall demand, take, or receive, or cause to be demanded, taken, or received, directly or indirectly, any other or greater Sum or Sums of Money than is or shall be by Law allowed to be taken or demanded for any Arrest or Taking, or for detaining, or waiting till the Person or Persons so arrested or in Custody shall have given an Appearance or Bail, as the Case shall require, or agreed with the Person or Persons at whose Suit or Prosecution he, she, or they, shall be taken or arrested, or until he, she, or they, shall be sent to the proper Gaol belonging to the County, Riding, Division, City, Town, or Place, where such Arrest or Taking shall be ; nor shall exact or take any Reward, Gratuity, or Money, for keeping the Person or Persons so arrested or in Custody out of Gaol or Prison ; nor shall carry any such Person to any Gaol or Prison within Four and twenty Hours from the Time of such Arrest, unless such Person or Persons, so arrested, shall refuse to be carried to some safe and convenient Dwelling House of his, her, or their own Nomination or Appointment, within a City, Borough, Corporation, or Market Town, in case such Person or Persons shall be there arrested ; or within Three Miles from the Place where such Arrest shall be made, if the same shall be made out of any City, Borough, Corporation, or Market Town, so as such Dwelling House be not the House of the Person arrested, and be within the County, Riding, Division, or Liberty, in which

which the Person under Arrest was arrested; and then, and in any such Case, it shall be lawful to and for any such Sheriff, or other Officer or Minister, to convey or carry the Person or Persons so arrested, and refusing to be carried to such safe and convenient Dwelling House as aforesaid, to such Gaol or Prison as he, she, or they, may be sent to, by virtue of the Action, Writ, or Process, against him, her, or them.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Sheriff, Under Sheriff, Bailiff, Serjeant at Mace, or other Officer or Person, shall, at any Time or Times hereafter, take or receive any other or greater Sum or Sums for One or more Nights Lodging, or for a Day's Diet, or other Expences of any Person or Persons under Arrest, on any Writ, Action, Attachment, or Process, other than what shall be allowed as reasonable in such Cases by some Order or Orders already made, or which shall hereafter be made, by the Justices of the Peace at some General or Quarter Sessions which shall be held for the County, Riding, Division, City, Town, or Place, where such Arrest or Taking shall be, who are hereby authorized and required, with all convenient Expedition, to make some Standing Order or Orders for ascertaining such Charges and Expences, within their respective Counties, Ridings, Divisions, Cities, Towns, and Jurisdictions, if the same hath or have not already been there made; and if any such Order or Orders hath or have been there already made, such Justices for the time being, at their respective General or Quarter Sessions, are hereby authorized and required to vary or alter the same, from time to time, as they shall see Occasion; and also are hereby required to cause a Copy of every such Order, and of every Variation or Alteration thereof, signed by the Clerk of the Peace of every such County, Riding, Division, City, Town, or Place, respectively, to be put and kept up in some conspicuous Place in the Sessions House, or some other proper Place, of every such respective County, Riding, Division, City, Town, or Place, as such Justices shall order, so as the same may be there seen and examined as Occasion may require.

And, to the Intent that no Person may suffer by reason of his Ignorance of the Provisions made by this Act, be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all and every Sheriff, Under Sheriff, and Bailiff of any Liberty, and also the respective Secondaries and Clerk Sitters in the respective Compters in London, and all other Persons intrusted with the Execution of Process, or who shall enter any Actions, or make any Warrant or Warrants,

Nor may Officer take for the Lodging, Diet, and other Expences of such Prisoner, more than shall be allowed, in such Cases, by an Order of the Justices in their General or Quarter Sessions,

which Order they are required to make with all Expedition;

a Copy whereof is to be hung up in some conspicuous Part of the Sessions House, or other proper Place.

Sheriffs, and the Secondaries of the Compters, to deliver printed Copies of these Clauses to Bailiffs and other Officers employed in the Execution of Writs, &c.

and make it a Part of the Condition of the Bond to be given by them, that they shall shew and deliver a Copy of the said Clauses to the Prisoner, if carried to a Publick House,

and permit him or his Friend to read over the same, before any Liquor or Victuals be brought or called for.

Officer offending in the Premises, besides the Breach of Covenant, liable to be punished for a Misdemeanor.

Sheriffs and Gaolers to allow Debtors in Custody to send for, or have brought to them, Victuals and Beer from what Place they shall think fit;

or any Writ or Process, in order to have the same executed, shall deliver a printed Copy of the several Clauses contained in this Act relating to Bailiffs, Serjeants, and other Officers and Persons who shall be employed under them respectively to execute any Writ, Process, or Attachment, or who shall arrest any Person on any Action which shall be entered, or otherwise, within their respective Sheriffricks or Jurisdictions, to every such Bailiff, Serjeant, Officer, and other Person, and shall make it Part of the Condition of every Security or Bond which shall be given or made to any such Sheriff or Under Sheriff, or Bailiff of any Liberty, by any Bailiff, Serjeant at Mace, or other Officer or Person, who shall be employed or intrusted to execute any such Writ or Process as aforesaid under him, them, or any of them, that every such Bailiff, Serjeant at Mace, or Officer, and other Person respectively, shall and will shew and deliver a Copy of the said Clauses to every Person he shall arrest by virtue of any Process, Action, Writ, or Attachment, or under any Warrant made out thereon, and carry or go with to any Publick or other House where any Liquor shall be sold; and also shall and will permit every such Person who shall be so arrested, or any Friend of him or her, to read over the same Clauses, before any Liquor, Meat, or Victuals, shall be, at any such Publick or other House, called for, or brought to, any such Person who shall be so under Arrest there; and in case any Bailiff, Serjeant at Mace, or other Officer or Person, shall, in any Respect, offend in the Premises, every such Offence, besides the Breach of the Condition of every such Security Bond, shall be accounted and deemed a Misdemeanor in the Execution of the Process or Action on which any such Person was arrested, and shall be punishable as such by virtue of this Act.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every Sheriff, Under Sheriff, Bailiff of any Liberty, Gaoler and Keeper of any Prison or Gaol, and other Person and Persons, to whose Custody or Keeping any One hath been, or hereafter shall be, arrested, taken, committed, or charged in Execution, by virtue of any Writ, Process, or Action, or Attachment, shall, at all Times hereafter, permit and suffer every such Person and Persons, during his, her, and their respective Continuance under Arrest or in Custody, or in Execution for any Debt, Damages, Costs, or Contempt, at his, her, and their free Will and Pleasure, to send for, or have brought to him, her, or them, at seasonable Times in the Day Time, any Beer, Ale, Victuals,

Viſuals, or other neceſſary Food, from what Place he, ſhe, or they ſhall think fit, or can have the ſame; and alſo to have and uſe ſuch Bedding, Linnen, and other neceſſary Things, as he, ſhe, or they ſhall have Occaſion for and think fit, or ſhall be ſupplied with, during his, her, or their Continuance under any ſuch Arreſt or Commitment, without purloining or Detaining the ſame, or any Part thereof, or inforcing or requiring him, her, or them, to pay for the having or uſing thereof, or putting any Manner of Reſtraint or Difficulty upon him, her, or them, in the uſing thereof, or relating thereto; and no ſuch Priſoner or Priſoners ſhall pay any thing in reſpect thereof to any ſuch Sheriff, Under Sheriff, Bailiff of any Liberty, Gaoler, Keeper, or other Perſon as aforeſaid.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That the Lord Chief Juſtice of the Court of King's Bench, the Lord Chief Juſtice of the Court of Common Pleas, and the Lord Chief Baron of the Court of Exchequer, for the time being, or any Two of them, together with the Mayor and Two of the Aldermen, or with Three of the Aldermen of the City of London without the Mayor for the time being, for and in reſpect of the Gaols and Priſons within the ſaid City of London; and the ſaid Lords Chief Juſtices, and Lord Chief Baron, or any Two of them, with Three Juſtices of the Peace of the Counties of Middleſex and Surry reſpectively, for and in reſpect of the Gaols and Priſons in the ſaid Counties of Middleſex and Surry reſpectively; are hereby reſpectively required, with all convenient Speed, to meet, from time to time, at ſuch Place as they ſhall think fit and appoint, and there to ſettle and eſtabliſh a Table of the Rates and Fees which ſhall be allowed to be taken by any Gaoler or Keeper in London, or in the ſeveral Counties of Middleſex and Surry, where the ſame hath not been already eſta- bliſhed; and where the ſame hath been already eſtabliſhed, they are hereby reſpectively authorized to meet together as aforeſaid, and vary the ſame from time to time as they ſhall ſee Occaſion; and the Juſtices of the Peace of every other County, Riding, Division, City, and Place, for and in reſpect of the Gaols and Priſons in each other reſpective County, Riding, Division, City, Town, and Place, are hereby reſpectively authorized and required, at any General or Quarter Session of the Peace to be held for ſuch County, Riding, Division, City, Town, or Place re- ſpectively, with all convenient Speed, to ſettle and eſta- bliſh a Table of the reſpective Rates and Fees, which ſhall be allowed to be taken by any Gaoler or Keeper, within their reſpective Jurifdictions, where the ſame hath

and to have and uſe ſuch Bedding and Linnen, &c. as they ſhall think fit, or ſhall be ſup- plied with, without pur- loining or de- taining there- of, or obliging them to pay for the ſame.

The L. C. Ju- ſtices of the King's Bench, Common Pleas, and Exche- quer, with the Mayor and Two Al- dermen of London, for the Priſons within the ſaid City; and the L. C. Juſtices, and L. C. Baron, with Three Juſtices of the Peace for Mid- dleſex and Sur- ry, for the Priſons in the ſaid Counties, to meet and ſettle a Table of the Fees to be taken by the reſpective Gaolers there- of;

and to vary the ſame as they ſhall ſee Occaſion;

and Juſtices at their General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace, to make like Ta- bles of Fees to be taken by the Gaolers within their reſpective Ju- riſdictions.

Tables of the Fees for London, Middlesex, and Surry Gaols, to be signed by the Persons making or altering the same:

Those for other Places to be signed by 3 Justices at the Quarter Sessions;

and to be reviewed, confirmed, or moderated, by the Judges of Assize, or Justices of Great Sessions, within their respective Circuits,

and be afterwards signed by them.

Rules and Orders for the better Government of the Gaols, and Prisoners therein, to be made by the respective Courts in Westminster Hall, for the Gaols belonging to such Courts;

not been already settled and established, and where the same hath been already settled and established, then to vary and alter the same, from time to time, as there shall be Occasion; and that the respective Tables of such Fees which shall be so made, varied, or altered, for or in respect of the several Gaols and Prisons within the City of London, and Counties of Middlesex and Surry aforesaid, shall be signed, from time to time, by the said Lords Chief Justices, and Lord Chief Baron, or Two of them, and the Mayor and Two Aldermen of the said City of London, or by Three Aldermen of the said City of London without the Mayor, and by Three Justices of the Peace of the Counties of Middlesex and Surry respectively, within their respective Jurisdictions, by whom the same shall be respectively made, varied, or altered; and that the Tables of such Fees, which shall be made, or altered, or varied, for or in respect of the rest of the said Gaols and Prisons, shall, from time to time, be signed by Three or more of the Justices of the Peace who shall so make or vary, or alter, the same, at any such General or Quarter Session of the Peace as aforesaid, and shall be afterwards reviewed and confirmed, or moderated, within that Part of Great Britain called England, by the Judges of Assize, and if within the Principality of Wales, or County Palatine of Chester, by the Justices of Great Sessions respectively, at the next Assizes, or Great Sessions, which shall be held in the respective Counties, within their several Circuits next after the making, or varying, or altering of any such Table of Fees; and the same shall be afterwards signed by the respective Judges of Assize, or Justices of Great Sessions, who shall respectively review, confirm, or moderate the same, and Three or more Justices of the Peace of such respective County, Riding, Division, City, Town, or Place, under their respective Hands, for and in respect of the respective Gaols and Prisons within their respective Circuits, Counties, Ridings, Divisions, Cities, Towns, or Jurisdictions.

And be it also enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That proper Rules and Orders for the better Government of the respective Gaols and Prisons in that Part of Great Britain called England, and of the Prisoners who are or shall be therein, where such Rules and Orders have not already been made, shall, with all convenient Speed, be made by the several Courts in Westminster Hall, for and in respect of the several Gaols or Prisons belonging to such Courts respectively; and by the said Lords Chief Justices, and Lord Chief Baron, or any Two or more of them, together with the Mayor and Two Aldermen of the said City

of London, or Three or more Aldermen of the said City of London without the said Mayor, for and in respect of the Gaols and Prisons within the said City of London; and by the said Lords Chief Justices, and Lord Chief Baron, or any Two of them, for the time being, together with Three or more Justices of the Peace, for and in respect of the Gaols and Prisons within the said Counties of Middlesex and Surry; and by Three or more Justices of the Peace of each County, Riding, or Division, City, Borough, Town Corporate, or Place, for and in respect of the Gaols and Prisons within their respective Counties, Ridings, Divisions, Cities, Boroughs, Towns Corporate, or Places, at some General or Quarter Sessions, as aforesaid; and the same shall afterwards be reviewed, and may be altered, if thought necessary, by the Judge or Judges of Assize, or Justice or Justices of Great Sessions respectively, at the next Assizes or Great Sessions which shall be held by them respectively, within their several Circuits, after the making or altering of any such Rules or Orders; and where any Rules or Orders for regulating or governing any such Gaols or Prisons have already been made, or hereafter shall be made, the same may, at all Times hereafter, be enlarged, altered, or amended, as there shall be Occasion, by the respective Courts in Westminster Hall, and other the Persons for the time being respectively authorized by this Act to make and alter the same: And after every making, enlarging, altering, or amending thereof, all such Rules or Orders so enlarged, altered, or amended, shall be signed by the Judges of each respective Court in Westminster Hall, where any such Rules or Orders shall be made, enlarged, altered, or amended, for and in respect of the Prisons and Prisoners belonging to the said Courts respectively; and in respect to the other Gaols or Prisons, or the Prisoners therein, by the respective Persons, for the time being, hereby before authorized to make, and review, or alter, such Rules or Orders, within their respective Jurisdictions, as aforesaid: And Duplicates of every such Table of Fees which shall be made, enlarged, altered, or varied, and of all Rules or Orders which shall be hereafter made for regulating any Gaol or Prison in pursuance of this Act, belonging to the said respective Courts in Westminster Hall, shall be entered and enrolled on Record in every such respective Court, by the proper Officer thereof, without any Fee to be paid for the same; and a like Duplicate of every such Table of Fees, Rules, or Orders, which shall be so made, varied, altered, or amended, and which shall concern or relate to any other Gaol or Prison, or the

and by the L. C. Justices, and L. C. Baron, with the Mayor and Two Aldermen, for those within London; and by the L. C. Justices and L. C. Baron, with 3 Justices of the Peace, for those in Middlesex and Surry; and by 3 Justices of the Peace, for those in any other County, &c.

These to be afterwards reviewed, and may be altered by the Judges of Assize, and Justices of Great Sessions respectively.

Rules to be enlarged, altered, or amended as there shall be Occasion;

and to be duly signed.

Duplicates of such Orders, and Tables of Fees, to be enrolled, and entered upon Record in the proper Courts;

and Copies thereof to be hung up in all Courts of Assize, Great Sessions, and Quarter Sessions;

and transmitted to the respective Gaolers,

and kept hung up in some publick Room of each Prison.

Courts in Westminster Hall to enquire annually, whether such Tables of Fees and Orders are duly hung up and complied with,

and to give Notice to the Prisoners of the Time appointed for such Inquiry.

Judges and Justices of Assize, &c. to make a like Inquiry;

Prisoners therein, in that Part of Great Britain called England, shall, from time to time, with all convenient Speed after the making or altering, enlarging or varying thereof, be transmitted to the respective Clerks of the Peace of the several Counties, Ridings, Divisions, Cities, or Places, in or for which the same shall be made, altered, enlarged, or varied, and shall be by every such respective Clerk of the Peace, entered or registered on the Rolls of the respective Sessions, without Fee; and every such Clerk of the Peace shall cause another Copy thereof to be hung up in the Court where every Assize, Great Sessions, or Quarter Sessions of the Peace, for every such County, Riding, Division, City, or Place respectively, within his Jurisdiction, shall be held, there to remain and be inspected as Occasion shall require; and shall also cause another Copy thereof to be transmitted to every Gaoler or Keeper of any Prison, within the Jurisdiction of any such respective Clerk of the Peace; and every such Gaoler or Keeper shall forthwith, after the Receipt of any such Table of Fees, Rules, or Orders, cause the same to be hung up in some open or publick Room or Place, and in a conspicuous Manner, in his Gaol or Prison; and it shall be incumbent on every such Gaoler or Keeper, to take Care that the same shall, from time to time, be kept up there, and preserved, so as that the Prisoners in his Gaol or Prison may have free and easy Resort thereto, at seasonable Times in the Day-time, as Occasion shall require, without paying any thing for the same.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the several Courts of Record in Westminster Hall aforesaid shall hereafter, in every Michaelmas Term, appoint some Day in such Term, to inquire whether such Table of Fees, and such Rules or Orders, as aforesaid, are hung up, and remain publick, and easy to be resorted to, in the several Prisons to the said Courts respectively belonging, and whether the same be duly complied with, and observed; and shall cause Eight Days Notice to be given in every such Michaelmas Term, to the Prisoners in every of the respective Prisons belonging to the said respective Courts in Westminster Hall, of the Time appointed for such Inquiry, and shall inform themselves touching the same in the best Manner they can, and supply and redress whatever they shall find neglected or transgressed.

And be it also enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Judges and Justices of Assize, Gaol Delivery, and Great Sessions as aforesaid respectively, within their respective Jurisdictions, shall, at all Assizes and Sessions of Gaol

Gaol Delivery and Great Sessions, as aforesaid, which shall hereafter be held by them, make Inquiry whether such Table of Fees, and Rules or Orders, as aforesaid, are hung up, and remain publick, to be resorted to in the several Gaols or Prisons within their respective Jurisdictions, and whether the same be duly complied with, and observed; and shall inform themselves touching the same in the best Manner they can, and supply and redress whatever they shall find neglected or transgressed relating thereto, and shall expressly give in Charge to every Grand Jury impanelled and sworn before them respectively, to make Inquiries concerning the same.

and supply
and redress
what shall be
necessary;

and charge
the Grand
Jury to make
Inquiries
therein.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the several Courts of King's Bench, Common Pleas, and Exchequer, Judges of Assize, and Justices of Great Sessions, and Justices of the Peace within their respective Jurisdictions, and all Commissioners for charitable Uses, do, from time to time, use their best Endeavours and Diligence to examine after and discover the several Gifts, Legacies, and Bequests, bestowed or given for the Benefit or Advantage of the poor Prisoners in the several Gaols or Prisons within their respective Jurisdictions; and they are hereby severally authorized, within their respective Jurisdictions, to send for, and cause to be brought before them respectively, any Deeds, Wills, Writings, Books of Account, and Papers, as they shall receive Information of to be in the Custody of any Person within their respective Jurisdictions; and to concern the Premises; and also may summon, and cause to come before them respectively, any Person or Persons who they shall have any just Reason to apprehend may be able to make any Discovery concerning the same; and they are hereby authorized, within their respective Jurisdictions, to examine any such Person or Persons on Oath, in order to get at a true Discovery thereof, and to order and settle the Payment, Recovery, and Receipt of any such Gifts, Legacies, or Bequests, when so discovered and ascertained, in such easy and expeditious Manner and Way as shall be thought proper by them respectively, that the Prisoners for the future may not be defrauded, but may, without Delay, receive the full Benefit of all such Gifts, Legacies, and Bequests, according to the true Intent of the respective Donors thereof.

Courts at
Westminster,
Judges of As-
sise, Justices
of Peace, and
Commission-
ers for charita-
ble Uses, im-
powered to
enquire con-
cerning Be-
quests to poor
Prisoners,

to send for
any Papers
and Persons
that may give
Insight there-
therein,

and to settle
the Payment,
Recovery, and
Receipt of
such Bequests.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That a List or Table of such Gifts, Legacies, and Bequests, for the Benefit of the Prisoners in every Gaol or Prison respectively, as aforesaid, shall, after every settling thereof, be transmitted by the Persons hereby authorized to settle the same, unto the Clerks of the Peace of the re-

Table of Be-
nefactions to
be transmitted
to, and regi-
stered by, the
Clerks of the
Peace,

spective

and also to
the Gaolers of
the Prisons to
which the
same relate,

and be hung
up in some
publick Place
of such Pri-
sons.

Where Gaol-
ers, Bailiffs, or
others, shall be
guilty of Ex-
tortion, or
other Abuses,
the Court, &c.
upon Petition
of the Prison-
er, is to exa-
mine into the
same in a sum-
mary Way;

pective Counties or Places, and shall be registered by them respectively, in the Manner Tables of Fees and Orders are herein before directed to be registered by them respectively, without any Fee to be paid for the same; and that a List or Table of such Gifts, Legacies, and Bequests, shall be fairly written and transmitted, by Order of such Persons as aforesaid, to the Gaoler or Keeper of every Gaol or Prison to which the Gifts, Charities, or Bequests, therein contained relate, and forthwith after the Receipt thereof, shall be hung up by the Gaoler or Keeper, who shall receive the same, in a conspicuous Manner in some publick Place in his Gaol or Prison, and where the Prisoners in such Gaol or Prison may have free and easy Resort thereto, as Occasion may require, without Fee; and it shall be the Duty of every such Gaoler or Keeper, to take Care that every such List or Table of Gifts which shall be transmitted to any such Gaol or Prison, or a true Copy thereof, shall, from time to time thereafter, be kept hung up as aforesaid in his respective Gaol or Prison.

And, for the more speedy punishing Gaolers, Bailiffs, and others, employed in the Execution of Process, for Extortion, or other Abuses in their respective Offices and Places, be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That upon the Petition, in Term Time, of any Prisoner or Person being, or having been, under Arrest or in Custody, complaining of any Exaction or Extortion by any Gaoler, Bailiff, or other Officer or Person, in or employed in the keeping or taking Care of any Gaol or Prison, or other Place, where any such Prisoner or Person under, or having been under, Arrest or in Custody, by any Process or Action, is or shall have been carried, or in respect of the arresting or apprehending any Person or Persons, by virtue of any Process, Action, or Warrant, or of any other Abuse whatsoever committed or done in their respective Offices or Places, unto any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, from whence the Process issued, by which any Person who shall so petition was arrested, or under whose Power or Jurisdiction any such Gaol, Prison, or Place, is; or in Vacation Time, to any Judge of any such Courts at Westminster, from whence any such Process so issued; or to the Judges of Assize, or Justices of Great Sessions, in their respective Circuits; or to the Judge or Judges of any other Court of Record, where any Prisoner or Person being, or having been, under Arrest or in Custody, was arrested or in Custody by Process issued out of, or Action entered in, any such other Court of Record within that Part of Great Britain called England; and if within the Principality of Wales, or County Palatine of Chester,

ster, then to the Justices at some Great Sessions to be holden for the County in the Principality of Wales, or for the County Palatine of Chester, where any such Prisoner or Person being, or having been, under Arrest or in Custody, was arrested or in Custody, in the said Principality of Wales, or County Palatine of Chester; every such Court, Judges of Assize, and Justices of Great Sessions, and Judge and Judges of all inferior Courts of Record, are hereby authorized and required respectively, within their several Jurisdictions to hear and determine the same in a summary Way, and to make such Order thereupon for redressing the Abuses which shall, by any such Petition, be complained of, and for punishing such Officer or Person complained against, and for making Reparation to the Party or Parties injured, as they shall think just, together with the Full Costs of every such Complaint; and all Orders and Determinations which shall be thereupon made by any of the said Courts, or any of the said Judges, Justices of Assize, Justices of Great Sessions, Judge or Judges of any such inferior Court as aforesaid respectively, in such summary Way as is herein prescribed, shall have the same Effect, Force, and Virtue, and Obedience thereunto may be enforced by the respective Courts, Judges, Justices of Assize, Justices of Great Sessions, Judge or Judges of any such inferior Court, by Attachment, or in any other Manner, as other Orders of the said respective Courts, Judges, Justices of Assize and Great Sessions, Judge or Judges of inferior Courts of Record, may be enforced.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Gaoler or Keeper of any Goal, or Prison, or other Person thereto belonging, shall demand, take, or receive, directly or indirectly, of any Prisoner or Prisoners, for Debt, Damages, Costs, or Contempt, any other or greater Fee or Fees whatsoever for his, her, or their Commitment, or coming into Gaol, Chamber Rent there, Release or Discharge, than what shall be mentioned or allowed in the List or Table of Fees which is or shall be settled, inrolled, and registered as aforesaid; and that every Sheriff, Under Sheriff, Bailiff of any Liberty, Bailiff, Serjeant at Mace, Gaoler, and other Officer and Person as aforesaid, who shall in any wise offend against this Act, shall, for every such Offence against this present Act (over and above such Penalties or Punishments as he or they shall be liable unto by the Laws now in Force) forfeit and pay to the Party thereby aggrieved the Sum of Fifty Pounds, to be recovered, with Treble Costs of Suit, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, in any of His Majesty's

and make such Order thereupon, for redressing the Abuse, and punishing the Offender, as they shall think just;

and may enforce Obedience to such Orders,

Gaoler to take no other Fees than what shall be allowed in the authenticated Table of Fees.

and Sheriffs and other Officers offending against this Act, to forfeit 50 l. (exclusive of other Penalties) to the Party aggrieved.

Courts of Record at Westminster; wherein no Escoin, Protection, or Wager of Law, or more than One Imparlance, shall be allowed.

Debtor charged in Execution for any Sum or Sums not exceeding 100 l. &c.

may exhibit a Petition to the Court,

certifying therein the Causes of his Imprisonment, with a Schedule of his Real and Personal Estate at the Time, and Charges affecting the same, and also the State of his Effects at the Time of his first Imprisonment,

And, for the Ease and Relief of Prisoners who shall be charged in Execution for any Sum or Sums of Money, not exceeding in the Whole the Sum of One hundred Pounds, and who shall be willing to satisfy their respective Creditors so far as they are able, be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Fifteenth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, if any Person or Persons shall be charged in Execution for any Sum or Sums of Money, not exceeding in the Whole the Sum of One hundred Pounds, or on which Execution or Executions there shall at any Time remain due, as shall be made appear by Oath, a Sum or Sums of Money, not amounting to above the said Sum of One hundred Pounds, and shall be minded to deliver up to his, her, or their Creditor or Creditors who shall so charge him, her, or them, in Execution, all his, her, or their Estate and Effects, for or towards the Satisfaction of the Debt or Debts wherewith he, she, or they, shall so stand charged; it shall and may be lawful to and for any such Prisoner, before the End of the First Term which shall be next after any such Prisoner shall be charged in Execution by his Creditor or Creditors, to exhibit a Petition to any Court of Law, from whence the Process issued upon which any such Prisoner was or were taken and charged in Execution as aforesaid, or to the Court into which any such Prisoner shall be removed by Habeas Corpus, or shall be charged in Custody, and shall remain in the Prison thereof, certifying the Cause or Causes of his, her, or their Imprisonment; and not only setting forth, in every such Petition, a just and true Account of all the Real and Personal Estate which he, she, or they so petitioning, or any Person or Persons in Trust for him, her, or them, is, was, or were intitled to at the Time of his, her, or their so petitioning, and of all Incumbrances and Charges (if any there be) affecting any such Real or Personal Estate of the Person or Persons so petitioning, but also a just and true Account of all the Real and Personal Estate which any such Prisoner or Prisoners, or any Person or Persons in Trust for him, her, or them, or for his, her, or their Use, was or were interested in, or intitled to, at the Time of his, her, or their first Imprisonment, in the Action in which such Person is charged in Execution, either in Possession, Reversion, Remainder, or Expectancy, to the best of the Belief of every such Prisoner or Prisoners, and so far as his, her, or their respective Knowledge extends concerning the same; and likewise a just and true Account of all Securities

ties wherein any Part of the Estates of any such Prisoner or Prisoners consists, and of all the Deeds, Evidences, Writings, Books, Bonds, Notes, and Papers, concerning the same, or relating thereto; and the Names and Places of Abode of the Witnesses to all Securities, Bonds, or Notes, and where they are to be respectively met with, so far as his, her, or their Knowledge extends concerning the same:

and the Securities, Bonds, Notes, and Books, relating thereto, with the Names and Places of Abode of the Witnesses.

And before any such Petition from any such Prisoner or Prisoners shall be received by any such Court, every such Prisoner or Prisoners shall give or leave, or cause to be given or left, unto or for all and every the Creditor or Creditors at whose Suit any such Prisoner or Prisoners shall stand charged in Execution as aforesaid, or his, her, or their Executors or Administrators, and at his, her, or their usual Place of Abode, or to or for his, her, or their Attorney or Agent last employed in any such Action, Suit, Cause or Causes, in case any such Creditor or Creditors, his, her, or their Executors or Administrators, cannot be met with, but not otherwise, Fourteen Days at least before any such Petition shall be presented and received, a Notice in Writing, signed with the proper Name or Mark of every such Prisoner or Prisoners, importing therein, That such Prisoner or Prisoners as aforesaid, doth or do intend to petition the Court from whence the Process issued, upon which he, she, or they stand charged in Execution, or into the Prison to which any such Prisoner shall have been removed by Habeas Corpus, or shall stand charged in Execution on any Judgement, recovered on any Bill or Declaration filed or delivered in any such Court; and also setting forth in every such Notice or Writing, a true Copy of the Account or Schedule, including the whole Real and Personal Estate of the Person or Persons so designing to petition, which he, she, or they doth or do intend to deliver into any such Court (other than and except the necessary Wearing Apparel and Bedding of the Prisoner or Prisoners, and his, her, or their Family, and the Tools or Instruments of his, her, or their Trade or Calling, not exceeding Ten Pounds in Value in the Whole) and an Affidavit of the due Service of every such Notice shall be delivered with every such Petition, at the Time of presenting thereof, and openly read in the Court to which any such Petition shall be addressed: And if such Court shall thereupon be satisfied of the Regularity of every such Notice, such Petition shall be received, and such Court shall thereupon, by Order or Rule of the same Court, cause the Prisoner or Prisoners so petitioning to be brought up to such Court, on some certain Day in such Order or Rule to be specified, and the Cre-

14 Days previous Notice of such intended Petition to be given to the Creditor, or his Attorney, at whose Suit he is charged in Execution;

with a Copy of the Schedule he intends to deliver into Court.

Affidavit of the due Service of such Notice to be delivered at the same Time with the Petition into Court, and read openly; and a Rule to be made, upon receiving the Petition, for bringing the Prisoner into Court, and summoning the Creditor, &c.

ditor,

and the Creditor appearing, or not appearing thereto,

Oath being made of the due Service of the Rule,

the Court to examine into the Matter of the Petition in a summary Way;

and administer the Oath following to the Prisoner.

ditor, or several Creditors, at whose Suit any such Prisoner or Prisoners shall stand charged in Execution, as aforesaid, his, her, or their Executors or Administrators, to be summoned to appear personally, or by his, her, or their Attorney, in such Court, at some certain Day to be specified in such Rule or Order for that Purpose: And if any Creditor or Creditors of any such Prisoner or Prisoners, who shall be so summoned, his or her Executors or Administrators, shall appear in Person, or by his, her, or their Attorney; or if any such Creditor or Creditors, his or her Executors or Administrators, shall refuse or neglect to appear in Person, or by his, her, or their Attorney; then upon Affidavit of the due Service of such Rule or Order on him, her, or them, or his, her, or their Attorney, if any such Creditor or Creditors, his, her, or their Executors or Administrators, cannot be met with, such Court shall, in a summary Way, examine into the Matter of every such Petition, and hear what can or shall be alledged on either Side, for or against the Discharge of any such Prisoner or Prisoners who shall so petition; and upon such Examination, every such Court is hereby required to administer or tender to the Prisoner or Prisoners respectively who shall so petition, and give such previous Notice thereof as herein before is directed, an Oath to the Effect following: That is to say,

The Oath.

I A. B. do swear, in the Presence of Almighty God, That the Account by me set forth in my Petition presented to this Honourable Court, doth contain a full and true Account of the Real and Personal Estate, Debts, Credits, and Effects whatsoever, which I, or any in Trust for me, at the Time of my first Imprisonment in this Action, or at any Time since, had, or was in any Respect intitled to, in Possession, Reversion, or Remainder (except the Wearing Apparel and Bedding of or for me and my Family, and the Tools or Instruments of my Trade or Calling, not exceeding Ten Pounds in Value in the Whole) and also an Account how much of my Real and Personal Estate, Debts, Credits, or Effects, hath since been disposed of, released, or discharged, and how, to whom, and on what Consideration, and for what Purpose, and how much thereof I, or any Person or Persons in Trust for me, have, or, at the Time of my presenting my said Petition to this Honourable Court, had, or which I am or was, or any Person in Trust for me, or for my Use, is any ways interested in, or intitled to, in Possession, Reversion, Remainder, or Expectancy, and also a true Account of all Deeds, Writings, Books, Papers, Securities, Bonds, and Notes, relating thereto, and where the same respectively

spectively now are, to the best of my Knowledge and Belief, and what Charges are now affecting the Real Estate I am now seised of, or intitled to (*if any such Prisoner or Prisoners shall be then seised of any Real Estate*) and that I have not, at any Time before or since my Imprisonment, directly or indirectly, sold, leased, assigned, mortgaged, pawned, or otherwise disposed of, or made over in Trust for myself, or otherwise than is mentioned in such Account, any Part of my Messuages, Lands, Tenements, Estates, Goods, Stock, Money, Debts, or other Real or Personal Estate, whereby to have or accept any Benefit, Advantage, or Profit, to myself or my Family, or with any View, Design, or Intent, to deceive, injure, or defraud, any of my Creditors to whom I am indebted.

So help me G O D.

And in case any Prisoner or Prisoners as aforesaid shall, in open Court, take the said Oath, such Court in which any such Oath as aforesaid shall be taken, may then immediately order the Messuages, Lands, Tenements, Goods, and Effects, contained in such Account, or so much of them as may be sufficient to satisfy the Debt or Debts wherewith any such Prisoner or Prisoners shall stand charged in Execution, and the Fees due to the Warden, Marshal, or Keeper of the Gaol or Prison from which any such Prisoner was brought, to be, by a short Indorsement on the Back of such Petition, and to be signed by the Prisoner, assigned and conveyed to the Creditor or Creditors who shall have charged any such Prisoner in Execution (if more than One) his, her, or their Heirs, Executors, Administrators, and Assigns, for the Benefit of him, her, or them, who shall have so charged any such Prisoner in Execution (subject nevertheless to all prior Incumbrances affecting the same) and the Estate, Interest, or Property, of all Messuages, Lands, Goods, Debts, Estates, and Effects, which shall belong to any such Prisoner, shall, by such Assignment and Conveyance as aforesaid, be vested in the Person or Persons to whom such Assignment and Conveyance shall be made, according to the Estate and Interest such Prisoner or Prisoners had therein respectively; and the Creditor or Creditors to whom any such Assignment and Conveyance shall be made, shall and may take Possession of, and sue in his, her, or their Name or Names for the Recovery thereof, in like Manner as Assignees of Commissioners of Bankrupts can or may sue for the Recovery of the Estates and Effects of Bankrupts which shall be assigned and conveyed to them; and no Release of any such Prisoner or Prisoners, his or her Execu-

Court may thereupon order an Assignment to be made, on the Back of the Petition, of the Prisoner's Estate and Effects, and conveyed to the Creditor, &c.

the same to be subject to prior Incumbrances.

Creditor may thereupon take Possession, and sue in like Manner as Assignees of Commissioners of Bankrupts;

and no Release of the Prisoner, subsequent to such Assignment, may be pleaded in Bar of any such Action.

Court thereupon to make a Rule for Discharge of the Prisoner;

and the Sheriff or Gaoler, being served with a Copy thereof, to set the Prisoner at Liberty.

Sheriff not liable to Action of Escape thereupon.

Assignee to make Sale of the Estate and Effects of the Prisoner,

and make a Dividend accordingly amongst the other Creditors.

But if the Creditor shew Cause of disbelieving the Prisoner's Oath,

toys or Administrators, or any Trustee for him, her, or them, subsequent to such Assignment and Conveyance, shall be pleadable, or be allowed of in Bar of any Action or Suit which shall be commenced by any such Assignee or Assignees of any such Prisoner or Prisoners, for the Recovery of any of his, her, or their Estate or Effects; and upon every such Assignment and Conveyance being executed by any such Prisoner or Prisoners, he, she, or they, shall be discharged out of Custody by Rule or Order of such Court, which shall be petitioned by any such Prisoner; and such Rule or Order being produced to, and a Copy thereof being left with, any such Sheriff, Gaoler, or Keeper, of any Prison as aforesaid, shall be a sufficient Warrant to him to discharge every such Prisoner or Prisoners, if charged in Execution, or detained for the Causes mentioned in his, her, or their respective Petition, and no other: And every such Sheriff, Gaoler, or Keeper, is hereby required, on having such Order produced to him, and a Copy thereof left with him, to discharge and set at Liberty forthwith, every such Prisoner and Prisoners who shall be ordered as aforesaid to be so discharged, without taking any Fee, or detaining him, her, or them, in respect of any Demand of any such Sheriff, Warden, Marshal, Gaoler, or Keeper, for or in respect of Chamber Rent or Lodging, or otherwise; or for or in respect of any Fees theretofore claimed, or due to any such Sheriff, Gaoler, or Keeper, or any employed by or under him or them: And no such Sheriff, Gaoler, or Keeper, shall afterwards be liable to any Action of Escape, or other Suit or Information on that Account, or for what he shall do in pursuance of this Act; and the Person or Persons to whom the Estate and Effects of any such Prisoner or Prisoners shall be assigned and conveyed, shall, with all convenient Speed, sell and dispose of the Estates and Effects of every such Prisoner which shall be so assigned and conveyed, and shall divide the net Produce of all such Estates and Effects amongst the Creditors of every such Prisoner and Prisoners, if more than One, who shall have charged any such Prisoner in Execution, before the Time of such Prisoner's Petition to be discharged shall have been presented, rateably and in Proportion to their respective Debts; but in case the Person or Persons at whose Suit any such Prisoner or Prisoners stood charged in Execution as aforesaid, shall not be satisfied with the Truth of any such Prisoner's Oath, and shall either personally, or by his, her, or their Attorney, if he, she, or they cannot personally attend, and Proof shall be made thereof to the Satisfaction of any such Court as aforesaid, desire further Time to inform him, her, or themselves

selves of the Matters contained therein, any such Court may remand any such Prisoner or Prisoners, and direct him, her, or them, and the Person or Persons dissatisfied as aforesaid with such Wath, to appear either in Person, or by his, her, or their Attorney, on some other Day to be appointed by such said Court, some Time at furthest within the First Week of the Term next following the Time of such Examination, but sooner, if any such Court shall so think fit; and all Objections which shall be made as to the Insufficiency in Point of Form against any Prisoner's Schedule of his Estates and Effects, shall be only made the first Time any such Prisoner shall be brought up; and if at such Second Day which shall be appointed, the Creditor or Creditors dissatisfied with such Wath shall make Default in appearing, either in Person, or by his, her, or their Attorney, or in case he, she, or they shall appear, if he, she, or they shall be unable to discover any Estate or Effects of the Prisoner omitted in the Account set forth in such his or her Petition; then, and in any such Case, such Court shall, by Rule or Order thereof, immediately cause the said Prisoner or Prisoners to be discharged, upon such Prisoner or Prisoners executing such Assignment and Conveyance of his or her Estates and Effects, in Manner as Assignments and Conveyances of Prisoners Estates and Effects are herein before directed to be made, unless such Creditor or Creditors who shall have charged any such Prisoner or Prisoners in Execution as aforesaid, his, her, or their Executors or Administrators, doth or do insist upon such Prisoner or Prisoners being detained in Prison, and shall agree, by Writing signed with his, her, or their Name or Names, Mark or Marks, or under the Hand of his, her, or their Attorney, in case any such Creditor or Creditors, his, her, or their Executors or Administrators shall be out of England, to pay and allow weekly a Sum not exceeding Two Shillings and Four Pence, as any such Court shall think fit, unto the said Prisoner, to be paid every Monday in every Week, so long as any such Prisoner shall continue in Prison in Execution at the Suit of any such Creditor or Creditors; and in every such Case, every such Prisoner and Prisoners shall be remanded back to the Prison or Gaol from whence he, she, or they was or were so brought up, there to continue in Execution; but if any Failure shall, at any Time, be made in the Payment of the weekly Sum which shall be ordered by any such Court to be paid to any such Prisoner, such Prisoner, upon Application in Term Time to the Court where the Suit in which any such Prisoner shall be charged in Execution was commenced, or shall have been carried on, or

and desire further Time for Information; the Court is to remand the Prisoner back to a further Day.

Objections to the Form of the Schedule, to be made at the first Time the Prisoner is brought up.

Creditor not appearing the Second Day, or not making a further Discovery;

Court to make a Rule for Discharge of the Prisoner;

unless the Creditor insist upon his Detention,

and covenant to allow him 2 s. 4 d. per Week;

but upon Failure, at any Time, in the Payment thereof, the Prisoner, upon Application to the Court, to be discharged,

in

upon execut-
ing such Af-
signment and
Conveyance as
aforesaid.

Prisoner re-
fusing to take
the Oath, or
being detect-
ed of Falsity
therein, or re-
fusing to exe-
cute an Af-
signment, &c.
of his Estate,
to be continu-
ed in Execu-
tion.

Where more
Creditors than
One insist on
the Prisoner's
Detention,
they are to pay
him each not
exceeding 1 s.
6 d. per Week.

Prisoner
charged in
Execution in
County and
other Gaols,
distant from
Westminster, to
proceed in
like Manner
by Petition,
and Affidavit;

in the Prison of which Court any such Prisoner shall stand committed on any Habeas Corpus, or in Vacation Time, to any Judge of any such Court, may, by the Order of any such Court, or Judge, be discharged out of Custody on every such Execution, Proof being made before such Court, or Judge, on Oath, of the Nonpayment, for any Week, of the Sum of Money ordered and agreed to be weekly paid; but every such Prisoner and Prisoners, before he, she, or they shall be so discharged out of Custody by any such Rule or Order, shall execute an Assignment and Conveyance of his, her, or their Estates and Effects, in Manner herein before directed: And if any Prisoner who shall petition or apply for his or her Discharge under this Act, shall refuse to take the said Oath herein before directed to be taken, or taking the same, shall afterwards be detected before any such Court, or Judge, of Falsity therein, or shall refuse to execute such Assignment and Conveyance of his, her, or their Estates and Effects as aforesaid, as herein before is required to be made by him, her, or them respectively, he, she, or they shall be presently remanded and continue in Execution.

Provided always, and be it further enacted, That where more Creditors than One shall charge any Prisoner or Prisoners in Execution, and shall desire to have such Prisoner or Prisoners detained in Prison, each and every such Creditor and Creditors shall only respectively pay such weekly Sum of Money, not exceeding One Shilling and Six Pence a Week, on every Monday in every Week, to or for such respective Prisoner, as the Court before whom any such Prisoner or Prisoners shall be brought up to be discharged shall, at the Time of his, her, or their being remanded, on such Note for Payment of the weekly Sum ordered to be paid being given, direct or appoint.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said Fifteenth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, where any Prisoner or Prisoners shall be charged in Execution in any County Gaol, or in any other Gaol or Prison above the Space of Twenty Miles distant from Westminster Hall, or the Court or Courts out of which the Execution or Executions shall be issued out against any such Prisoner or Prisoners, then upon Petition being made by any such Prisoner or Prisoners to the Court from whence any such Execution against any such Prisoner or Prisoners issued, or in the Prison of which Court any such Prisoner shall be and stand charged in Execution, in the like Form and Manner as the Petitions herein before mentioned of Prisoners are directed to be made, and on an Affidavit to the Purport as

Affidavits

Affidavits are herein before directed to be made in the Case of Prisoners in Gaol not above Twenty Miles distant from the Court out of which the Execution against such Prisoner issued, being made and left with such Petition, such Court (on being satisfied with the Truth of such Affidavit) is hereby authorized and required to make a Rule or Order to cause the Prisoner or Prisoners, so petitioning, to be brought to the next Assizes which shall be holden for the County or Place where he, she, or they, shall be imprisoned, if the same shall be within that Part of Great Britain called England; and if within the Principality of Wales, or County Palatine of Chester, then to cause such Prisoner or Prisoners to be brought to the next Great Sessions to be holden for the County in Wales, or County Palatine of Chester, in which any such Prisoner or Prisoners shall be imprisoned; and the Expence of bringing every such Prisoner to any such Assizes, not exceeding One Shilling a Mile, shall be paid to the Gaoler, Keeper, or Officer, who shall bring any such Prisoner to any such Assizes or Great Sessions, in Obedience to any such Rule or Order as aforesaid served on him, out of every such Prisoner's Estate or Effects, if the same shall be sufficient to pay such Expence; and if not, then such Expence shall be paid by the Treasurer of the County, Riding, Division, or Place, in which any such Prisoner shall be imprisoned, out of the Stock of the County, Riding, Division, or Place, as the same shall be allowed, directed, or ordered, by any such Court from which any such Execution shall have been issued against any such Prisoner or Prisoners, or in the Prison of which any such Prisoner shall be, by One or more of the Judge or Judges of Assize, Justice or Justices of Great Sessions: And the Creditor, or several Creditors, his, her, or their Executors or Administrators, at whose Suit any such Prisoner or Prisoners shall stand charged in Execution as aforesaid, shall, by Rule or Order of the Court from whence the Process issued, be summoned to appear at the said next Assizes or Great Sessions, if such Creditor or Creditors, his, her, or their Executors or Administrators, can be met with; and if not, then the Attorney last employed for such Creditor or Creditors shall be summoned to appear there; and a Copy of every such Rule or Order shall be served on every of such Creditor or Creditors, his, her, or their Executors or Administrators, or be left at his, her, or their Dwelling House or usual Place of Abode, or with his, her, or their Attorney last employed as aforesaid, Fourteen Days at least before the holding of any such Assizes or Great Sessions; and on an Affidavit of such Service thereof being laid before the Judge

and the Court to make a Rule thereupon, for his being brought up to the next Assizes, &c.

1 s. per Mile to be paid to the Gaoler for his Expences, out of the Prisoner's Estate;

or by the Treasurer of the County.

Creditors to be summoned,

and a Copy of the Rule served on them;

and upon Affidavit made of such Service,

the Court to
appoint a
Time for hear-
ing the Matter
of the Petition;

and the Credi-
tors appearing
thereto, or
not,

Proof being
made of their
being duly
served with
the Notice,
and Copy of
the Schedule
of the Priso-
ner's Estate,

the Court to
proceed there-
in in a sum-
mary Way;

and administer
the Oath to
the Prisoner;

and make such
Order in the
Premises as
shall seem
meet, and
proceed as a-
foresaid con-
cerning the
Prisoner's
Discharge.

Order to stand
good, and be
enter'd upon
Record.

or Judges of Assize, Justice or Justices of Great Sessions as aforesaid, such Judge or Judges of Assize, Justice or Justices of Great Sessions respectively, on being satisfied with the Truth of such Affidavit, is and are hereby required to appoint a Time for hearing the Matter upon every such Petition as aforesaid, on some certain Day and Time, on the Crown Side of every such Court or Great Sessions, during such Assizes or Great Sessions; and upon the Appearance there of the Creditor or Creditors who shall be summoned in pursuance of this Act, his, her, or their Executors or Administrators, or in Default of the Appearance, either in Person or by Attorney, of the Party or Parties who shall have been summoned so to appear, then on Proof of his, her, or their being duly served with the Notice hereby required to be given, and a Copy of the Account of the Real and Personal Estate of the Prisoner or Prisoners desiring to be discharged being comprised in such Notice, and also of the Rule of such Court for his, her, or their Appearance at such Assizes or Great Sessions, having been duly served as herein before is directed, the Judge or Judges of such Assizes or Great Sessions respectively, as the Case shall happen to be, shall there, in a summary Way, examine into the Matter of every such Petition, and hear what can or shall be alledged, on either Side, for or against the Discharge of the Prisoner or Prisoners so petitioning; and upon every such Examination, such Judge and Judges of Assize and Great Sessions respectively, or any One of them, is and are hereby impowered and required respectively, within their respective Jurisdictions, to administer or tender to every such Prisoner, the same Oath as herein before is directed and appointed to be taken by any Prisoner, before the Judges of the Court out of which the Process, upon which any such Prisoner was taken in Execution, issued; and such said Judge or Judges of Assize, Justice or Justices of Great Sessions respectively, or any One of them, is and are hereby respectively authorized and required to make such Order in the Premises as to him or them shall seem meet, and to proceed in the same Manner concerning the Discharge of any Prisoner or Prisoners in any Prison within their respective Jurisdictions, and to give the same Judgement, Relief, and Directions, relating thereto, as any Court out of which any Process shall issue against any such Prisoner as aforesaid, is herein before impowered and directed to do: And every Order which shall be made in the Premises by any such Judge or Judges of Assize or Great Sessions, shall be as valid and effectual as if the same had been made in the Court out of which the Process issued on which any such Prisoner

Prisoner was charged in Execution; and the same shall be made a Record of the Proceedings at such Assizes or Great Sessions, as the Case shall happen to be, and a Copy thereof shall, from thence, be transmitted to the Court from whence the Execution against the Prisoner or Prisoners discharged, issued, or was awarded, signed by the Judge or Judges of Assize or Great Sessions, to be a Record of the said Court, and to be kept as such amongst the other Records thereof.

And whereas it sometimes happens that Persons who are Prisoners in Execution in Gaol for Debt or Damages, will rather spend their Substance in Prison, than discover and deliver up the same towards satisfying their Creditors their just Debts, or so much thereof as such Substance will extend to pay; be it therefore further enacted, That if any Prisoner now committed to any Prison or Gaol, and charged in Execution for any Debt or Damages not exceeding the Sum of One hundred Pounds, besides Costs of Suit, shall not, on or before the Twentieth Day of September, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, make Satisfaction to the Creditor or Creditors, his, her, or their, Executors or Administrators, at whose Suit any such Prisoner shall be so charged in Execution for such Debt or Damages, and the Costs of such Suit; or if any Prisoner, who, after the said Fifteenth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, shall be committed or charged in Execution in any Prison or Gaol, for any Debt or Damages not exceeding the Sum of One hundred Pounds, besides Costs of Suit, shall not, within Three Months next after every such Prisoner, after the said Fifteenth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, shall be committed or charged in Execution as aforesaid, make Satisfaction to his, her, or their, Creditor or Creditors, who shall charge any such Prisoner in Execution as aforesaid, his, her, or their, Executors or Administrators, for such Debt, Damages, and Costs; then, and in any of the said Cases, any such Creditor or Creditors, his, her, or their, Executors or Administrators, is and are hereby authorized and impowered to require every such respective Prisoner or Prisoners, on giving Twenty Days Notice in Writing to him or her respectively, that such Creditor or Creditors, his, her, or their, Executors or Administrators, design to compel any such Prisoner to give in to the Court at Law, from which the Writ or Process issued on which any such Prisoner is or shall be charged in Execution as aforesaid, or into the Court in the Prison of which any such Prisoner hath been or shall be removed by Habeas Corpus, or shall remain, or be charged in Execution,

Prisoner refusing to deliver up his Estate and Effects to satisfy his Creditors,

Creditors may compel such Prisoner to be brought up and deliver in to Court a Schedule of his Estate and Effects; and the Incumbrances affecting the same, upon Oath; giving the Prisoner 20 Days Notice of such Intention;

in order that
his Estate and
Effects may be
devested out
of him, and
assigned and
conveyed as
herein after
directed.

Like Notice to
be given of
such Intention
to the other
Creditors;

and also to the
Sheriff and
Gaoler,

Execution, within the first Seven Days of the Term which shall next ensue the Expiration of the said Twenty Days, in respect to any Prisoner charged in any of the Prisons belonging to any of the Courts in Westminster Hall; and at the Second Court which shall be held by any such other Court of Record after the Expiration of the said Twenty Days, in respect to any Prisoner charged in any Prison belonging to any such other Court; and where any such Prisoner is or shall be charged in Execution, in any County Gaol, or other Gaol or Prison, above the Space of Twenty Miles distant from Westminster Hall, or the Court or Courts out of which the Writ or Process on which any such Prisoner is or shall be so charged in Execution issued, or shall issue; then to give in, upon Oath, at the Assizes or Great Sessions as aforesaid, and on the Crown Side thereof, which shall be held for the County or Place in the Prison of which any such Prisoner shall be, next after the Expiration of such Twenty Days from the Time of giving any such Notice as aforesaid to any such Prisoner, a true Account in Writing, and to be signed with the proper Name or Mark of every such Prisoner, of all the Real and Personal Estate of such Prisoner, and of all Incumbrances affecting the same, to the best of the Knowledge and Belief of such Prisoner, in order that the Estate and Effects of such Prisoner may be divested out of him or her, and may, by the Court, Judge or Judges, Justice or Justices, as aforesaid, be ordered to be assigned and conveyed, in Manner and for the Purposes herein after declared: And every such Creditor or Creditors, as aforesaid, who shall require any such Prisoner to be brought up as aforesaid, for the Purpose aforesaid, shall also give Twenty Days like Notice in Writing, of such his, her, or their Intention, to require any such Prisoner to be brought up as aforesaid, to discover and deliver up his or her Estate as aforesaid, to all and every other Creditor and Creditors of every such Prisoner, at whose Suit any such Prisoner shall be detained or charged in Custody in any such Gaol or Prison, if such Prisoner shall be there detained in Custody, or charged in Execution, at the Suit of any other Creditor or Creditors besides the Creditor or Creditors giving such Notice as aforesaid, if such other Creditor or Creditors can be found out or met with, and if not, then to the several Attornies last employed in the respective Actions or Suits, in which any such Prisoner or Prisoners shall be so detained or charged in Custody by any such other Creditor or Creditors of such Prisoner; and shall likewise give a like Notice in Writing to the Sheriff or Sheriffs, Gaoler or Keeper of the Gaol or Prison

Prison in which any such Prisoner or Prisoners shall be detained in Custody, or committed or charged in Execution as aforesaid, of such his or her Intention to have any such Prisoner so brought up, and to require such Sheriff or Sheriffs, Gaoler or Gaolers, respectively, to bring up every such Prisoner accordingly: And every such Notice which shall be so given to any such Sheriff or Sheriffs, Gaoler or Gaolers, shall be so given to him or them respectively, Twenty Days at least before the Time appointed for any such Prisoner to be so brought up; and thereupon every such Sheriff or Sheriffs, Gaoler or Keeper, respectively, to whom any such Notice as aforesaid shall be so given, shall, at the Costs of such Creditor or Creditors, his, her, or their, Executors or Administrators, cause every such Prisoner to be brought, as by such Notice in Writing shall be required, to such Court, Assizes, or Great Sessions, as aforesaid, together with a Copy of Causes of his or her respective Detainer or Detainers there; and if any such Sheriff or Sheriffs, Gaoler or Keeper, on any such Notice in Writing being given to him or them as aforesaid, and Tender being made to him or them, by or on the Behalf of any such Creditor or Creditors aforesaid, of reasonable Charges, not exceeding One Shilling a Mile, to bring up the Prisoner or Prisoners required as aforesaid to be so brought up to any such Court, Assizes, or Great Sessions as aforesaid, shall neglect or refuse to bring there the Prisoner or Prisoners so required to be brought there as aforesaid, and at the Time he or she shall be so required to be brought there, together with a Copy of his, her, or their Detainer or Detainers in any such Gaol or Prison; every such Sheriff and Sheriffs, Gaoler and Keeper, who shall so offend in the Premises, shall, for every such Offence, forfeit and pay the Sum of Twenty Pounds, to be recovered by the Party aggrieved by Action of Debt, Bill, or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, if any such Offence shall be committed out of the said Principality of Wales, or County Palatine of Chester; and if any such Offence shall be committed in the Principality of Wales, or County Palatine of Chester, then in some Court of Record in the said Principality of Wales, or County Palatine of Chester, within the Jurisdiction of which any such Offence shall be so committed, together with Treble Costs of Suit.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every Prisoner charged, or who shall be charged, in Execution as aforesaid, and who, in pursuance of this Act, shall, at the Desire of any of his, her, or their Creditor or Creditors, his, her, or their Executors or Administrators,

requiring them to bring up such Prisoner;

who is to be brought accordingly at the Costs of the Creditors,

with a Copy of his Detainer.

Sheriff or Gaoler making Default in the Premises, after due Notice given, and Tender of reasonable Charges,

forfeit 20 l. to the Party aggrieved,

with Treble Costs of Suit.

Prisoner, upon Proof of due Notice as aforesaid having been given him, is to deliver in, upon Oath, to the Court a Schedule of his Estate and Effects, and signed by him;

and is to assign
and convey
the same in
Trust, for the
Benefit of his
Creditors,

they agreeing
to his Dis-
charge,

and to accept
a proportion-
able Divi-
dend of his
Effects ;

but if any
shall refuse to
agree thereto,
then the same
to be in Trust,
for the Credi-
tors only re-
quiring the
Prisoner to be
brought up
for the Pur-
pose aforesaid.

be brought up to any such Court, Assizes, or Great Sessions, as aforesaid, shall, on Proof being there first made of such Notices as are herein before directed to be given having been given, deliver in there in open Court, upon Oath, within the Time herein before for that Purpose prescribed, a full, true, and just Account, Disclosure, and Discovery, in Writing, of the Whole of his or her Real and Personal Estate, and of all Books, Papers, Writings, and Securities, relating thereto, and also of all Incumbrances then affecting the same, and the respective Times when made, to the best of his or her Knowledge and Belief (other than and except the necessary Wearing Apparel, and Bedding, of such Prisoner, and his or her Family, and the necessary Tools or Instruments of his or her respective Trade or Calling, not exceeding the Value of Ten Pounds in the Whole) which Account shall be subscribed with the proper Name or Mark of the Prisoner respectively who shall so deliver in the same ; and on the delivering in of any such Account, the Estate and Effects of every such Prisoner shall be assigned and conveyed by such Prisoner respectively, by a short Indorsement on the Back of every such Account as shall be so delivered in, to such Person or Persons as the Court, Judge or Judges, Justice or Justices, in which, or to whom, any such Account shall be so given in, shall order or direct, in Trust, and for the Benefit of the Creditor or Creditors who shall have required any such Prisoner to be brought up as aforesaid, and of such other Creditor or Creditors (if any) of every such respective Prisoner at whose Suit or Suits any such Prisoner shall be charged in Custody, or in Execution, in any such Prison or Gaol, and who shall, by any Memorandum or Writing to be signed by such Creditor or Creditors respectively, before any such Conveyance or Assignment shall be made, consent to any such Prisoner's being discharged out of Gaol or Prison, at his, her, or their Suit or Suits, and also agree to take or accept a proportionable Dividend of such Prisoner's Estate and Effects, with the Creditor or Creditors who shall have required any such Prisoner to be brought up, as aforesaid ; and if there shall be no other Creditor or Creditors as aforesaid of such Prisoner, or there being any such, if such other Creditor or Creditors as aforesaid shall not agree in Writing to discharge such Prisoner, and accept such proportionable Dividend as aforesaid of the Estate and Effects of any such Prisoner ; then in Trust for the Creditor or Creditors only who shall require any such Prisoner to be brought up for the Purpose aforesaid : And by such Assignment and Conveyance as aforesaid, all the Prisoner's Estate and Effects shall be

be vested in the Creditor or Creditors to whom the same shall be assigned and conveyed, in Trust as aforesaid; and if any Overplus shall remain of any such Prisoner's Estate, after Payment of the Debt, or Damages, and Costs, which shall be due to any Creditor or Creditors respectively at whose Suit or Suits any such Prisoner as aforesaid shall, in pursuance of this Act, be discharged out of Gaol or Prison, on delivering up his or her Estate and Effects as aforesaid, and all reasonable Charges expended in or by Means of getting in of such Estate or Effects, the same shall be paid to such Prisoner, his or her Executors, Administrators, or Assignes: And upon every such Discovery, Assignment, and Conveyance, being made and executed by any such Prisoner, to the Satisfaction of the Court, Judge or Judges of Assize, Justice or Justices of Great Sessions, before whom the same shall be respectively made, every such Prisoner and Prisoners shall, by such Court, Judge or Judges, Justice or Justices, be discharged, and set at Liberty, in the Actions and Charges, at the Suit of the Creditor or Creditors, his, her, or their Executors or Administrators, who shall require any such Prisoner to be so brought up, and also in the Actions and Charges of every other Creditor of any such Prisoner, his, her, or their Executors or Administrators, who shall sign any such Consent, as aforesaid, for any such Prisoner's Discharge, with the same Benefit of making use of such his or her Discharge, as is herein before provided for Prisoners seeking, and who shall obtain, their Discharge, under the Provisions contained in the former Part of this Act; and no greater Fee than Two Shillings and Six Pence in the Whole, shall be paid or taken for any such Discharge, by all or any Officer or Officers of any such Courts, Assizes, or Great Sessions; and no Stamp shall be necessary on any such Assignment and Conveyance, as aforesaid, or any Rule or Order, which shall be made for any such Discharge; but all the future Effects of every such Prisoner (other than and except the necessary Wearing Apparel, and Bedding, of such Prisoner, and his or her Family, and the necessary Tools or Instruments of his or her respective Trade or Calling) shall be and remain liable to satisfy his or her Debts, if the same shall not be fully paid from his or her Estate which shall be assigned and conveyed as aforesaid; and no Advantage shall be had or taken in any Action or Suit which shall be hereafter commenced against any such Prisoner, his or her Heirs, Executors, or Administrators, for that the Cause of Action did not accrue within Six Years next before the Commencing of any such Action or Suit, unless such Prisoner was

Overplus remaining after all Charges, to be paid to the Prisoner.

Prisoner complying, to the Satisfaction of the Court, to be set at Liberty;

paying for his Discharge Fees 2 s. 6 d.

Future Effects of the Prisoner liable to Debts unsatisfied;

and no Advantage to be taken of the Statute of Limitation, unless he was intitled thereto before he stood charged in Custody on the Original Suit.

intituled

Prisoner neglecting or refusing to deliver in a Schedule of his Estate and Effects,

or to make an Assignment and Conveyance thereof,

to be transported for 7 Years;

and delivering in a false Account,

to suffer the Pains and Penalties of wilful Perjury.

Persons convicted of Perjury, to suffer in like Manner;

and be liable to be taken on a Process *de novo*, and charged in Execution for the Debt;

intituled to take such Advantage before he or she stood charged in Custody by virtue of the original Suit or Action; and in any such Case, the same may be pleaded by any such Prisoner, his or her Heirs, Executors, or Administrators: And if any Prisoner charged, or who shall be charged, in Execution, in any Prison or Gaol, and who shall be required as aforesaid to be brought up to any such Court, Assizes, or Great Sessions, as aforesaid, shall neglect or refuse to deliver in and subscribe such just and true Account of his or her whole Estate and Effects in any such Court, or at any such Assizes, or Great Sessions, as aforesaid, as the Case may happen to be, within the Time herein before limited or appointed for the doing thereof, or within Sixty Days then next following, without offering and making appear some just Excuse for every such Neglect or Refusal, to be allowed of by the Court, Judge or Judges of Assize, Justice or Justices of Great Sessions, as aforesaid, or who shall refuse to assign or convey his or her Estate and Effects, according to the Order of any such Court, Judge or Judges, Justice or Justices, as aforesaid; he or she so offending in any of the said Cases, and who shall be convicted of any such Offence upon any Indictment found against him or her, shall thereupon have Judgement for Transportation pronounced against him or her, and shall be transported, according to the Laws made and now in Force for Transportation of Felons, to some of His Majesty's Colonies or Plantations in America, for the Term of Seven Years: And if any such Prisoner shall deliver in any false or untrue Account of his or her Estate or Effects, or shall designedly conceal, and not insert in the Account he or she shall deliver in and subscribe as aforesaid, any Books, Papers, Securities, or Writings, relating to his or her Estate and Effects, with Intent to defraud his or her Creditor or Creditors, and shall be thereof convicted on any Indictment found against him or her in respect thereof; he or she so offending, and being convicted as aforesaid thereof, shall suffer the Pains and Penalties which by Law are to be inflicted on any Person convicted of wilful Perjury.

Provided also, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person who shall take any Oath as by this Act is required to be taken, shall, upon any Indictment for Perjury, be convicted by his, her, or their own Confession, or by Verdict of Twelve lawful Men; the Person so convicted shall suffer the Pains and Forfeitures which by Law are to be inflicted on any Person convicted of wilful Perjury; and shall likewise be liable to be taken on any Process *de novo*, and charged in Execution for the said

said Debt, in the same Manner as if he or she had not been discharged, or not taken or charged in Execution before, and shall never after have the Benefit of this Act; any thing herein before contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

and never have the Benefit of this Act.

Provided likewise, and it is hereby further enacted, That if the Effects of any Prisoner or Prisoners, which shall be assigned and conveyed in pursuance of this Act, shall not extend to satisfy the whole Debt due to the Creditors as aforesaid of the Prisoner who shall be so discharged, and the Fees due to the Warden, Marshal, or Gaoler, from any such Prisoner; then such Warden, Marshal, or Gaoler, shall only receive a proportionable Dividend from such Prisoner's Estate, in respect of such Fees, pro Rata with the other Creditors as aforesaid of such Prisoner or Prisoners.

If the Prisoner's Effects shall not satisfy his Debt, and Warden's Fees, &c.

Warden to receive only a proportional Dividend with the other Creditors.

Provided further, and be it hereby also enacted, That the Prisoner or Prisoners who shall be so discharged by virtue of this Act, shall never after be arrested for the same Debt or Debts; nor shall any Action of Debt be brought against him, her, or them, on any such Judgement, unless he, she, or they shall, under this Act, be convicted of wilful Perjury; but notwithstanding any Discharge obtained by virtue of this Act for the Person of any such Prisoner or Prisoners, the Judgement obtained against every such Prisoner and Prisoners shall continue and remain in Force, and Execution may at any Time be taken out thereon against the Lands, Tenements, Rents, or Hereditaments, Goods or Chattles, of any such Prisoner or Prisoners, other than and except the necessary Wearing Apparel, and Bedding for him, her, or themselves and Family, and the necessary Tools for the Use of his, her, or their Trade or Occupation, not exceeding Ten Pounds in Value in the Whole, as if he, she, or they had never been before arrested, taken in Execution, and released out of Prison, by virtue of, or under, this Act.

Prisoner discharged not liable to Arrest, or Action, for the same Debt,

unless convicted of Perjury;

but the Judgement to remain in Force, and Execution may be had thereon against his Estate and Effects.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That any Assignee or Assignees to whom, by virtue of this Act, the Estate or Effects of any Prisoner or Prisoners discharged by this Act shall be assigned, is and are hereby empowered to make Composition with any Debtors or Accountants to such Prisoner or Prisoners, where the same shall appear necessary or reasonable, and to take such reasonable Part of any Debt due, as can, upon any such Composition, be gotten, in full Discharge of such Debt or Account; and also to submit any Difference or Dispute concerning any Part of any such Prisoner's Estate or Effects, or by Reason or Means of any Matter, Cause, or

Assignees may compound with the Creditors in full Discharge of their Debts;

and submit Disputes relating to the Prisoner's Estate and Debts, &c.

to Arbitra-
tion, &c.

the same to be
binding to
Creditors and
Prisoners.

Assignees in-
demnified
therein.

On Complaint
to Court of
any insuffi-
ciency, Fraud,
Mismanage-
ment, or other
Misbehaviour
of the As-
signees,

the Parties to
be ordered to
attend the
Court there-
on; and the
Court to make
such Order
ther. in as
they shall
think just.

Thing relating thereto, or to such Prisoner or Prisoners, or in respect of any Debt claimed to be due to such Prisoner or Prisoners, to the final End and Determination of Arbitrators to be chosen by the said Assignee or Assignees, and the Party or Parties with whom any such Difference shall be; and if such Arbitrators cannot agree in the same, then to submit the same to the Determination of any Umpire to be chosen by them, or otherwise to settle and agree the Matter in Difference or Dispute between them, in such Manner as such Assignee or Assignees shall think fit, and can agree; and the same shall be binding, as well to all other of the said Prisoner or Prisoners Creditors as aforesaid, who shall have charged him, her, or them, in Custody or Execution, as also to every such Prisoner and Prisoners; and every such Assignee and Assignees is and are indemnified for what he or they shall fairly, and without any fraudulent Design, do in the Premises, according to the Direction of this Act.

And, to the Intent the Estate and Effects of such Prisoner or Prisoners who shall be discharged by virtue of this Act may be truly and fairly applied, be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall be lawful for the respective Courts at Westminster, from whence any Process issued upon which any such Prisoner or Prisoners was or were charged in Execution, and whose Estate and Effects in pursuance of this Act shall have been assigned as by this Act is directed, or where any such Prisoner shall have been charged in Execution by Process issued out of any other Court, it shall be lawful for the Judges of the Courts of King's Bench, Common Pleas, and Exchequer, or any One of them, from time to time, on the Petition of any Creditor of such Prisoner or Prisoners who had charged any such Prisoner in Execution, or of such Prisoner or Prisoners, to any such Court, or any Judge thereof, complaining of any Insufficiency, Fraud, Mismanagement, or other Misbehaviour of any such Assignee or Assignees, to order the respective Parties concerned to attend such Court or Judge on the Matter of every such Petition, at some certain Time in such Order to be mentioned; and every such Court at Westminster, and also every Judge thereof, on hearing the Parties concerned therein, is hereby authorized to make such Order, and give such Directions in the Premises, either for the Removal or Displacing such Assignee or Assignees, and appointing any new or other Assignee or Assignees in the Place or Stead of such Assignee or Assignees so to be removed or displaced, or for the prudent, just, or equitable Management or Distribution of the said Estate and Effects, for the Benefit of the re-

spective

pective Creditors as aforesaid of such Prisoner or Prisoners, as any of the said Courts at Westminster, or Judges there, respectively shall think fit; and in case of the Removal or Displacing of any Assignee or Assignees, and the appointing of any new Assignee or Assignees, the Estate or Effects of such Prisoner or Prisoners shall from thenceforth be divested out of the Assignee or Assignees so removed or displaced, and be vested in, and delivered over to, the new Assignee or Assignees, in the same Manner, and for the like Intents and Purposes, as the same were before vested in the former Assignee or Assignees.

On Removal of any Assignees, the Prisoner's Estate and Effects to be vested in and delivered over to the new Assignees.

And be it further enacted, That in all and every Case and Cases where mutual Credit shall have been given between any Prisoner or Prisoners who shall be discharged under this Act, and any other Person or Persons, Bodies Politick or Corporate, before the Delivery of any Schedule or Inventory of the Estate and Effects of any such Prisoner or Prisoners, upon Oath, as by this Act is herein before directed; then, and in every such Case, the respective Assignee or Assignees of such Prisoner or Prisoners shall have Power, and is and are hereby required, on his or their Part or Parts, to state and allow an Account between them; and nothing more shall be deemed to be vested by any Assignment which shall be made in pursuance of this Act, as the Estate or Effects of such Prisoner or Prisoners, than what shall appear to have been due to him, her, or them respectively, and to be justly coming to him, her, or them, on or for the Balance of such Account when truly stated.

Where mutual Credit hath been given,

the Assignees may only state the Account, and demand the Balance.

Provided always, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Person or Persons who hath or have already taken, or shall hereafter take, the Benefit of any Act for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, shall have or receive any Benefit or Advantage of or under this Act, or be deemed to be within the Meaning hereof, so as to gain any Discharge, unless compelled by any Creditor to discover and deliver up his or her Estate and Effects; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

None intitled to the Benefit of this Act, who have taken, or shall take, the Benefit of any Act of Insolvency;

unless compelled by a Creditor to deliver up his Estate and Effects.

And be it also enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That this Act, or any Thing herein contained, shall not extend, or be construed to extend, to that Part of Great Britain called Scotland.

This Act not to extend to Scotland.

F I N I S.

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1. The first step is to identify the problem or question that needs to be answered. This involves understanding the context and the specific requirements of the task.

Anno Regni GEORGGII II.

R E G I S

Magnæ Britannia, Francia, & Hibernia,

TRICESIMO SECUNDO.

At the Parliament begun and holden at *Westminster*,
the Thirty first Day of *May*, *Anno Dom.* 1754.
in the Twenty seventh Year of the Reign of our
Sovereign Lord *GEORGE* the Second, by the
Grace of God, of *Great Britain, France, and*
Ireland, King, Defender of the Faith, &c.

And from thence continued by several Prorogations to the Twenty
third Day of *November*, 1758, being the Sixth Session of this
present Parliament.



L O N D O N:

Printed by *Thomas Baskett*, Printer to the King's most Excellent
Majesty; and by the Assigns of *Robert Baskett*. 1759.

TO THE
HONORABLE
MEMBERS OF THE
LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL
OF THE PROVINCE OF
SOUTH AFRICA
IN PARLIAMENT ASSEMBLED
I HAVE THE HONOR TO
ACKNOWLEDGE THE RECEIPT
OF YOUR LETTER OF THE
10TH INSTANT RELATIVE
TO THE MATTER
OF THE
1907

Anno tricesimo secundo

Georgii II. Regis.

An Act for further regulating the Power of taking Samples of Foreign Spirituous Liquors by the Officers of Excise; and also for empowering the Traders to take such Samples before the Duties are charged.



W H E R E A S by a Clause in an Act of Parliament passed in the last Session of Parliament, intituled, An Act for continuing certain Laws therein mentioned relating to *British* Sail Cloth, and to the Duties payable on Foreign Sail Cloth; and to the Allowance upon the Exportation of *British* made Gunpowder; and to the Encouragement of the Trade of the Sugar Colonies in *America*;

Preamble, reciting Clause in Act 31 Geo. II.

and to the Landing of Rum or Spirits of the *British* Sugar Plantations, before the Duties of Excise are paid thereon; and for regulating the Payment of the Duties on Foreign Exciseable Liquors; and for the Relief of *Thomas Watson*, with regard to the Drawback on certain *East India* Callicoes; and for rendering more commodious the new Passage leading from *Charing Cross*, in order to enable the Gaugers or Officers of Excise the better to ascertain the Proof of all Foreign imported Liquors liable to the Duties of Excise, it was enacted, That it should be lawful to and for the

5 P 2

Gaugers

Gaugers, &c.
impowered to
take Samples
gratis of Spi-
rituous Li-
quors, not ex-
ceeding Half a
Pint, out of
each Cask;

and Importers,
&c. allowed
to take a like
Quantity as
Samples also,
before the
Landing
thereof;

Officers may
also take like
Samples, after
the Landing
and being
lodged in
Warehouses,
&c. paying
for the same.

Gaugers or Officers of the Excise at any Time or Times to take a Sample or Samples (not exceeding One Quart in the Whole) out of each of the Casks, or other Package, containing such Foreign Spirituous Liquors, paying for such Sample or Samples of Liquors after the Rate of Sixteen Shillings per Gallon: And whereas the taking so great a Quantity as a Quart out of each of the said Casks, or other Package, is unnecessary, and the paying for the same at the before-mentioned Rate will be detrimental to the Revenue: And whereas till of late the Importers or Proprietors of such Foreign Spirituous Liquors, or their Factors or Agents, were permitted to take a Sample out of each Cask, or other Package, and to land such Sample without paying any Duty for the same, by Means whereof they were enabled to, and did for the most Part, sell such Foreign Spirituous Liquors whilst on Shipboard: And whereas for some Time last past, such Permission hath, in many Instances, been refused, which hath proved a great Inconvenience to the said Trade: For Remedy whereof it is hereby enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful for the Gaugers or other Officers of Excise, at any Time before the Gauging, to take a Sample or Samples, not exceeding Half a Pint in the Whole, out of each of the Casks, or other Package, containing such Spirituous Liquors, without paying for the same; and that it shall and may be lawful for the Importers or Proprietors of such Foreign Spirituous Liquors, their Factors or Agents, to take, in the Presence of One or more of the Gaugers or other Officers of Excise, a Sample or Samples, not exceeding Half a Pint in the Whole, out of every Cask, or other Package, containing such Spirituous Liquors, whilst the same shall be on Shipboard, and before the Landing thereof, and to land such Sample or Samples, without paying any Duty for the same.

Provided nevertheless, That still it shall and may be lawful for the said Officers of Excise to take the like Sample or Samples, not exceeding Half a Pint in the Whole, out of each Cask, or other Package, containing such Spirituous Liquors, in any Shop, Warehouse, or other Place, belonging to any Dealer in the same, paying for such Sample or Samples (if demanded) according to the Market Price Liquor of the like Quality shall be sold for at the Time such Sample or Samples shall be taken.

Anno Regni
GEORGGII II.
REGIS

Magnæ Britanniae, Franciæ, & Hiberniæ,
TRICESIMO SECUNDO.

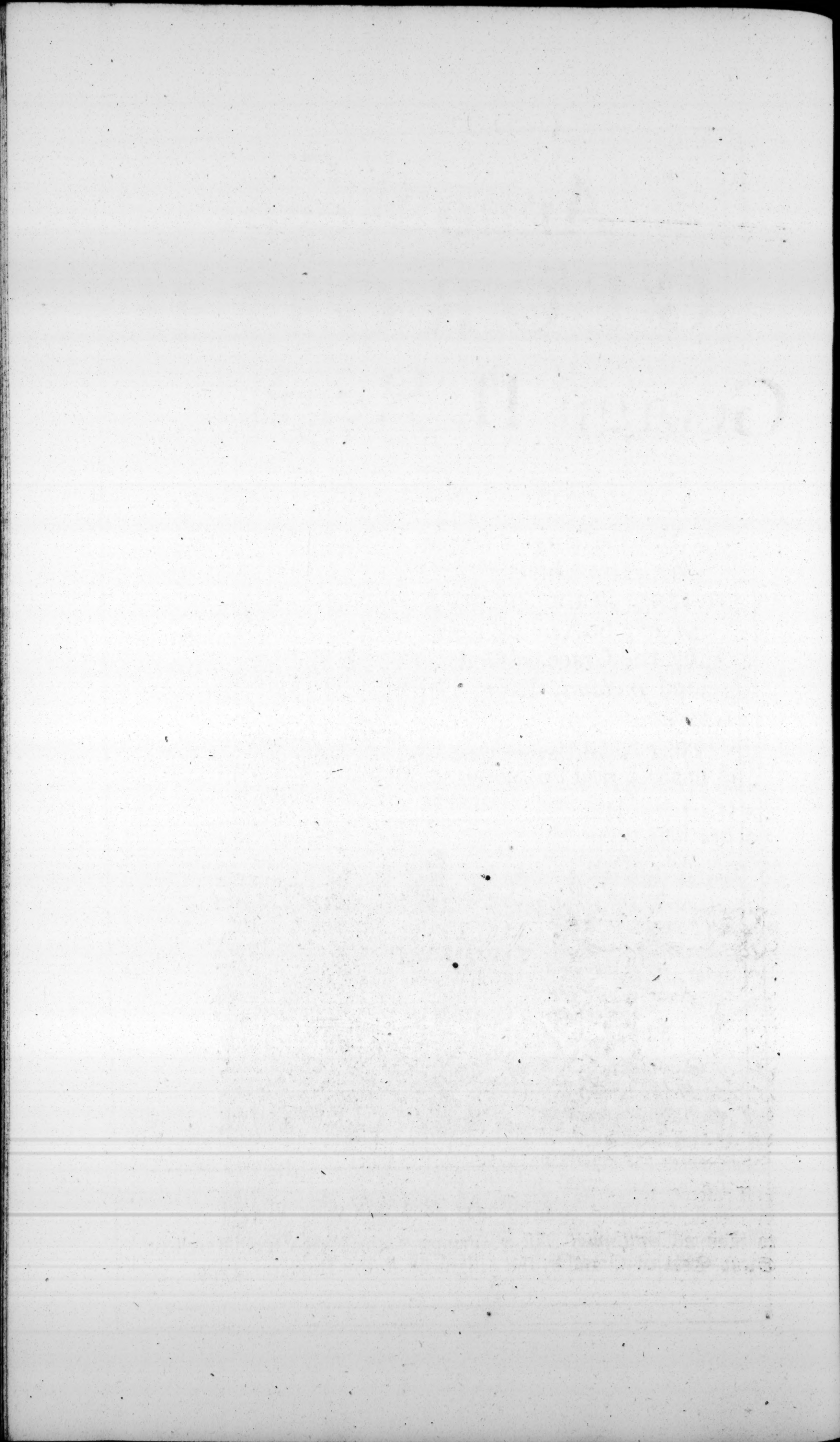
At the Parliament begun and holden at *Westminster*, the Thirty first Day of *May*, *Anno Dom.* 1754. in the Twenty seventh Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord *GEORGE* the Second, by the Grace of God, of *Great Britain, France,* and *Ireland*, King, Defender of the Faith, &c.

And from thence continued by several Prorogations to the Twenty third Day of *November*, 1758, being the Sixth Session of this present Parliament.



L O N D O N :

Printed by *Thomas Baskett*, Printer to the King's most Excellent Majesty; and by the Assigns of *Robert Baskett*. 1759.



Anno tricesimo secundo

Georgii II. Regis.

An Act for making Compensation to the Proprietors of such Lands and Hereditaments as have been purchased for the better securing His Majesty's Docks, Ships, and Stores, at *Chatham*, *Portsmouth*, and *Plymouth*, and for better fortifying the Town of *Portsmouth*, and Citadel of *Plymouth*, in pursuance of an Act of the last Session of Parliament; and for other Purposes therein mentioned.



H E R E A S, in pursuance of an Act of Parliament passed in the Thirty first Year of His Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act for vesting certain Messuages, Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments, for the better securing His Majesty's Docks, Ships, and Stores, at *Portsmouth*, *Chatham*, and *Plymouth*, and for the better fortifying the Town of *Portsmouth*, and Citadel of *Plymouth*,

Preamble, reciting Act 31 Geo. II.

in Trustees, for certain Uses; and for other Purposes therein mentioned) His Majesty was most graciously pleased to issue a Commission, by His Letters Patent under the Great Seal of Great Britain, bearing Date at Westminster

After the Twenty seventh Day of July, in the Two and thirtieth Year of His Reign, to impower and authorize certain Persons therein named, or any five or more of them, to be Commissioners for putting in Execution the said Act; and did give to them, or any five or more of them, full Power and Authority to do, perform, and execute, all Powers, Directions, Clauses, Matters, and Things, whatsoever in the said Act contained, thereby willing them, or any five or more of them, from time to time, to proceed and act according to the Rules and Directions of the said Act of Parliament: And whereas by virtue of the said Commission, and in pursuance of the said Act, five or more of the said Commissioners in the said Commission named, did, on the Eleventh Day of September, in the said Two and thirtieth Year of His Majesty's Reign, meet, pursuant to Notice thereof given and fixed up at the Dock Gate of His Majesty's Ward near the Town of Plymouth, and at the Town Hall of the Borough of Plymouth, and likewise published in the London Gazette Thirty Days and more before such Meeting, at the House of Timothy Bayley, known by the Name or Sign of The King's Arms in Plymouth Dock, and did then and there, in a summary Manner, proceed and act by and upon the Testimony of Witnesses, Inspection and Examination of Deeds, Writings, and Records, and by and upon the Inquest of Twenty good and lawful Men, substantial Gentlemen and Freeholders of the County of Devon, impanelled, summoned, and returned, by Peter Comyns Esquire, Sheriff of the said County of Devon, to take the Inquest; Twelve of which Jury did, upon their Oaths, enquire into, and present, the true and real Value of the said Messuages, Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments, mentioned in the said Act to be situate at Plymouth, and Plymouth Dock, in the said County of Devon, and of every Part and Parcel thereof, and who respectively were the Owners and Proprietors thereof, and their respective Estates and Interests therein; and thereupon, five or more of the said Commissioners then present, did adjudge and determine who respectively were the Owners and Proprietors of the said Messuages, Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments, at Plymouth, and Plymouth Dock aforesaid, and their respective Estates and Interest therein, and in every Part and Parcel thereof, and what each respective Owner and Proprietor thereof was intitled to for his respective Estate and Interest therein, amounting together to the Sum of Twenty five thousand one hundred fifty nine Pounds, Seventeen Shillings, and Six Pence, of lawful Money of Great Britain: And whereas by virtue of the said Commission,

sion, and in pursuance of the said Act, Five or more of the said Commissioners in the said Commission named, did, on the first Day of November, in the said Two and thirtieth Year of His Majesty's Reign, meet, pursuant to Notice given and fixed up at the Dock Gate of His Majesty's Ward at Chatham, and at the Town Hall of the City of Rochester, and likewise published in the London Gazette Thirty Days and more before such Meeting, at the Guild Hall of the City of Rochester, and did then and there, in a summary Manner, by and upon the Testimony of Witnesses, Inspection and Examination of Deeds, Writings, and Records, and by and upon the Inquest of Fifteen good and lawful Men, substantial Gentlemen and Freeholders of the County of Kent, impanelled, summoned, and returned, by Thomas Whitaker Esquire, Sheriff of the said County of Kent, to take the Inquest; who, upon their Oaths, did enquire into, and present, the true and real Value of the Lands in the said Act mentioned to be situate in or near Chatham aforesaid, in the said County of Kent, and of every Part and Parcel thereof, and who respectively were the Owners and Proprietors thereof, and their respective Estates and Interests therein; and thereupon, Five and more of the said Commissioners then present did adjudge and determine who respectively were the Owners and Proprietors of the said Lands and Hereditaments in or near Chatham aforesaid, and their respective Estates and Interest therein, and in every Part and Parcel thereof, and what each respective Owner and Proprietor thereof was intitled to, for his, her, and their respective Estates and Interest therein, amounting together to the Sum of Six hundred fifty two Pounds and Ten Shillings of like lawful Money of Great Britain; and the said Commissioners then present at the said Town Hall of the said City of Rochester, upon the Complaint of several Persons, Owners of Lands adjoining to Part of the Lands by the said Act vested, that they had respectively received Damage by making the Fortifications there, did certify and estimate the respective Damages done to the respective Lands of the several Persons complaining, amounting together to the Sum of Fifty five Pounds and Thirteen Shillings of like lawful Money of Great Britain: And whereas by virtue of the said Commission, and in pursuance of the said Act, Five or more of the said Commissioners in the said Commission named, did, on the first Day of January, in the said Two and

6 A thirtieth

thirtieth Year of His Majesty's Reign, meet, pursuant to Notice given and fixed up at the Dock Gate of His Majesty's Ward at Portsmouth, and at the Town Hall of Portsmouth aforesaid, and likewise published in the London Gazette Thirty Days and more before such Meeting, at the Guild Hall of the Borough of Portsmouth, and did then and there, in a summary Manner, by and upon the Testimony of Witnesses, Inspection and Examination of Deeds, Writings, and Records, and by and upon the Inquest of Fourteen good and lawful Men, substantial Gentlemen and Freeholders of the County of Southampton, impanelled, summoned, and returned, by Henry Compton Esquire, Sheriff of the said County of Southampton, to take the Inquest; who, upon their Oath, did enquire into, and present, the several Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments, in the said Act mentioned to be respectively situate in the several Parishes of Wimering, Portsea, and Alverstoke, in the said County of Southampton, and of every Part and Parcel thereof, and who respectively were the Owners and Proprietors thereof, and their respective Estates and Interest therein; and thereupon, five or more of the said Commissioners then present did adjudge and determine who respectively were the Owners and Proprietors of the said Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments, at Wimering, Portsea, and Alverstoke aforesaid, and their respective Estates and Interest therein, and in every Part and Parcel thereof, and what each respective Owner and Proprietor thereof was intitled to for his, her, and their respective Interest therein, amounting together to the Sum of Six thousand nine hundred thirty seven Pounds, Thirteen Shillings, and Seven Pence Halfpenny, of lawful Money of Great Britain: And whereas by the said recited Act, Interest is directed to be paid for the gross Sum which should be assessed for the real Value of the Lands and Hereditaments aforesaid: Now, for making Compensation to the said Owners and Proprietors, and for the more effectual carrying the said Act into Execution, May it please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That out of all or any the Aids or Supplies granted to His Majesty for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, there shall and may be issued
d and

and applied any Sum or Sums of Money not exceeding the Sum of Thirty four thousand five hundred twenty one Pounds, Fifteen Shillings, and Nine Pence, for and towards making a reasonable and just Compensation and Satisfaction to all and every Person and Persons, Bodies Politick and Corporate, Ecclesiastical and Civil, who at the Time of making the said Act, were the several and respective Owners and Proprietors of the Messuages, Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments, in the said Act mentioned, according to their several Estates and Interest therein, in Possession, Reversion, Remainder, or otherwise.

A Sum not exceeding 34,521 l. 15 s. 9 d. to be issued and applied out of the Aids granted for the Service of the Year 1759, towards making Compensation to the Parties interested;

And to the Intent that all and singular the Proprietors aforesaid may be paid for their respective Estates and Interest, all and every such Sum or Sums of Money as they have been adjudged and determined by the said Commissioners to be respectively intitled unto, together with Interest for the same, be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful for the Surveyor General of the Ordnance for the time being, to make out and allow One or more Bill or Bills to the respective Person or Persons, Bodies Politic or Corporate, for such Sum and Sums of Money as is or are to them respectively adjudged, together with Interest for the same after the Rate of Four Pounds per Centum per Annum; which Bill or Bills so made out and allowed, shall express the respective House or Houses, Number of Acres, or Parcel of Lands, together with the Name of the Person or Persons, Bodies Politic or Corporate, and the respective Sum or Sums of Money he, she, or they, is or are to receive; and thereupon, One or more Debenture or Debentures shall be prepared for the several and respective Sums as aforesaid, by the Clerk of the Ordnance for the time being, and signed by Three or more of the Principal Officers of the Ordnance for the time being; which Debenture or Debentures is and are hereby required to be paid by the Treasurer of the Ordnance for the time being, who shall take Acquittances from the Parties indorsed thereon.

Bills to be made out for the respective Sums and Interest by the Surveyor General of the Ordnance,

and Debentures to be issued thereupon;

which are to be paid by the Treasurer of the Ordnance.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person or Persons, Bodies Politic or Corporate, shall wilfully refuse to accept of or receive such Debenture or Debentures as aforesaid; that then, and in such Case, it shall and may be lawful for the Clerk

Where the Debentures shall be refused to be accepted,

they are to be deposited with the Clerk of the Peace of the County, and Acquittances taken for the same;

and the Lands thereupon to vest to His Majesty's Use.

Where the Parties interested shall be disabled by Law from taking and disposing of the Money,

it is then to be paid to the Remembrancer of the Exchequer,

and to be laid out in the Purchase of other Lands,

to be conveyed and settled to the same Uses;

Clerk of the Ordinance for the time being, to leave and deposit such Debenture or Debentures with the Clerk of the Peace of the respective Counties where the Messuages, Lands, or Tenements do lie, in respect whereof such Sum of Money is to be paid, and to take his Acquittance or Acquittances for the same, which such Clerk of the Peace is hereby required to give without any Fee or Reward, and which shall be taken and deemed to be valid; and the Messuages, Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments, of such Person or Persons, Bodies Politic or Corporate, so refusing to accept such Debenture or Debentures, shall be vested to the Use of His Majesty, His Heirs, and Successors, for ever, as if he, she, or they, had received such Debenture or Debentures, and the Money thereon due had been fully satisfied and paid.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any of the said Messuages, Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments, so vested by the said Act, or any Interest therein, shall belong to any Corporation, or Body Politic, Ecclesiastical, or Civil, or to any other Person or Persons whatsoever, who, by reason of any Disability, is or are not capable by Law to take and dispose of the several Sums of Money which shall be due and payable for and in respect of their several Interests in the said Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, or any Part thereof, by the said Act vested; that then, and in every such Case, the Money due to such Body or Bodies Politic or Corporate, Ecclesiastical or Civil, or such Person or Persons under such Disability as aforesaid, shall be paid into the Hands of the Deputy Remembrancer of His Majesty's Court of Exchequer for the time being, for the Use of such Body or Bodies Politic or Corporate, and the respective Persons interested therein as aforesaid: Which several Sums of Money shall, with all convenient Speed, be laid out in the Purchase of other Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, in Places most convenient for the Parties interested, their Heirs and Successors; any Law, Statute, or Custom, to the contrary thereof notwithstanding: And the Estate or Estates so to be purchased, shall be conveyed and settled to the same Uses, Intents, and Purposes, as the former Estates were settled at such Time as they became vested in the Trustees appointed by the said Act: And that until such Purchases can be made,

it shall and may be lawful for the said Deputy Remembrancer to place such Monies out at Interest on Parliamentary Funds, or other good Securities; which Interest shall, from time to time, as the same shall grow due, be paid to the several and respective Parties who are respectively intitled to such Principal Sums.

and till such Purchases can be made, is to be placed out at Interest.

And whereas the Lands lately purchased at or near Portsmouth and Chatham for fortifying the Docks there, were before and at the Time of taking in the same, liable to, and charged with, the Land Tax, Poor and other Rates, of the respective Parishes wherein such Lands respectively lie, and no Consideration was or has been allowed or paid to discharge such Lands from, or any Provision made for, the Payment thereof: And whereas such Lands are chiefly under the Care and Management of His Majesty's Officers of Ordnance at the respective Places aforesaid: Now in order to obviate all Difficulties concerning such Taxes and Rates, be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Lands and Premises taken in for the Purposes aforesaid, shall from henceforth stand and be subject, liable to, and chargeable with, the Payment of the Land Tax, and all Parish Taxes and Rates, in Proportion with other Lands and Premises in such respective Parishes charged and chargeable therewith; and that the said Lands and Premises hereby so charged and chargeable with such Taxes and Rates, shall, as to so much thereof as shall not be otherwise demised or occupied by any particular Person or Persons, stand, and be charged to, and in the Name of, and paid by, the Storekeeper of His Majesty's Ordnance for the time being at the said respective Ports or Places where such Lands respectively lie, and that such Storekeeper paying the same, shall be repaid and allowed such Sum and Sums of Money as such Storekeeper shall so pay, by the Treasurer or Paymaster of His Majesty's Ordnance for the time being, on Demand thereof, who shall be allowed the same in his Accounts; and that in case such Storekeeper so charged and chargeable therewith, shall neglect or refuse to pay any such Tax or Rate, so to be made on him as aforesaid, when demanded, that then, and in every such Case, the Sum or Sums so to be assessed and charged to and on such Storekeeper, in respect of such Lands and Premises,

The Lands, &c. taken in for fortifying the Docks at Portsmouth and Chatham, chargeable to the Land Tax and Parish Taxes, &c.

which are to be paid by the Storekeeper,

and allowed in his Accounts;

and in case of Nonpayment, may be levied on him.

466 Anno Regni tricesimo secundo Georgii II. Regis.

misses, shall and may be levied on such Storekeeper by such Ways and Means, and in such Manner, as upon any other Occupier of Lands liable to the Payment of any such Tax or Rate; any Law, Statute, Custom, or Usage, to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

F I N I S.

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Anno Regni
GEORGGII II.
REGIS

Magnæ Britannia, Franciæ, & Hiberniæ,
TRICESIMO SECUNDO.

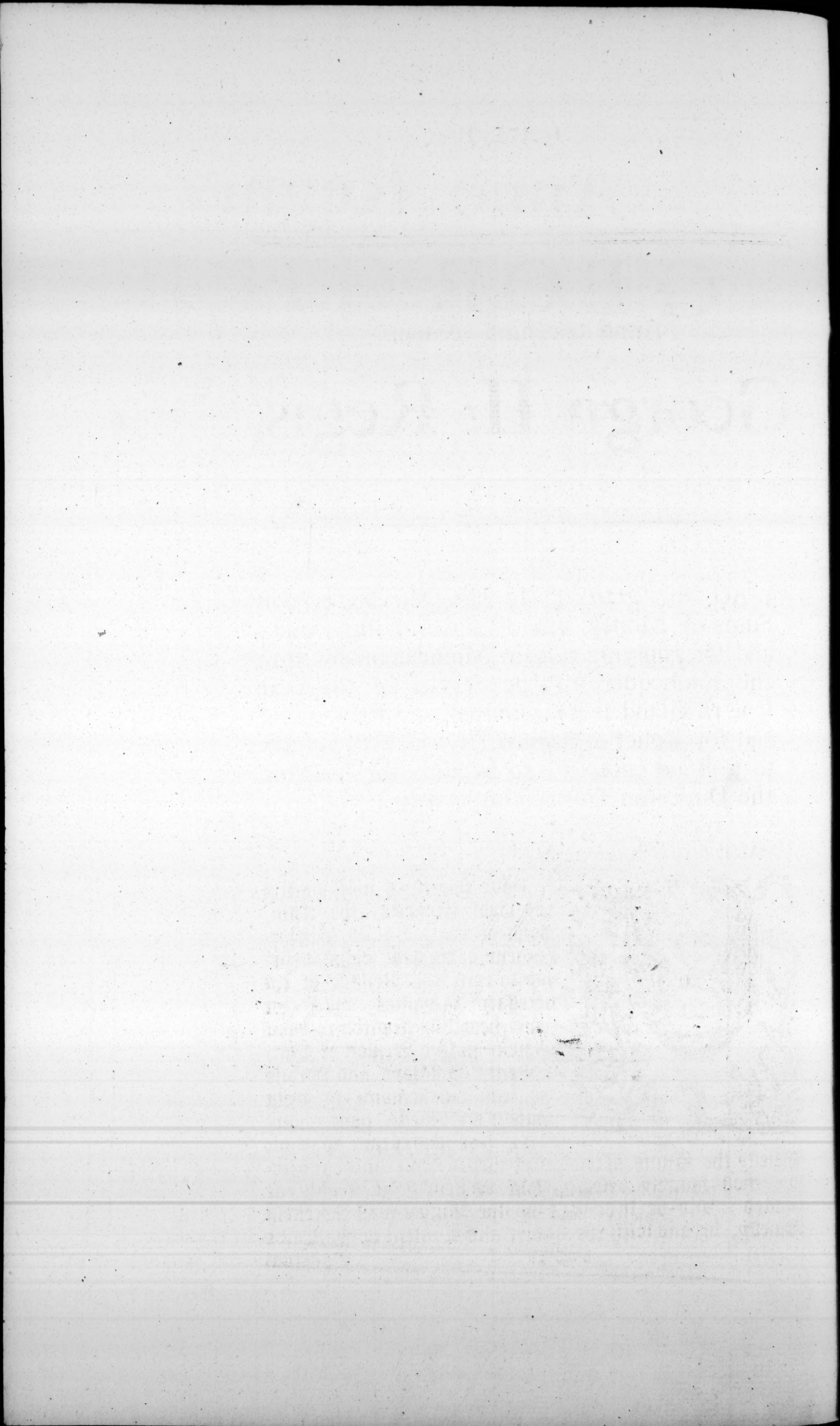
At the Parliament begun and holden at *Westminster*,
the Thirty first Day of *May*, *Anno Dom.* 1754.
in the Twenty seventh Year of the Reign of our
Sovereign Lord *GEORGE* the Second, by the
Grace of God, of *Great Britain, France*, and
Ireland, King, Defender of the Faith, &c.

And from thence continued by several Prorogations to the Twenty
third Day of *November*, 1758, being the Sixth Session of this
present Parliament.



L O N D O N:

Printed by *Thomas Baskett*, Printer to the King's most Excellent
Majesty; and by the Assigns of *Robert Baskett*. 1759.



Anno tricesimo secundo

Georgii II. Regis.

An Act for granting to His Majesty certain Sums of Money out of the Sinking Fund ; and for applying certain Monies remaining in the Exchequer for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine ; and for Relief of *Samuel Taylor*, with respect to a Bond entered into by him for securing the Duties on Tobacco imported.

Most Gracious Sovereign,



We, Your Majesty's most dutiful Preamble.
and loyal Subjects, the Com-
mons of Great Britain in Par-
liament assembled, being desir-
ous to raise the Residue of the
necessary Supplies which we
have chearfully granted to Your
Majesty in this Session of Par-
liament, by Ways and Means
the least burthensome to Your
Majesty's Subjects, have resolv-
ed to give and grant to Your
Majesty the Sums herein after mentioned ; and do there-
fore most humbly beseech Your Majesty that it may be
enacted ; and be it enacted by the King's most Excellent
Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords
Spiritual

180,76*l.* 17*s.*
3*q.* Surplus
remaining in
the Exchequer
of the Pro-
duce of the
Sinking Fund,
for the Quar-
ter ending
5 April, 1759,

to be issued
and applied
towards the
Supplies
granted for
the Year 1759.

A further Sum
not exceeding
2,250,000 *l.* to
be issued
and applied
out of the
growing Pro-
duce of the
said Fund, to-
wards the said
Supply.

Surplus re-
maining of the
Sum of
100,000 *l.*
granted in the
last Session to-
wards defray-
ing the Charge
of Pay and
Cloathing of
the Militia;

as also the Sum
of 73,308*l.* 3*s.*
10*d.* 1*q.* Over-
plus of the
Grants for the
Year 1758;

with the Sum
of 100,000 *l.*
repaid into the
Exchequer,
being the Sum
voted to the
Empress of
Russia in the
Year 1755,

Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the Sum of One hundred and eighty thousand seven hundred and sixty six pounds, seventeen shillings, and three farthings, remaining in the Receipt of the Exchequer, disposeable by Parliament for the Public Service, of the Income of the Surpluses, Excesses, Overplus Monies, and other Revenues composing the Fund commonly called The Sinking Fund, for the Quarter, ended the Fifth Day of April, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, shall and may be issued and applied for and towards making good the Supply granted to His Majesty for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine; and the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them now being, or the High Treasurer, or any Three or more of the Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, are hereby authorized and impowered to issue and apply the same accordingly.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That by or out of such Monies as shall thereafter, from time to time, be and remain in the Receipt of the Exchequer, of the Surpluses, Excesses, Overplus Monies, and other Revenues composing the said Fund commonly called The Sinking Fund, after paying or reserving sufficient to pay all such Sums of Money as have been directed by any former Act or Acts of Parliament to be paid out of the same, there shall and may, in like Manner, be issued and applied a further Sum not exceeding Two millions two hundred and fifty thousand Pounds, for and towards the said Supply.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That such Part of the Sum of One hundred thousand Pounds granted to His Majesty in the last Session of Parliament, upon Account, towards defraying the Charge of Pay and Cloathing for the Militia for the Year One thousand seven hundred and fifty eight, and for defraying such Expences as were actually incurred upon the Account of the Militia in the Year One thousand seven hundred and fifty seven, as shall remain in the Receipt of the Exchequer after Satisfaction of the said Charges and Expences; and also the Sum of Seventy three thousand three hundred eight pounds, three shillings, and ten pence farthing, now remaining in the Exchequer, being the Overplus of the Grants for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and fifty eight; and also the Sum of One hundred thousand Pounds repaid into the Receipt of the Exchequer, and now remaining there, being the same Sum which was granted to His Majesty by a Vote

of this House of the Fifteenth Day of December, One thousand seven hundred and fifty five, to enable His Majesty to make good his Engagements with the Empress of Russia, shall and may be, in like Manner, issued and applied, at the said Receipt, for and towards the said Supply.

to be issued
and applied
towards the
said Supply.

And whereas it may so happen that there may be a Want of Money for carrying on the current Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, before Monies sufficient may have arisen into the Exchequer, from the said Surplusses, Excesses, or Overplus Monies, commonly called The Sinking Fund, to satisfy and pay the said Sum of Two millions two hundred and fifty thousand Pounds, by this Act granted; in such Case it shall and may be lawful to and for the said Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them now being, or the High Treasurer, or any Three or more of the Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, by Warrant or Warrants under his or their Hands, to permit and suffer any Person or Persons, or Body or Bodies Politick or Corporate, to advance and lend unto His Majesty, at the Receipt of His Exchequer, so much Money as, together with the Monies then remaining in the said Exchequer of the said Surplusses, Excesses, or Overplus Monies, shall be wanting to complete the said Sum of Two millions two hundred and fifty thousand Pounds, upon Credit of the growing Produce of the said Surplusses, Excesses, or Overplus Monies, and to be repaid out of the same as they shall quarterly afterwards arise, together with Interest for the Forbearance thereof in the mean Time; and it shall and may be lawful for the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, to advance or lend to His Majesty in like Manner, at the Receipt of the Exchequer, upon the Credit of Loan granted by this Act, any Sum or Sums of Money not exceeding in the Whole the Sum of Two millions two hundred and fifty thousand Pounds; any thing in an Act made in the Fifth and Sixth Years of the Reign of King William and Queen Mary, intituled, An Act for granting to Their Majesties several Rates and Duties upon Tonnage of Ships and Vessels, and upon Beer, Ale, and other Liquors, for securing certain Recompences and Advantages in the said Act mentioned, to such Persons as shall voluntarily advance the Sum of One million five hundred thousand Pounds, towards carrying on the War against France, to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

In case of
Want of Mo-
ney for carry-
ing on the
current Ser-
vice,

the Treasury
may borrow a
Sum to make
good such
Deficiency,
upon the Cre-
dit of the
growing Pro-
duce of the
said Fund;

to be repaid
quarterly,
with Interest.

Bank may ad-
vance thereon
any Sum not
exceeding
2,250,000 l.

notwithstand-
ing the Act of
5 & 6 W. & M.

And whereas Samuel Taylor of Greenock Merchant, did, in or about the Year One thousand seven hundred and twenty

eight, become bound, with Four other Persons who are since become Bankrupts, in a Bond conditioned for the Payment of One thousand four hundred seven pounds, four Shillings, and five pence farthing, or thereabouts, being the Duties on certain Tobacco imported: And whereas there was drawn back upon Tobacco exported, and paid in Money, before the said Bond became due, the Sum of Seven hundred fifty one pounds, twelve Shillings, and three pence halfpenny, or thereabouts, in Discharge of the said Bond; and there hath been since paid by the said Samuel Taylor, the Sum of Five hundred seventy eight pounds, five Shillings, and six pence three farthings, or thereabouts, Two hundred forty seven pounds, one Shilling, and three pence three farthings whereof, or thereabouts, was brought to Account as in Discharge of the Interest, and the Residue applied in Discharge of the Capital Sum secured by the said Bond; and the said Samuel Taylor did afterwards pay, at several Times, the Sum of Eighty five pounds, in further Discharge of the said Debt, into the Hands of a Person employed in the Office of the Solicitor of His Majesty's Customs in Scotland: And whereas a Judgement was obtained against the said Samuel Taylor, in or about the Year One thousand seven hundred and fifty six, for the said Debt, and he is now confined in the Goal of Renfrew, in Consequence of such Judgement: And whereas the said Drawbacks and Monies paid, amount to more than the Capital Money secured by the said Bond; and the said Samuel Taylor, after having used all the Means in his Power to discharge the said Debt, is become insolvent; be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall be lawful for the High Treasurer, or any Three or more of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, for the time being, and he or they is or are hereby authorized and impowered to exonerate, acquit, and discharge the said Samuel Taylor, from any Penalty mentioned in, and the Payment of any Sum or Sums of Money conditioned to be paid by, the said Bond, and all Interest due thereupon, and all Costs and Expences which he is liable to pay in respect of any Process or Proceeding for the Recovery of such Monies, and to discharge and vacate the said Bond, and to set the said Samuel Taylor at Liberty, in such Manner as to the said High Treasurer, or Commissioners of the Treasury, shall seem expedient; any Act or Acts of Parliament to the contrary notwithstanding.

Treasury impowered to discharge Samuel Taylor from the Penalty and Payment of the Bond entered into by him for securing the Duties on Tobacco imported.

F I N I S.

Anno Regni

GEORGE III

1760

By Appointment to His Majesty's

Private Secretary

JOHN HANCOCK

of the County of Middlesex

Esquire

to the Honourable

the Lord High Treasurer

of Great Britain

and of the Kingdom of Ireland

and of the County of Middlesex

Esquire

to the Honourable

the Lord High Treasurer

of Great Britain

and of the Kingdom of Ireland

and of the County of Middlesex

Esquire

to the Honourable

the Lord High Treasurer

of Great Britain

and of the Kingdom of Ireland

and of the County of Middlesex

Esquire

Anno Regni GEORGGII II. REGIS

Magnæ Britanniae, Franciæ, & Hiberniæ,

TRICESIMO SECUNDO.

At the Parliament begun and holden at *Westminster*, the Thirty first Day of *May*, *Anno Dom.* 1754. in the Twenty seventh Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord *GEORGE* the Second, by the Grace of God, of *Great Britain, France,* and *Ireland*, King, Defender of the Faith, &c.

And from thence continued by several Prorogations to the Twenty third Day of *November*, 1758, being the Sixth Session of this present Parliament.



L O N D O N :

Printed by *Thomas Baskett*, Printer to the King's most Excellent Majesty; and by the Assigns of *Robert Baskett*. 1759.

Anno tricesimo secundo

Georgii II. Regis.

An Act for the more effectual preventing the fraudulent Importation of Cambricks and French Lawns.



W H E R E A S the Acts made in the Eighteenth and Twenty first Years of the Reign of His present Majesty, for prohibiting the Wearing and Importation of Cambricks and French Lawns, have not been effectual to prevent the fraudulent Importation thereof; Therefore, for the amending and enforcing the said Acts, be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the First Day of August, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, no Cambricks, French Lawns, or other Linnens whatsoever, of the Kind usually entered under the Denomination of Cambricks, shall be imported, or brought into any Port or Place whatsoever within Great Britain, unless the same be packed in Bales, Cases, or Boxes, covered with Sackcloth or Canvas, each of which Bales, Cases, or Boxes, shall contain One hundred Whole Pieces, or Two hundred Demi or Half Pieces, of such Cambricks or French Lawns.

No Cambricks or French Lawns to be imported but in Bales, &c. covered with Cloth, containing each 100 Whole Pieces, or 200 Half Pieces;

6 E 2

And

on Penalty of
Forfeiture
thereof.

And be it further enacted, That in case any Cambricks or French Lawns shall be imported in any other Form or Manner, or in any less Quantity, than is herein before-mentioned and allowed, in each and every of the said Cases, the Cambricks or French Lawns so imported, or found on Board any Ship or Vessel in this Kingdom, shall be forfeited, and shall and may be seized by any Officer or Officers of the Customs.

The same to
be imported
for Exporta-
tion only, and
to be lodged in
the King's
Warehouses,

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said First Day of August, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, Cambricks and French Lawns shall be imported for Exportation only, and shall be lodged in such Warehouse belonging to His Majesty, His Heirs, and Successors, as the Commissioners of the Customs, or any Three or more of them, for the time being, shall appoint; and shall not be delivered out of such Warehouse, but under the like Security and Restrictions as East India Goods, prohibited to be consumed in Great Britain, are now liable to.

and delivered
out under like
Security and
Restrictions as
prohibited
East India
Goods.

One half of the
Old Subsidy
payable only
upon the Im-
portation.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said First Day of August, there shall be no Customs or Duties whatsoever paid, or secured to be paid, for any Cambricks or French Lawns imported, or which shall be imported, and deposited in such Warehouse as aforesaid, other than One Half of the Old Subsidy, which is to remain by Law, after the Goods are exported again.

What Goods
shall be in pri-
vate Custody,
are to be de-
posited by 1
August next in
the King's
Warehouses;

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all and every Person and Persons having in their Custody any Cambricks or French Lawns imported before the said First Day of August, for the Exportation whereof, within the Time limited by Law, Bond has been given, shall, on or before the First Day of August next, bring and deposit, or cause to be brought and deposited, all such Cambricks and French Lawns, in such Warehouse as shall be approved of by the Commissioners aforesaid for that Purpose; and upon the depositing of such Goods in such Warehouse as aforesaid, the Bonds for the Exportation thereof shall be delivered up to the Person or Persons who gave the same, or his or their Heirs, Executors, Administrators, or Assigns, who shall likewise receive at the same Time from the Collector, or other proper Officer of the Customs at the Port where such Bond was given, all the Duties which such Goods would be intitled to draw back upon Exportation: And such Goods shall not be again delivered out of the said Warehouse but for the Exportation thereof, in like Man-
ner

and the Bonds
thereupon to
be delivered
up,

and the Draw-
back upon Ex-
portation to be
paid,

and the Goods
not to be deli-
vered out a-
gain but for
Exportation.

ner as if the same had been deposited therein at the Im-
portation: And in case any Person or Persons shall sell,
offer, or expose to Sale, or, after the said First Day of
August, have in his, her, or their Custody or Possession,
for that Purpose, any Cambricks or French Lawns (other
than in such Warehouse as shall be approved of by the
said Commissioners as aforesaid) the same shall be forfeit-
ed, and shall be liable to be searched for and seized in like
Manner as other prohibited and uncustomed Goods are, and
every such Person shall also forfeit Two hundred Pounds,
over and above all other Penalties and Forfeitures inflicted
upon such Person or Persons by any former Act.

Goods ex-
posed to Sale,
or found in
private Pos-
session, after
the said Day,

may be seized,
and the Of-
fender to for-
feit 200*l.* ex-
tra.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid,
That if any Doubt or Question shall arise with respect to
the Species or Quality of the said Goods seized by virtue
of this Act, or where the same were manufactured, the
Proof shall lie on the Owner or Owners thereof, and
not upon the Prosecutor; any Law, Custom, or Usage,
to the contrary notwithstanding.

In Doubts
concerning
the Species or
Quality, &c. of
the Goods,
Onus probandi
to lie on the
Owner.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid,
That all the Goods seized by virtue of this Act, or any
other Cause of Forfeiture, shall, upon Seizure thereof, be
carried to the next Custom-house, and after Condemnation
in due Course of Law, shall not be consumed or used in this
Kingdom, but shall be exported; and shall not be sold or
delivered out of such Warehouse, otherwise than on Con-
dition to be exported, nor until the Buyer or Buyers shall
have given Security for the Exportation thereof, and ob-
serving all the Regulations and Restrictions prescribed for
the Exportation of East India Goods prohibited to be con-
sumed or used in Great Britain.

Goods seized
to be carried
to the next
Custom-house,

and after Con-
demnation, to
be exported.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid,
That all the Penalties and Forfeitures by this Act impos-
ed, shall and may be sued for and recovered in any of His
Majesty's Courts of Record at Westminster, or in the
Court of Exchequer at Edinburgh, respectively, by Action,
Bill, Plaint, or Information, in the Name of His Ma-
jesty's Attorney General, or in the Name of His Majesty's
Advocate in Scotland, or in the Name or Names of some
Officer or Officers of the Customs; and that One Moiety
of every such Penalty and Forfeiture shall be to His Ma-
jesty, His Heirs, and Successors, and the other Moiety
thereof to such Officer or Officers of the Customs who shall
seize, inform, or prosecute for the same.

Recovery and
Application of
the Penalties.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid,
That upon every Action, Bill, Plaint, or Information,
entered and filed as aforesaid, for any pecuniary Penalty
imposed by this Act, a Capias in the first Process shall and

Upon Actions
entered for
pecuniary Pe-
nalties, a Ca-
pias in the first
Process to be
issued;

and the De-
fendant may
give Bail
thereto, &c.

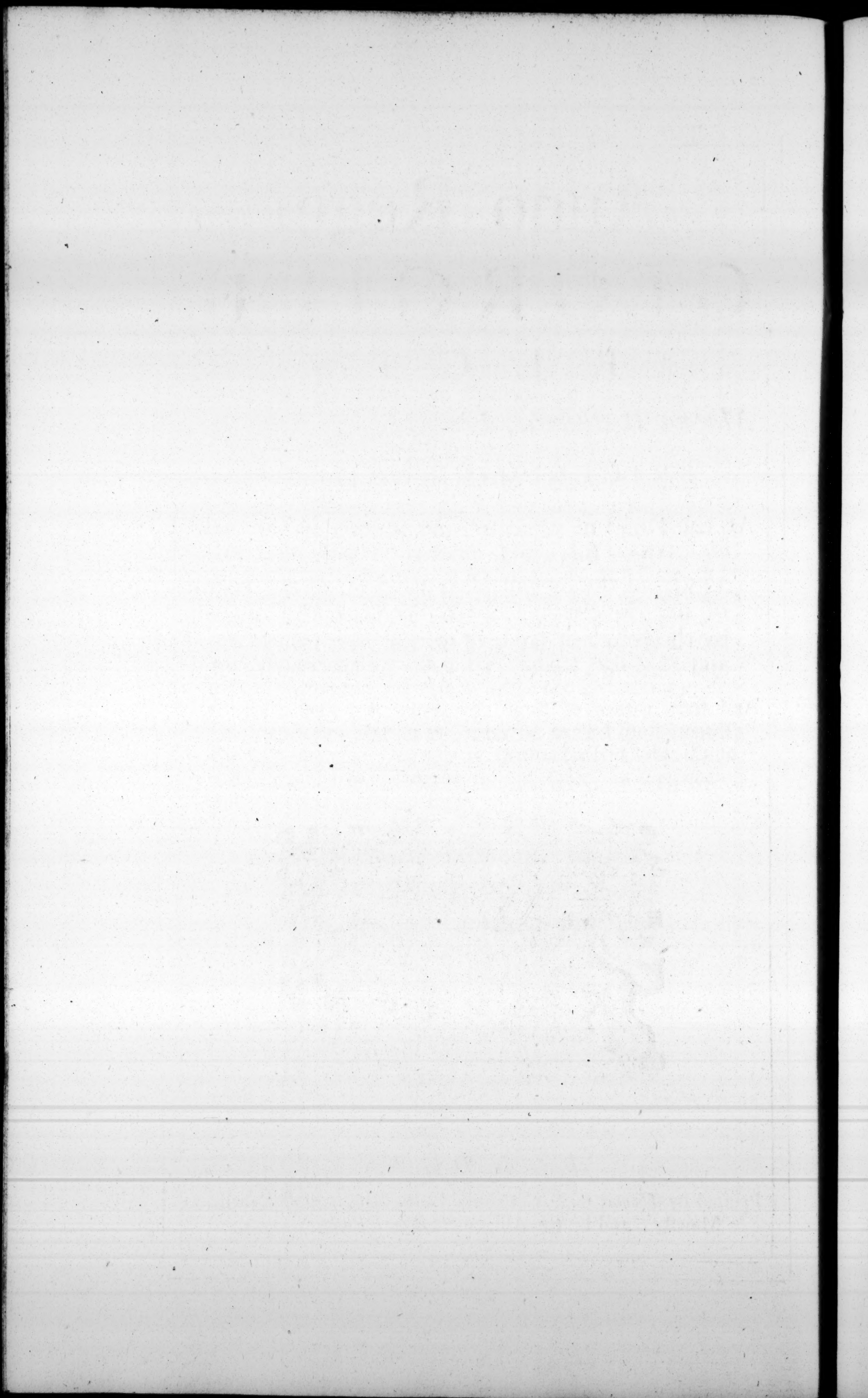
may issue, specifying the Sum of the Penalty sued for; and the Defendant or Defendants shall be obliged to give sufficient Bail or Security by natural-born Subjects or Denisons, to the Person or Persons to whom such Capias shall be directed, to appear in the Court out of which such Capias shall issue, at the Day of the Return of such Writ, to answer such Suit or Prosecution; and shall likewise, at the Time of such Appearance, give sufficient Bail or Security, by such Persons as aforesaid, in the said Court, to answer and pay all the Forfeitures and Penalties incurred for such Offence or Offences, in case he, she, or they shall be convicted thereof, or to yield his, her, or their Body or Bodies to Prison.

General Issue.

Treble Costs.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Action or Suit shall be commenced against any Person or Persons for any Thing done in pursuance of this Act, the Defendant or Defendants in such Action or Suit may plead the General Issue, and give this Act, and the Special Matter, in Evidence, at any Trial to be had thereupon; and that the same was done in pursuance and by the Authority of this Act: And if it shall appear so to have been done, then the Jury shall find for the Defendant or Defendants; and if the Plaintiff shall be nonsuited, or discontinue his Action after the Defendant or Defendants shall have appeared; or if Judgement shall be given upon any Verdict or Demurrer against the Plaintiff; the Defendant or Defendants shall recover Treble Costs, and have the like Remedy for the same, as Defendants have in other Cases by Law.

F I N I S.



Anno Regni GEORGGII II. REGIS

Magnæ Britannia, Franciæ, & Hiberniæ,
TRICESIMO SECUNDO.

At the Parliament begun and holden at *Westminster*, the Thirty first Day of *May*, Anno Dom. 1754, in the Twenty seventh Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord *GEORGE* the Second, by the Grace of God, of *Great Britain, France,* and *Ireland*, King, Defender of the Faith, &c.

And from thence continued by several Prorogations to the Twenty third Day of *November*, 1758, being the Sixth Session of this present Parliament.



L O N D O N :

Printed by *Thomas Baskett*, Printer to the King's most Excellent Majesty; and by the Assigns of *Robert Baskett*. 1759.

Anno tricesimo secundo

Georgii II. Regis.

An Act to explain and amend an Act made in the last Session of Parliament, intituled, *An Act for granting to His Majesty several Rates and Duties upon Offices and Pensions; and upon Houses; and upon Windows or Lights; and for raising the Sum of Five Millions by Annuities and a Lottery, to be charged on the said Rates and Duties; so far as the same relates to the Rates and Duties on Offices and Pensions.*



WHEREAS by an Act made in the last Session of Parliament, intituled, An Act for granting to His Majesty several Rates and Duties upon Offices and Pensions; and upon Houses; and upon Windows or Lights; and for raising the Sum of Five Millions by Annuities and a Lottery, to be charged on the said Rates and Duties, it is (among other Things) declared and enacted, That a Deduction shall be made of the Sum of One Shilling out of every Twenty Shillings payable for or in respect of the Salary, Wages, or Fees, of any Offices and Employments payable by the Crown in Great Britain,

Preamble, reciting Clauses in an Act of last Session.

Sums deduct-
ed for the Du-
ties upon Of-
fices and Pen-
sions in Eng-
land, to be paid
over to Re-
ceivers to be
appointed by
His Majesty.

3 d. in the
Pound allow-
ed him for his
Trouble.

Security to be
given by him.

Britain, which exceed One hundred Pounds per Annum; and for or in respect of any Pension or Gratuity, which is or shall be payable out of any Revenue belonging to His Majesty in Great Britain, exceeding the Value of One hundred Pounds per Annum; and that the Money so deducted by the Officers of His Majesty's Exchequer in England, shall remain there for the Purposes in the said Act declared; and that such Part of the Money as shall be so deducted by any Officer or Officers of the Duties of Lancaster and Cornwall, or by any other Commissioners, Officers, and Persons, by whom the said Salaries, Wages, Fees, Pensions, and Gratuities, are or shall be respectively payable in England, shall be by them paid into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer at Westminster: And whereas the said recited Directions may be expensive in the Execution thereof, by subjecting each of the Officers, Commissioners, and Persons, by the said Act required to make the Deduction aforesaid, to a separate Account before the Auditors of the Imprests, for the several Sums by them respectively deducted: And whereas the said recited Directions have appeared to be in other Respects inconvenient; be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That all Sums of Money which on the Fifth Day of July, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, and afterwards from time to time, shall become due, and be deducted by virtue of the said Act, for or in respect of the Salaries, Fees, or Wages, of any Offices and Employments payable by the Crown in that Part of Great Britain called England, Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed, and for or in respect of any Pension or Gratuity payable out of any Revenue belonging to His Majesty, in England, Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed, shall, by the Commissioners, Officers, and Persons deducting the same, be respectively paid into the Hands of a Receiver or Receivers to be for that Purpose appointed by His Majesty, His Heirs, and Successors; and it shall and may be lawful to and for such Receiver or Receivers to retain, out of the Monies so paid into his or their Hands as aforesaid, such Sum, as a Reward or Compensation for his or their Trouble, as His Majesty, His Heirs, and Successors shall appoint, not exceeding Three Pence in the Pound; and the said Receiver or Receivers shall give Security for their good Behaviour in discharging the Trust

Trust in them reposed, by giving Bond in such Penalty, and with such Surety or Sureties, as the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury for the time being, or any Three or more of them, or the Lord High Treasurer for the time being, shall think fit; and the Payments of the several Sums so deducted as aforesaid, shall be made into the Hands of such Receiver or Receivers, in the Course of the Quarter wherein the said Sums shall have been deducted; and such Receiver or Receivers shall, within the Compass of the next ensuing Quarter, pay the same Sums respectively into the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer at Westminster: And the several Commissioners, Officers, and Persons, making the Deductions aforesaid, are hereby directed and required, at the Request of such Receiver or Receivers, to deliver to him or them a just and true Account of all and every the Salaries, Fees, and Wages, and likewise of the annual Pensions and Gratuities by the said Commissioners, Officers, and Persons respectively payable, and of the Names of the Persons intitled to receive the same; of which Accounts the said Receiver or Receivers are to enter exact Copies in Books to be by them kept for that Purpose.

Deductions of the Duties to be paid over Quarterly to the Receiver, and by him, within the Quarter following, into the Exchequer.

An Account of the Salaries, Fees, and Pensions, &c. to be delivered to the Receivers;

and entered by them in proper Books.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all Sums of Money which have been, or ought to have been, deducted or retained under the said Act, by the Officers of the Exchequer, or of any other Office, or by any Commissioner or Commissioners, or other Persons, in England, Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed, for the Duties payable under the said Act of the Thirtieth first Year of His present Majesty's Reign, for or in respect of the Salaries, Fees, or Wages of any Office or Employment, or for or in respect of any Pension or Gratuity out of any Revenue belonging to His Majesty, shall be accounted for to such Receiver or Receivers as shall be, in pursuance of this present Act, appointed by His Majesty, His Heirs, and Successors; and the Accounts thereof shall be examined, audited, and passed, by such Receiver or Receivers, or One of them, and not by the Auditors of the Imprests, or the Auditors of the Court of Exchequer.

The Monies which have been, or ought to have been deducted under the said Act, to be accounted for to the said Receivers, and passed by them.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Dispute shall arise whether the Fees, Salary, or Wages of any Office or Employment, or whether any Pension or Gratuity, be chargeable under the said Act of the Thirtieth first Year of His present Majesty's Reign, or under this Act, or touching the Sum of Money which ought to be stopped and deducted out of such Salary, Fees,

Disputes concerning the charging any particular Office or Pension, or Sums to be deducted thereout,

to be heard
and deter-
mined by the
Barons of the
Exchequer in
England or
Scotland re-
spectively.

Wages, Pensions, or Gratuities, such Disputes shall be heard by the Barons of the Exchequer in England, if the Office or Employment in Question is exercised, or the Pension or Gratuity is payable, in England, Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed; or by the Barons of the Exchequer in Scotland, if the Office or Employment in Question is exercised, or the Pension or Gratuity is payable, in that Part of Great Britain; and such Hearing is to be given on the Complaint or Representation laid in Writing before the Barons of the Exchequer in England or Scotland respectively, either by the Party who shall think himself aggrieved, or by such Receiver or Receivers who shall be appointed in pursuance of this Act, in respect of England, Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed, and by the Receiver General or Receivers in Scotland, in respect of that Part of the United Kingdom.

Copy of the
Complaint to
be given to the
Person com-
plained a-
gainst,
and to be de-
termined in a
summary
Way.

Provided always, That the Complainant shall give a Copy of his Complaint or Representation to the Person or Persons against whom the same is made, within Ten Days after the same shall have been lodged with the said Barons; and the said Barons in England and Scotland respectively shall hear and determine such Disputes in a summary Way, and their Determination shall be binding without further Appeal.

And whereas the Profits of several Offices and Employments in Great Britain arise in the Whole, or in Part, from Perquisites which are due and payable in the Course of Office; and it is therefore, by the said Act of the Thirty first Year of His present Majesty's Reign, enacted, That such Part of the Sums of Money thereby granted as are payable for or in respect of the Profits of any Office or Employment in any Part of England, Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed, which arise from such Perquisites, shall be computed, raised, levied, and paid, according to the annual Value at which such Profits stood valued and rated to the last Assessment to the Land Tax; with a Provision, That such Profits arising from such Perquisites as aforesaid, should be deemed and taken to have been valued and rated in such last Assessment to the Land Tax, at so much only as the entire Sum at which any such Office was valued and rated in the said Assessment should exceed the Amount of the Salaries, Wages, and Fees, payable as aforesaid in respect of the same Office: And whereas, for the better rating, ordering, levying, and collecting of the Duty by the said Act charged upon such Perquisites of such of the said Offices and Employments as are in that Part

of Great Britain called England, Wales, and Berwick upon Tweed, the Commissioners of the Land Tax for the time being are thereby authorized and required to ascertain, and set down in Writing, the Amount of the Duty of One Shilling in the Pound, to be paid in pursuance of the said Act by all Commissioners and other Officers, their Clerks, Agents, Secondaries, Substitutes, and other inferior Ministers and Persons whatsoever, having, using, or exercising, any of the said Offices or Employments, the Salaries, Wages, Fees, and Perquisites whereof, exceed the Value of One hundred Pounds per Annum, within their respective Hundreds, Laths, Wapentakes, Rapes, Wards, or other Divisions, in Proportion to the annual Value at which the Profits of such Offices or Employments respectively stood valued and rated in the last Assessment to the Land Tax for the said respective Hundreds and Divisions respectively: And whereas it hath been found that, in Consequence of the said before recited Limitations put by the said Act upon the rating, valuing, and assessing, of the Profits of Offices and Employments arising from Perquisites due and payable in the Course of Office, the said Offices and Employments have not contributed in equal Proportion with those whereof the Profits arise from Salaries, Fees, and Wages, payable by the Crown; be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Commissioners of the Land Tax for the time being shall fix and ascertain, according to their best Judgement and Discretion, the Sum Total or Amount of the Perquisites arising from each and every Office within their respective Districts, distinct from the Salary, Fees, and Wages, thereunto belonging, which are to be deducted under the said Act, and independently of any former Valuation or Assessment of the same to the Land Tax; and shall rate and assess all such of the said Offices and Employments, whereof the Perquisites shall be found to exceed One hundred Pounds a Year, at One Shilling for every Twenty Shillings arising by the said Offices and Employments.

And, to the End that the Duty of One Shilling in the Pound may be paid upon all Offices and Employments whereof the Salary, Fees, and Wages, together with the Perquisites, shall exceed One hundred Pounds a Year; it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Receiver or Receivers to be appointed by virtue of this Act, shall transmit to the Commissioners of the Land Tax in every District where any Office or Employment is to be assessed, an Account of all

The Perquisites of Office to be ascertained by the Commissioners of the Land Tax, distinct from the Salary, and independent of any former Valuation.

Offices, &c. where the Perquisites exceed 100 l. to be rated 1 s. in the Pound.

Receivers to transmit to the Commissioners of the Land Tax, an Account of all such Offices, &c. the Fees and Salaries whereof do not exceed 100 l. per Annum;

such

and such as,
together, shall
be found to
exceed 100*l.* per
Ann. are to be
charged with
the Duty of 1*s.*
in the Pound.

such Offices and Employments, whereof the Fees, Wages, and Salaries, do not exceed One hundred Pounds a Year; and if the said Commissioners of the Land Tax shall find the Perquisites arising from the said Office, with the Salary, Fees, and Wages, of the same, as certified by such Receiver or Receivers, to exceed together the Amount of One hundred Pounds a Year, then the said Commissioners are to rate and assess such Office and Employment, and to cause the Duty of One Shilling in the Pound to be levied and collected thereon.

In future Assessments to the Land Tax, Offices not to be rated higher than they were in 31 Geo. II.

Provided nevertheless, That in all future Assessments to the Land Tax, the said Offices and Employments shall not be valued or assessed at any higher Rates than those whereat the same Offices and Employments were respectively assessed and rated towards the Land Tax imposed by an Act made in the Thirty first Year of his present Majesty's Reign; any thing to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

Meaning of the Word Perquisites ascertained.

And, to prevent any Doubts which might arise concerning the Meaning of the Word Perquisites, in the said Act, and in this present Act mentioned; be it declared and enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the same shall for the Purposes of the said Act, and likewise of this present Act, be construed, deemed, and taken, as and for such Profits of Offices and Employments in Great Britain, as arise from Fees established by Custom or Authority, and payable either by the Crown, or the Subjects, in Consideration of Business done, from time to time, in the Course of executing such Offices and Employments.

And whereas in and by the said Act it is provided, That no Commissioner of the Land Tax in England, Wales, or Berwick upon Tweed, or Commissioner of Supply in Scotland, who shall be possessed of any Office or Employment subject and liable to the Duty thereby imposed, shall sit, or act, or any Ways interfere, in rating his own Office or Employment, but shall withdraw until the Rating thereof be settled and determined by the rest of the Commissioners then present: And whereas a Doubt hath arisen whether any Commissioner possessed of any such Office or Employment, can sit, or act, or any Ways interfere, in the Execution of the said Act, in regard that the Commissioners of the Land Tax are thereby constituted the Assessors, and that the making and signing any Assessment to be made in pursuance of the said Act by

any Commissioner possessed of any Office or Employment; might be deemed and taken to be sitting, acting, or interfering; in the rating of his own Office or Employment, although such Commissioner had withdrawn, until the rating of his Office was settled and determined; be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That nothing in this or in the said in Part recited Act contained, shall be deemed or construed to extend to any such Commissioner, for or in respect of his making or signing any Assessment made, or to be made, in pursuance of the said in Part recited Act, or of this Act; provided such Commissioner shall have withdrawn, or shall withdraw, until the rating of his own Office or Employment shall have been, or shall be, settled or determined.

Commissioners of the Land Tax not liable to Penalties for acting in the Cases here mentioned, provided they withdraw during the rating of their respective Employments.

Provided also, That the Duty of One Shilling in the Pound charged by the said Act made in the Thirty first Year of His present Majesty's Reign upon Pensions and Gratuities, shall not, for the future, be charged on, or payable out of, such Pensions or Gratuities which His Majesty, His Heirs, and Successors, shall be pleased to declare in the Warrant, Order, or other Instrument, directing Payment thereof, to be intended as charitable Donations; any thing to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

Charitable Donations exempted from Duties;

Provided also, That nothing in the said Act contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to the charging of the said Duty upon any Military Officers serving on the Staff, or belonging to any of His Majesty's Garrisons, Regiments, Troops, Companies, the Royal Hospital of Chelsea, or the Hospitals of the Army; any thing to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

as also Officers of the Army, and the Hospitals;

Provided always, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said recited Act passed in the Thirty first Year of His Majesty's Reign, or this Act, or any thing therein or herein contained, shall not charge, or be construed, deemed, or taken to charge, any Pension, Annuity, yearly Payment, Rent, or Sum, issuing out of, or charged upon, any Revenues belonging to His Majesty in Great Britain, that have been by His Majesty's Royal Predecessors, Kings or Queens of England, or by Act of Parliament, granted unto any Person or Persons in Fee or Fee-tail, or till redeemed by Payment of any Sum or Sums of Money mentioned in any Grant or Act of Parliament, with the said Duty

and the Pensions, Annuities, and Rents, &c. granted in Fee, or Fee-tail, &c. by former Kings and Queens of England;

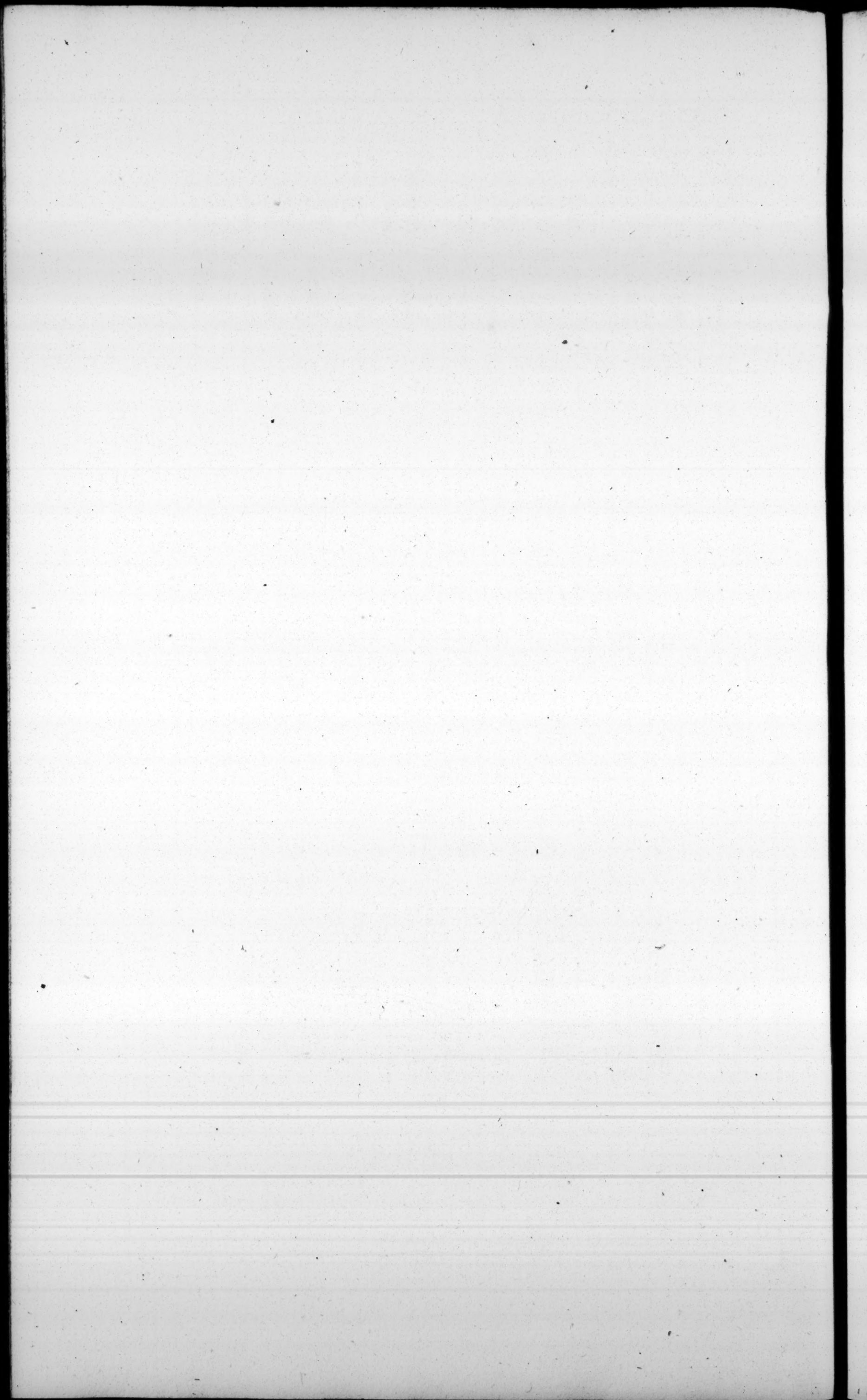
or Payment in the said recited Act of One Shilling out of every Twenty Shillings thereof by the Year, but that such Pensions, Annuities, yearly Payments, Rents, or Sums, shall be acquitted and discharged of, from, and against, the said Duty, as if the said recited Act had never been made; any thing therein or herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

and Offices in
both Universi-
ties.

Provided always, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to charge any Offices or Employments in either of the Two Universities in that Part of Great Britain called England, with the Duty by this Act imposed.

3

F I N I S.



Anno Regni GEORGE II II.

R E G I S

Magnæ Britannia, Franciæ, & Hiberniæ,

TRICESIMO SECUNDO.

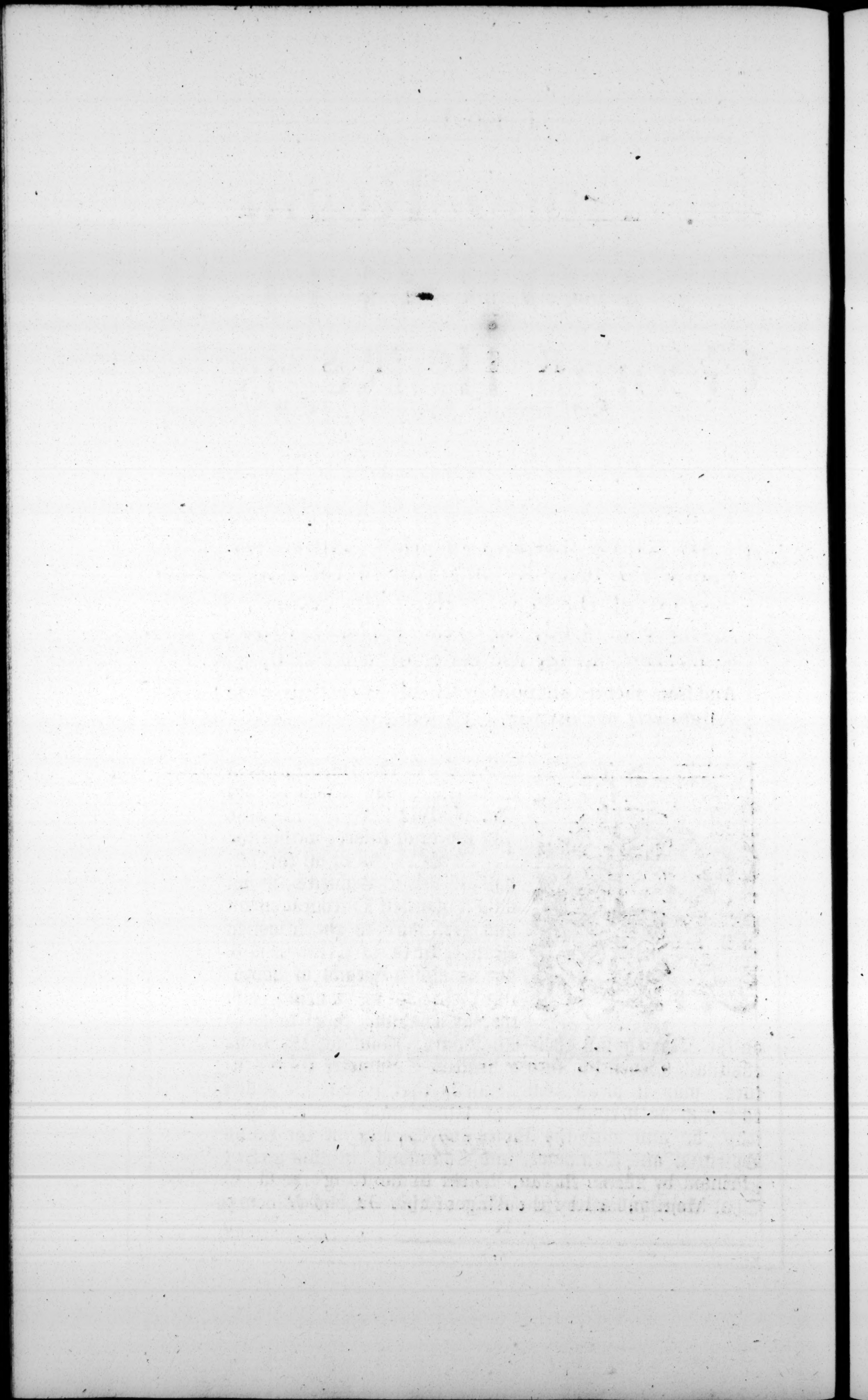
At the Parliament begun and holden at *Westminster*,
the Thirty first Day of *May*, *Anno Dom.* 1754.
in the Twenty seventh Year of the Reign of our
Sovereign Lord *GEORGE* the Second, by the
Grace of God, of *Great Britain, France, and*
Ireland, King, Defender of the Faith, &c.

And from thence continued by several Prorogations to the Twenty
third Day of *November*, 1758, being the Sixth Session of this
present Parliament.



L O N D O N:

Printed by *Thomas Baskett*, Printer to the King's most Excellent
Majesty; and by the Assigns of *Robert Baskett*. 1759.



Anno tricesimo secundo

Georgii II. Regis.

An Act for the better preventing the Importation of the Woollen Manufactures of *France* into any of the Ports in the *Levant* Sea, by or on the Behalf of any of His Majesty's Subjects; and for the more effectual preventing the illegal Importation of Raw Silk and Mohair Yarn into this Kingdom.



WHEREAS the Importation of Woollen Broad Cloth of the Manufacture of France into any Ports or Places within the Levant Seas, by or on the Behalf of British Subjects, is not only a manifest Discouragement and Prejudice to the Woollen Manufactures of Great Britain, but is also a Means of affording Relief to the Enemy, and thereby enabling them to carry on the War against these Kingdoms: Now for the more effectually preventing such destructive Commerce for the future, may it please Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the passing of this Act, no Woollen Broad

Preamble.

No Woollen
Manufactures
of *France*, may
be imported by
or on Behalf
of any *English*
Subject, into
any of the
Ports in the
Levant Seas;

nor may *Eng-
lish* Goods be
so imported,
except direct-
ly from *Great
Britain*,

unless Certifi-
cate attested
by the Consul
be produced
from the last
Place of Ex-
portation, that
the said Goods
are originally
British, &c.

and the Bills
of Lading up-
on the Expor-
tation from
Great Britain,
be also pro-
duced, and
notified in the
Attestation.

Consul to en-
ter a Dupli-
cate of such
Certificate in
a Book to be
kept for that
Purpose;

which is to be
signed by the
Exporter;

Broad Cloth, or Woollen Goods, of the Manufacture of France; shall directly or indirectly be imported or carried into any Port or Place in the Levant Seas, within the Limits of any Letters Patent or Charter granted to the Governor and Company of Merchants of England trading into the Levant Seas, commonly called The Turkey Company, by or on the Account of any Member of the said Company, or any Subject of this Realm.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Woollen Broad Cloth, or other Woollen Goods, of the Produce or Manufacture of this Kingdom, shall be imported into any Port or Place in the Levant Seas, within the Limits of the said Company's Charter, except directly from this Kingdom, by, for, or on account of, any British Subject; unless the Importer shall produce to His Majesty's Ambassador, or to the Consul or Vice Consul, or other proper Officer appointed by the Levant Company, at the Port or Place where such Goods shall be imported, a Certificate upon Oath from the Exporter or Shipper of such Goods, at the Port or Place where the same Goods were last exported from, that the same were brought or received from Great Britain; and in such Certificate shall be described the Name of the Ship or Vessel, and also of the Master thereof, and the particular Day or Time when the same Goods were imported into such last loading Port or Place from Great Britain; which Certificate shall be attested by the British Consul, or Person acting as Consul in his Absence, residing at such last loading Port or Place; and the said Shipper shall also produce to the said British Consul, or Person acting as Consul in his Absence, the Bill or Bills of Lading of the said Goods, which shall have been given or made out upon the Shipping thereof from Great Britain; and the said Consul, or Person acting as Consul in his Absence, shall take Notice in the Attestation of such Certificate, that such Bill or Bills of Lading were produced to him.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That upon granting every Certificate for the Exportation of British Cloths or other Woollen Manufactures of this Kingdom, for any Port or Place within the Limits of the Charter of the Levant Company, the Consul, Vice Consul, or Person acting as such, is hereby required to enter a Duplicate of the said Certificate in a Book to be by him kept for that Purpose; in which Book the said Duplicate being entered at the Time of granting the Certificate, shall be signed by the Exporter or Shipper of the Goods, taking the Oath before required to be taken upon making out such Certificate; which Book and En-
try

try of the Duplicates of all such Certificates shall be referred to, and received as final Evidence, in all Disputes which may arise with Respect to the Truth or Authenticity of such Certificates; and such Entries shall and may be examined by all Parties without Fee or Reward.

and the same may be admitted as Evidence, and examined *gratis*.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in all Cases where the Consul, or Person acting as such, shall receive Information, upon Oath, setting forth good Reason to suspect the Truth or Authenticity of any Certificate, the said Consul, or Person acting as such, shall, and is hereby required, to signify such Information to the Importer, and to take Security in double the Value of the Goods; which Security shall be forfeited, in Case, upon a Reference to the Entries and Books of the Consul, or Person acting as such, at the Port from whence such Goods shall be pretended to be imported, it shall appear that no such Certificate was granted; such Security to be assigned to the Informer for his sole Use and Benefit.

Where the Certificate shall be suspected, the Consul is to signify the same to the Importer, and take double Security;

and if Fraud be discovered, the Security to be forfeited, and assigned to the Informer.

Provided always, and it is hereby enacted, That as often as any such Objections shall be made to any Certificate produced by any Importer of Woollen Cloths, or Manufactures, into any Port or Place within the Limits of the Charter of the Levant Company, and Security shall be taken of the said Importer as by this Act is directed to be taken; that in every such Case, the Ambassador, Consul, or Person acting as such, shall, by the first Opportunity, transmit to the Consul, or Person acting as such, at the Port or Place at which such disputed Certificate shall be alledged to have been granted, Notice of such Dispute, requiring from such Consul or Person, at the same Time, an Attestation under his Hand and Seal, determining whether the Certificate in Dispute was granted by him; and such Attestation shall be transmitted by the said Consul, or Person acting as such, by the first Opportunity, to the Ambassador, Consul, or Person acting as such, at the Port or Place where the Dispute shall arise, who is hereby required, upon the Receipt thereof, to lay such Attestation before the said Importer; and in case the Certificate be by such Attestation verified, the Security shall be immediately cancelled; but if the Certificate shall by such Attestation be found not to have been granted, the Ambassador, Consul, or Person acting as such, is hereby required to levy the Penalty by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chatties of the Person or Persons giving the former Security, by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of such Ambassador, Consul, or Person acting as such; which Warrant he is

Notice of such disputed Certificate to be transmitted to the Consul at the Port where the same shall be alledged to have been granted;

who is to return an Attestation concerning the same, which is to be laid before the Importer, and the Security to be vacated, or forfeited accordingly.

hereby authorized to issue; and the said Penalty, when recovered, shall be applied in Manner as is before by this Act directed.

Woollen
Goods import-
ed without
such Certifi-
cate, other-
wise than di-
rectly from
England,
deemed to be
French,

and may be
seized.

Factor to
make Oath,
before Expor-
tation, that
the Goods
were not pur-
chased with,
or taken in
Barter for,
French Goods.

Importer of
Turkish Goods
into Great
Britain, to
make Oath,
before the
Landing, that
the same were
not purchased
with, or taken
in Barter for,
French Wool-
len Goods;

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all such Woollen Goods as shall be imported into any Port or Place within the Limits of the said Levant Company's Charter, by, for, or on the Account or Behalf of any British Subject, without such Certificate as aforesaid, other than such as shall be imported directly from England, shall be deemed, and construed, and taken, to be Woollen Goods of the Manufacture of France, within the true Intent and Meaning of this Act; and His Majesty's Ambassador, and the Consul, or Vice Consul, or other proper Officer appointed by the said Levant Company, are hereby impowered and required respectively to cause the same to be seized and confiscated.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every Merchant or Factor who shall be a Subject of Great Britain, or residing under the Protection of the British Ambassador, or any Consul, or Vice Consul, or the Person acting as such in his Absence, within the Limits of the said Company's Charter, shall, before the Exportation of any Goods or Merchandize whatsoever from any Port or Place within the Limits aforesaid, make Oath before the said Ambassador, or such Consul, or Vice Consul, or the Person acting as such in his Absence as aforesaid, that such Goods or Merchandize so intended to be exported, were not purchased by such Merchant or his Factor, with his Knowledge, with the Produce of, or taken in Barter or Exchange for, French Woollen Broad Cloth, or any other Woollen Manufactures of France, since the passing of this Act.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the passing of this Act, every Person who shall import into Great Britain or Ireland any Goods, Wares, or Merchandize whatsoever, of the Growth, Produce, or Manufacture, of the Turkish Dominions, within the Limits of the said Company's Charter, shall, before such Goods, Wares, or Merchandize, shall be permitted to be landed, make Oath before His Majesty's Commissioners of the Customs, or the Collector or Comptroller, or other Principal Officer of the Customs of such Port or Place where such Goods, Wares, or Merchandize, shall be imported, that the same, or any Part thereof, were, or was not, by himself, or his Correspondent, with his Knowledge, directly or indirectly purchased by or with the Produce of, or taken in Barter or Exchange for, any Kind of Woollen Broad Cloth, or any other Woollen

Woollen Manufactures of France, since the passing of this Act, except such as shall have been condemned as lawful Prize.

except the same shall be Prize Goods.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in case any Certificate to be granted pursuant to this Act shall happen to be lost or mislaid, the Master or other Person having Charge of the Ship or Vessel, on Board whereof the Goods to which such Certificate did relate shall be laden, shall, before the Landing of such Goods, make Oath before His Majesty's Ambassador, or the Consul or Vice Consul of the Port of Discharge of the said Ship, thereby setting forth, according to the best of his Remembrance and Belief, the Purport of such Certificate, and that the same is so lost or mislaid, and that he doth not know what is become thereof, and that the same hath not been with his Privy, Consent, or Knowledge, delivered or disposed of to any Person or Persons whatsoever; and the said Master or other Person navigating the said Ship or Vessel, or the Consignee or Consignees of the Goods to which such Certificate did relate, shall also give sufficient Security, in the Penalty of Double the Value of the said Goods, to His Majesty's Ambassador, or to the Consul or Vice Consul, or the Person acting as such in his Absence, of the Port or Place where the said Goods shall be imported, for procuring and delivering to His Majesty's Ambassador, or to the said Consul or Vice Consul, or the Person acting as such in his Absence, within a reasonable Time to be by him appointed, a Duplicate of such Certificate so lost or mislaid: And, upon making such Oath, and giving such Security, as aforesaid, His Majesty's Ambassador, or the said Consul or Vice Consul, shall grant the said Master, or the Consignee of the said Cargo, Leave or Licence to import the Goods mentioned in the said Oath; and the same shall and may thereupon be lawfully landed and imported.

If a Certificate shall be lost or mislaid, the Master to make Oath concerning the same, and the Purport thereof,

and give Security for producing a Duplicate thereof;

Licence thereupon to be granted to import the Goods.

Provided nevertheless, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be deemed, construed, or taken to extend, to hinder or prevent the Shipping, transporting, importing, selling, or disposing of, any Woollen Goods or Woollen Manufacture of any Country whatsoever, which shall have been taken from the Enemies of the Crown of Great Britain, and condemned as lawful Prize, by any Ship or Ships of War, or Privateer, belonging to, or bearing Commission from, His Majesty, His Heirs, or Successors.

Prize Woollen Goods may be imported, &c.

Provided, That at the Time of the Importation of such Prize Cloths, a Copy of the Sentence of Condemnation, signed by the Person condemning the same, shall

upon producing a Copy of the Sentence of Condemnation to the Consul.

be delivered to the Consul, or Person acting as such, at the Port or Place of Importation.

Recital of
Clauses in
Act 12 Car. II.

And whereas by an Act of Parliament passed in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King Charles the Second, intituled, An Act for the Encouragement and Increasing of Shipping and Navigation, it was, amongst other Things, enacted, That no Goods or Commodities of Foreign Growth, Production, or Manufacture, and which should be brought into England, Ireland, Wales, the Islands of Guernsey or Jersey, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, in English built Shipping, or other Shipping, as therein before-mentioned, should be shipped or brought from any other Place or Places, Country or Countries, but only from those of the said Growth, Production, or Manufacture, or from those Ports where the said Goods or Commodities could only or usually had been first shipped for Transportation, and from none other Places or Countries, under the Penalty of the Forfeiture of all such Goods as should be imported from any other Place or Country, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of the said Act, as also of the Ship in which the same were imported, with all her Guns, Furniture, Ammunition, Tackle, and Apparel, One Moiety to His Majesty, His Heirs, and Successors, and the other Moiety to him or them that should seize, inform, or sue for the same, in any Court of Record, to be recovered as in the said Act is expressed: And it was by the same Act provided, That the said Act, or any Thing therein contained, should not extend or be meant to restrain and prohibit the Importation of any of the Commodities of the Straights or Levant Seas loaded in English built Shipping, and whereof the Master, and Three fourths of the Mariners at least, were English, from the usual Ports or Places for Loading of such Commodities theretofore, within the said Straights or Levant Seas, though the same were not of the very Growth of the said Places: And whereas by another Act of Parliament made in the Sixth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the First, intituled, An Act for prohibiting the Importation of Raw Silk and Mohair Yarn of the Product or Manufacture of *Asia*, from any Ports or Places in the *Straights* or *Levant* Seas, except such Ports and Places as are within the Dominions of the *Grand Seignior*; after reciting the aforesaid Clause, and also the aforesaid Proviso in the said Act of the Twelfth Year of the Reign of His said late Majesty King Charles the Second, herein before recited, and also reciting that the Woollen Manufacture in France had since that Time been greatly increased, and very large Quantities

6 Geo. I.

Quantities of such Goods were then annually imported from thence to Turkey, in return whereof, were brought from thence Raw Silk, and other Commodities, to Mar-seilles, and other Ports in France, great Quantities whereof were carried into Italy, and from thence imported into Great Britain, in English Shipping, greatly to the Discouragement of the Woollen Manufactures of Great Britain, and the Advancement thereof in France, and that without some speedy Care therein, the British Trade to Turkey would be daily lessened, and was in Danger of being lost; it was by the said Act enacted, That from and after the Twenty ninth Day of September, One thousand seven hundred and twenty, the said recited Clause or Proviso, as to the Importation of Raw Silk and Mohair Worn of the Product or Manufacture of Asia, should be, and was thereby repealed, excepting only as to the Ports and Places in the said Straights or Levant Seas, which were within the Dominions of the Grand Seignior: And whereas by another Act of Parliament passed in the Thirteenth and Fourteenth Years of the Reign of His said late Majesty King Charles the Second, intituled, An Act for preventing Frauds, and regulating Abuses, in His Majesty's Customs; reciting, that there were great Practices and Combinations between the Importers and Owners of Goods and Merchandizes, and the Seizers and Informers, with Design and Intent to defraud the Force of the Law, and His Majesty, of His Duties and Customs, it was enacted, That no Ship or Ships, Goods, Wares, or Merchandizes, should be seized as forfeited, for or by reason of unlawful Importation, or Exportation, into, or out of, this Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Port and Town of Berwick, but by the Person or Persons who were or should be appointed by His Majesty to manage His Customs, or Officers of His Majesty's Customs for the time being, or such other Person or Persons as should be deputed and authorized thereunto, by Warrant from the Lord Treasurer, or Under Treasurer, or by Special Commission from His Majesty under the Great or Privy Seal; and if any Seizure should thereafter be made by any other Person or Persons whatsoever, for any the Causes therein before-mentioned, such Seizure should be void and of none Effect: And whereas great Quantities of Raw Silk of the Product or Manufacture of Asia have been imported into this Kingdom, under various Denominations and Pretences, from Leghorn, and other Ports and Places from whence the same may not be lawfully imported into England, contrary to the said Acts prohibiting the same, and to the great Prejudice of the Trade of this Kingdom:

§ 13 & 14 Car.
II.

Where Raw Silk, or Mohair Yarn, or the Vessel importing the same, shall be seized, as forfeited by virtue of any of the recited Acts,

the Seizure may not be abandoned, without acquainting the Company of such Intention,

and delivering in a Schedule of the Seizure;

and where the Company shall give Bond to indemnify the Officer,

the Suit may not be discontinued without their Consent,

but be prosecuted to Judgement.

Member of the Company admitted to give Evidence upon the Trial.

Now, for the more effectually preventing such illegal Practices for the future, be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in case any Raw Silk or Mohair Yarn, or any Ship or Vessel bringing the same into England, Ireland, Wales, the Islands of Guernsey or Jersey, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, at any Time from and after the passing of this Act, shall be seized, as forfeited by virtue of all or any of the said herein before in Part recited Acts of Parliament, then, and in any such Case, it shall not be lawful for any Officer or Officers, or other Person or Persons who shall make such Seizure, to release or abandon the same, or delay or omit to proceed to Judgement for the Condemnation thereof, as the Law in that Behalf directs, without first acquainting the Governor, Deputy Governor, Treasurer, or Husband, of the said Company, or their Successors, or their known Secretary for the time being, by Writing, of his or their Intentions to relinquish or abandon such Seizure; and such Officer or Officers, or other Person or Persons, shall, at the same Time, deliver to the said Governor, Deputy Governor, Treasurer, Husband, or Secretary of the said Company, or of their Successors, a Copy of the Schedule of such Seizure: And in case the said Governor and Company, or any Committee thereof, shall, within Seven Days after such Notice, give Bond, or offer to give Bond, under the Common Seal of their Corporation, in the penal Sum of One thousand Pounds, with Condition thereunder written for indemnifying and saving harmless such Officer or Officers, or other Person or Persons, of, from, and against, all Costs of Suit, Charges, Damages, and Expences, which such Officer or Officers, or other Person or Persons, shall be necessarily put to, or may pay or sustain, in case such Ship, Vessel, or Goods, so seized, shall not be adjudged, upon the Trial or Hearing concerning the Condemnation thereof, to have been forfeited; that then such Officer, or other Person or Persons, shall not voluntarily abandon or relinquish such Seizure, or omit to commence or bring, nor discontinue any Proceedings commenced for the Condemnation of such Ship, Vessel, or Goods, without the Consent of the said Company, or some Committee thereof; but shall, with all convenient Speed, proceed to Judgement concerning the Legality of such Seizure; any Law, or Construction of Law, to the contrary notwithstanding.

Provided nevertheless, That any Person, being a Member of the said Company, shall be admitted to give Evidence, either for the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, Relator or Relators, or Defendant or Defendants, upon any Trial, Hearing,

Hearing, or Examination, concerning the Condemnation or Legality of the Seizure of the Goods, Ship, or Vessel, to which any such Bond, so to be given as aforesaid, shall relate; any such Bond, or any Law, or Construction of Law, to the contrary notwithstanding.

And be it further enacted, That this Act shall be deemed, adjudged, and taken to be, a Publick Act, and be judicially taken Notice of as such, by all Judges and other Persons whatsoever, without the same being specially pleaded. Publick Act.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person or Persons shall, at any Time or Times, be sued or prosecuted for any thing by him or them done or executed in pursuance of this Act, or of any Matter or Thing in this Act contained, such Person or Persons shall and may plead the General Issue, and give the Special Matter in Evidence for his or their Defence; and if, upon the Trial a Verdict shall pass for the Defendant or Defendants, or the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall become nonsuited, or discontinue his or their Action, then such Defendant or Defendants shall have Treble Costs to him or them awarded, against such Plaintiff or Plaintiffs. General Issue.
Treble Costs.

Provided always, That this Act, and every Thing contained therein, shall continue and be in Force during the present War with France, and no longer. Continuance
of the Act.

F I N I S.

THE SOUTH

OF THE

UNITED STATES

AND

THE

WEST

INDIAN

TRADING

COMPANY

OF

THE

UNITED STATES

AND

THE

WEST

Anno Regni
GEORGGII II.
REGIS

Magnæ Britanniae, Franciæ, & Hiberniæ,

TRICESIMO SECUNDO.

At the Parliament begun and holden at *Westminster*, the Thirty first Day of *May*, Anno Dom. 1754. in the Twenty seventh Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord *GEORGE* the Second, by the Grace of God, of *Great Britain, France,* and *Ireland*, King, Defender of the Faith, &c.

And from thence continued by several Prorogations to the Twenty third Day of *November*, 1758, being the Sixth Session of this present Parliament.



L O N D O N :

Printed by *Thomas Baskett*, Printer to the King's most Excellent Majesty; and by the Assigns of *Robert Baskett*. 1759.

Anno tricesimo secundo

Georgii II. Regis.

An Act for augmenting the Salaries of the
Puisne Judges in the Court of *King's Bench*,
the Judges in the Court of *Common Pleas*,
the Barons of the Coif in the Court of *Ex-
chequer* at *Westminster*, the Judges in the
Courts of *Session* and *Exchequer* in *Scotland*,
and Justices of *Chester*, and the Great Ses-
sions for the Counties in *Wales*.



H E R E A S the Salaries of the Preamble.
Puisne Judges in the Court
of King's Bench, the Judges in
the Court of Common Pleas, the
Barons of the Coif in the Court
of Exchequer at Westminster, the
Judges in the Courts of Session
and Exchequer in Scotland, and
the Justices of Chester, and of
the Great Sessions for the Coun-
ties in Wales, are inadequate
to the Dignity and Importance
of their Offices: And Your Majesty's most dutiful and
loyal Subjects, the Commons of Great Britain in Par-
liament assembled, being desirous to augment the said
Salaries, do give and grant unto Your Majesty, in
order to establish in the first Place a proper Fund for
the Augmentation of the Salaries of the said Judges in
the Courts at Westminster, and Justices of Chester, and
the Great Sessions for the Counties in Wales, the Du-
ties hereinafter mentioned, and do therefore most hum-
bly

Additional
Stamp Duties
granted on
every Piece of
Vellum, Parch-
ment, or Pa-
per, used in
Law Matters,
to take Place
5 July, 1759.

bly beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Fifth Day of July, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, there shall be throughout England, the Dominion of Wales, and Town of Berwick upon Tweed, raised, collected, levied, and paid, unto and for the Use of His Majesty, His Heirs, and Successors, for every Piece of Vellum, Parchment, or Paper, on which the several and respective Matters and Things herein after mentioned, shall be ingrossed or written at any Time or Times after the said Fifth Day of July (over and above the Rates, Duties, Charges, and Sums of Money, now due and payable to His Majesty for or in Respect of the same) the further several and respective Rates, Duties, Charges, and Sums of Money following; that is to say,

viz. Upon Af-
fidavits filed
or read in
Courts, 6 d.

(Affidavits for
burying in
Woollen, and
those taken
before Officers
of the Customs,
Justices, or
Commissioners
of the Publick
Taxes, ex-
cepted.)

For every Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper, upon which any Affidavit to be made use of in any Court of Law or Equity at Westminster, or in any Court of the Great Sessions for the Counties in Wales, or in the Court of the County Palatine of Chester, shall be ingrossed or written (except Affidavits taken pursuant to several Acts made in the Thirtieth and Two and thirtieth Years of the Reign of King Charles the Second, for burying in Woollen; and except such Affidavits as shall be taken before the Officers of the Customs, or any Justice or Justices of the Peace, or before any Commissioners appointed, or to be appointed, by any Act of Parliament, for the assessing and levying any Aids or Duties granted or to be granted to His Majesty, His Heirs, and Successors, and which Affidavits shall be taken by the said Officers of the Customs, Justices, or Commissioners, by virtue of their Authority as Justices of the Peace, or Commissioners respectively, and not otherwise) the Sum of Six Pence.

Upon Copies
of the said Af-
fidavits, 6 d.

For every Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper, upon which any Copy of such Affidavit as is herein before charged, that shall be filed or read in any of the said Courts, shall be ingrossed or written, the Sum of Six Pence.

Upon filing a
Common Bail
or Appearance,
6 d.

For every Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper, upon which any Common Bail to be filed in any Court of Law at Westminster, or in any of the aforesaid Courts, and upon which any Appearance that

that shall be made upon such Bail, shall be ingrossed or written, the Sum of Six Pence.

For every Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper, upon which any Rule or Order made or given in any the Courts at Westminster, either Courts of Law or Equity, shall be ingrossed or written, the Sum of Six Pence.

Upon a Rule or Order of Court, 6 d.

For every Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper, upon which any Copy of such Rules or Orders entered, shall be ingrossed or written, the Sum of Six Pence.

Upon a Copy of such Rule or Order, 6 d.

For every Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper, upon which any Original Writ (except such Original on which a Writ of Capias issues) Sub Poena, Bill of Middlesex, Latitat, Writ of Capias Quo Minus, Writ of Dedimus Potestatem, to take Answers, examine Witnesses, or appoint Guardians, or any other Writ whatsoever, or any other Process or Mandate, that shall issue out or pass the Seals of any the Courts at Westminster, Courts of the Great Sessions in Wales, Courts in the Counties Palatine, or any other Court whatsoever holding Plea, where the Debt or Damage doth amount to Forty Shillings, or above, or the Thing in Demand is of that Value, shall be ingrossed or written (Writs of Covenant for levying Fines, Writs of Entry for suffering Common Recoveries, and Writs of Habeas Corpus, alway excepted) the Sum of Six Pence.

Upon Original Writs, &c. (except where a Capias issues) or other Process of Court, where the Debt or Damage amounts to 40 s. or more, 6 d.

(particular Writs excepted)

For every Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper, upon which any Deposition taken in the Court of Chancery, or other Court of Equity at Westminster (except the Paper Draughts of Depositions, taken by virtue of any Commission, before they are ingrossed) or upon which any Copy of any Bill, Answer, Plea, Demurrer, Replication, Rejoinder, Interrogatories, Depositions, or other Proceedings whatsoever, in such Courts of Equity, shall be ingrossed or written, the Sum of One Penny.

Upon Depositions taken in Chancery, or other Court of Equity (Paper Draughts thereof excepted)

Copies of Bills, Answers, Pleas, or other Proceedings in such Courts, 1 d.

For every Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper, upon which any Declaration, Plea, Replication, Rejoinder, Demurrer, or other Pleading whatsoever, in any Court of Law at Westminster, or in any of the Courts of the Principality of Wales, or in any of the Courts in the Counties Palatine of Chester, Lancaster, or Durham, shall be ingrossed or written, the Sum of One Penny; and,

Upon Declarations, and other Pleadings in Courts of Law, 1 d.

For every Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper, upon which any Copy thereof shall be written or ingrossed, the Sum of One Penny.

Upon any Copy thereof, 1 d.

These Duties to be under the Management of the Commissioners for the other Stamp Duties;

who are to employ proper Officers under them, and provide fit Stamps for the Purpose,

and do all other Matters necessary for carrying this Act into Execution.

One new Stamp to be provided to denote the several Duties.

Former Stamps not made use of before 5 July, to be brought to the Office, and have an additional Stamp put on them.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That for the better and more effectual raising, levying, collecting, and paying, all the said additional and new Rates and Duties herein before granted, the same shall be under the Government, Care, and Management, of the Commissioners for the time being appointed to manage the Duties payable to His Majesty, His Heirs, and Successors, and charged on stamped Vellum, Parchment, and Paper, by former Acts of Parliament in that Behalf made; who, or the major Part of them, are hereby required and impowered to employ such Officers under them for that Purpose as they shall think proper; and to use such Dies and Stamps to denote the Stamp Duties hereby charged as they shall think fit; and to repair, renew, or alter the same, from time to time, as there shall be Occasion; and to do all other Acts, Matters, and Things, necessary to be done for putting this Act in Execution, with relation to the said several Rates and Duties hereby granted, in the like and in as full and ample Manner as they, or the major Part of them, are authorized to put in Execution any former Law concerning stamped Vellum, Parchment, or Paper.

Provided always, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That to prevent the Multiplication of Stamps upon such Pieces of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheets or Pieces of Paper, on which several Duties are by several Acts of Parliament imposed, it shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners, instead of the distinct Stamps directed to be provided to denote the several Duties on the Vellum, Parchment, or Paper, charged therewith, to cause One new Stamp to be provided, to denote the said several Duties on every Piece of Vellum or Parchment, or Sheet or Piece of Paper, charged with the said several Duties, from time to time, as shall be by them thought needful.

And it is hereby further enacted, That all Vellum, Parchment, and Paper, charged by this Act with any of the Stamp Duties hereby granted, which hath been, or shall, before the said Fifth Day of July, be stamped or marked in pursuance of the former Acts of Parliament relating to His Majesty's Stamp Duties, or any of them, shall, before any of the Matters or Things in respect whereof any Rate or Duty is hereby made payable shall be ingrossed or written thereupon, such Ingrossing or Writing being at any Time after the said Fifth Day of July, be brought to the Head Office for stamping or marking of Vellum, Parchment, and Paper, to be stamped or marked with another Mark or Stamp, over

and

and besides the Marks or Stamps put or to be put thereupon in pursuance of the said former Acts, or any of them; and that all Uellum, Parchment, and Paper, which hath not been, or shall not, before the said Fifth Day of July, be stamped or marked in pursuance of the said former Acts, or any of them, shall, before any of the Matters or Things in respect whereof any Stamp Duty is payable hereby, and by the said former Acts, or any of them, shall be thereupon ingrossed or written, such Ingrossing or Writing being after the said Fifth Day of July, be brought to the said Head Office, and there marked and stamped with the proper Marks or Stamps, or Mark or Stamp, provided, used, or appointed, or to be provided or appointed in pursuance of the said former Acts, or of this Act, to denote the respective Duties thereby and hereby respectively charged thereupon: And if any of the said Matters and Things so to be ingrossed or written as aforesaid, shall be ingrossed or written, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning hereof, upon Uellum, Parchment, or Paper, not appearing to have been duly marked or stamped, according to this Act; that then, and in every such Case, there shall be due, answered, and paid (over and above the Stamp Duties payable hereby, and by the said former Acts, or any of them) for or in respect of every such Matter and Thing the Sum of Five Pounds; and that no such Matter or Thing shall be available in Law or Equity, or be given in Evidence, or admitted in any Court, unless as well the said Duty hereby charged in Respect thereof, as the said Sum of Five Pounds, shall be first paid to the Receiver General for the time being of the Stamp Duties, or his Deputy or Clerk; and until the Uellum, Parchment, or Paper, upon which such Matter or Thing is so ingrossed or written, shall be marked or stamped according to the Tenor and true Meaning hereof: And the said Receiver General, and his Deputy or Clerk, are hereby enjoined and required, upon Payment or Tender of the said Duties, and of the said Sum of Five Pounds, and such other Sums as by the said former Acts are payable in that Behalf, to give a Receipt for such Monies; and the other proper Officers are thereupon required to mark or stamp such Matters or Things with the proper Marks or Stamps, or Mark or Stamp, required in that Behalf; which said Sum of Five Pounds, is to be applied to the same Uses and Purposes as the Duties hereby granted are to be applied.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the several Rates and Duties herein before granted, shall be paid, from time to time, into the Hands of

All Papers, &c. made use of after the said Day, to be duly stampd according to this Act;

on Penalty of forfeiting 5 l. besides the Duties.

The Penalty and Duties to be paid,

and the Papers, &c. duly stampd, before the same shall be available in Law or Equity.

Upon Payment of the Penalty and Duties, Papers admitted to be stampd.

Duties to be paid to the Receiver General;

and a sep-
Account kept
thereof,

and to be paid
over by him
into the Ex-
chequer.

Books to be
kept in the
Auditor's Of-
fice for enter-
ing these Du-
ties apart from
all others.

Commission-
ers, and Of-
ficers under
them, to ob-
serve the Or-
ders of the
Treasury in
the Execution
of their Of-
fices.

No Fees to be
taken.

Officer making
Default in his
Duty, to pay
Damages, and
Treble Coits,
to the Party
grieved.

Penalties and
Forfeitures for
Breach of
Trust.

Powers and
Provisions, &c.
of former Acts
relating to the
Stamp Duties,

the Receiver General for the time being of the Duties on stamped Vellum, Parchment, and Paper; who shall keep a separate and distinct Account of the several Rates and Duties arising by virtue of this Act, and pay the same (the necessary Charges of raising, paying, and accounting for, such Rates and Duties being deducted) into the Receipt of the Exchequer, for the Purposes herein after expressed, at such Time and in such Manner as any former Duties on stamped Vellum, Parchment, or Paper, are directed to be paid: And that in the Office of the Auditor of the said Receipt, shall be provided and kept a Book or Books, in which all the Monies arising from the several Rates and Duties hereby granted and paid into the said Receipt, as aforesaid, shall be entered separate and apart from all other Monies paid and payable to His Majesty, His Heirs, and Successors, upon any Account whatsoever, and shall be applied in such Manner as is herein after mentioned.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Commissioners, and all other Officers who shall be employed in the Collection or Management of the said several Rates and Duties herein before granted, shall, in the Execution of their Offices, observe and perform such Rules and Orders as they respectively shall, from time to time, receive from the High Treasurer, or the Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them, for the time being; and that no Fee or Reward shall be taken or demanded by any such Commissioners or Officers from any of His Majesty's Subjects, for any Matter or Thing to be done in pursuance of this Act: And in case any Officer employed in the Execution of this Act in relation to the said Rates and Duties, shall refuse or neglect to do or perform any Matter or Thing by this Act required or directed to be done or performed by him, whereby any of His Majesty's Subjects shall or may sustain any Damage whatsoever; such Officer, so offending, shall be liable by any Action to be founded on this Statute, to answer to the Party grieved all such Damages, with Treble Coits of Suit.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Commissioners and their Officers shall be subject to such Penalties and Forfeitures for any Breach of the Trusts in them reposed, or for diverting or misapplying the Money received in pursuance of this Act, as by any former Law relating to stamped Vellum, Parchment, or Paper, are inflicted; and that all Powers, Provisions, Articles, Clauses, Penalties, Forfeitures, Distribution of Penalties and Forfeitures, and all other Matters

Matters and Things prescribed, inflicted, or appointed, extended to these Duties. by any former Act or Acts of Parliament relating to the Duties on Vellum, Parchment, and Paper, on which any Affidavit, or any other Matter or Thing herein before mentioned, in respect whereof any Rate or Duty is by this Act granted, shall be ingrossed or written, and not hereby altered, shall be in full Force and Effect with Relation to the additional Rates and Duties hereby imposed, and shall be applied and put in Execution for the raising, levying, collecting, and securing, the said additional Rates and Duties, according to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, as fully, to all Intents and Purposes, as if the same had severally and respectively been herein enacted with relation to the additional Rates and Duties hereby imposed.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, Penalty of forging or counterfeiting the Stamps, That if any Person, from and after the said Fifth Day of July, shall counterfeit or forge, or procure to be counterfeited or forged, any Seal, Stamp, or Mark, to resemble any Seal, Stamp, or Mark, directed or allowed to be used by this Act for the Purpose of denoting the Duties hereby granted, or shall counterfeit or resemble the Impression of the same, with an Intent to defraud His Majesty, His Heirs, and Successors, of any of the said Duties, or shall utter, vend, or sell, any Vellum, Parchment, or Paper, liable to any such Stamp Duty, with such counterfeit Stamp or Mark, knowing the same to be counterfeit; or shall privately or fraudulently use any Seal, Stamp, or Mark, directed or allowed to be used by this Act, with Intent to defraud His Majesty, His Heirs, and Successors, of any of the said Duties; every Person so offending, and being thereof lawfully convicted, shall be adjudged a Felon, and shall suffer Death as in Cases of or privately or fraudulently making use of the true ones, Felony, without Benefit of Clergy. Death.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, The following Sum to be paid out of the Duties, in Augmentation of the Judges Salaries; That, from and after the Fifth Day of July, there shall be issued, paid, and applied, in every Year, out of the Monies which shall arise by the Duties herein before granted, and be paid into the Receipt of the Exchequer as aforesaid, the Sums of Money following to the several Judges herein after mentioned, as an Addition to, and in Augmentation of, their respective Salaries; that is to say, The Sum of Five hundred Pounds to each of the Puisne Judges for the time being in the Court of King's Bench; the Sum of Five hundred Pounds to each of the Judges for the time being in the Court of Common Pleas at Westminster; the Sum of One thousand Pounds to the Chief Baron for the time being in the Court of Exchequer at Westminster; and the Sum of Five hundred Pounds to each of viz. 500 l. to each of the Puisne Judges of the Court of King's Bench; 500 l. to each of the Judges in the Court of Common Pleas; 1000 l. to the Chief Baron of the Exchequer;

500*l.* to each
of the other
Barons of the
Coif;

200*l.* to the
Chief Justice
of *Chester*;

150*l.* to the
Second Justice
of *Chester*;

150*l.* to each
of the *Welsh*
Judges;

to be paid
yearly, as the
Salaries have
accustomarily
been paid.

If the Duties
shall be defi-
cient, the
Treasury may
apply any un-
appropriated
Monies in the
Exchequer in
Aid thereof.

When any De-
ficiency shall
happen, the
Payments to
the Judges to
be in Propor-
tion to the Sa-
laries respec-
tively allowed
them.

Surplus Mo-
nies of the Du-
ties to be re-
served for the
future Dispo-
sition of Par-
liament.

the other Barons of the Coif for the time being in the said Court of Exchequer; the Sum of Two hundred Pounds to the Chief Justice of Chester for the time being; the Sum of One hundred and fifty Pounds to the Second Justice of Chester for the time being; and the Sum of One hundred and fifty Pounds to each of the Justices for the time being of the Great Sessions for the Counties in Wales: Which said several and respective Sums of Money shall be and are hereby charged upon the Rates and Duties herein before granted, and shall be paid thereout, in every Year, at such Time or Times, and in such Manner, as the Salaries to the said Judges now are or have accustomarily been paid.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if the said Rates and Duties shall prove deficient in any Year to make good and answer the Sums herein before appointed to be paid, and applied yearly in Augmentation of the Salaries of the said Judges, it shall, from time to time, as often as such Deficiency shall happen, be lawful for the High Treasurer, or Commissioners of the Treasury, or any Three or more of them for the time being, out of any Money that is then, or shall thereafter be, in the Exchequer, and that hath arisen, or shall arise, by the said Rates and Duties, and not otherwise applied by Parliament, to direct any Sum or Sums of Money to be issued and paid for or towards making good such Parts of the said annual Sums as shall be, from time to time, deficient or in Arrear.

Provided always, That when and as often as any such Deficiency shall happen, the Payments to be made to the said several and respective Judges shall be in Proportion to the respective Sums which are herein before directed and appointed to be paid to such Judges respectively.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all the Residue and Surplus of the Monies arising by the said Rates and Duties which shall, from time to time, remain in the Exchequer, and shall not have been issued and applied for the Augmentation of the Salaries to the said Judges, and for the making good any such Deficiencies as aforesaid, shall be, from time to time, reserved for the Disposition of Parliament, and shall not be issued but by Authority of Parliament, and as shall be directed by future Act or Acts of Parliament; any thing in any former Act or Acts contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

And for the augmenting of the Salaries of the Judges in the Courts of Session and Exchequer in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, be it further enacted by the
Authority

Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said Fifth Day of July, there shall be issued, paid, and applied, in every Year, out of the Monies which shall arise, from time to time, of or for any the Duties and Revenues in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland, which by an Act made in the Tenth Year of the Reign of Queen Anne, were charged or made chargeable with the Payment of the Fees, Salaries, and other Charges allowed or to be allowed by Her Majesty, Her Heirs, or Successors, for keeping up the Courts of Session and Justiciary and Exchequer Court in Scotland, the several Sums of Money following, to the Judges herein after mentioned, as an Addition to, and in Augmentation of, their respective Salaries; that is to say, The Sum of Three hundred Pounds to the President for the time being of the said Court of Session; the Sum of Three hundred Pounds to the Chief Baron for the time being of the said Court of Exchequer; and the Sum of Two hundred Pounds to each of the other Judges for the time being in the said Courts of Session and Exchequer respectively: Which said several and respective Sums of Money shall be, and are hereby, charged upon the said Duties and Revenues, and shall be paid thereout in every Year, at such Time or Times, and in such Manner, as the Fees, Salaries, and other Charges of keeping up the said Courts, now are or have accustomedly been paid since the Union of the Two Kingdoms, in pursuance of any Act or Acts of Parliament.

Salaries of the Judges in Scotland and to be augmented out of the Duties appropriated for that Purpose by Act 10 Anne;

viz. 300*l.* to the President of the Court of Session; 300*l.* to the Chief Baron of the Court of Exchequer; 200*l.* to each of the other Judges in the said Courts; to be paid yearly, as the Salaries have accustomedly been paid.

And it is hereby enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person or Persons shall, at any Time or Times, be sued or prosecuted for any Thing by him or them done or to be done or executed in pursuance of this Act, or of any Matter or Thing in this Act contained, such Person or Persons shall and may plead the General Issue, and give the Special Matter in Evidence, for his or their Defence; and if upon the Trial a Verdict shall pass for the Defendant or Defendants, or the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall become nonsuited, then such Defendant or Defendants shall have Treble Costs to him or them awarded against such Plaintiff or Plaintiffs.

General Issue.

Treble Costs.

Anno Regni GEORGGII II.

R E G I S

Magnæ Britannia, Franciæ, & Hiberniæ,

TRICESIMO SECUNDO.

At the Parliãment begun and holden at *Westminster*,
the Thirty first Day of *May*, *Anno Dom.* 1754.
in the Twenty seventh Year of the Reign of our
Sovereign Lord *GEORGE* the Second, by the
Grace of God, of *Great Britain, France*, and
Ireland, King, Defender of the Faith, &c.

And from thence continued by several Prorogations to the Twenty
third Day of *November*, 1758, being the Sixth Session of this
present Parliãment.



L O N D O N :

Printed by *Thomas Baskett*, Printer to the King's most Excellent
Majesty; and by the Assigns of *Robert Baskett*. 1759.

George H. Davis.



Anno tricesimo secundo

Georgii II. Regis.

An Act for enabling His Majesty to raise the Sum of One Million for the Uses and Purposes therein mentioned ; and for further appropriating the Supplies granted in this Session of Parliament.

Most Gracious Sovereign,



We, Your Majesty's most dutiful Preamble.
and loyal Subjects, the Commons of Great Britain in Parliament assembled, having taken into our serious Consideration Your Majesty's most gracious Message, signifying Your Majesty's Desire to be enabled by Your faithful Commons to defray any extraordinary Expences of the War incurred or to be incurred, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, and to take all such Measures as may be necessary to disappoint or defeat any Enterprizes or Designs of Your Majesty's Enemies, and as the Exigency of Affairs may require, have resolved to give and grant to Your Majesty the Sum of One Million for that Purpose ; and do therefore most humbly

Credit of Loan
granted to His
Majesty for
1,000,000 l.

Treasury may
raise the same
by Loans or
Exchequer
Bills,

in like Man-
ner as is pre-
scribed by the
Land Tax Act
of this Session,
concerning
Loans or Ex-
chequer Bills
thereby to be
made out.

The Clauses,
&c. in the said
Act relating to
the Loans or
Exchequer
Bills,

extended to
the Loans and
Exchequer
Bills to be
made forth in
pursuance of
this Act;

Principal and
Interest, with
the Charges
attending, to
be paid out of
the next Sup-
plies.

humbly beseech Your Majesty that it may be enacted; and be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the King's most Excellent Majesty, by Warrant or Warrants under His Royal Sign Manual, to authorize and empower the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury now or for the time being, or any Three or more of them, or the Lord High Treasurer for the time being, at any Time or Times before the Fifth Day of January, One thousand seven hundred and sixty, to cause or direct any Loans to be taken or received at His Majesty's Exchequer from any Person or Persons, Natives or Foreigners, Body or Bodies Politick or Corporate, or any Number of Exchequer Bills to be made out there, for any Sum or Sums of Money, not exceeding, in Loans and Exchequer Bills together, in the Whole, the said Sum of One Million, in the same or like Manner, Form, and Order, and according to the same or like Rules and Directions, as in and by an Act of this present Session of Parliament, intituled, An Act for granting an Aid to His Majesty by a Land Tax, to be raised in *Great Britain* for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, are enacted and prescribed concerning the Loans or Exchequer Bills to be taken or made in pursuance of the said Act.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all and every the Clauses, Provisoos, Powers, Privileges, Advantages, Penalties, Forfeitures, and Disabilities, contained in the said last-mentioned Act relating to the Loans or Exchequer Bills authorized to be made by the same Act (except such Clauses as do charge the same on the Taxes granted by the same Act, and except such Clauses as limit the Rate of Interest to be paid for the Forbearance of Money lent on the Credit of the said Act) shall be applied and extended to the Loans and Exchequer Bills to be made in pursuance of this Act, as fully and effectually to all Intents and Purposes, as if the same Loans or Exchequer Bills had been originally authorized by the said last-mentioned Act, or as if the said several Clauses or Provisoos had been particularly repeated and re-enacted in the Body of this Act.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all such Loans or Exchequer Bills, together with the Interest, Premium, Rate, and Charges, incident to or attending the same, shall be, and are hereby charged and chargeable upon, and shall be repaid or borne by or

out of the first Aids or Supplies which shall be granted in the next Session of Parliament; and in case sufficient Aids or Supplies for that Purpose shall not be granted before the Fifth Day of July, One thousand seven hundred and sixty, then all the said Loans or Exchequer Bills, with the Interest, Premium, Rate, and Charges, incident to or attending the same, shall be, and are hereby charged and chargeable upon such Monies, as, at any Time or Times at or after the said Fifth Day of July, One thousand seven hundred and sixty, shall be or remain in the Receipt of the Exchequer, of the Surplusses, Excesses, Overplus Monies, and other Revenues composing the Fund commonly called The Sinking Fund (except such Monies of the said Sinking Fund as are appropriated to any particular Use or Uses by any Act or Acts of Parliament in that Behalf) and such Monies of the said Sinking Fund shall and may be issued and applied, as soon as the same can be regularly stated and ascertained, for and towards paying off, cancelling, and discharging, such Loans or Exchequer Bills, Interest, Premium, Rate, or Charges, until the Whole of them shall be paid off, cancelled, and discharged, or Money sufficient for that Purpose be kept and reserved in the Exchequer, to be payable on Demand to the respective Proprietors thereof.

and if none sufficient be granted before 5 July, 1760,

then they are to be paid out of the Sinking Fund;

Provided always, and be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That whatever Monies shall be so issued out of the said Surplusses, Excesses, Overplus Monies, or other Revenues composing the Sinking Fund, shall, from time to time, be replaced by and out of the First Supplies to be then after granted in Parliament; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

and the Monies so issued to be replaced out of the First Supplies.

And be it declared and further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful for the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, to advance or lend to His Majesty, in like Manner, at the Receipt of the Exchequer, upon the Credit of Loan granted by this Act, any Sum or Sums of Money not exceeding in the Whole the Sum of One Million; any thing in an Act made in the Fifth and Sixth Years of the Reign of King William and Queen Mary, intituled, An Act for granting to Their Majesties several Rates and Duties upon Tonnage of Ships and Vessels, and upon Beer, Ale, and other Liquors, for securing certain Recompences and Advantages in the said Act mentioned, to such Persons as shall voluntarily advance the Sum of One million five hundred thousand Pounds towards carrying on the War against France, to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

The Bank empowered to advance on the said Credit of Loan, any Sum or Sums not exceeding 1,000,000 £.

the Act of 5 & 6 W. & M. notwithstanding.

Appropriation
of the Sup-
plies in gene-
ral.

The Monies
arising by the
Land Tax,

Malt Act,

Subsidy and
Lottery Act,

and other
Sums remain-
ing in the Ex-
chequer,

Provided always, and it is hereby enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all the Monies coming into the Exchequer either by Loans or Exchequer Bills upon One Act of this Session of Parliament, intituled, An Act for granting an Aid to His Majesty by a Land Tax, to be raised in *Great Britain*, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine; and so much Money, if any such be, of the Tax thereby granted, as shall arise or remain, after all the Loans or Exchequer Bills made or to be made on the same Act, and all the Interest, Premium, Rate, and Charges thereon, and the Charges allowable thereby, for raising the said Land Tax, shall be satisfied, or Money sufficient shall be reserved in the Exchequer to satisfy and discharge the same; and also all the Monies coming into the Exchequer either by Loans or Exchequer Bills, upon One other Act of this Session of Parliament, intituled, An Act for continuing and granting to His Majesty certain Duties upon Malt, Mum, Cyder, and Perry, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine; and so much Money, if any such be, of the Duties thereby granted, as shall arise or remain, after all the Loans or Exchequer Bills made or to be made on the same Act, and all the Interest, Premium, Rate, and Charges thereon, and the Charges thereby allowable for raising the said Duties, shall be satisfied, or Money sufficient shall be reserved in the Exchequer to satisfy and discharge the same; and also all the Monies coming into the Exchequer by Contributions for Annuities and a Lottery, granted by One other Act of this Session of Parliament, intituled, An Act for granting to His Majesty a Subsidy of Poundage upon certain Goods and Merchandizes to be imported into this Kingdom, and an additional Inland Duty on Coffee and Chocolate; and for raising the Sum of Six millions six hundred thousand Pounds, by Way of Annuities, and a Lottery, to be charged on the said Subsidy, and additional Inland Duty; and also the Sum of One hundred eighty thousand seven hundred and fifty nine Pounds, and three farthings, remaining in the Receipt of His Majesty's Exchequer, disposable by Parliament, of the Produce of the Sinking Fund for the Quarter ended the Fifth Day of April, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, directed to be issued and applied by One other Act of this Session of Parliament, intituled, An Act for granting to His Majesty certain Sums of Money out of the Sinking Fund, and for applying certain Monies remaining in the Exchequer, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine; and for Relief of *Samuel Taylor*, with respect to a Bond entered into by him for securing the Duties on Tobacco

bacco imported; and also the Sum of Two millions two hundred and fifty thousand pounds, by the said Act directed to be issued and applied out of such Monies as shall or may arise of the Surplusses, Excesses, or Overplus Monies, and other Revenues composing the Fund commonly called The Sinking Fund; and also such Part of the Sum of One hundred thousand pounds, granted to His Majesty in the last Session of Parliament, upon Account, towards defraying the Charge of Pay and Cloathing for the Militia, for the Year One thousand seven hundred and fifty eight, and for defraying such Expences as were actually incurred upon the Account of the Militia in the Year One thousand seven hundred and fifty seven, as shall remain in the Receipt of the Exchequer, after Satisfaction of the said Charges and Expences by the said Act directed to be issued and applied; and also the Sum of Seventy three thousand three hundred and eight pounds, three shillings, and ten pence farthing, now remaining in the Exchequer, being the Overplus of the Grants for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and fifty eight, by the said Act directed to be issued and applied; and also the Sum of One hundred thousand pounds, repaid into the Receipt of the Exchequer, and now remaining there, being the same Sum which was granted to His Majesty by a Vote of this House of the Fifteenth Day of December, One thousand seven hundred and fifty five, to enable His Majesty to make good his Engagements with the Empress of Russia, by the said Act directed to be issued and applied; and the further Sum of One million by this Act granted, shall be further appropriated, and are hereby appropriated for and towards the several Uses and Purposes herein after expressed; that is to say,

It is hereby enacted and declared by the Authority aforesaid, That out of all or any the Aids or Supplies provided as aforesaid, there shall and may be issued and applied any Sum or Sums of Money, not exceeding Three millions five hundred and fifty eight thousand four hundred and ninety one pounds, nine shillings, and eight pence, for or towards the Naval Services herein after particularly expressed; that is to say, For or towards Victuals, Wages, Wear and Tear of the Navy, and the Victualling thereof, performed and to be performed, and for or towards Sea Services in the Office of Ordnance, performed and to be performed, and for or towards defraying the Ordinary of His Majesty's Navy, and for Half-pay to Sea Officers, and for or towards maintaining Fourteen thousand eight hundred and forty five Marines, and for or towards the Buildings,

and Sinking Fund.

Savings upon the Sum granted for Pay and Cloathing of the Militia for the Year 1758,

Overplus of the Grants for the Year 1758 remaining in the Exchequer,

and the Sum of 100,000 *l.* granted to the Empress of Russia in 1755, repaid into the Exchequer,

with the Sum of 1,000,000 *l.* granted by this Act

viz. Out of the Aids in general, 3,558,491 *l.* 9 *s.* 8 *d.* towards Naval Services herein specified.

Buildings, Rebuildings, and Repairs of His Majesty's Ships for the said Year.

1,000,000 l.
towards pay-
ing off the
Navy Debt.

And it is hereby also enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That out of all or any the Aids or Supplies aforesaid, there shall and may be issued and applied any Sum or Sums of Money, not exceeding One Million, towards paying off and discharging the Debt of the Navy.

10,000 l. to-
wards the
Support of
Greenwich
Hospital.

And it is hereby also enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That out of all or any the Aids or Supplies aforesaid, there shall and may be issued and applied any Sum or Sums of Money, not exceeding Ten thousand pounds, upon Account, towards the Support of the Royal Hospital at Greenwich, for the better Maintenance of the Seamen of the said Hospital worn out and become decrepit in the Service of their Country.

544,777 l. 5 s.
for Charge of
the Office of
Ordnance for
Land Service.

And it is hereby also enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That out of all or any the Aids or Supplies aforesaid, there shall and may be issued and applied any Sum or Sums of Money, not exceeding Five hundred and forty four thousand seven hundred and seventy seven pounds, and five shillings, for the Charge of the Office of Ordnance for Land Service for the Year One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, and for defraying the extraordinary Expence of Services performed by the Office of Ordnance for Land Service, and not provided for by Parliament, in One thousand seven hundred and fifty eight.

4,592,444 l.
1 s. 9 d. 3 q.
towards the
Land Forces
in general;

And it is hereby also enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That out of all or any of the Aids or Supplies aforesaid, there shall and may be issued and applied any Sum or Sums of Money not exceeding Four millions five hundred ninety two thousand four hundred forty four pounds, one shilling, and nine pence, three farthings, and one seventh, for and towards maintaining His Majesty's Land Forces, and other Services herein after more particularly expressed; that is to say, Any Sum or Sums of Money, not exceeding One million two hundred fifty six thousand one hundred and thirty pounds, fifteen shillings, and two pence, for defraying the Charge of Fifty two thousand five hundred and forty three effective Men, including those in Germany, and on an Expedition under the Command of Major General Hopson, and including Commission and Non-commission Officers, and also four thousand and ten Invalids for Guards and Garrisons, and other His Majesty's Land Forces in Great Britain, Guernsey, and Jersey, for the Year One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine; and any Sum or Sums of Money, not exceeding Fifty two thousand four hundred eighty four pounds, one shilling, and

of which
1,256,130 l.
15 s. 2 d. for
Troops in
Germany and
the West Indies
and for
Guards and
Garrisons,
&c. in Great
Britain, Guern-
sey, and
Jersey.

52,484 l. 1 s.
8 d. for the
Staff Officers,
and Officers of
the Hospitals.

and eight pence, for the Pay of the General and General Staff Officers, and Officers of the Hospitals for His Majesty's Land Forces, for the Year One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine; and any Sum or Sums of Money not exceeding Seven hundred forty two thousand five hundred thirty one pounds, five shillings, and seven pence, for maintaining His Majesty's Forces and Garrisons in the Plantations, and Gibraltar, and for Provisions for the Garrisons in Nova Scotia, Newfoundland, Gibraltar, Providence, Cape Breton, and Senegal, for the Year One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine; and also any Sum or Sums of Money not exceeding Forty thousand eight hundred and seventy nine pounds, thirteen shillings, and nine pence, for defraying the Charge of Four Regiments and One Battalion of Foot on the Irish Establishment serving in North America and Africa, for the Year One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine; and also any Sum or Sums of Money not exceeding Thirty four thousand three hundred and sixty seven pounds, fifteen shillings, and ten pence, upon account of the reduced Officers of His Majesty's Land Forces and Marines, for the Year One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine; and any Sum or Sums of Money not exceeding Two thousand nine hundred and fifty eight Pounds, nineteen shillings, and seven pence, for defraying the Charge for Allowances to the several Officers and Private Gentlemen of the Two Troops of Horse Guards, and Regiment of Horse reduced, and to the Superannuated Gentlemen of the Four Troops of Horse Guards, for the Year One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine; and any Sum or Sums of Money not exceeding Two thousand one hundred and twenty eight pounds, for the paying of Pensions to the Widows of such reduced Officers of His Majesty's Land Forces and Marines as died upon the Establishment of Half-pay in Great Britain, and who were married to them before the Twenty fifth Day of December, One thousand seven hundred and fifteen, for the Year One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine; and any Sum or Sums of Money not exceeding Twenty six thousand pounds, upon Account, for Out-Pensioners of Chelsea Hospital, for the Year One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine; and any Sum or Sums of Money not exceeding Four hundred and sixty six thousand seven hundred and eighty five pounds, ten shillings, and five pence three farthings, for defraying the extraordinary Expences of His Majesty's Land Forces, and other Services, incurred in the Year One thousand seven hundred and fifty eight, and not provided for by Parliament; and any Sum or Sums of Money not exceeding Three hun-

742,531 l. 5 s.
7 d. for Guards
and Garrisons,
&c. in the
Plantations,
and Gibraltar,
Nova Scotia,
Newfoundland,
Providence,
Cape Breton,
and Senegal.

40,879 l. 13 s.
9 d. for Troops
on the Irish
Establishment
serving in
North America
and Africa.

34,367 l. 15 s.
10 d. to the re-
duced Officers
of the Land
Forces and
Marines.

2,958 l. 19 s.
7 d. to the Of-
ficers and
Gentlemen of
Horse Guards,
&c. reduced.

2,128 l. for
Pensions of
Officers Wi-
dows.

26,000 l. for
Out-Pension-
ers of Chelsea
Hospital.

466,785 l. 10 s.
5 d. 3 q. for ex-
traordinary
Expences of
Land Forces,
and other Ser-
vices, incurred
in the Year
1758.

398,697 l. 17 s.
2 d. 3 q. for the
Troops of
Hanover, Wolfen-
bittel, Saxe
Gotha, and
Count Bucke-
burg, employ-
ed against the
Common E-
nemy, in Con-
cert with the
King of Pruf-
sia.

59,646 l. 1 s.
8 d. 3 q. for the
Troops of
Hesse Cassel, in
the Pay of
Great Britain,
with the Sub-
sidy, pursu-
ant to Treaty,
from 25 Dec.
1758, to 24
March, 1759.

182,251, 2 s.
11 d. 1 q. Re-
sidue for
Charge of the
said Troops,
from 25 Dec.
1758, to 25
Dec. 1759.

97,582 l. 17 s.
10 d. 3 q. for
Charge of ad-
ditional
Troops of
Hesse Cassel, in
the Pay of
Great Britain,
from 1 Jan.
1759, to 31
Dec. 1759.

died ninety eight thousand six hundred and ninety seven pounds, seventeen shillings, and two pence three farthings, for defraying the Charge of Thirty eight thousand Men of the Troops of Hanover, Wolfenbittel, Saxe Gotha, and Count of Buckeburg, together with that of General and Staff Officers actually employed against the Common Enemy in Concert with the King of Prussia, from the Twenty fifth Day of December, One thousand seven hundred and fifty eight, to the Twenty fourth Day of December, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, both inclusive, to be issued in Advance, every Two Months, in like Manner as the Pay of the Hessian Forces now in the Service of Great Britain, the said Body of Troops to be mustered by an English Commissary, and the effective State thereof to be ascertained by the Signature of the Commander in Chief of the said Forces; and any Sum or Sums of Money not exceeding Fifty nine thousand six hundred and forty six pounds, one shilling, and eight pence three farthings, for defraying the Charge of Two thousand one hundred twenty Horse, and nine thousand nine hundred Foot, together with the General and Staff Officers, the Officers of the Hospital, and Officers and others belonging to the Train of Artillery, the Troops of the Landgrave of Hesse Cassel, in the Pay of Great Britain, for Ninety Days, from the Twenty fifth Day of December, One thousand seven hundred and fifty eight, to the Twenty fourth Day of March, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, both inclusive, together with the Subsidy for the said Time, pursuant to Treaty; and any Sum or Sums of Money not exceeding One hundred and eighty two thousand two hundred and fifty one pounds, two shillings, and eleven pence farthing, for defraying the Charge of what remains to be paid for Two thousand one hundred and twenty Horse, and Nine thousand nine hundred Foot, together with the General and Staff Officers, the Officers of the Hospital, and Officers and others belonging to the Train of Artillery, the Troops of the Landgrave of Hesse Cassel, in the Pay of Great Britain, for Three hundred and sixty five Days, from the Twenty fifth Day of December, One thousand seven hundred and fifty eight, to the Twenty fourth Day of December, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, both Days inclusive, together with the Subsidy for the said Time, pursuant to Treaty; and any Sum or Sums of Money not exceeding Ninety seven thousand five hundred eighty two pounds, seventeen shillings, and ten pence, two sevenths, for defraying the Charge of an additional Corps of Nine hundred and twenty Horse, and Six thousand

land and seventy two Foot, together with the General and Staff Officers, the Officers of the Hospital, and Officers and others belonging to the Train of Artillery, the Troops of the Landgrave of Hesse Cassel, in the Pay of Great Britain, for Three hundred and sixty five Days, from the first Day of January, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, to the Thirty first Day of December following, pursuant to Treaty; and any Sum or Sums of Money not exceeding five hundred thousand pounds, upon Account, as a present Supply towards defraying the Charges of Forage, Bread, Bread-Waggons, Train of Artillery, and of Provisions, Wood, Straw, et cetera, and other extraordinary Expences and Contingencies of His Majesty's Combined Army, under the Command of Prince Ferdinand; and any Sum or Sums of Money not exceeding Six hundred and seventy thousand pounds, to enable His Majesty to make good His Engagements with the King of Prussia, pursuant to a Convention between His Majesty and the King of Prussia, concluded December the Seventh, One thousand seven hundred and fifty eight; and any Sum or Sums of Money not exceeding Sixty thousand pounds, to enable His Majesty to make good His Engagements with the Landgrave of Hesse Cassel, pursuant to the separate Article belonging to a Treaty between His Majesty and the Landgrave of Hesse Cassel, concluded January the Seventeenth, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, the said Sum of Sixty thousand pounds to be paid as His Most Serene Highness shall think it most convenient, in order to facilitate the Means by which the Most Serene Landgrave may again fix his Residence in his own Dominions, and give fresh Courage to his faithful Subjects, by his Presence, which is so much wished for.

500,000 l. upon Account, for Forage and other contingent Expences of the Combined Army under Prince Ferdinand.

670,000 l. to the King of Prussia, pursuant to Treaty.

60,000 l. to the Landgrave of Hesse Cassel, pursuant to Treaty.

And it is hereby also enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That out of all or any the Aids or Supplies provided as aforesaid, there shall and may be issued and applied any Sum or Sums of Money, not exceeding Eight hundred thousand Pounds, to enable His Majesty to discharge the like Sum raised in pursuance of an Act made in the last Session of Parliament, and charged upon the first Aids or Supplies to be granted in this Session of Parliament.

800,000 l. to discharge the like Sum borrowed on a Vote of Credit of the last Session.

And it is hereby also enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That out of all or any the Aids or Supplies provided as aforesaid, there shall and may be issued and applied any Sum or Sums of Money, not exceeding One Million, upon Account, to enable His Majesty to defray any extraordinary Expences of the War, incurred or to be incurred, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred

1,000,000 l. upon Account, to defray the extraordinary Expences of the War.

and fifty nine, and to take all such Measures as may be necessary to disappoint or defeat any Enterprizes or Designs of his Enemies, and as the Exigency of Affairs may require.

9,902 l. 5 s. upon Account, for supporting the Colony of Nova Scotia.

11,278 l. 18 s. 5 d. upon Account, for Charges incurred in 1757, for supporting the said Colony, and not provided for.

4,057 l. 10 s. upon Account, for defraying the Civil Establishment of Georgia.

667,771 l. 19 s. 7 d. for Charges of Transport Service, &c. incurred in the Year 1758.

2,500 l. to make good the like Sum issued by His Majesty to John Mill Esquire, and to be paid over by him to the Victuallers, &c. of Southampton, in Consideration of their Expences in quartering the Hessian Troops.
11,450 l. to make good the like Sum issued by His Majesty in Augmentation of the Judges Salaries.

And it is hereby also enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That out of all or any the Aids or Supplies provided as aforesaid, there shall and may be issued and applied any Sum or Sums of Money, not exceeding Nine thousand nine hundred and two pounds, five shillings, upon Account, for supporting and maintaining the Settlement of his Majesty's Colony of Nova Scotia, for the Year One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine; and any Sum or Sums of Money, not exceeding Eleven thousand two hundred seventy eight pounds, eighteen shillings, and five pence, upon Account, for defraying the Charges incurred by supporting and maintaining the Settlement of his Majesty's Colony of Nova Scotia, in the Year One thousand seven hundred and fifty seven, and not provided for by Parliament; and any Sum or Sums of Money, not exceeding Four thousand and fifty seven pounds, ten shillings, upon Account, for defraying the Charges of the Civil Establishment of his Majesty's Colony of Georgia, and other incidental Expences attending the same, from the Twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and fifty eight, to the twenty fourth Day of June, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine.

And it is hereby also further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That out of all or any the Aids or Supplies provided as aforesaid, there shall and may be issued and applied any Sum or Sums of Money, not exceeding Six hundred sixty seven thousand seven hundred seventy one pounds, nineteen shillings, and seven pence, for the Charge of Transport Service, for the Year One thousand seven hundred and fifty eight, including the Expence of Victualling his Majesty's Land Forces within the said Year; and any Sum or Sums of Money, not exceeding Two thousand five hundred pounds, to make good the like Sum issued by his Majesty to John Mill Esquire, to be by him paid over to the Victuallers and Innholders of the County and Town of Southampton, and other Victuallers and Innholders in the like Circumstances, in Consideration of the great Expences they were put to by the Hessian Troops having been so long billeted at their Houses, pursuant to an Address of this House; and any Sum or Sums of Money, not exceeding Eleven thousand four hundred and fifty pounds, to make good the like Sum issued by his Majesty to the Judges of England, Scotland, and Wales, in Augmentation of their Salaries,

laries, pursuant to an Address of this House; and any Sum or Sums of Money, not exceeding Seven hundred seventy eight pounds, sixteen shillings, and six pence, to make good to His Majesty the like Sum, which has been issued pursuant to the Address of this House, to Jane Hardinge Widow, Administratrix of Nicholas Hardinge Esquire deceased, in Repayment and full Satisfaction of the like Sum due unto her, for the Balance or Surplus of the said Nicholas Hardinge's Account, for printing Journals of the House of Commons; and any Sum or Sums of Money, not exceeding Sixty nine thousand nine hundred ten pounds, fifteen shillings, and nine pence farthing, upon Account, for paying and discharging the Debts, with the necessary Expences attending the Payment of the same, claimed and sustained upon the Lands and Estate which became forfeited to the Crown by the Attainder of John Drummond, taking upon himself the Style or Title of Lord John Drummond, Brother to James Drummond, taking upon himself the Title of Duke of Perth, or so much of the said Debts as shall be remaining unsatisfied, according to the several Decrees in that Behalf respectively made by the Lords of Session in Scotland, and pursuant to an Act of the Twenty fifth Year of His present Majesty, intituled, An Act for annexing certain Forfeited Estates in Scotland to the Crown unalienably; and for making Satisfaction to the lawful Creditors thereupon; and to establish a Method of managing the same; and applying the Rents and Profits thereof for the better civilizing and improving the Highlands of Scotland, and preventing Disorders there for the future; and any Sum or Sums of Money, not exceeding Twenty four thousand three hundred seventy one pounds, six shillings, and eleven pence three farthings, to replace to the Sinking Fund the like Sum paid out of the same, to make good the Deficiency on the Fifth Day of July, One thousand seven hundred and fifty eight, of the additional Stamp Duty on Licences for retailing Wine, Duty on Coals exported, and Surplus of the Duty on Licences for retailing Spirituous Liquors, made a Fund by an Act of the Thirtieth of George the Second, for paying Annuities at the Bank of England, after the Rate of Three Pounds per Centum on Three Millions, as also the Life Annuities payable at the Exchequer, and other Charges thereupon; and any Sum or Sums of Money, not exceeding Eight thousand eight hundred eighty one pounds, eleven shillings, and ten pence halfpenny, to replace to the Sinking Fund the like Sum paid out of the same, to make good the Deficiency on the Fifth Day of July, One thousand seven hundred and fifty eight, of

778 l. 16 s. 6 d. to make good the like Sum issued by His Majesty to Jane Hardinge, Balance of her Husband's Account for printing the Journals of the House of Commons.

69,910 l. 15 s. 15 s. 19. upon Account, for discharging Incumbrances on the Perth Estate,

pursuant to Act 25 Geo. II.

24,371 l. 6 s. 11 d. 3 q. to replace to the Sinking Fund the like Sum paid thereout, to make good the Deficiency of the additional Stamp Duties, &c. on 5 July, 1758.

8,881 l. 11 s. 10 d. 2 q. to replace to the Sinking Fund the like Sum paid thereout, to make good the Deficiency of the Duties on Glass, &c. on 5 July, 1758.

15,000 l. without Account, towards repairing *London Bridge*,

Act 29 Geo. II.

20,000 l. to the *Foundling Hospital*, to be paid without Fee.

30,000 l. to the *Foundling Hospital*, for receiving, &c. such Children as shall be brought thither before 1 Jan. 1760, to be paid without Fee.

10,000 l. towards maintaining the Forts and Settlements in *Africa*,

1,280 l. to R. Long D. D. to enable him to discharge a Mortgage upon the Estate devised by T. Lowndes Esq; for the Endowment of an Astronomical and Geometrical Professorship in *Cambridge*.

the Duties on Glass and Spirituous Liquors, to answer Annuities on single Lives payable at the Exchequer, granted by an Act of the Nineteenth of George the Second; and any Sum or Sums of Money, not exceeding Fifteen thousand pounds, to be paid into the Chamber of the City of London, to be applied towards the improving, widening, and enlarging, the Passage over and through London Bridge, without Account, other than as is directed for the Monies raised by an Act made in the Twenty ninth Year of his present Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act to improve, widen, and enlarge, the Passage over and through *London Bridge*; and any Sum or Sums of Money, not exceeding Twenty thousand pounds, upon Account, towards enabling the Governors and Guardians of the Hospital for the Maintenance and Education of exposed and deserted young Children, to receive all such Children under a certain Age, to be by them limited, as shall be brought to the said Hospital; and also towards enabling them to maintain and educate such Children as are now under their Care, and to continue to carry into Execution the good Purposes for which they were incorporated; and that the said Sum be issued and paid for the Use of the said Hospital without Fee or Reward, or any Deduction whatsoever; and any further Sum or Sums of Money, not exceeding Thirty thousand pounds, towards enabling the Governors and Guardians of the Hospital for the Maintenance and Education of exposed and deserted young Children, to receive all such Children under a certain Age, to be by them limited, as shall be brought to the said Hospital before the First Day of January, One thousand seven hundred and sixty, and also towards enabling them to maintain and educate such Children as are now under their Care, and to continue to carry into Execution the good Purposes for which they were incorporated; and that the said Sum be issued and paid for the Use of the said Hospital without Fee or Reward, or any Deduction whatsoever; and any Sum or Sums of Money, not exceeding Ten thousand pounds, to be employed in maintaining and supporting the British Forts and Settlements upon the Coast of Africa; and any Sum or Sums of Money, not exceeding One thousand two hundred and eighty pounds, to be paid to Roger Long Doctor in Divinity, Lowndes Astronomical and Geometrical Professor in the University of Cambridge, without Account, to enable him to discharge, in pursuance of the Will of Thomas Lowndes Esquire, (the Inventor of a Method for meliorating the Brine Salt of this Kingdom) a Mortgage upon an Estate devised

devised for the Endowment of the said Professorship by the said Thomas Lowndes, and to reimburse to the said Roger Long the Interest Monies he hath paid, and that are growing due, and the Expences he hath incurred in Respect of the said Mortgage, and that the same be paid without Fee or Reward; and any Sum or Sums of Money, not exceeding Ninety thousand pounds, upon Account, towards defraying the Charge of Pay and Cloathing for the Militia, from the Thirtieth first Day of December, One thousand seven hundred and fifty eight, to the Twenty fifth Day of March, One thousand seven hundred and sixty, and for repaying to His Majesty the Sum of One thousand three hundred and thirty two pounds, ten shillings, advanced by His Majesty for the Service of the Militia, pursuant to an Address of this House of the Twentieth ninth of November last to His Majesty, that he would be graciously pleased to give Directions for the issuing, till further Provision could be made in Parliament for that Purpose, such Money as should be found necessary for the Pay and Cloathing of the Militia, for the Year One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, and promising to make the same good to His Majesty; and any Sum or Sums of Money not exceeding Twenty thousand pounds, upon Account, to be paid to the United Company of Merchants of England trading to the East Indies, towards enabling them to defray the Expence of a Military Force in their Settlements, to be maintained by them, in lieu of the Battalion of His Majesty's Forces commanded by Colonel Adlerson, withdrawn from thence, and now returned to Ireland; and any Sum or Sums of Money, not exceeding Two hundred thousand pounds, upon Account, to enable His Majesty to give a proper Compensation to the respective Provinces in North America, for the Expences incurred by them in the Levying, Cloathing, and Pay, of the Troops raised by the same, according as the active Vigour and strenuous Efforts of the respective Provinces shall be thought by His Majesty to merit; and any Sum or Sums of Money not exceeding Two thousand four hundred forty three pounds, three shillings, and one penny, for defraying the Charges incurred in pursuance of an Act made in the Thirtieth first Year of His present Majesty's Reign, for purchasing Lands for the better securing His Majesty's Docks, Ships, and Stores at Portsmouth, Chatham, and Plymouth.

And it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Aids and Supplies provided as aforesaid, shall not be issued or applied to any Use, Intent, or Purpose whatsoever, other than the Uses and Purposes

90,000 l. upon Account, for Pay and Cloathing of the Militia, and Repayment to His Majesty of 1,332 l. 10 s. advanced by Him for the Service of the Militia.

20,000 l. to the East India Company, in lieu of the King's Troops withdrawn from thence.

200,000 l. upon Account, to make Compensation to the Provinces of North America, for Expences incurred by them in Levying, Cloathing, and Pay of Troops raised there. 2,443 l. 3 s. 1 d. for purchasing Lands for securing Portsmouth, Chatham, and Plymouth Docks.

These Aids to be applied to no other Uses.

poses before mentioned, or for the several Deficiencies or other Payments directed to be satisfied thereof by any Act or Acts, or any particular Clause or Clauses for that Purpose contained in any other Act or Acts of this present Session of Parliament.

Rules to be
observed in the
Application of
the Half-pay.

And, as to the said Sum of Thirty four thousand three hundred and sixty seven pounds, fifteen shillings, and ten pence, by this Act appropriated, on account of Half-pay as aforesaid, it is hereby enacted and declared by the Authority aforesaid, That the Rules herein after prescribed, shall be duly observed in the Application of the said Half-pay; that is to say, That no Person shall have or receive any Part of the same, who was a Minor, and under the Age of Sixteen Years, at the Time when the Regiment, Troop, or Company, in which he served, was reduced; that no Person shall have or receive any Part of the same, except such Person who did actual Service in some Regiment, Troop, or Company; that no Person having any other Place or Employment of Profit, Civil or Military, under His Majesty, shall have or receive any Part of the said Half-pay; that no Chaplain of any Garrison or Regiment, who has any Ecclesiastical Benefice in Great Britain or Ireland, shall have or receive any Part of the said Half-pay; that no Person shall have or receive any Part of the same, who has resigned his Commission, and has had no Commission since; that no Part of the same shall be allowed to any Person by virtue of any Warrant or Appointment, except to such Persons as would have been otherwise intitled to the same as reduced Officers; and that no Part of the same shall be allowed to any of the Officers of the Five Regiments of Dragoons, and Eight Regiments of Foot, lately disbanded in Ireland, except to such as were lately taken off the Establishment of Half-pay in Great Britain.

Clause in Act
31 Geo. I.

And whereas by an Act of Parliament made and passed in the Thirty first Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act for enabling His Majesty to raise the Sum of Eight hundred thousand Pounds, for the Uses and Purposes therein mentioned; and for further appropriating the Supplies granted in this Session of Parliament; the several Supplies which had been granted to His Majesty, as is therein mentioned, were appropriated to the several Uses and Purposes therein expressed; amongst which, any Sum or Sums not exceeding Thirty five thousand six hundred and two pounds, was appropriated to be paid to the reduced Officers of His Majesty's Land Forces and Marines; subject nevertheless to such Rules to be observed in the Application of the said Half-pay, as in and by the aforesaid Act were prescribed in that Behalf: Now it is hereby

hereby provided, enacted, and declared, by the Authority aforesaid, That so much of the said Sum of Thirty five thousand six hundred and two pounds, as is, or shall be, more than sufficient to satisfy the said reduced Officers, according to the Rules prescribed by the said Act to be observed in the Application thereof, or any Part of such Overplus, shall and may be disposed of to such Officers who are maimed or have lost their Limbs in the late Wars, or such others as, by reason of their long Service or otherwise, His Majesty shall judge to be proper Objects of Charity, or to the Widows or Children of such Officers, according to such Warrant or Warrants under His Majesty's Royal Sign Manual, as shall be signed in that Behalf; any thing in this Act, or the said former Act, to the contrary notwithstanding.

Application of the Savings of the said Sum of 35 602 l. granted the last Session towards Half-pay.

And for the better and more easy Payment of the said Debts upon the said Lands and Estate of Perth, by this Act directed to be paid and discharged, be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them now being, or the High Treasurer, or any Three or more of the Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, to issue, or cause to be issued, in such Proportions as he or they shall think fit, to either or both of the Banks of Scotland at Edinburgh, or to either of their lawful Attornies, a Sum not exceeding Sixty nine thousand nine hundred and ten pounds, fifteen Shillings, and nine pence farthing, to be applied in paying and discharging the said Debts, with the necessary Expence attending the Payment of the same, in Manner herein after-mentioned.

Treasury may issue to the Banks of Scotland, the Sum of 69,910 l. 15s. 9d. 1q. for discharging the Incumbrances of the Perth Estate.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the several Creditors whose Claims have been sustained upon the said Lands and Estate, forfeited and annexed to the Crown as aforesaid, or some Person or Persons on their Behalf, shall, on or before the Fifth Day of July, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, produce, or cause to be produced, in His Majesty's Court of Exchequer in Scotland, the Decree or Decrees of the Court of Session, sustaining the said Claims; and upon Production of every such Decree or Decrees, the Barons of the said Court of Exchequer, or any Three or more of them, shall, and they are hereby impowered and required to make out Debentures or Certificates under their Hands, with all convenient Dispatch, for the several Sums of Money, as well the Interest computed to the Date of such Debentures or Certificates, as the Principal which shall appear to be due by and under the said Decrees respectively,

The Decrees sustaining the Claims thereupon, to be produced to the Court on or before 5 July, 1759;

and Debentures to be then made out for the same, with the Interest due;

which are to
be paid at
Sight by the
Bank.

Decrees not
then pro-
duced, the
Claims not to
bear Interest
after the said
Day.

Barons of the
Exchequer,
with Consent
of the Trea-
sury, to settle
the Rewards
due to the Of-
ficers of the
Court,

and issue De-
bentures for
the same, &c.

No Fee to be
taken by the
Officers of the
Exchequer
from the Cre-
ditors of the
said Estate,

or so much thereof as shall be then remaining unsatisfied ; which Debentures or Certificates shall mention the Nature of the Debt claimed, and the Date of the Decree sustaining the same, and shall be issued and delivered to the several Creditors respectively entitled to the Sums therein contained, or to such Persons as shall be legally authorized to receive the said Sums, in Right or in Behalf of the said Creditors, or any of them ; and the several Sums contained in the said Debentures or Certificates shall be paid at Sight, without Deduction, Fee, or Abatement, by the said Bank or Banks, out of the Money aforesaid, to the said Creditors, or other Persons in their Right, or on their Behalf, in whose Names such Debentures or Certificates shall be made out, or to such others as shall be duly impowered by the Nominees in the said Debentures or Certificates, to receive the same ; and the said Debentures or Certificates shall be to the said Bank or Banks, sufficient Discharges for such Payments.

Provided always, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if the Decree or Decrees sustaining the Claim or Claims of any Creditor or Creditors aforesaid, shall not be so produced as aforesaid, in His Majesty's Court of Exchequer in Scotland, on or before the Fifth Day of July, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine, such Claim or Claims shall not carry any further Interest to be computed from and after the said Fifth Day of July, One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Barons of the Exchequer, or any Three or more of them, may, and shall, and they are hereby impowered, to settle and ascertain, with the Consent of the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, or any Three or more of them now being, or the High Treasurer, or any Three or more of the Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, the Rewards due for the Execution of this Act to the Officers of the said Court, and to issue Debentures for the same, which shall be paid by the said Bank or Banks out of the Money remaining in their Hands after the said Debts are satisfied and paid ; and such Debentures shall be to the said Banks, sufficient Discharges for such Payments.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Officer or Officers of the said Court of Exchequer shall ask, demand, or receive, any Sum or Sums of Money from any Creditor upon the said Estate, in the Name of Fee or Reward, or on any other Pretence whatsoever, for or on account of their Trouble in executing this Act ; and the Officer or Officers offending herein,

in, and being thereof lawfully convicted before the said Barons, who are hereby impowered to judge and finally determine upon any Complaint brought against any such Officer or Officers, shall forfeit and pay the Sum of One hundred Pounds; to be levied and applied by the said Barons in the same Manner as other Fines payable in the Exchequer in Scotland now are, and shall further be found liable to repay to the Party the Sum or Sums so illegally exacted, with Full Costs of Suit.

on Penalty of
100 l. and Re-
payment of
the Fee, with
Costs.

Provided always, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in case there shall be any Surplus or Remainder of the Money by this Act appropriated for discharging all the said Incumbrances on the Perth Estate, after all the several Claims, and all Arrears thereof, are satisfied, or Money sufficient shall be reserved for that Purpose, such Surplus or Remainder shall be reserved for the Disposition of Parliament, and shall not be issued but by the Authority of Parliament, and as shall be directed by any future Act or Acts of Parliament; any thing to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

Surplus Mo-
nies, after dis-
charging the
Incumbrances
on the Perth
Estate, to be
reserved for
the future
Disposition of
Parliament.

F I N I S.

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STAFF

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GERALD

Being the

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to be

Year

A
TABLE
OF THE
STATUTES
Publick *and* Private,

Passed *Anno tricesimo secundo*

GEORGE II. *Regis.*

Being the Sixth Session of the Eleventh Parliament of
Great Britain.

PUBLICK ACTS.

AN Act to continue, for a limited Time, an Act made in the last Session of Parliament, intituled, *An Act to permit the Importation of salted Beef, Pork, and Butter, from Ireland, for a limited Time*, and to amend the said Act. Page 3

II. An Act to continue, for a farther Time, the Prohibition of the Exportation of Corn, Malt, Meal, Flour, Bread, Biscuit, and Starch; and also to continue, for a farther Time, the Prohibition of the making of Low Wines and Spirits from Wheat, Barley, Malt, or any other Sort of Grain, or from Meal or Flour; and to prohibit, for a limited Time, the making of Low Wines and Spirits from Bran. II

III. An Act for granting an Aid to His Majesty by a Land Tax to be raised in *Great Britain*, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine. 19

IV. An Act for continuing and granting to His Majesty certain Duties upon Malt, Mum, Cyder, and Perry, for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and fifty nine. 119

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V. An

The TABLE.

V. An Act for punishing Mutiny and Desertion; and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters. Page 143

VI. An Act to explain and amend an Act passed in the Twenty second Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for the more easy and speedy Recovery of Small Debts within the Town and Borough of Southwark, and the several Parishes of Saint Saviour, Saint Mary at Newington, Saint Mary Magdalen Bermondsey, Christ Church, Saint Mary Lambeth, and Saint Mary at Rotherhith, in the County of Surrey, and the several Precincts and Liberties of the same;* and for extending the Powers and Provisions of the said Act to such Part of the Eastern Half of the Hundred of *Brixton*, in the said County, as is not included in the said Act. 187

VII. An Act to indemnify Persons who have omitted to qualify themselves for Offices and Employments within the Time limited by Law; and for allowing further Time for that Purpose. 195

VIII. An Act for taking off the Prohibition of the Exportation of Corn, Malt, Meal, Flour, Bread, Biscuit, and Starch. 203

IX. An Act for the Regulation of His Majesty's Marine Forces while on Shore. 207

X. An Act for granting to His Majesty a Subsidy of Poundage upon certain Goods and Merchandizes to be imported into this Kingdom; and an additional Inland Duty on Coffee and Chocolate; and for raising the Sum of Six millions six hundred thousand Pounds, by way of Annuities and a Lottery, to be charged on the said Subsidy and additional Inland Duty. 235

XI. An Act to permit the free Importation of Cattle from *Ireland* for a limited Time. 271

XII. An Act to discontinue, for a limited Time, the Duties payable upon Tallow imported from *Ireland*. 275

XIII. An Act for draining and preserving certain Fen Lands and Low Grounds in the Parishes of *Somersham*, and *Pidley with Fenton*, and the Parish of *Colne*, in the County of *Huntingdon*. 279

XIV. An Act for the more regular and easy collecting, accounting for, and paying, of Post Fines, which shall be due to the Crown, or to Grantees thereof under the Crown; and for the Ease of Sheriffs in respect to the same. 291

XV. An Act for the better Preservation of the Turnpike Roads in that Part of *Great Britain* called *Scotland*. 303

XVI. An Act to continue, amend, explain, and render more effectual, an Act made in the Sixth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for the better Regulation of Lestage and Ballastage in the River *Thames*, and to prevent putting of Rubbish, Ashes, Dirt, or Soil, into the said River, and in the Streets, Passages, and Kennells, in *London*, and in the Suburbs thereof in *Middlesex*, and in *Westminster*, and such Part of the Dutchy of *Lancaster* as is in *Middlesex*; and for allowing a certain Quantity of Dung, Compost, Earth, or Soil, to be yearly shipped as Ballast from the Laystalls in *London* on Board any Collier or Coasting Vessel. 311

XVII. An

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XVII. An Act for obviating a Doubt with respect to the summoning of Persons for Offences committed against, or Forfeitures incurred by, the Laws of Excise. Page 331

XVIII. An Act to continue so much of an Act made in the Nineteenth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, as relates to the further Punishment of Persons going armed or disguised, in Defiance of the Laws of Customs or Excise; and to the Relief of the Officers of the Customs in Informations upon Seizures; and to appropriate certain Penalties mentioned in an Act made in the last Session of Parliament, for the due Making of Bread; and to regulate the Price and Affize thereof; and to punish Persons who shall adulterate Meal, Flour, or Bread. 335

XIX. An Act to explain and amend an Act passed in the Thirtieth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, for granting to His Majesty several Rates and Duties upon Indentures, Leases, Bonds, and other Deeds; and upon News Papers, Advertisements, and Almanacks; and upon Licences for retailing Wine; and other Purposes in the said Act mentioned; so far as the same relates to some Provisions with regard to Licences for retailing Wine; and to preserve the Privileges of the Two Universities in that Part of *Great Britain* called *England*, with respect to Licences for retailing Wine. 339

XX. An Act for enforcing the Execution of the Laws relating to the Militia; and for removing certain Difficulties, and preventing Inconveniencies, attending, or which may attend, the same. 347

XXI. An Act for applying the Money granted in this Session of Parliament, towards defraying the Charge of Pay and Cloathing for the Militia, from the Thirty first Day of *December*, One thousand seven hundred and fifty eight, to the Twenty fifth Day of *March*, One thousand seven hundred and sixty. 355

XXII. An Act for adding certain Annuities granted in the Year One thousand seven hundred and fifty seven, to the Joint Stock of Three *per Centum* Annuities, consolidated by the Acts of the Twenty fifth, Twenty eighth, and Twenty ninth, Years of His present Majesty's Reign; and for carrying the several Duties therein mentioned to the Sinking Fund; and for charging the Annuities on single Lives, granted in the Year One thousand seven hundred and fifty seven, on the Produce of the said Fund. 363

XXIII. An Act to continue several Laws therein mentioned, relating to the allowing a Drawback of the Duties upon the Exportation of Copper Bars imported; to the Encouragement of the Silk Manufactures; and for taking off several Duties on Merchandize exported, and reducing other Duties; to the Premium upon Masts, Yards, and Bowsprits, Tar, Pitch, and Turpentine; to the encouraging the Growth of Coffee in His Majesty's Plantations in *America*; to the securing the Duties upon Foreign made Sail Cloth, and charging Foreign made Sails with a Duty; and for enlarging the Time for Payment of the Duties omitted to be paid on the Indentures and Contracts of Clerks, Apprentices, or Servants; and also for making Affidavits of the Execution 3

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cution of Articles or Contracts of Clerks to Attornies or Sollicitors, and filing thereof. Page 371

XXIV. An Act to amend an Act made in the last Session of Parliament, for repealing the Duty granted by an Act made in the Sixth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty on Silver Plate, and for granting a Duty on Licences to be taken out by all Persons dealing in Gold or Silver Plate, by permitting the Sale of Gold or Silver Plate in small Quantities without Licence; and by granting a Duty instead of the Duty now payable upon Licences to be taken out by certain Dealers in Gold or Silver Plate; and also a Duty upon Licences to be taken out by Pawnbrokers dealing in Gold or Silver Plate, and Refiners of Gold or Silver. 379

XXV. An Act to explain and amend an Act made in the Twenty ninth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for the Encouragement of Seamen, and the more speedy and effectual Manning His Majesty's Navy*; and for the better Prevention of Piracies and Robberies by Crews of Private Ships of War. 391

XXVI. An Act for applying a Sum of Money granted in this Session of Parliament towards carrying on the Works for fortifying and securing the Harbour of *Milford* in the County of *Pembroke*; and to amend and render more effectual an Act of last Session of Parliament, for applying a Sum of Money towards fortifying the said Harbour. 407

XXVII. An Act for continuing, amending, explaining, and making more effectual, an Act made in the Nineteenth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act more effectually to prevent the Frauds and Abuses committed in the Admeasurement of Coals within the City and Liberty of Westminster, and that Part of the Duchy of Lancaster adjoining thereto, and the several Parishes of Saint Giles in the Fields, Saint Mary le Bon, and such Part of the Parish of Saint Andrew, Holborn, as lies in the County of Middlesex.* 415

XXVIII. An Act for Relief of Debtors with respect to the Imprisonment of their Persons; and to oblige Debtors, who shall continue in Execution in Prison beyond a certain Time, and for Sums not exceeding what are mentioned in the Act, to make Discovery of, and deliver upon Oath, their Estates for their Creditors Benefit. 423

XXIX. An Act for further regulating the Power of taking Samples of Foreign Spirituous Liquors by the Officers of Excise; and also for empowering the Traders to take such Samples before the Duties are charged. 455

XXX. An Act for making Compensation to the Proprietors of such Lands and Hereditaments as have been purchased for the better securing His Majesty's Docks, Ships, and Stores, at *Chatham*, *Portsmouth*, and *Plymouth*, and for better fortifying the Town of *Portsmouth*, and Citadel of *Plymouth*, in pursuance of an Act of the last Session of Parliament; and for other Purposes therein mentioned. 459

XXXI. An Act for granting to His Majesty certain Sums of Money out of the Sinking Fund; and for applying certain Monies remaining in the Exchequer for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred 5

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hundred and fifty nine; and for Relief of *Samuel Taylor*, with respect to a Bond entered into by him for securing the Duties on Tobacco imported. Page 471

XXXII. An Act for the more effectual preventing the fraudulent Importation of Cambricks and *French Lawns*. 479

XXXIII. An Act to explain and amend an Act made in the last Session of Parliament, intituled, *An Act for granting to His Majesty several Rates and Duties upon Offices and Pensions; and upon Houses; and upon Windows or Lights; and for raising the Sum of Five Millions by Annuities and a Lottery, to be charged on the said Rates and Duties*; so far as the same relates to the Rates and Duties on Offices and Pensions. 487

XXXIV. An Act for the better preventing the Importation of the Woollen Manufactures of *France* into any of the Ports in the *Levant* Sea, by or on the Behalf of any of His Majesty's Subjects; and for the more effectual preventing the illegal Importation of Raw Silk and Mohair Yarn into this Kingdom. 499

XXXV. An Act for augmenting the Salaries of the Puisne Judges in the Court of *King's Bench*, the Judges in the Court of *Common Pleas*, the Barons of the Coif in the Court of *Exchequer* at *Westminster*, the Judges in the Courts of *Session* and *Exchequer* in *Scotland*, and Justices of *Chester*, and the Great Sessions for the Counties in *Wales*. 511

XXXVI. An Act for enabling His Majesty to raise the Sum of One Million for the Uses and Purposes therein mentioned; and for further appropriating the Supplies granted in this Session of Parliament. 523

P U B L I C K A C T S

Not Printed in this Collection.

XXXVII. An Act for repairing and widening the High Road leading from the Town of *Mansfield* in the County of *Nottingham*, through the Towns of *Pleasley*, *Glapwell*, *Heath*, and *Normenton*, and the Liberty of *Hasland*, to the Turnpike Road leading from the Town of *Derby*, to the Town of *Chesterfield* in the County of *Derby*. 3

XXXVIII. An Act for repairing and widening the Roads from *Chappel Bar*, near the West End of the Town of *Nottingham*, to *Newhaven*; and from *The Four-Lane-Ends* near *Oakerthorpe*, to *Ashborne*; and from the Cross Post on *Wirksworth Moor*, to join the Road leading from *Chesterfield*, to *Chappel-en-le-Frith*, at or near *Longston* in the County of *Derby*; and from *Selston*, to *Annesley Woodhouse* in the County of *Nottingham*. 27

XXXIX. An Act for repairing and widening the Roads from the East End of the Town of *Chard*, to the South End of *West Moor*; and from the West End of the *Yeovil* Turnpike Road, through *Ilminster*, to *Kenny Gate*; and from the West End of *Pease Marsh Lane*, to *Horton*

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Elm; and from *Saint Rane Hill*, to *Ilmister*; and from *White Cross*, to *Chillington Down*; and from a Place called *Three Oaks*, over *Ilford Bridges*, to *Bridge Cross* in the County of *Somerset*. Page 55

XL. An Act for repairing several Roads leading to the Town of *Bridgewater*, in the County of *Somerset*; and for amending and rendering more effectual several Acts for amending several Roads from the Cities of *Gloucester* and *Bristol*, and several other Roads in the said Acts mentioned, in the Counties of *Somerset* and *Gloucester*. 87

XLI. An Act for repairing and widening the Road from the Cross at *Broken Cross* in *Macclesfield*, in the County of *Chester*, through *Macclesfield Forest*, to the present Turnpike Road at the South End of the Township of *Buxton*, in the County of *Derby*. 135

XLII. An Act for making the River *Stort* navigable, in the Counties of *Hertford* and *Essex*, from the *New Bridge* in the Town of *Bishop Stortford*, into the River *Lee*, near a Place called *The Rye*, in the County of *Hertford*. 167

XLIII. An Act for repairing and widening the Road from *Chesterfield* to the Turnpike Road at *Hernstone-Lane-Head*; and also the Road branching from the said Road upon the *East Moor*, through *Baslow* and *Wardlow*, to the joining of the said Roads again near *Wardlow Mires*; and also the Road leading between the said Road and Branch from *Calver-Bridge*, to *Baslow-Bridge*; and also the Road from the Turnpike Road near *Newhaven House*, to the Turnpike Road near *Grindleford Bridge*, in the County of *Derby*. 203

XLIV. An Act to continue, amend, and make effectual an Act passed in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for repairing the Roads from the North-west Parts of the County of Lincoln, through Nettlam Fields, Wragby Lane, and Baumber Fields, to the Wolds, or North-east Part of the said County*; and also for repairing and widening the Roads from the *Well*, in *East-gate* in the City of *Lincoln*, and from the North-west End of *Horncastle*, and from the *Guide Post* at the East End of *Hainton*, through *Barkwith*, to the Roads directed to be repaired by the said Act. 235

XLV. An Act for repairing, widening, and rendering safe and commodious, several Roads leading from the Town of *Southmolton* in the County of *Devon*. 255

XLVI. An Act for repairing and widening the Road from a Place called *The Old Gallows*, in the Parish of *Sunning*, in the County of *Berks*, through *Wokingham*, *New Bracknowl*, and *Sunning Hill*, to *Virginia Water*, in the Parish of *Egham*, in the County of *Surry*. 295

XLVII. An Act to amend and explain an Act made in the Third Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for making Navigable the River Stroudwater, in the County of Gloucester, from the River Severn, at or near Framiload, to Wallbridge, near the Town of Stroud, in the same County*. 323

XLVIII. An Act for repairing the Road from *Wakefield* to *Austerlands*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*. 335

XLIX. An

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XLIX. An Act for the better enlightening and cleansing the open Places, Streets, Squares, Lanes, Courts, and other Passages, within the Part of the Manor and Liberty of *Norton Folgate*, otherwise *Norton Folley*, in the County of *Middlesex*, which is extraparochial; and regulating the Nightly Watch and Beadles therein. Page 375

L. An Act for repairing and widening the Roads from *Oxdown Gate*, in *Popham Lane*, to the City of *Winchester*; and from the said City, through *Hursley*, to *Chandler's Ford*; and from *Hursley* aforesaid, to the Turnpike Road at *Romsey*; and from the said Turnpike Road, through *Ringwood*, in the County of *Southampton*, to *Longham Bridge* and *Winborne Minster*, in the County of *Dorset*. 411

LI. An Act to explain, amend, and render more effectual, the Powers granted by several Acts of Parliament for repairing several Roads leading to the City of *Bath*; and for amending several other Roads near the said City. 455

LII. An Act for amending, widening, and keeping in Repair the Road from the *Hollow Way* on the West Side of *Lord Clifford's Park Gate*, where the *Exeter* Turnpike Road ends, to a Place called *Biddaford*, in the County of *Devon*. 463

LIII. An Act for repairing and widening the Roads from *Grantham*, in the County of *Lincoln*, through *Bottesford* and *Bingham*, to *Nottingham Trent Bridge*; and from *Chappel Bar*, near the West End of the Town of *Nottingham*, to *Saint Mary's Bridge* in the Town of *Derby*; and from the Guide Post in the Parish of *Lenton*, to *Sawley Ferry*. 507

LIV. An Act for repairing and widening the Road from *Dewsbury* to *Ealand*, in the West Riding of the County of *York*. 539

LV. An Act for repairing and widening the Roads from the Town of *Mold* to the Town of *Denbigh*, and from thence to *Tal-y-Cafn* and *Conway*; and from the Town of *Wrexham* to the Towns of *Ruthin*, *Denbigh*, and the Town and Port of *Ruthland*, in the Counties of *Denbigh*, *Flint*, and *Carnarvon*. 571

LVI. An Act for laying a Duty of Two Pennies Scots, or One Sixth Part of a Penny Sterling, upon every Scots Pint of Ale, Porter, and Beer, which shall be brewed for Sale, brought into, tapped, or sold, within the Town of *Kelfo*, in the Shire of *Roxburgh*, for finishing a Bridge cross the River *Tweed*, and for other Purposes therein mentioned. 607

LVII. An Act for repairing and widening the Roads from a Place called *Littlegate*, at the Top of *Leadenham Hill*, in the County of *Lincoln*, to the West End of *Barnby Gate*, in *Newark upon Trent*; and from the Guide Post at the Division of *Kelham* and *Muskham Lanes*, to *Mansfield*; and from *Southwell* to *Oxton*, in the County of *Nottingham*. 619

LVIII. An Act for establishing, regulating, and maintaining a Nightly Watch, and for enlightening the open Places and Streets, within the Town of *Guildford* in the County of *Surrey*. 647

LIX. An

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LIX. An Act to explain, amend, and render more effectual, an Act passed in the Sixth Year of the Reign of Her late Majesty Queen Anne, intituled, *An Act for erecting a Workhouse in the Town and Borough of Plymouth in the County of Devon; and for setting the Poor on Work, and maintaining them there; and for obliging the Mayor and Commonalty of Plymouth to contribute towards the County Rates of Devon; and for applying, for the Relief of the Poor in the said Workhouse, certain Surplus Monies which have formerly arisen by the Assessments for raising the Land Tax in the said Town.* Page 663

LX. An Act for repairing and widening the Road from the Town of *Derby* to the Town of *Newcastle under Lyne*, in the County of *Stafford*. 683

LXI. An Act for discharging the Inhabitants of the Town of *Manchester*, in the County Palatine of *Lancaster*, from the Custom of grinding their Corn and Grain, except Malt, at certain Water Corn Mills in the said Town, called *The School Mills*; and for making a proper Recompence to the Feoffees of such Mills. 715

LXII. An Act for improving the Navigation of the River *Clyde* to the City of *Glasgow*; and for building a Bridge cross the said River, from the said City to the Village of *Gorbells*. 735

LXIII. An Act to continue and amend Two Acts, One made in the Thirteenth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty King *George the First*, and the other in the Seventeenth Year of His present Majesty, for repairing certain Roads leading from *Chippenham*, and for repairing several Roads leading from *Chippenham Bridge*; and to repeal so much of an Act made in the Twenty ninth Year of His present Majesty, as relates to the Road between the said Bridge and *Lower Stanton* in the County of *Wilts*. 767

LXIV. An Act for making and completing the Navigation of the River *Wear*, from and including *South Biddick*, or *Biddick Ford*, in the County of *Durham*, to the City of *Durham*; and for repealing so much of an Act made in the Twentieth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for the better Preservation and Improvement of the River Wear, and Port and Haven of Sunderland, in the County of Durham*; as relates to making the said River navigable between the said Two Places called *South Biddick*, or *Biddick Ford*, and *New Bridge*, in the County of *Durham*. 787

LXV. An Act for continuing, amending, and rendering more effectual, so much of an Act made in the Twentieth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for the better Preservation and Improvement of the River Wear, and Port and Haven of Sunderland, in the County of Durham*; as relates to the Port and Haven of *Sunderland*, and the River *Wear*, between *South Biddick*, or *Biddick Ford*, and the said Port and Haven. 827

LXVI. An Act for amending and widening the Roads leading from *Stretford's Bridge* in the County of *Hereford*, to the New Inn in the Parish of *Winlanstow* in the County of *Salop*; and also the Road from *Blue Mantle Hall*, near *Mortimer's Cross*, to *Aymstrey* in the said County d

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County of *Hereford*; and for repealing so much of an Act made in the Twenty second Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, as relates to the Road from *Mortimer's Cross* to *Aymstrey Bridge*. Page 859

LXVII. An Act for repairing the Road from the South End of the South Street, in the Parish of *South Malling*, near the Town of *Lewes*, to *Glyndbridge*; and from thence through *Firle Street under the Hill*, to *Longbridge* in the Parish of *Alfriston*, in the County of *Sussex*. 883

LXVIII. An Act for repairing and widening the Road from *Modbury*, through the Town of *Plympton*, to the North End of *Lincotta Lane*, in the County of *Devon*. 915

LXIX. An Act for repairing, amending, and widening the Roads from the South West End of *Netber Bridge*, in the County of *Westmorland*, by *Sizerghfellside*, to *Levens Bridge*, and from thence through the Town of *Millthrop*, to *Dixes*; and from the Town of *Millthrop* aforesaid, to *Hangbridge*, and from thence to join the *Heron Syke Turnpike Road*, at the Guide Post near *Clawthrop Hall*, in the County aforesaid. 955

LXX. An Act for repairing and widening the Road leading from the East Side of *Barnsley Common*, in the County of *York*, to the Middle of *Grange Moor*, and from thence to *White Cross*; and also the Road from the Guide Post, in *Barugh*, to a Rivulet called *Barugh Brook*, and from thence for Two hundred Yards over and beyond the same Rivulet or Brook into the Township of *Cawthorne*, in the said County. 991

LXXI. An Act for repairing and widening the High Road from *Wetherby* to *Grassington*, in the County of *York*. 1031

PRIVATE ACTS.

AN Act for dividing and inclosing the Common Fields, Common Pastures, Common Meadows, Common Grounds, and Waste Grounds, in the Parish of *Eton*, in the County of *Northampton*.

2. An Act to enable the most Noble *Francis Duke of Bridgewater*, to make a navigable Cut or Canal from a certain Place in the Township of *Salford*, to or near *Worsley Mill*, and *Middlewood*, in the Manor of *Worsley*, and to or near a Place called *Hollin Ferry*, in the County Palatine of *Lancaster*.

3. An Act for dividing and inclosing the Open, Arable, Meadow, Pasture, and Waste Grounds, in the Parish of *Honington*, in the County of *Warwick*.

4. An Act for establishing and rendering effectual, certain Articles of Agreement for inclosing and dividing the Commons and Waste Grounds, in the Townships of *Bentley* and *Arksey*, and Parish of *Arksey*, in the County of *York*.

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5. An Act for dividing and inclosing the Open Fields and Meadows, Common Pasture, and Waste Grounds, in the Manor and Parish of *Staunton*, in the County of *Nottingham*.

6. An Act for dividing and inclosing the Open, Arable, Meadow, Pasture, and Waste Grounds, in the Parish of *Preston upon Stower*, in the County of *Gloucester*.

7. An Act for dividing and inclosing certain Open and Common Fields in *Great Glen*, in the County of *Leicester*, called the *Nether* or *South End Fields*, and all the Lands and Grounds within the same Fields.

8. An Act for dividing and inclosing several Common Fields and Grounds within the Manor of *Fillingham*, in the County of *Lincoln*.

9. An Act for dividing and inclosing the Common Fields, Common Pastures, Common Meadows, and Common Ground, within the Manor and Parish of *Willoughby*, in the County of *Warwick*.

10. An Act to dissolve the Marriage of *John Cooke* Esquire, with *Susannah Cooper* his now Wife, and to enable him to marry again; and for other Purposes therein mentioned.

11. An Act to enable *Christopher Codrington* Esquire, now called *Christopher Bethell*, and his Heirs Male, to take and use the Surname and Arms of *Bethell*, pursuant to the Will of *Slingsby Bethell* Esquire, deceased.

12. An Act for continuing, establishing, and confirming, the Surname and Arms of *Bootle*, unto *Richard Wilbrakam Bootle* Esquire, formerly called *Richard Wilbrakam*, and *Mary Wilbrakam Bootle* his Wife, and their Issue, pursuant to the Will of *Sir Thomas Bootle* Knight, deceased.

13. An Act to enable *Thomas Peckham* Esquire, and his Issue, to take and use the Surname of *Fowle*.

14. An Act to enable *John Coant* Gentleman, and his Issue, to take and use the Surname of *Wakelin*.

15. An Act for naturalizing *Casper Schombart*, *John Spitta*, *Gysbert Van Voorst*, *Frederick de Chevrigny*, *Conrad Harksen*, *Christopher Strothoff*, and *Jasper Laurence Richter*.

16. An Act for naturalizing *Thomas Pecholier*, *Peter Harrison*, and *Samuel Bernard Graff*.

17. An Act for naturalizing *Philippus Willem Cassimir Van Strauben-zee* Esquire.

18. An Act for exemplifying or inrolling an Indenture of Settlement, and the Will and Codicils of the late Earl of *Arran*, deceased, and making the same Evidence as well in *Ireland* as *Great Britain*.

19. An Act for dividing and inclosing One Open and Common Field called *Neithrop Field*, and several Parcels of Land called *Bull's Close*, *The Hooks Common*, *Balkes Leys*, *White Post*, *Cow Layer*, *Paddock*, *Great March Causeways*, and *Ley*, within the Township and Liberties of *Neithrop* and *Wickham*, and in the Parish of *Bambury*, in the County of *Oxford*.

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20. An Act for establishing and rendering effectual, certain Articles of Agreement for the inclosing and dividing certain Commons or Waste Grounds called *Redness* and *Swinefleet Pastures*, in the County of *York*.

21. An Act for vesting divers Manors, Lands, and Hereditaments, in the Counties of *Bucks*, *Northampton*, *Salop*, and *Stafford*, devised by the Will of *Evelyn* late Duke of *Kingston*, in the present Duke of *Kingston*, in Fee Simple; and for settling other Manors, Lands, and Hereditaments, in the County of *Nottingham*, of greater Value, in lieu thereof, to the like Uses.

22. An Act for confirming and establishing an Exchange agreed to be made between the most Noble *John* Duke of *Bedford*, and *Ambrose Reddall* Gentleman, *Judy* his Wife, and *Elizabeth* their only Child.

23. An Act for vesting Part of the Estates intailed by the Will of the most Noble *Charles Noel* Duke of *Beaufort*, deceased, in Trustees to be sold; and for purchasing other Estates to be settled to the like Uses; and for empowering the Guardian and Trustees named in the said Will, to make Leases of the said Duke's Estates, in the Counties of *Gloucester*, *Wilts*, *Hants*, *Devon*, *Dorset*, *Glamorgan*, and *Brecon*, during the Minority of his Children.

24. An Act for settling the Real and Leasehold Estates of the most Honourable *Margaret Brydges*, commonly called Marchioness of *Carnarvon*, Wife of the most Honourable *James Brydges* Esquire, commonly called Marquis of *Carnarvon*, and late *Margaret Nicoll*, Spinster, an Infant, for the Benefit of the said Marquis and Marchioness, and their Issue; and for applying Part of the Personal Estate of the said Marchioness for the Purposes therein mentioned.

25. An Act for empowering *Henry Arthur* Earl of *Powis*, and *Barbara* Countess of *Powis*, to make Leases of the Estate late of *William* Marquis of *Powis*, deceased, in the County of *Montgomery*, for Twenty one Years, or Three Lives, at the improved Rent.

26. An Act for making a Partition and Division of certain Lands and Hereditaments, in the County of *Surrey*, agreed to be purchased by *Thomas* late Lord *Onslow*, and for settling and limiting the same, for the Benefit of the several Persons claiming, under his Marriage Settlement and Will, respectively; and also for selling and disposing of Timber growing on the Estate devised, by his Will, for the Purposes therein mentioned.

27. An Act for raising Money out of the Personal Estate of the late Duchess of *Buckinghamshire* and *Normanby*, deceased, to renew a Lease of certain Manors and Estates in the County of *York*, in the Manner, and for the Purposes, therein mentioned.

28. An Act to enable *William Walley* and others to sell and convey Three undivided Fourth Parts of a Messuage or Farm, and several Pieces or Parcels of Land and Hereditaments, lying in or near the Parish of *Hayes*, in the County of *Kent*, unto the Right Honourable *William Pitt*, in Fee Simple, and for investing the Purchase-money in

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other Lands and Hereditaments, to be settled to the same Uses and Estates, as the said Three undivided Fourth Parts are now subject to; and to enable the Trustees named in the Will of *William Cleaver* the elder, deceased, to convey certain Pieces or Parcels of Land, in the Parish of *Hayes* aforesaid, Part of the Estate devised by the Will and Codicil of the said *William Cleaver*, unto the said *William Pitt*, in Fee Simple, in Exchange for Part of the said first-mentioned Lands.

29. An Act to repeal an Act made in the last Session of Parliament, intituled, *An Act to enable Charles Bagot, now called Charles Chester, and his Sons, to take the Surname of Chester, and for carrying an Agreement therein mentioned, into Execution*; and for explaining and altering that Agreement, and giving better Directions for the carrying the same, so explained and altered, into Execution.

30. An Act for carrying into Execution the Articles made on the Marriage of Sir *Edward Blackett* Baronet, with Dame *Anne* his Wife, by a Settlement to be made with, and under, certain Variations and Provisions, more beneficial for the Issue of the said Marriage.

31. An Act to empower the Honourable *Edward Bouverie* and *William Bouverie*, respectively, to make Leases of *Chester's Key* and *Brewer's Key*, and other Tenements and Buildings, in the City of *London*, devised by the Wills of *Bartholomew Clarke* and *Hitch Younge*, Esquires, deceased.

32. An Act to empower certain Persons to enfranchise several customary Lands and Hereditaments, Parcel of the several Manors of *Nicol Forest*, *Solport* and *Bewcastle*, in the County of *Cumberland*, late the Estates of the Honourable *Catherine Widrington* Widow, deceased, directed to be settled to certain Uses, by the Will and Codicil of the said *Catherine Widrington*; and for other Purposes therein mentioned.

33. An Act for transferring to the Guardians of *Charles William Molyneux*, an Infant, a certain Power of Leasing, contained in the Marriage Settlement of *Richard* late Lord Viscount *Molyneux* deceased, during the Minority, and for the Benefit, of the said Infant.

34. An Act to exchange Lands between *Samuel Wegg* Esquire, and the Dean and Chapter of the Cathedral Church of *Saint Paul*, in the City of *London*.

35. An Act for vesting divers Lands and Hereditaments in the Counties of *Cornwall* and *Devon*, settled and entailed on *Denys Rolle* Esquire, and his Issue, in him, in Fee Simple, and for settling other Lands and Hereditaments in the said County of *Devon*, of greater Value, to the same Uses.

36. An Act for vesting the Manor of *Duxford*, and divers Lands and Hereditaments in the County of *Cambridge*, Part of the settled Estate of *James Barry* Esquire, and *Elizabeth* his Wife, in Trustees, to be conveyed to *Richard Crop* Esquire, pursuant to Articles, and for settling other Estates in the County of *York*, of greater Value, in lieu thereof, to the Uses of their Marriage Articles.

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37. An Act for Sale of the Inheritance of Part of the settled Estate of *John Caryll* Esquire, in the County of *Suffex*, to discharge Incumbrances affecting the same.

38. An Act to impower *William Warburton* Esquire, to make Leases of Part of his settled Estate in *Malvern Chace*, for Ninety nine Years, in order for the cultivating and improving of the same.

39. An Act for Sale of Part of the settled Estates of *Thomas Buckley* Esquire, in the County of *Lancaster*, for discharging an Incumbrance affecting the same, prior to his Marriage Settlement.

40. An Act for giving further Time to Trustees, therein named, to execute certain Trusts vested in them, in and by an Act of Parliament made in the Sixteenth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for vesting the Remainder in Fee of several Lands in Ireland, in Trustees, in order to sell the same to Protestant Purchasers.*

41. An Act for dividing and inclosing several Open Fields, Meadows, and Commons, within the Lordship and Liberty of *Loughborough*, in the County of *Leicester*.

42. An Act for dividing and inclosing certain Open and Common Fields, called *Little Barrington Common Fields*, and a Common or Waste called *The Downs*, within the Manor of *Little Barrington*, in the County of *Gloucester*.

43. An Act for dividing and inclosing the Open and Common Fields of *Hoton*, in the County of *Leicester*, and all the Lands and Grounds within the same Fields.

44. An Act for dividing and inclosing the Open Arable Fields, Open Meadows, and Common Pasture Grounds, in the Parish of *Sileby*, in the County of *Leicester*.

45. An Act for inclosing and dividing the Common Fields and Common Grounds of, and in, the Manor and Parish of *Harmston*, in the County of *Lincoln*.

46. An Act for dividing and inclosing several Fields, Meadows, Pastures, Common and Waste Grounds, in the Parish of *Everton*, in the County of *Nottingham*.

47. An Act for dividing and inclosing the Open and Common Fields of *Breedon, Tonge, and Wilson*, in the Manor of *Breedon*, and County of *Leicester*, and certain Commonable and Waste Grounds, within the respective Liberties thereof.

48. An Act for inclosing and dividing the Common Fields, in the Manor of *East Cotbam*, in the County of *York*, and extinguishing the Right of Warren of the Lord of the said Manor in Part of a Tract of Ground called the *Sea Batts*, or *Coney Warren*, in *East Cotbam* aforesaid.

49. An Act for dividing and inclosing the Open Fields and Meadows, Common Pasture, and Waste Grounds, in the Manor of *Thistle-ton*, in the County of *Rutland*.

50. An Act for dividing and inclosing the Common Fields, Common Pastures, Common Meadows, Common Grounds, and Waste Grounds, in the Manor and Parish of *Slapton*, in the County of *Northampton*.

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51. An Act for dividing and inclosing the Open and Common Fields of *Oadby*, in the County of *Leicester*, and all the Lands and Grounds within the same Fields.

52. An Act for dividing and inclosing certain Open, Common, and Arable Fields, Meadows, Pastures, and Waste Grounds, within the Manor of *Bursfall*, in the Parish of *Belgrave*, in the County of *Leicester*.

53. An Act for dividing and inclosing several Open Fields, and Commonable Lands, within the Manor and Parish of *Coleby*, in the County of *Lincoln*.

54. An Act for dividing and inclosing the Open and Common Fields of *Desford*, in the County of *Leicester*, and the Lands and Grounds therein, and also such Lands, in the Lordship of *Peckleton*, in the said County, as lie Open to the said Fields.

55. An Act for dividing and inclosing several Open and Common Fields, Common Meadows, Common Pastures, and Common Grounds, in the Manor or Lordship of *Barton*, otherwise *Barton in Fabis*, in the several Parishes of *Barton* and *Clifton*, in the County of *Nottingham*.

56. An Act for dividing and inclosing certain Open and Common Fields, Meadows, Common Pastures, and Waste Grounds, in the Parish or Township of *Bolton upon Dearne*, in the County of *York*.

57. An Act for dividing and inclosing certain Open, Arable Fields, in the Manor of *Bishops Waltham*, in the County of *Southampton*.

58. An Act to enable *Arthur Hill* Esquire, and *Arthur* his Son, and their Issue Male, to take the Name and Arms of *Trevor*.

59. An Act to enable *Robert Dobyns* Esquire, now called *Robert Yate*, and his first and other Sons, and their Heirs Male, to take and use the Surname of *Yate*, in pursuance of the Will of *Walter Yate* Esquire, deceased.

60. An Act for naturalizing *John Christian Subring*, and *John Henry Subring*.

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THE STATE OF TEXAS,

